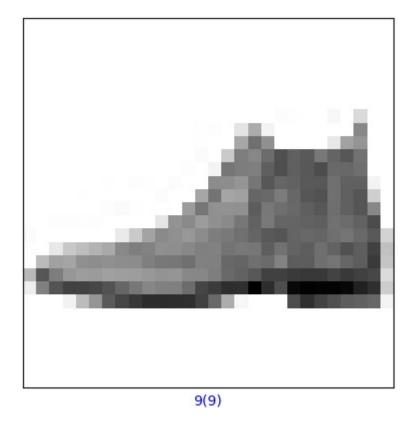
```
In [1]: import tensorflow as tf
        from tensorflow.keras import layers,models
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [2]: fashion_mnist = tf.keras.datasets.fashion_mnist
        (x_train,y_train),(x_test,y_test) = fashion_mnist.load_data()
In [3]: x train, x test = x train/255.0, x test/255.0
In [6]: model = models.Sequential()
        model.add(layers.Flatten(input_shape=(28,28)))
       model.add(layers.Dense(128,activation='relu'))
        model.add(layers.Dense(10,activation='softmax'))
        model.compile(optimizer='adam',loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',metri
In [7]: model.fit(x train,y train,epochs=10,batch size=32,validation data=(x test,y)
        Epoch 1/10
        1875/1875 ---
                            70 - val_accuracy: 0.8387 - val_loss: 0.4585
        Epoch 2/10
                       5s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.8574 - loss: 0.38
        1875/1875 -
        93 - val accuracy: 0.8547 - val loss: 0.4060
        Epoch 3/10
                                  --- 5s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.8755 - loss: 0.33
        1875/1875 -
        94 - val_accuracy: 0.8680 - val_loss: 0.3724
        Epoch 4/10
                             10s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.8841 - loss: 0.3
        1875/1875 -
        131 - val_accuracy: 0.8720 - val_loss: 0.3632
        Epoch 5/10
        1875/1875 -
                                  --- 4s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.8885 - loss: 0.30
        37 - val_accuracy: 0.8757 - val_loss: 0.3511
        Epoch 6/10
                        ----- 4s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.8944 - loss: 0.27
        1875/1875 ---
        85 - val_accuracy: 0.8758 - val_loss: 0.3443
        Epoch 7/10
                                  — 4s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.8992 - loss: 0.26
        1875/1875 -
        87 - val_accuracy: 0.8815 - val_loss: 0.3452
        Epoch 8/10
                                   — 4s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9051 - loss: 0.25
        1875/1875 -
        81 - val_accuracy: 0.8846 - val_loss: 0.3292
        Epoch 9/10
                    4s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9055 - loss: 0.24
        1875/1875 -
        96 - val_accuracy: 0.8789 - val_loss: 0.3399
        Epoch 10/10
        1875/1875 -
                                  --- 5s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9092 - loss: 0.24
        15 - val_accuracy: 0.8834 - val_loss: 0.3251
Out[7]: <keras.src.callbacks.history.History at 0x216ad49cad0>
```

```
In [8]: test_loss,test_acc = model.evaluate(x_test,y_test)
         print(f'Test accuracy:{test_acc}')
                                     - 0s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.8816 - loss: 0.3259
         Test accuracy:0.883400022983551
In [10]: predictions = model.predict(x_test)
         def plot_image(i,predictions_array,true_label,img):
             predictions_array,true_label,img = predictions_array[i],true_label[i],i
             plt.grid(True)
             plt.xticks([])
             plt.yticks([])
             plt.imshow(img,cmap=plt.cm.binary)
             predicted_label = np.argmax(predictions_array)
             color = 'blue' if predicted_label == true_label else 'red'
             plt.xlabel(f'{predicted_label}({true_label})',color=color)
         plot_image(0,predictions,y_test,x_test)
         plt.show()
```

