Bellman Bellman Ford Algorithm

```
class Graph:
    def __init__(self, vertices):
        self.V = vertices #nbr of vert.
        self.edges = []
    def add_edge(self, u, v, w):
        self.edges.append((u, v, w))
    def bellman_ford(self, src):
        dist = [float("Inf")]*self.V
        dist[src] = 0
        for _ in range(self.V - 1):
            for u, v, w in self.edges:
                if dist[u] != float("inf")
                        and dist[u] + w < dist[v]:
                    dist[v] = w + dist[u]
        #check for negative weight cycles
        for u, v, w in self.edges:
            if dist[u] != float("Inf") and
                    dist[u] + w < dist[v]:
                print("G has -ve cycles")
                return
```

Floyd Warshall (all pairs)

```
def floyd_warshall(graph):
    # copy input matrix
    dist = [[graph[i][j] for j in range(V)] for i range(V)]
    for k in range(V):
        for i in range(V):
            for j in range(V):
                dist[i][j] = min(dist[i][j],
                                 dist[i][k] + dist[k][j])
```

Minimum Spanning Tree (PRIM)

```
class Graph:                    graph
    def __init__(self, vertices):
        self.V = vertices #count of vert.
        self.graph = graph

    #find vertex with min. key
    def min_key(self, key, mst_set):
        min_val = float("inf")
        min_idx = -1
        for v in range(self.V):
            if key[v] < min_val and
                    not mst_set[v]:
                min_val = key[v]
                min_idx = v
        return min_idx
    def prim_mst(self):
        key = [float('inf')] * self.V
        parent = [None] * self.V
        key[0] = 0
        mst_set = [False] * self.V
        parent[0] = -1
        for _ in range(self.V):
            if self.graph[u][v] > 0 and
                (not (mst_set[v])) and
                    key[v] > self.graph[u][v]:
                    key[v] = self.graph[u][v]
                    parent[v] = u
```

Union Find

```
class UnionFind:
    def __init__(self, n):
        self.parent = [i for i in range(n)]
        self.rank = [0] * n

    def find(self, x):
        if self.parent[x] != x:
            self.parent[x] = self.find(
                                self.parent[x])
        return self.parent[x]
    def union(self, x, y):
        root_x = self.find(x)
        root_y = self.find(y)
        if root_x != root_y:
            if self.rank[root_x] > self.rank[root_y]:
                self.parent[root_y] = root_x
            elif self.rank[root_x] < self.rank[root_y]:
                self.parent[root_x] = root_y
            else:
                self.parent[root_y] = root_x
                self.rank[root_x] += 1
```

Djikstra (single source)

```
def djikstra(graph, start):
    heap = []
    dist = {node: float('inf') for node
                                in graph}
    dist[start] = 0
    heapq.heappush(heap, (0, start))
    while heap:
        cur_dist, cur_vert = heapq.heappop(heap)
        if cur_dist > dist[cur_vert]:
            continue
        for neigh, weight in graph[cur_vert]:
            distance = cur_dist + weight
            if distance < dist[neigh]:
                dist[neigh] = distance
                heapq.heappush(heap,
                    (distance, neigh))
    return dist
```