

1. Write a Pandas program to select the specified columns and rows from a given data frame. Go to the editorSample Python dictionary data and list labels:

```
In [3]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
exam_data = {'name': ['Anastasia', 'Dima', 'Katherine', 'James', 'Emily', 'Michael', 'Matthew', 'Laura', 'Kevin', 'Jonas'],
'score': [12.5, 9, 16.5, np.nan, 9, 20, 14.5, np.nan, 8, 19],
'attempts': [1, 3, 2, 3, 2, 3, 1, 1, 2, 1],
'qualify': ['yes', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'yes', 'yes', 'no', 'no', 'yes']}
labels = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i', 'j']
df = pd.DataFrame(exam_data , index=labels)
print("Select specific columns and rows:")
print(df.iloc[[1, 3, 5, 6], [0, 1]])

Select specific columns and rows:
   name  score
b  Dima    9.0
d  James   NaN
f  Michael 20.0
g  Matthew 14.5
```

## 2. Use Crime dataset from LMS

I) find the aggregations like all moments of business decisions for all columns.value counts.

II) do the plottings like plottings like histogram, boxplot, scatterplot, barplot, piechart,dot chart.

```
In [3]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
crime_data=pd.read_csv("C:\\Users\\DELL\\Downloads\\crime_data.csv")
```

```
In [4]: crime_data.Murder.count()
```

```
Out[4]: 50
```

```
In [5]: crime_data.Assault.sum()
```

```
Out[5]: 8538
```

```
In [6]: crime_data.UrbanPop.min()
```

```
Out[6]: 32
```

```
In [7]: crime_data.UrbanPop.max()
```

```
Out[7]: 91
```

```
In [8]: crime_data.Rape.mean()
```

```
Out[8]: 21.231999999999992
```

```
In [9]: crime_data.Rape.median()
```

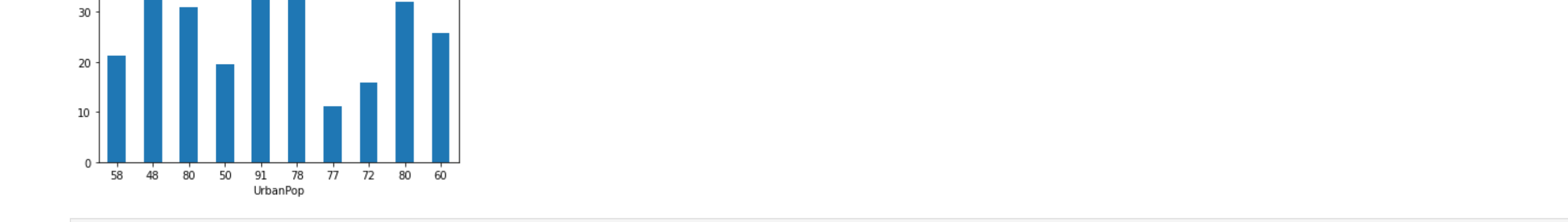
```
Out[9]: 20.1
```

```
In [10]: crime_data_10 = crime_data.head(10)
crime_data_10
```

```
Out[10]: Unnamed: 0  Murder  Assault  UrbanPop  Rape
0  Alabama    13.2    236      58    21.2
1  Alaska     10.0    263      48    44.5
2  Arizona     8.1    294      80    31.0
3  Arkansas     8.8    190      50    19.5
4  California   9.0    276      91    40.6
5  Colorado     7.9    204      78    38.7
6  Connecticut  3.3    110      77    11.1
7  Delaware     5.9    238      72    15.8
8  Florida     15.4    335      80    31.9
9  Georgia     17.4    211      60    25.8
```

```
In [11]: #barplot
x = crime_data_10.plot.bar(x='UrbanPop', y='Rape', rot=0)
x
```

```
Out[11]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='UrbanPop'>
```

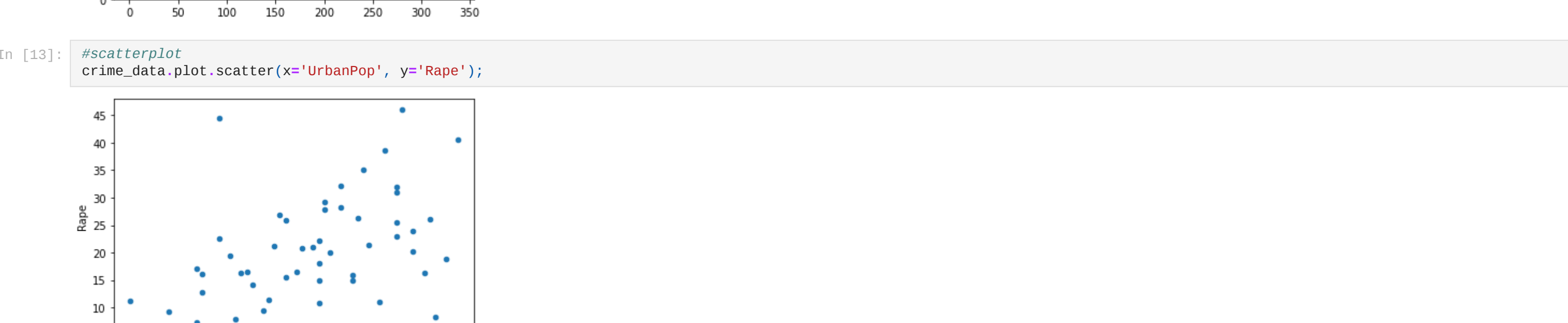


```
In [12]: #histogram
crime_data.plot.hist(alpha=0.6)
```

```
Out[12]: <AxesSubplot:ylabel='Frequency'>
```

