

DELHI/NCR: THE HEART OF INDIA

The National Capital Region (NCR) is a designation for the conurbation or metropolitan area which encompasses the entire National Capital Territory of Delhi. This includes New Delhi, as well as urban areas surrounding it. During the period April 2000 -November 2014, the National Capital Region (NCR), received \$ 45.77 billion Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) and accounted for 19 % of the country's total FDI. Its Per Capita GDP (at PPP) was at \$6,511 during 2013–14 fiscal, making it one of the richest cities in India. The service industry contributes the largest chunk of the State Domestic Product (SDP) - about 70%, followed by manufacturing (25.2%) and agriculture (3.85%). The key industries include Information Technology, Telecommunications, Hotels, Media, Banking and Tourism.

ATTRACTIONS



AIRPORT TO LOTUS TEMPLE - 11 KMS

Lotus Temple -Notable for its flowerlike shape, the Lotus Temple serves as the Mother Temple of the Indian subcontinent and has become a prominent attraction in the city. It has won numerous architectural awards and been featured in hundreds of newspaper and magazine articles.





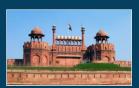
AIRPORT TO HUMAYUN'S



IRPORT TO DILLI HAAT - 10 KMS

Humayun's Tomb - Located near the crossing of Mathura road and Lodhi road, this magnificent garden tomb is the first substantial example of Mughal architecture in India. Inside the walled enclosure the most notable features are the garden squares (chaharbagh) with pathways water channels,

Dilli Haat - The Dilli Haat provides the ambience of a traditional Rural Haat or village market, but one suited for more contemporary needs. Here one sees a synthesis of crafts, food and cultural activity. This Food and Craft Bazar is a treasure house of Indian culture, handicrafts and ethnic cuisine,



TO QUTUB MINAR - 12 KMS

AIRPORT TO RED FORT - 17 KMS

Red Fort - The Red sandstone walls of the massive Red Fort (Lal Qila) rise 33-m above the clamour of Old Delhi as a reminder of the magnificent power and pomp of the Mughal emperors. The main gate-Lahore Gate, is one of the emotional and symbolic focal points of the modern Indian nation and attracts a major crowd on Independence Day.



AIRPORT TO AKSHARDHA TEMPLE - 21 KMS

Akshardham Temple - Akshardham in New Delhi epitomizes 10,000 years of Indian culture in all its breathtaking grandeur, beauty, wisdom an d bliss. It brilliantly showcases the essence of India's ancient architecture, traditions and timeless spiritual messages.



AIRPORT TO JANTAR MANTAR - 13 KMS

Jantar Mantar - The Jantar Mantar is an equinoctial sundial, consisting a gigantic triangular gnomon with the hypotenuse parallel to the Earth's axis. The instrument is intended to measure the time of day, correct to half a second and declination of the Sun and other heavenly bodies. It consists of 13 architectural astronomy instruments.



AIRPORT TO JAMA MASJID - 17 KMS

Jama Masjid - This great mosque of Old Delhi is the largest in India, with a courtyard capable of holding 25,000 devotees. The highly decorative mosque has three great gates, four towers and two 40 m-high minarets constructed of strips of red sandstone and white marble.

SPICY FACTS

From age-old eateries in the by lanes of the Walled City to glitzy, specialty restaurants in five-star hotels, places around Noida are a foodie's paradise. Noida offers a choice of Indian and International Cuisines in different ambiences to suit varied budgets. For gourmets, Delhi is synonymous with Mughlai and Frontier Cuisine. A delightful spot offering a range of Indian Cuisine are the food stalls at Dilli Haat. Here, the cuisines of different states are made available at moderate rates. Set in the midst of a spacious craft bazaar, the cafes here are extremely famous among locals as well as tourists.

The best of Mughlai cuisine can be enjoyed at Karim's, (located at Jama Masjid and Nizamuddin) where the recipes, dating from the times of the Mughals have been the closely guarded secrets of generations of chefs. Delhi ka Aangan (Hyatt Regency), Darbar (Ashoka Hotel), and Corbetts (Claridges) are among the many options available in the expensive range, while Gulati Restaurant (Pandara Market), Angeethi (Asiad Village) and Degchi (Regal Building) are among those catering to more modest budgets.

NOIDA CLIMATE

In summer, i.e. from March to June, the weather remains hot and temperature ranges from maximum of 48 $^{\circ}$ C to minimum of 28 $^{\circ}$ C. Monsoon season prevails during mid-June to mid-September. The cold waves from the Himalayan region make the winters in Noida chilly and harsh. Temperatures fall down to as low as 3 to 4 $^{\circ}$ C at the peak of the season.



Average high: 24 °C (75 °F)



Average low: 10 °C (50 °F)



Precipitation: 22mm

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DISTANCE FROM AIRPORT-32 KMS



TRAVEL TIME-60 MINS