# **Exploiting Network Proximity in Distributed Hash Tables** Miguel Castro<sup>1</sup>

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### Abstract

Self-organizing peer-to-peer (p2p) overlay networks like CAN, Chord, Pestry and Tapestry (also called distributed hash tables or DHTs) offer a novel platform for a variety of scalable and decontrollized distributed applications. These of scalable and decentralized distributed applications. These systems provine fighten and fulls observed noting, object in casion, and load balancing within a self-arganizing overlay memore. One important aspect of these systems is how they exploit network proximity in the underlying Internet. Three basic approaches have been proposed to exploit net-work proximity in IIITs, geographic layout, proximity rout-ing and proximity neighbour selection. In this position-pure, we briefly discuss the three approaches, convenue their transgok and abort consulting. All consistent when applicable

ity in the different DHT routing protocols. We conclude that practinity neighbor selection, when used in DHTs with profet-based routing like Pastry and Tapestry, is highly effective and appears to dominate the other approaches.

Introduction

Second recent systems (CAN [4], Chool [9], Patry [6] and Tapestry [8]D provides a self-organizing substants for large-stape to spee on-pee organization. These systems can be traveled to the speed of the speed of

In the simplest case, DHTs can be used to store key-value pairs much like centralized hash tables. Lookup and insert operations can be performed in a small number of routing hops. The overlay network is completely self-organizing,

and each node maintains only a small routing table with use constant or legarithmic in the mather of participating in the constant of the control of the control of the control participation, studied particular satural state (2, 7, 3) and application-level maintenan [8, 11]. While there are algorithmic saturalises among the par-whose the control of the control of the control of the con-trol of the control of the control of the control of the con-trol of the control of the control of the con-trol of the control of the control of the con-trol of the control of the control of the con-trol of the control of the control of the con-trol of the control of the

exploring proximpy in these DHT protocols [5]: of Geographic Laport The modells are assigned in animate the property of the property of the property of the are close in the model space. In the network topology, are close in the model space. In the content pattern are the protocology for the content pattern are the tenting algorithm choices a nearby does at each loop from among the core in ing progress towards the destination in the model space and choicing the closest rounting table corrus contents and choicing the closest rounting table corrus contents and the property of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction.

iii) Praximity Neighbour Selection Routing table entries takes network proximity into account. Routing table entries are chosen to refer to nodes that are nearby in the network topology, among all live nodes with appropriate nodelds. The distance traveled by messages can be minimized without an distance traveled by messages can be minimized without an increase in the number of routing host. Tapestry and Pas-Proximity neighbour selection is used in Tapestry and Pas-ty. The basic Chord and CAN protocols do not consider net-work proximity at all. However, geographic layout and prox-mity routing have been considered for CAN [4], geographic layout and proxximity neighbor selection are currently being considered for use in Chord [2].

node's routing tables has approximately  $log_{20}$ y' rows and 16 columns. The  $E_0$  ferrites in row  $r_0$  of the routing table refer to ones whose nodes have the first  $r_0$  agis, with the present ones whose nodes have the first  $r_0$  agis, with the present of one requestion. The columns in row  $r_0$  corresponding when whose of them  $r_0$  1 shape of the least node's consider fremains comply. Routing in Parity requerts that a clack routing a  $r_0$  and  $r_0$  requests that  $r_0$  is the routine  $r_0$  for  $r_0$  and  $r_0$  and  $r_0$  are the routine  $r_0$  for  $r_0$  and  $r_0$  and  $r_0$  are the routine  $r_0$  for  $r_0$  and  $r_0$  and  $r_0$  are the routine  $r_0$  for  $r_0$  and  $r_0$  are the routine  $r_0$  and  $r_0$  are the routine  $r_0$  for  $r_0$  and  $r_0$  are the routine  $r_0$  and  $r_0$  are the routine  $r_0$  for  $r_0$  and  $r_0$  are the routine  $r_0$  and  $r_0$  a

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work locality is very similar in both systems. The Chord protocol forwards messages in each routing step to a node that is numerically closer to the key, Unlike Partity and Tapestry, Chord forwards measages only in clockwise direction in the circular is space. To forward messages, each Chord node maintains a finger table, consisting of up to 128 positives to other live nodes. The thit entry in the finger table of node n refers to a node with the smallest nodeld clockwise from n+2. Note that the first entry points to  $\eta$ 's successor, and subsequent entries refer to nodes at repeat-edly doubling distances from  $\eta$ . Each node in Chord also maintains a set of clockwise neighbors in the nodeld snace

maintains as est of clockwise neighbors in the noded space (the successer list). The expected number of oring hops in Choird is Vogo. Note: necessage in a differentiated space, where CAN routes messages in the additionational space, where continues the continues and the continues a

than  $(p_0N)$  in this case.