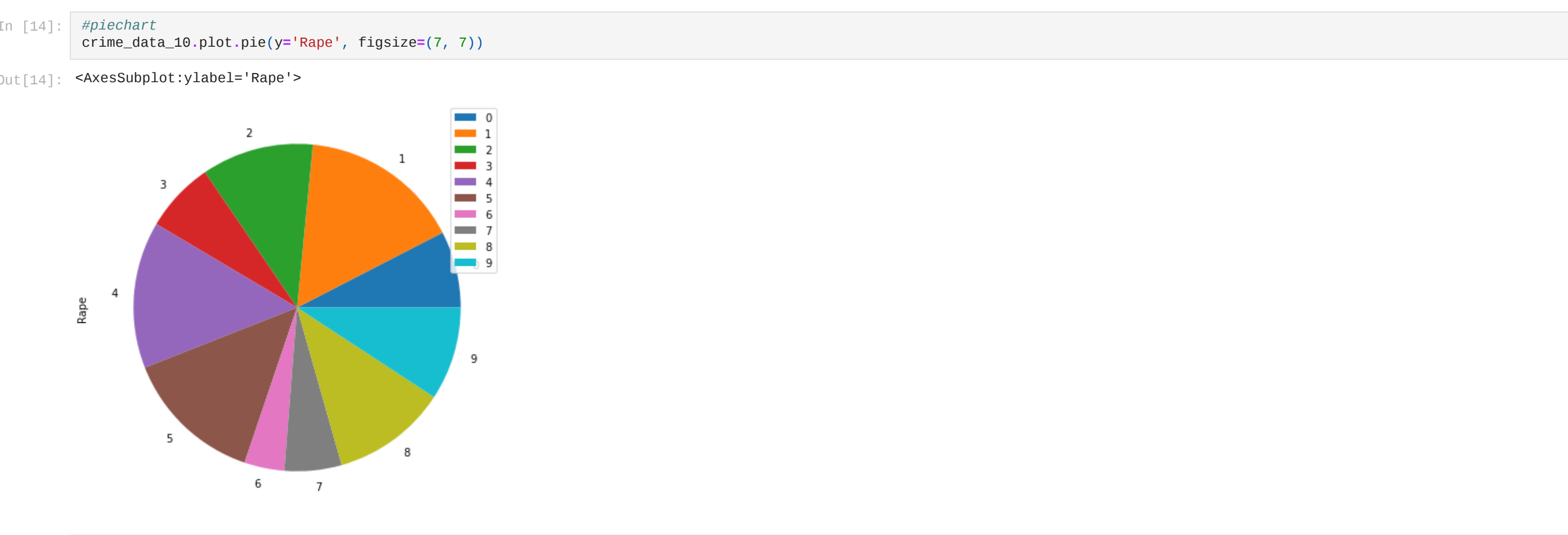


```
In [13]: #scatterplot
crime_data.plot.scatter(x='UrbanPop', y='Rape');
```

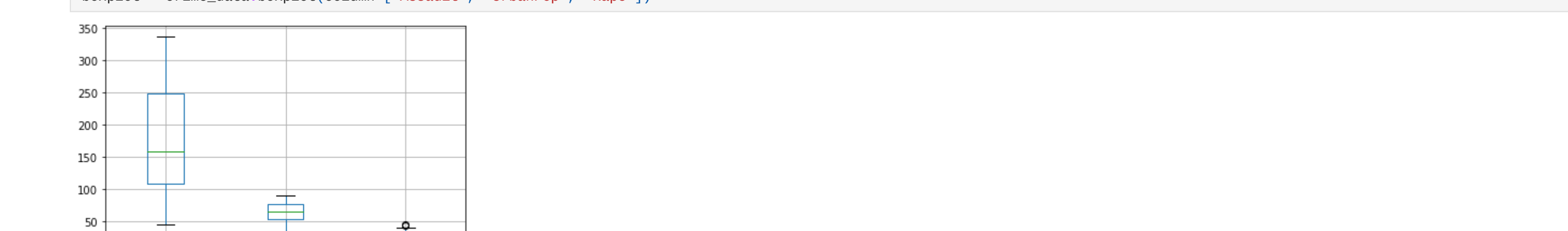


```
In [14]: #piechart
crime_data_10.plot.pie(ys='Rape', figsize=(7, 7))
```

```
Out[14]: <AxesSubplot:ylabel='Rape'>
```



```
In [15]: #boxplot
boxplot = crime_data.boxplot(column=['Assault', 'UrbanPop', 'Rape'])
```



```
In [ ]: #dotplots
import plotly.express as px
fig = px.scatter(crime_data, x='UrbanPop', y='Rape',
                title='UrbanPop vs Rape',
                labels={'UrbanPop': 'URBANPOP DETAILS'})
fig.show()
```