313/313 Os 1ms/step



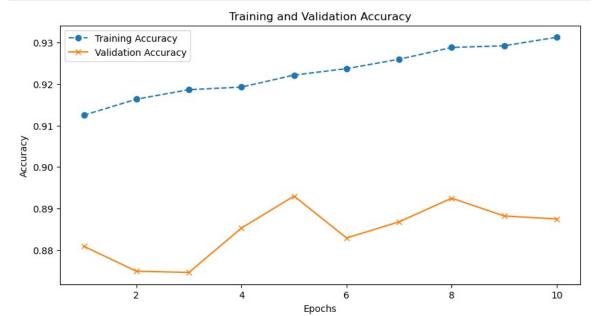
```
In [11]: history = model.fit(x_train,y_train,epochs=10,batch_size=32,validation_data
        Epoch 1/10
                             4s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9124 - loss: 0.23
        1875/1875 -
        20 - val_accuracy: 0.8809 - val_loss: 0.3372
        Epoch 2/10
                             5s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9193 - loss: 0.22
        1875/1875 -
        02 - val accuracy: 0.8749 - val loss: 0.3512
        Epoch 3/10
        1875/1875 4s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9198 - loss: 0.21
        59 - val_accuracy: 0.8746 - val_loss: 0.3563
        Epoch 4/10
                                  — 4s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9190 - loss: 0.21
        1875/1875 -
        43 - val_accuracy: 0.8853 - val_loss: 0.3451
        Epoch 5/10
                                  --- 4s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9226 - loss: 0.20
        1875/1875 ---
        52 - val_accuracy: 0.8930 - val_loss: 0.3339
        Epoch 6/10
                       4s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9239 - loss: 0.20
        1875/1875 -
        34 - val_accuracy: 0.8829 - val_loss: 0.3586
        Epoch 7/10
                                   --- 4s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9267 - loss: 0.19
        1875/1875 -
        34 - val_accuracy: 0.8868 - val_loss: 0.3495
        Epoch 8/10
        1875/1875 -
                             ------ 5s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9292 - loss: 0.19
        03 - val accuracy: 0.8925 - val loss: 0.3352
        Epoch 9/10
                                  --- 5s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9296 - loss: 0.18
        1875/1875 -
        37 - val_accuracy: 0.8882 - val_loss: 0.3509
        Epoch 10/10
        1875/1875 4s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9332 - loss: 0.18
        11 - val_accuracy: 0.8875 - val_loss: 0.3608
```

```
In [12]:
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    acc = history.history['accuracy']
    val_acc = history.history['val_accuracy']
    loss = history.history['loss']
    val_loss = history.history['val_loss']

    epochs = range(1,len(acc)+1)

    plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
    plt.plot(epochs,acc,label="Training Accuracy",linestyle="--",marker='o')
    plt.plot(epochs,val_acc,label="Validation Accuracy",linestyle='-',marker='x
    plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy')
    plt.xlabel('Epochs')
    plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
    plt.legend()

plt.show()
```



```
In [13]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
    plt.plot(epochs,loss,label='Training Loss',linestyle='--',marker='o')
    plt.plot(epochs,val_loss,label='Validation Loss',linestyle='-',marker='x')
    plt.title('Training and Validation Loss')
    plt.xlabel('Epochs')
    plt.ylabel('Loss')
    plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



```
In [1]: %pip install -q -U keras-tuner
```

Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

```
In [1]: %pip install -q -U keras-tuner
```

Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

```
In [25]: #Fine tuning Hyperparameters
   import numpy as np
   import tensorflow as tf
   from tensorflow.keras import layers,models
   from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
   from scikeras.wrappers import KerasClassifier
   from tensorflow.keras.datasets import fashion_mnist
```

```
In [26]: (X_train,y_train),(X_test,y_test) = fashion_mnist.load_data()

#Normalize
X_train = X_train/255.0
X_test = X_test/255.0

#Flatten
X_train = X_train.reshape(X_train.shape[0],28*28)
X_test = X_test.reshape(X_test.shape[0],28*28)
```

