

EXPERIMENT-1

Create a topology and simulate sending a simple PDU from source to destination using hub and switch as connecting devices and demonstrate ping messages.

Observation:

Introduction to Cisco Packet Tracer Date: ___/___/___
Page: ___

Interface overview

The user interface of Cisco packet tracer consists of 3 tool bars:

- * Main tool bar: This bar includes buttons for zoom, Drawing palette, Custom palettes, Dialog, edit options etc. It also includes network information button.
- * Common tool bar: This toolbar consists of workspace tools like select/inspect, move, Place note, Delete, Resize, Add simple PDU and Add complex PDU.
- * Bottom tool bar: It includes Network Component Box, device-type selection box, Device specified selection Box, User created Packet window.

Network component Box provides a way to the user to select different devices and connections for the simulation.

- * Logical/physical workspace: We can toggle between logical and physical workspace. physical workspace allows user to navigate through different physical locations whereas logical workspace is for analyzing the network and data transfer.
- * Realtime/simulation basis: We can toggle between Realtime mode and simulation mode using this

* Types of connections/links:

There are 3 different types of connections.

The two major types of connections are:

→ Copper-straight-through: This is used to connect devices that operate between different OSI layers.

→ Copper Cross-over: This is used to connect devices that operate in the same OSI layers (like PC to PC).

* Simulation Panel in simulation mode:

provides information about the transfer of packets.

Experiment:

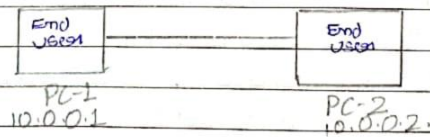
→ Creating network: (connection of devices)

1] ~~Start~~ creating a select end devices and then add them to the workspace.

2] Use copper-straight-through copper cross-over to connect between the devices.



Topology:

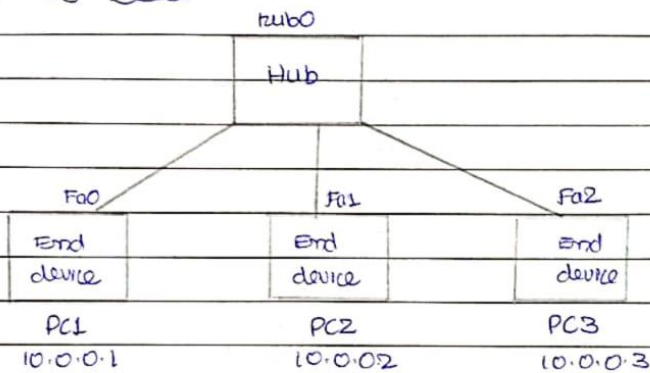
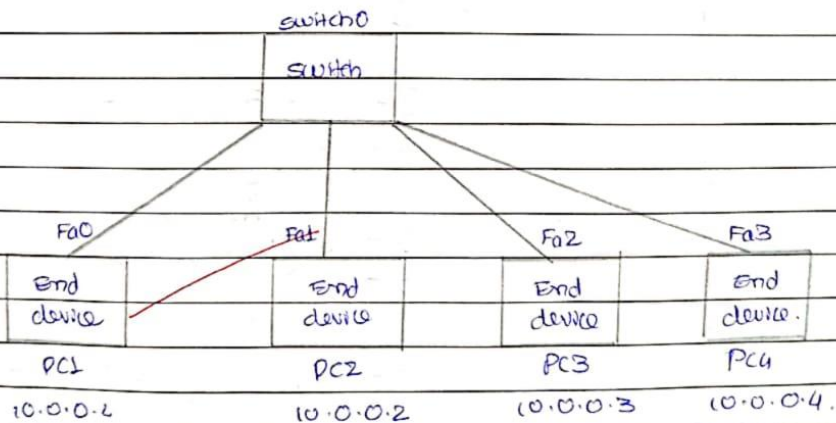