The choice of entires in the routing tables of Chord and CAON is tightly constrained. The CAN routing table entire Fefer is specific neighboring nodes in each dimension, while the Chord finger the Chord finger the Chord finger the Chord finger the curties refer to specific points in the nodeled space. With Tayesiry and Pastry, on the other hand, routing table entiries can be choren a brimarily from an entire segment of the nodeld space whost any impacts on the expected number of routing labor. This greatly facilitate possession and the chord of the nodel of the nodel of the procedure of the routing labor. This greatly facilitates possession and the nodel of the nodel o

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to hotspots. When considering the use of this method in Chord. Tapestry and Pastry, additional problems arise. Whilst geo-graphic layou provides network locality in the routing, it sac-rifices the diversity of neighboring modes in the nodeld space, which has consequences for failure resilience and availability of replicated keylvalue pairs. Both Chord and Pastry have the of replicated keylvalue pairs. Both Chord and Pastry have the property that the integrity of their routing fibrie is disrupted when an entire leaf set or successor set fails. Likewise, both protocoler replicate key-value pairs on neighboring nodes in the namespace for fault tolerance. With a proximity-based modeld assignment, neighboring nodes, due to their proxim-ity, are more likely to suffer correlated failures or to compite.

### Proximity Routing

Proximity routing was first proposed in CAN [4]. It involves

The contract of the proposed in CN(4), il insulved on changes to ming their counters and maintenance because mining tables are bull without taking attention, and many into account. But each made measure that it is not to the engage between the engage of the contract of the contract of the contract of progress in the Commensuring near CNTE, the is small (2) on everage and neighbor are upwar familiary for the developed and neighbor are upwar familiary familiary to the contract table in high type in the proposed and the contract table in high type in the proposed and the contract table in the laws to the contract of each by it. I am success the number of hops. Recuse of the contract of t

layout. Proximity routing has also been used in a version of Chord [2]. Here, a small number of nodes are maintained in each finger table entry nather than one, and a message is forwarded to the topologically closest node among those entries whose noded is closer to hot controller-closests from the message's key. Since all entries are chosen from a specific region of the day spece, the expected topological distance to the nearest among the entries is likely to be much larger than the distance of the nearest node in the overlay. Furthermore,

ique to be effective because not all entries can be used I keys. This increases the overhead of node joins and for all key size of routing tables

the size of routing tables. We conclude that proximity routing affords some improve-ment in routing performance, but this improvement is limited by the fact that a small number of nodes sampled from spe-cific portions of the nodeled space are not likely to be among the nodes that are closest in the network poology. As we shall see, the structure of the routing tables in Pastry and Tapestry allow a much larger degree of freedom in the selec-tor of entiric, which has a significant impact on the notifies

## Proximity Neighbour Selecti

Proximity Neighbour Selection
Tapetry and Party Scaledip properties derive from mechanisms to half routing tables that take network proximity since
socioum. They attempt to minimize the distance, according to the proximity meric, to each of the nodes that appear in
to the proximity meric, to each of the nodes that appear in
nodel perforce. Faither contents the following invitant for
each node's routing table:

Proximity lavariants faith entry in a mode X's prainting tailthe refers to a mode that is none X'. according to the pression
in partic, many all the Party nodes with the appropriate

ity meric, among all live Passay nodes with the appropriate nodeld profit.

As a result of the proximity invariant, a message is nor-mally forwarded in each routing step to a nearly node, ac-cording to the proximity meric, among all nodes whose noded shares a longer priets with the Key Meroover, the ex-pected distance traveled in each consecutive routing step in-creases exponentially which he length of the prefix match. From this property, need and eview two distants properties of Passay with

exponentially with the length of the perior marks. From the represent neutron because present neutron presentation presentant present

properties. Moreover, the joint proceed allows Practy to kind of properties among such seek by performing only a small of properties among such seek proceedings only as the number of network probes. Analysis and simulations on two interact troplesgy models presented in [1] conform this. CAN also proposed a limited from of proximity neighbor sciencian in which several modes are assigned to the same sciencian in which several modes are assigned to the same as last of the rodes in a neighboring more and measures the RT to each of thom. The node with the bount RT is scho-sen as the engither for that zone. This technique is less of-forcieve than three out of Tapetry and Party because each routing table entry is chosen from a small set of nodes Observations

Observations
(Geographical layout may be an attractive approach for CAN
but it can have a negative impact on the fault-soldenance period
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to it can be a soldenance and for replaction on it-yvivo here better a soldenance once me. Even in CAN, committening
that makes additional concerns. Even in CAN, committening
difficult. When Industrial servers are used, why need to be
managed to remain resultable, and may become bortlenecks
under heavy load or detail of enviror attacks.

under heavy had or desial of service attacks. Proximity resting especies no changes to rotting sable con-struction and maintenance mechanisms whereas proximity restinations and maintenance mechanisms whereas proximity creating, proximity supplies relection in one effective be-cause routing table entire are chosen to be refer to nearly soods as the fire taple. However, proximity routing, should conclude the contract of the proximity routing should receive the proximity and proximity and proximity refer effectiveness of proximity neighbor selection depends on the conting algorithm used by the DHT Algorithms where menting table entires no be selected from unung a lauge set conting table entires no be selected from unung a lauge set where the proximity and th

routing table critics can be selected from among a large set of confidence are also as solves as hower sepal-polydistance confidence are also as solves as how are ready. The confidence is the scheduler is likely be more effective. The eligibility of the confidence is likely in the more effective. The eligibility of the confidence is likely in the more effective. The eligibility of the confidence is likely in the owner of the confidence is likely in the low extends and that it is very effective at explosing network proximity, as achieves how delays and rapid routic convergence many; in achieves how delays and rapid routic convergence that is important. If a currently an open question swhefter proximity neighbor selection can be effectively applied to CAV and Chool of effect, equally effective technique exist to exploit network proximity in protocols like CAN and

## References

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