```
In [27]: #Create ANN
         def create_ann(optimizer='adam',init_mode='glorot_uniform',activation='relu
             model = models.Sequential()
             #Input Layer
             model.add(layers.Dense(neurons,activation=activation,kernel_initializer
             #Hidden Layer
             model.add(layers.Dense(neurons,activation=activation))
             model.add(layers.Dropout(dropout_rate))
             #Output Layer
             model.add(layers.Dense(10,activation='softmax'))
             #Compile the model
             model.compile(optimizer=optimizer,loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy
             return model
In [28]: #Define Hyperparametr search space
         param_grid = {
             'batch_size':[32,64,128],
             'epochs':[10,20],
             'optimizer':['adam','sgd'],
             'init_mode':['uniform','glorot_uniform'],
             'activation':['relu','tanh'],
             'dropout_rate':[0.2,0.3],
             'neurons':[64,128,256]
         }
```

```
In [34]: model = KerasClassifier(model=create_ann,verbose=0,neurons=256,init_mode='g
random_search = RandomizedSearchCV(estimator=model,param_distributions=parar
random_search_result = random_search.fit(X_train,y_train) ##use keras tuner
Fitting 3 folds for each of 5 candidates, totalling 15 fits
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python311\site-packages\keras\src\la
yers\core\dense.py:87: UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_di
m` argument to a layer. When using Sequential models, prefer using an `Inp
ut(shape)` object as the first layer in the model instead.
  super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer, **kwargs)
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```

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ut(shape)` object as the first layer in the model instead.

super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer, **kwargs)

```
In [23]: import numpy as np
         def unitStep(v):
             if v>=0:
                 return 1
             else :
                 return 0
         def perceptronModel(x,w,b):
             v = np.dot(w,x)+b
             y = unitStep(v)
             return y
         def NOT logicFunction(x):
             wNOT = -1
             bNOT = 0.5
             return perceptronModel(x,wNOT,bNOT)
         def AND_logicFunction(x):
             w = np.array([1,1])
             bAND = -1.5
             return perceptronModel(x,w,bAND)
         def OR logicFunction(x):
             w = np.array([1,1])
             bOR = -0.5
             return perceptronModel(x,w,bOR)
         def XOR_logicFunction(x):
             y1 = AND_logicFunction(x)
             y2 = OR_logicFunction(x)
             y3 = NOT_logicFunction(y1)
             final x = np.array([y2,y3])
             finalOutput = AND_logicFunction(final_x)
             return finalOutput
```

```
In [24]: test1 = np.array([0,1])
         test2 = np.array([1,1])
         test3 = np.array([0,0])
         test4 = np.array([1,0])
         print('XOR({},{})={}'.format(0,1,XOR_logicFunction(test1)))
         print('XOR({},{})={}'.format(1,1,XOR_logicFunction(test2)))
         print('XOR({},{})={}'.format(0,0,XOR_logicFunction(test3)))
         print('XOR({},{})={}'.format(1,0,XOR_logicFunction(test4)))
         XOR(0,1)=1
         XOR(1,1)=0
         XOR(0,0)=0
         XOR(1,0)=1
In [25]: import numpy as np
         import tensorflow as tf
         from tensorflow import keras
         from keras.models import Sequential
         from keras.layers import Dense
         from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import SGD
In [26]: X = \text{np.array}([[0,0],[0,1],[1,0],[1,1]])
         y = np.array([[0],[1],[1],[0]])
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(Dense(2,input dim=2,activation='relu',name='hidden layer'))
         model.add(Dense(1,activation='sigmoid',name='output_layer'))
         optimizer = SGD(learning_rate=0.1)
         model.compile(optimizer=optimizer,loss='binary_crossentropy',metrics=['accul
         model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
hidden_layer (Dense)	(None, 2)	6
output_layer (Dense)	(None, 1)	3

Total params: 9 (36.00 B)

Trainable params: 9 (36.00 B)

Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)

