

Explicit wait in Selenium

Selenium: Selenium With Java Basics

- ➤ Explicit wait in Selenium: The explicit wait is used to tell the Web Driver to wait for certain conditions (Expected Conditions) or the maximum time exceeded before throwing an "ElementNotVisibleException" exception.
- ➤ Explicit wait will be applicable for only one line (one condition), we have to use it with ExpectedConditions class.
- ➤ WebDriverWait by default calls the Expected Condition every 500 milliseconds until it returns successfully.
- ➤ Expected Condition will not impact findelement() and findelements() in Selenium.

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- Expected Conditions present in Explicit Wait :
- alertIsPresent()
- elementSelectionStateToBe(locator, selected)
- elementToBeClickable(locator)
- elementToBeSelected(locator)
- frameToBeAvailableAndSwitchToIt(locator)
- presenceOfElementLocated(locator)
- textToBePresentInElement(locator, text)
- title()
- titleIs(title)
- visibilityOf(element)

Will see you in Next Lecture...