Hubs and SwitchesDate 1/1
Page 1

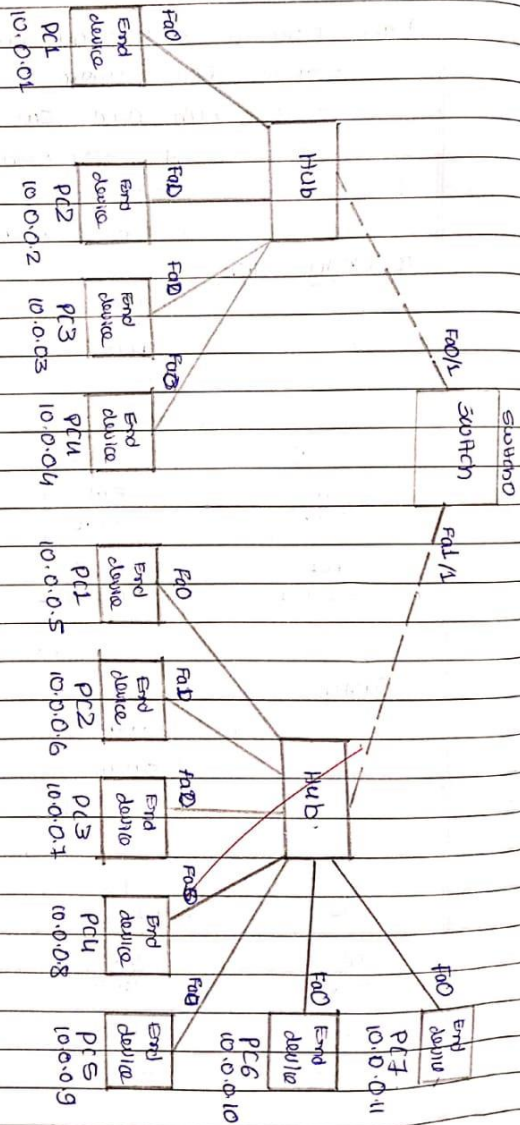
Aim #

HUB

Aim: creating a topology and simulating sending a simple PDU from source to destination using hub and switch as connecting devices and demonstrating ping message.

Topology: HUBSwitch

Hub and switch



Procedure:

1) Hub:

- * Add a hub and 3 end devices into logical workspace.
- * Connect the end devices to the hub using copper straight connectors.
- * Assign a unique IP address to each end device.
- * Send the simple PDU from one device to other.
- * Ping a PDU using command `permt` in `realtime` mode.

2) Switch:

- * Add a switch and 4 end devices (PCs) into logical workspace.
- * Connect the end devices to the switch using copper straight connectors.
- * Assign unique IP address to each of the end device.
- * Send the simple PDU from one device to other.
- * Ping a PDU using command `permt` in `realtime` mode.

3) Switch and hub:

- * Add a ~~switch~~, 2 hubs and 11 end devices into logical workspace.
- * Connect 4 end devices to one hub and the remaining to the other.
- * Connect these two hubs to a switch, using copper cross-over connector.

- * Assign unique IP address for each device.
- * Send a simple PDU from the end device of one hub to the end device of other hub.
- * In realtime mode ping a message from one end device from hub-1 to other end device in hub-2 using command prompt.

Result:

1] HUB:

command > ping 10.0.0.3.

Pinging 10.0.0.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.3: bytes = 32 time = 1ms TTL = 128

Reply from 10.0.0.3: bytes = 32 time = 1ms TTL = 128

Reply from 10.0.0.3: bytes = 32 time = 0ms TTL = 128

Reply from 10.0.0.3: bytes = 32 time = 1ms TTL = 128

Ping Statistics for 10.0.0.3:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received 4, Loss = 0 (0% loss)

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms.

2] Switch:

command > ping 10.0.0.3

Pinging 10.0.0.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.3: bytes = 32 time = 1ms TTL = 128

Reply from 10.0.0.3: bytes = 32 time = 0ms TTL = 128

Reply from 10.0.0.3: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Reply from 10.0.0.3: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128.

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.3:

Packets : Sent=4, Received=4, Lost=0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip time in milliseconds:

Minimum=0ms, Maximum=1ms, Average=0ms

3) Hub and switch

Command > ping 10.0.0.8

Pinging 10.0.0.8 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.8: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128

Reply from 10.0.0.8: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128

Reply from 10.0.0.8: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Reply from 10.0.0.8: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128.