```
In [38]:
    class WeightsTracker(tf.keras.callbacks.Callback):
        def on_epoch_end(self,epoch,logs=None):
            hidden_weights,hidden_biases = self.model.get_layer('hidden_layer')
            output_weights,output_biases = self.model.get_layer('output_layer')

            print(f"\nEpoch {epoch+1}:")
            print("Hidden Layer Weights:\n",hidden_weights)
            print("Output Layer Biases:\n",output_weights)
            print("Output Layer Biases:\n",output_biases)

model.fit(X,y,epochs=20,verbose=0,callbacks=[WeightsTracker()])
print('\nPredictions after training:')
print(model.predict(X))
```

```
Epoch 1:
Hidden Layer Weights:
[[ 0.62695116  0.1974517 ]
[-0.29097292 0.98797554]]
Hidden Layer Biases:
[-0.0256984 -0.19979142]
Output Layer Weights:
[[ 0.58515227]
[-0.49714226]]
Output Layer Biases:
[0.0696606]
Epoch 2:
Hidden Layer Weights:
[-0.29741818 0.9862446 ]]
Hidden Layer Biases:
[-0.02634829 -0.20152232]
```

```
In [49]: import numpy as np
         from sklearn.linear_model import Perceptron
         X = np.array([[0,0],[0,1],[1,0],[1,1]])
         y = np.array([[0],[1],[1],[0]])
         class MyPerceptron:
             def __init__(self,learning_rate=0.1,n_iterations=100):
                 self.learning_rate = learning_rate
                 self.n_iterations = n_iterations
                 self.weights = None
                 self.bias = None
             def fit(self,X,y):
                 n_samples,n_features = X.shape
                 self.weights = np.zeros(n_features)
                 self.bias = 0
                 for _ in range(self.n_iterations):
                     for i in range(n samples):
                         linear_output = np.dot(X[i],self.weights) + self.bias()
                         y_predicted = self.activation_function(linear_output)
                         update = self.learning_rate * (y[i]-y_predicted)
                         self.weights += update * X[i]
                         print(self.weights)
             def predict(self,X):
                 linear_output = np.dot(X,self.weights) + self.bias
                 y_predicted = self.activation_function(linear_output)
                 return y predicted
             def activation function(self,X):
                 return np.where(X>=0,1,0)
         my perceptron = MyPerceptron()
         my perceptron.fit(X,y)
         print(my_perceptron.predict(X))
```

Traceback (most recent call las TypeError t) Cell In[49], line 37 return np.where(X>=0,1,0) 36 my_perceptron = MyPerceptron() ---> **37** my_perceptron.fit(X,y) 38 print(my_perceptron.predict(X)) Cell In[49], line 21, in MyPerceptron.fit(self, X, y) 19 for _ in range(self.n_iterations): for i in range(n_samples): 20 ---> 21 linear_output = np.dot(X[i], self.weights) + self.bias() y_predicted = self.activation_function(linear_output) 22 24 update = self.learning_rate * (y[i]-y_predicted) TypeError: 'int' object is not callable

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
         import tensorflow as tf
         from tensorflow import keras
         from keras.models import Sequential
         from keras.layers import Dense
         from keras_tuner import RandomSearch
In [14]: def build_model(hp):
             model = Sequential()
             hp_neurons = hp.Int(128,min_value=10,max_value=100,step=10)
             model.add(Dense(units=hp_neurons,activation=hp.Choice('activation',['tal
             model.add(Dense(1,activation='sigmoid'))
             model.compile(optimizer='adam',loss='binary_crossentropy',metrics=['acc
             return model
In [15]: tuner = RandomSearch(
             build model,
             objective='val_accuracy',
             max_trials=10,
             executions_per_trial=1,
             project_name='ann_tuning'
         )
         C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python311\site-packages\keras\src\la
         yers\core\dense.py:87: UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_di
```

yers\core\dense.py:87: UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_di
m` argument to a layer. When using Sequential models, prefer using an `Inp
ut(shape)` object as the first layer in the model instead.