## 3. use mtcars dataset from LMS

A) delete/ drop rows 10 to 15 of all columns

B)drop the VOL column

C)write the forloop to get value\_counts of all coulmns

```
In [17]: mtcars = pd.read_csv("C:\\Users\\DELL\\Downloads\\mtcars.csv")
mtcars.head()
```

```
Out[17]:   mpg  cyl  disp  hp  drat   wt  qsec  vs  am  gear  carb
0  21.0    6  160.0  110  3.90  2.620  16.46  0    1    4    4
1  21.0    6  160.0  110  3.90  2.875  17.02  0    1    4    4
2  22.8    4  108.0  93  3.85  2.320  18.61  1    1    4    1
3  21.4    6  258.0  110  3.08  3.215  19.44  1    0    3    1
4  18.7    8  360.0  175  3.15  3.440  17.02  0    0    3    2
```

```
In [18]: #A:Ans
mtcars = mtcars.drop(mtcars.index[[10,11,12,13,14,15]])
mtcars.head()
```

```
Out[18]:   mpg  cyl  disp  hp  drat   wt  qsec  vs  am  gear  carb
0  21.0    6  160.0  110  3.90  2.620  16.46  0    1    4    4
1  21.0    6  160.0  110  3.90  2.875  17.02  0    1    4    4
2  22.8    4  108.0  93  3.85  2.320  18.61  1    1    4    1
3  21.4    6  258.0  110  3.08  3.215  19.44  1    0    3    1
4  18.7    8  360.0  175  3.15  3.440  17.02  0    0    3    2
```

```
In [20]: # B:Ans
mtcars = mtcars.drop(columns=mtcars.columns[3])
mtcars.head()
```

```
Out[20]:   mpg  cyl  disp   wt  qsec  vs  am  gear  carb
0  21.0    6  160.0  2.620  16.46  0    1    4    4
1  21.0    6  160.0  2.875  17.02  0    1    4    4
2  22.8    4  108.0  2.320  18.61  1    1    4    1
3  21.4    6  258.0  3.215  19.44  1    0    3    1
4  18.7    8  360.0  3.440  17.02  0    0    3    2
```

```
In [21]: #C:Ans
for col in mtcars:
    print(':-> * %d + col + :-> * %d , end=-> ' %
          display(mtcars[col].value_counts()).head(10))
```

```
-----mpg-----
39.4    2
21.4    2
19.2    2
22.8    2
21.0    2
15.8    1
21.5    1
15.5    1
26.0    1
15.2    1
Name: mpg, dtype: int64
-----cyl-----
4    11
8     9
6     6
Name: cyl, dtype: int64
-----disp-----
160.0    2
360.0    2
71.1    1
108.0    1
258.0    1
225.0    1
440.0    1
318.0    1
304.0    1
350.0    1
Name: disp, dtype: int64
-----wt-----
3.440    2
3.570    2
2.780    1
3.435    1
2.320    1
5.345    1
2.465    1
3.460    1
1.513    1
2.770    1
Name: wt, dtype: int64
-----qsec-----
17.02    2
18.90    1
18.30    1
20.00    1
14.50    1
19.47    1
15.84    1
17.30    1
20.01    1
15.41    1
Name: qsec, dtype: int64
-----vs-----
1    13
0    13
Name: vs, dtype: int64
-----am-----
1    13
0    13
Name: am, dtype: int64
-----gear-----
4    11
3    10
5     5
Name: gear, dtype: int64
-----carb-----
2    10
4     7
1     7
8     1
6     1
Name: carb, dtype: int64
```

## 4. Use Bank Dataset from LMS

A)change all the categorical columns into numerical by creating Dummies and using label encoder.