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.8:

Packets : Sent=4, Received=4, Lost=0 (0% loss)

Approximate round trip times in milliseconds:

Minimum=0ms, Maximum=1ms, Average=3ms.

Observation:

- Hub: Hub is a networking device which is used to transmit the signal to each port to respond from which the signal was received. It transmits signal to every port except port from which the signal is received.

→ Switch: Switch is an intelligent device which sends message to selected destination device only. First it examines the destination address and send the message to the corresponding devices.

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about the
experience

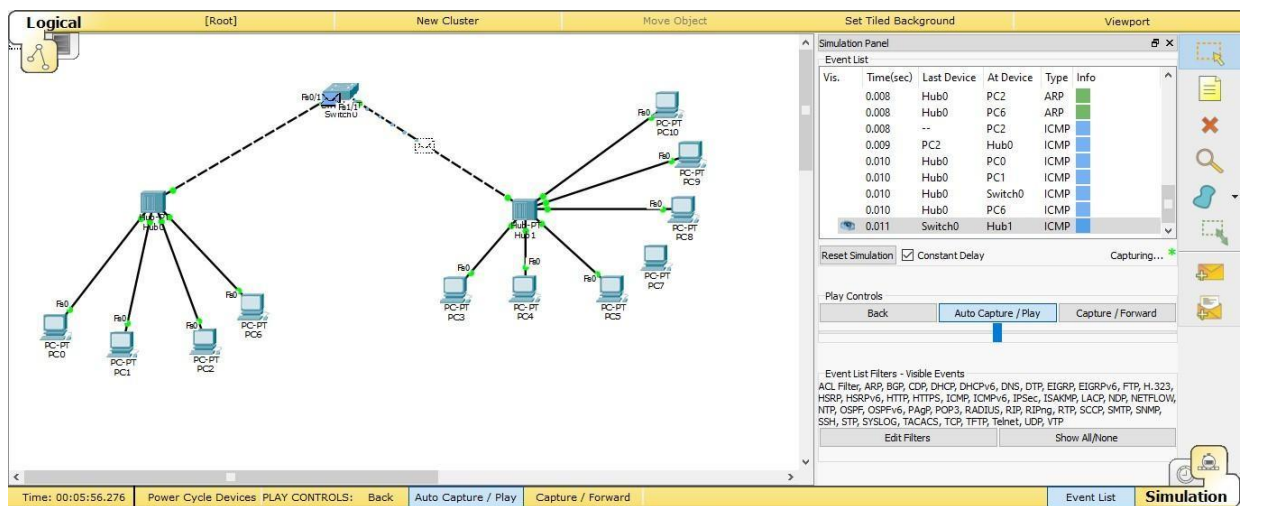
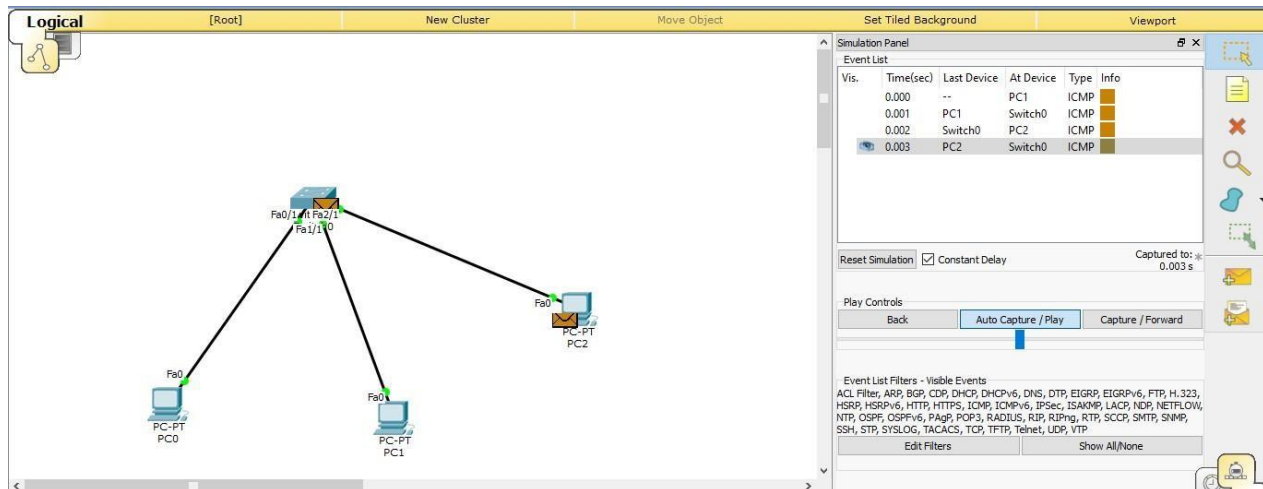
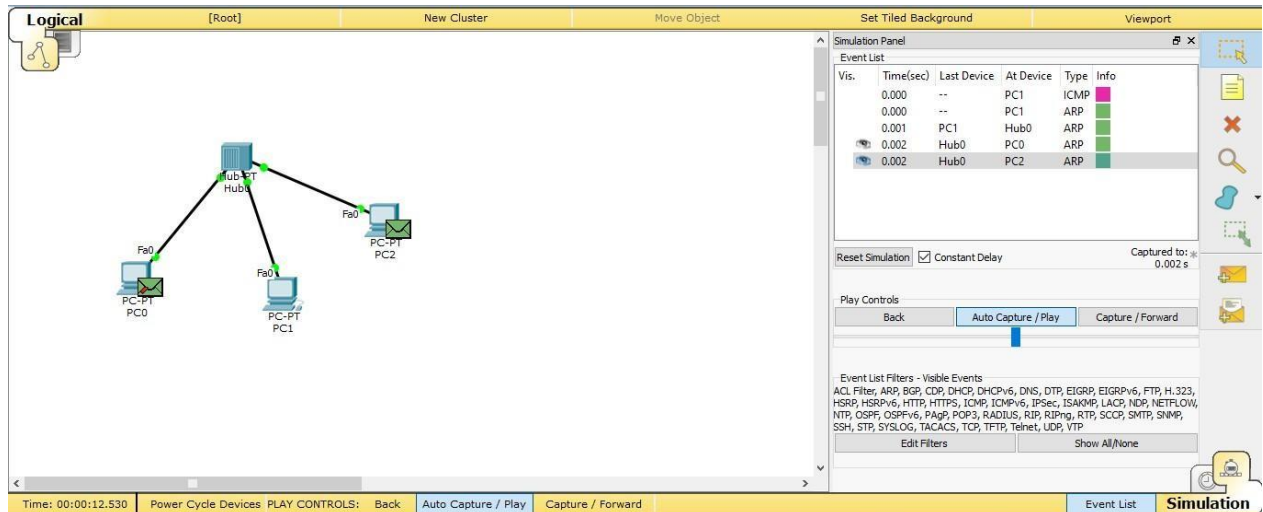
Hybrid - Pt to Pt when & switched when.