super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer, **kwargs)

```
In [21]: from sklearn.datasets import load_breast_cancer
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
         data = load_breast_cancer()
         X,y = data.data,data.target
         X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.2,random_s
         scaler = StandardScaler()
         X_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
         X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)
         tuner.search(X_train,y_train,epochs=50,validation_split=0.2)
         Trial 2 Complete [00h 00m 00s]
         Best val_accuracy So Far: None
         Total elapsed time: 00h 00m 02s
         Search: Running Trial #3
         Value
                            |Best Value So Far |Hyperparameter
                            100
         20
                                               128
         relu
                            relu
                                               activation
         Epoch 1/50
         Traceback (most recent call last):
           File "C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python311\site-packages\kera
         s_tuner\src\engine\base_tuner.py", line 274, in _try_run_and_update_trial
             self._run_and_update_trial(trial, *fit_args, **fit_kwargs)
```

File "C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python311\site-packages\kera

s_tuner\src\engine\base_tuner.py", line 239, in _run_and_update_trial
recults = self run trial(trial *fit args **fit bwargs)

```
In [2]: import tensorflow as tf
        from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
        from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D,MaxPooling2D,Flatten,Dense,Dropo
        from tensorflow.keras.datasets import fashion_mnist
        from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
        from functools import partial
        (x_train,y_train),(x_test,y_test) = fashion_mnist.load_data()
        x_train = x_train.reshape(-1,28,28,1).astype('float32')/255.0
        x test = x test.reshape(-1,28,28,1).astype('float32')/255.0
        y_train = to_categorical(y_train,10)
        y_test = to_categorical(y_test,10)
        ConvLayer = partial(Conv2D,kernel_size=(3,3),activation='relu',padding='sam
        model = Sequential([
            ConvLayer(32,input shape=(28,28,1)),
            MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)),
            ConvLayer(64),
            MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)),
            ConvLayer(128),
            MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)),
            Flatten(),
            Dense(128,activation='relu'),
            Dropout(0.5),
            Dense(10,activation='softmax')
        ])
        model.compile(optimizer='adam',loss='categorical crossentropy',metrics=['ac
        model.fit(x_train,y_train,epochs=10,batch_size=32,validation_split=0.2)
        test_loss,test_accuracy = model.evaluate(x_test,y_test)
        print(f"Test Loss:{test_loss},Test Accuracy:{test_accuracy}")
```

Epoch 1/10

C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python311\site-packages\keras\src\la
yers\convolutional\base_conv.py:107: UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_sh
ape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When using Sequential models, prefer
using an `Input(shape)` object as the first layer in the model instead.
super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer, **kwargs)

```
- 21s 13ms/step - accuracy: 0.6983 - loss: 0.
8194 - val_accuracy: 0.8684 - val_loss: 0.3498
Epoch 2/10
1500/1500 -
                        -- 20s 13ms/step - accuracy: 0.8656 - loss: 0.
3771 - val_accuracy: 0.8837 - val_loss: 0.3024
Epoch 3/10
          20s 13ms/step - accuracy: 0.8883 - loss: 0.
1500/1500 -
3125 - val_accuracy: 0.9007 - val_loss: 0.2765
Epoch 4/10
1500/1500 — 16s 10ms/step - accuracy: 0.9020 - loss: 0.
2674 - val_accuracy: 0.9144 - val_loss: 0.2349
Epoch 5/10
                        - 14s 9ms/step - accuracy: 0.9136 - loss: 0.2
1500/1500 -
416 - val_accuracy: 0.9041 - val_loss: 0.2551
Epoch 6/10
1500/1500 -
                         17s 11ms/step - accuracy: 0.9206 - loss: 0.
2155 - val_accuracy: 0.9157 - val_loss: 0.2395
1976 - val_accuracy: 0.9155 - val_loss: 0.2319
Epoch 8/10
1500/1500 -
              1832 - val_accuracy: 0.9167 - val_loss: 0.2337
Epoch 9/10
1500/1500 -
                    ----- 21s 13ms/step - accuracy: 0.9390 - loss: 0.
1717 - val_accuracy: 0.9200 - val_loss: 0.2299
Epoch 10/10
                         - 19s 13ms/step - accuracy: 0.9437 - loss: 0.
1500/1500 -
1489 - val_accuracy: 0.9190 - val_loss: 0.2432
313/313 — 2s 5ms/step - accuracy: 0.9107 - loss: 0.2848
Test Loss: 0.27270758152008057, Test Accuracy: 0.9135000109672546
```