B) rename all the column names DF

C) Rename only one specific column in DF

```
In [22]: from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
```

```
In [23]: df=pd.read_csv("C:\\Users\\DELL\\Downloads\\bank-full.csv")
df
```

```
Out[23]:   age|job|marital|education|default|balance|housing|loan|contact|day|month|duration|campaign|pdays|previous|poutcome|y
0      0
1      1
2      2
3      3
4      4
...
45206  51
45207  71
45208  72
45209  57
45210  37
45211 rows x 1 columns
```

```
In [24]: df=df.iloc[:,].values
```

```
Out[24]: array([[ 58,'management','married','tertiary','no',2143,'yes','no','unknown',5,'may',261,1,-1,0,'unknown','no'],
[ 44,'technician','single','secondary','no',29,'yes','no','unknown',5,'may',151,1,-1,0,'unknown','no'],
[ 33,'entrepreneur','married','secondary','no',2,'yes','yes','unknown',5,'may',76,1,-1,0,'unknown','no'],
[ 47,'blue-collar','married','unknown','no',1506,'no','unknown','single','unknown','no',1,'no','no'],
...
[ 51,'technician','married','tertiary','no',825,'no','retired','divorced','primary','no',1729,'no'],
[ 71,'retired','divorced','primary','no',1729,'no'],
[ 72,'retired','married','secondary','no',5715,'no'],
[ 57,'blue-collar','married','secondary','no',668,'no','no','telephone',17,'nov',508,4,-1,0,'unknown','no'],
[ 37,'entrepreneur','married','secondary','no',2971,'no','no','cellular',17,'nov',361,2,188,11,'other','no']])
dtype: object
```

```
In [ ]: #.status=LabelEncoder()
df[:,1]=ml_status.fit_transform(df[:,1])
df
```

```
In [25]: df=pd.DataFrame(df)
df
```

```
Out[25]:   0
0  58,'management','married','tertiary','no',2143...
1  44,'technician','single','secondary','no',29,...
2  33,'entrepreneur','married','secondary','no',2...
3  47,'blue-collar','married','unknown','no',1506...
4  33,'unknown','single','unknown','no',1,'no',n...
...
45206  51,'technician','married','tertiary','no',825...
45207  71,'retired','divorced','primary','no',1729,n...
45208  72,'retired','married','secondary','no',5715,...
45209  57,'blue-collar','married','secondary','no',66...
45210  37,'entrepreneur','married','secondary','no',2...
45211 rows x 1 columns
```

```
In [26]: ct= ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('encode',OneHotEncoder(),[2])],remainder='passthrough')
```

```
In [ ]: df=ct.fit_transform(df)
df
```

```
In [28]: df=pd.DataFrame(df)
df
```

```
Out[28]:   0
0  58,'management','married','tertiary','no',2143...
1  44,'technician','single','secondary','no',29,...
2  33,'entrepreneur','married','secondary','no',2...
3  47,'blue-collar','married','unknown','no',1506...
4  33,'unknown','single','unknown','no',1,'no',n...
...
45206  51,'technician','married','tertiary','no',825...
45207  71,'retired','divorced','primary','no',1729,n...
45208  72,'retired','married','secondary','no',5715,...
45209  57,'blue-collar','married','secondary','no',66...
45210  37,'entrepreneur','married','secondary','no',2...
45211 rows x 1 columns
```

```
In [29]: #B Rename all columns as df
df.rename(columns={0:'df1',1:'df2',2:'df3',3:'df4',4:'df5',5:'df6',6:'df7',7:'df8',
8:'df9',9:'df10',10:'df11',11:'df12',12:'df13',
13:'df14',14:'df15',15:'df16',16:'df17',17:'df18',18:'df19'})
df
```

```
Out[29]:   0
0  58,'management','married','tertiary','no',2143...
1  44,'technician','single','secondary','no',29,...
2  33,'entrepreneur','married','secondary','no',2...
3  47,'blue-collar','married','unknown','no',1506...
4  33,'unknown','single','unknown','no',1,'no',n...
...
45206  51,'technician','married','tertiary','no',825...
45207  71,'retired','divorced','primary','no',1729,n...
45208  72,'retired','married','secondary','no',5715,...
45209  57,'blue-collar','married','secondary','no',66...
45210  37,'entrepreneur','married','secondary','no',2...
45211 rows x 1 columns
```

```
In [30]: #C rename only one column in df
df.rename(columns={4:'age'})
df.head
```

```
Out[30]: <bound method NDFrame.head of
0      58,'management','married','tertiary','no',2143...
1      44,'technician','single','secondary','no',29;...
2      33,'entrepreneur','married','secondary','no',2...
3      47,'blue-collar','married','unknown','no',1506...
4      33,'unknown','single','unknown','no',1,'no',n...
...
45206  51,'technician','married','tertiary','no',825...
45207  71,'retired','divorced','primary','no',1729;n...
45208  72,'retired','married','secondary','no',5715;...
45209  57,'blue-collar','married','secondary','no',66...
45210  37,'entrepreneur','married','secondary','no',2...
[45211 rows x 1 columns]>
```

```
In [ ]: 
```