Pub
12/6/23

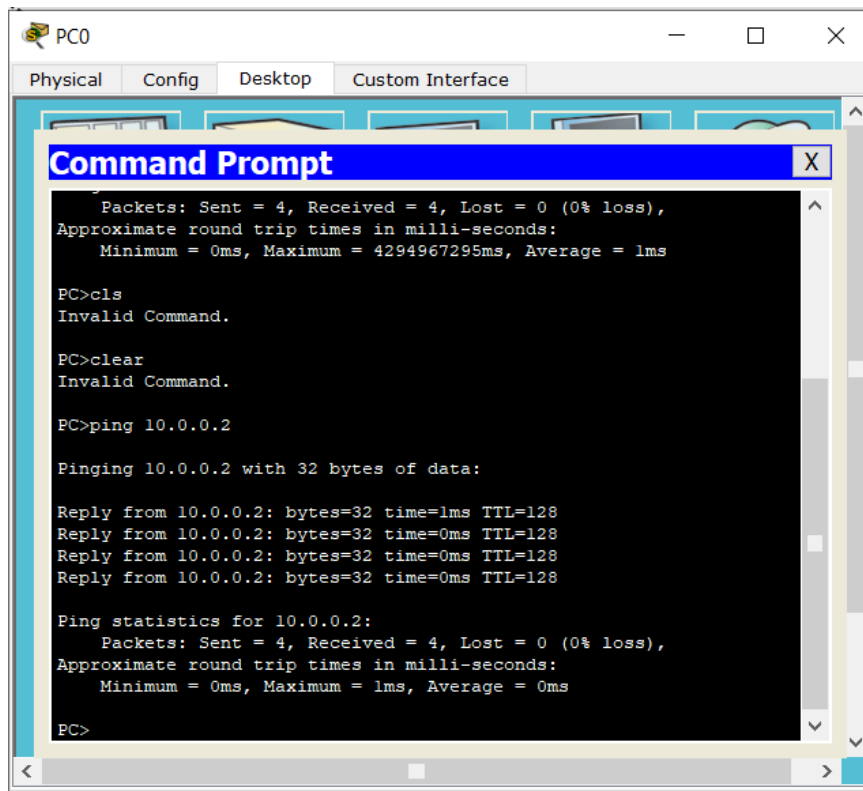
Internet → backbone
ISPs.

9

Topology:



Result:



The screenshot shows a PC0 desktop environment with a window titled "PC0". The window has tabs for "Physical", "Config", "Desktop", and "Custom Interface". The "Desktop" tab is active, showing a desktop background with several icons. A "Command Prompt" window is open, displaying the following text:

```
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
  Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 4294967295ms, Average = 1ms

PC>cls
Invalid Command.

PC>clear
Invalid Command.

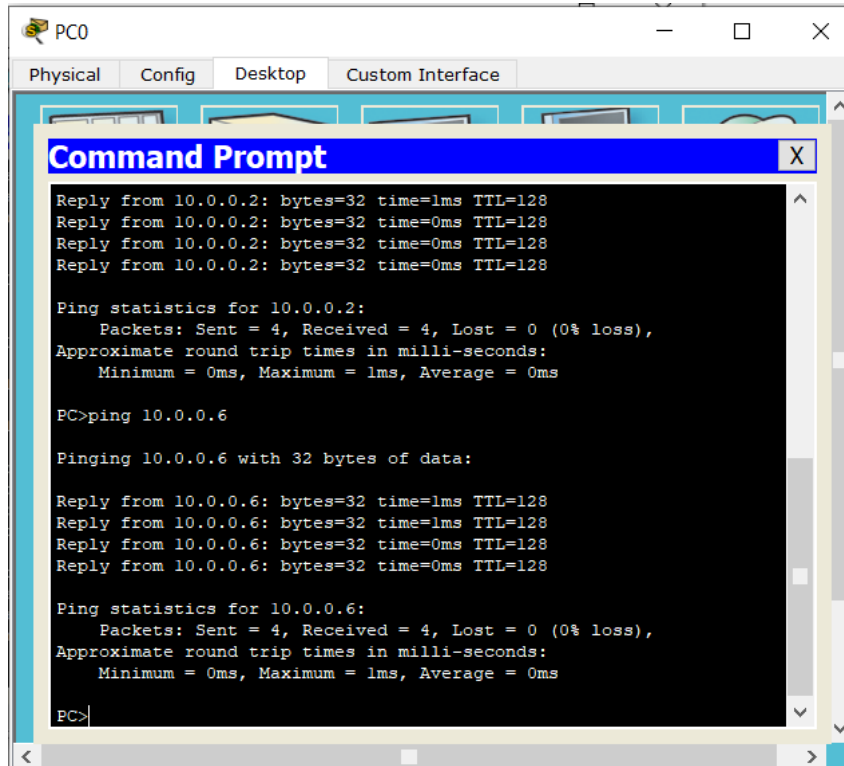
PC>ping 10.0.0.2

Pinging 10.0.0.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.2:
  Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
  Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms

PC>
```



The screenshot shows a PC0 desktop environment with a window titled "PC0". The window has tabs for "Physical", "Config", "Desktop", and "Custom Interface". The "Desktop" tab is active, showing a desktop background with several icons. A "Command Prompt" window is open, displaying the following text:

```
Reply from 10.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.2:
  Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
  Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms

PC>ping 10.0.0.6

Pinging 10.0.0.6 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.6: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.6: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.6: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.6: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.6:
  Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
  Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms

PC>
```