In [3]: model.summary()

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 32)	320
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 14, 14, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 64)	18,496
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 7, 7, 64)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 7, 7, 128)	73,856
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 3, 3, 128)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 1152)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 128)	147,584
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 128)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1,290

Total params: 724,640 (2.76 MB)

Trainable params: 241,546 (943.54 KB)

Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)

Optimizer params: 483,094 (1.84 MB)

```
In [2]: from tensorflow.keras import layers, models, Input
        def conv_block(x,filters,kernel_size=3,strides=1,activation=True):
            x = layers.Conv2D(filters,kernel_size=kernel_size,strides=strides,paddi
            x = layers.BatchNormalization()(x)
            if activation:
                x = layers.ReLU()(x)
            return x
        def residual_block(x,filters,downsample=False):
            shortcut = x
            strides = 2 if downsample else 1
            #First convolution layer with activation true and strides
            x = conv_block(x,filters,strides = strides)
            #Second convolution layer without activation
            x = conv_block(x,filters,activation=False)
            #Adjust shortcut if downsampling or if dimensions change
            if downsample or x.shape[-1] != shortcut.shape[-1]:
                shortcut = conv block(shortcut,filters,kernel size=1,strides=stride
            x = layers.add([x,shortcut])
            x = layers.ReLU()(x)
            return x
        def resnet34(input shape=(224,224,3),num classes=1000):
            inputs = Input(shape=input_shape)
            x = conv_block(inputs,64,kernel_size=7,strides=2)
            x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=3,strides=2,padding='same')(x)
            #Residual blocks
            x = residual block(x,64)
            x = residual_block(x,64)
            x = residual_block(x,64)
            x = residual_block(x,128,downsample=True)
            x = residual block(x, 128)
            x = residual_block(x, 128)
            x = residual_block(x, 128)
            x = residual block(x, 256, downsample=True)
            x = residual_block(x, 256)
            x = residual_block(x, 256)
            x = residual_block(x, 256)
            x = residual_block(x, 256)
            x = residual_block(x,512,downsample=True)
            x = residual_block(x,512)
            x = residual block(x,512)
            x= layers.GlobalAveragePooling2D()(x)
            outputs = layers.Dense(num_classes,activation='softmax')(x)
            model = models.Model(inputs,outputs)
            return model
        model = resnet34(input_shape=(224,224,3),num_classes=1000)
        model.summary()
```

Model: "functional"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
<pre>input_layer (InputLayer)</pre>	(None, 224, 224, 3)	0	-
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 112, 112, 64)	9,472	input_layer[0][0]
batch_normalization (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 112, 112, 64)	256	conv2d[0][0]
re_lu (ReLU)	(None, 112, 112, 64)	0	batch_normalizat
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 56, 56, 64)	0	re_lu[0][0]
conv2d 1 (Conv2D)	(None. 56. 56.	36.928	max pooling2d[0]

```
In [3]: from tensorflow.keras.applications import ResNet50
    from tensorflow.keras import layers,models

def build_resnet_model(input_shape=(224,224,3),num_classes=1000):
        base_model = ResNet50(weights='imagenet',include_top=False,input_shape=:

        base_model.trainable = False #freeze the model for transfer Learning

        x = layers.GlobalAveragePooling2D()(base_model.output)
        x = layers.Dense(512,activation='relu')(x)
        outputs = layers.Dense(num_classes,activation='softmax')(x)

        model = models.Model(inputs=base_model.input,outputs=outputs)
        return model

model = build_resnet_model(input_shape=(224,224,3),num_classes=1000)
        model.summary()
```

Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/keras-applications/resnet/resnet50_weights_tf_dim_ordering_tf_kernels_notop.h5 (https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/keras-applications/resnet/resnet50_weights_tf_dim_ordering_tf_kernels_notop.h5)

94765736/94765736 7s 0us/step

Model: "functional_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
<pre>input_layer_1 (InputLayer)</pre>	(None, 224, 224, 3)	0	-
conv1_pad (ZeroPadding2D)	(None, 230, 230, 3)	0	input_layer_1[0]
conv1_conv (Conv2D)	(None, 112, 112, 64)	9,472	conv1_pad[0][0]
conv1 hn	(None 112 112	256	conv1 conv[a][a]

```
In [4]: import tensorflow as tf
        from tensorflow.keras.applications import ResNet50
        from tensorflow.keras import layers,models
        from tensorflow.keras.datasets import mnist
        from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
        (x_train,y_train),(x_test,y_test) = mnist.load_data()
        x_train = tf.image.resize_with_pad(tf.expand_dims(x_train,-1),32,32).numpy(
        x_test = tf.image.resize_with_pad(tf.expand_dims(x_test,-1),32,32).numpy()/
        y_train = to_categorical(y_train,10)
        y_test = to_categorical(y_test,10)
        base model = ResNet50(weights='imagenet',include top=False,input shape=(32,)
        base model.trainable = False #freezing the model
        model = models.Sequential([
            layers.Input(shape=(32,32,1)),
            layers.Conv2D(3,(3,3),padding='same'),
            base model,
            layers.GlobalAveragePooling2D(),
            layers.Dense(128,activation='relu'),
            layers.Dense(10,activation='softmax')
        1)
        model.compile(optimizer='adam',loss='categorical crossentropy',metrics=['ac
        model.fit(x_train,y_train,epochs=5,batch_size=64,validation_data=(x_test,y_
        model.summary()
        Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-keras-d
        atasets/mnist.npz (https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-keras-data
        sets/mnist.npz)
        11490434/11490434 -
                                             - 2s 0us/step
        Epoch 1/5
                                   -- 252s 265ms/step - accuracy: 0.6072 - loss: 1.
        938/938 -
        2014 - val_accuracy: 0.8839 - val_loss: 0.3676
        Epoch 2/5
        938/938 ---
                             249s 266ms/step - accuracy: 0.8871 - loss: 0.
        3596 - val accuracy: 0.9147 - val loss: 0.2722
        Epoch 3/5
                                 --- 240s 256ms/step - accuracy: 0.9128 - loss: 0.
        2760 - val_accuracy: 0.9260 - val_loss: 0.2303
        Epoch 4/5
                                   - 246s 262ms/step - accuracy: 0.9244 - loss: 0.
        938/938 -
        2387 - val_accuracy: 0.9283 - val_loss: 0.2228
        Epoch 5/5
        938/938 -
                      242s 258ms/step - accuracy: 0.9247 - loss: 0.
        2286 - val_accuracy: 0.9396 - val_loss: 0.1925
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_34 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 3)	30
resnet50 (Functional)	(None, 1, 1, 2048)	23,587,712
global_average_pooling2d_2 (GlobalAveragePooling2D)	(None, 2048)	0
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 128)	262,272
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1,290

Total params: 24,378,490 (93.00 MB)

Trainable params: 263,592 (1.01 MB)

Non-trainable params: 23,587,712 (89.98 MB)

Optimizer params: 527,186 (2.01 MB)

In []: