

import all module

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
        from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
        from sklearn.metrics import precision_score, recall_score, f1_score, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
        from sklearn.pipeline import make_pipeline
        from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
        from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, OneHotEncoder
        from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer, make_column_transformer
```

```
In [2]: #read data
        df=pd.read_excel("/users/macofa/pythonassignment5/CC-3Y-Transactions.xlsx")
        #change index
        df.index=pd.to_datetime(df[ "Date"],unit='ms')
        del df[ "Date"]
```

```
In [3]: print(df.head())

              City  Card Type Exp Type Gender  Amount
Date
2014-10-29      Delhi, India      Gold      Bills      F      82475
2014-08-22  Greater Mumbai, India  Platinum  Bills      F      32555
2014-08-27      Bengaluru, India      Silver  Bills      F      101738
2014-04-12  Greater Mumbai, India  Signature  Bills      F      123424
2015-05-05      Bengaluru, India      Gold      Bills      F      171574
```

```
In [4]: print("Info", df.info())

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
DatetimeIndex: 26052 entries, 2014-10-29 to 2013-10-19
Data columns (total 5 columns):
 #   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ---
 0   City        26052 non-null  object
 1   Card Type   26052 non-null  object
 2   Exp Type    26052 non-null  object
 3   Gender      26052 non-null  object
 4   Amount      26052 non-null  int64
dtypes: int64(1), object(4)
memory usage: 1.2+ MB
Info None
```

```
In [5]: #df.dropna(subset="Amount",inplace=True)
        print("Number of Nodata (NaN) ", df.isna().sum())
```

```
Number of Nodata (NaN)  City      0
Card Type      0
Exp Type      0
Gender      0
Amount      0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [6]: df["DayNumber"]=df.index.dayofweek
```

```
In [7]: #First create a column  named Fraud
        df["Fraud"]=0
        # the number of Day of Week is 6 , that day is Sunday , it is not possible to do Transaction
        df["Fraud"][df.index.dayofweek==6]=1
```

<ipython-input-7-fe8856b68d90>:4: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
df["Fraud"][df.index.dayofweek==6]=1

```
In [8]: #Check for imbalance in data
        Fraud= df[df['Fraud'] == 1]
        NoFraud = df[df['Fraud'] == 0]
        print(" No Fraud  Detection Cases")
        print("-----")
        print(NoFraud.Amount.describe(),"\n")
        #True Detection Cases
        print("Fraud  Detection Cases")
        print("-----")
        print(Fraud.Amount.describe(),"\n")
```

```
No Fraud  Detection Cases
-----
count      22240.000000
mean      156406.834802
std       102731.259585
min        1005.000000
25%       77111.000000
50%      153555.500000
75%      228044.750000
max       998077.000000
Name: Amount, dtype: float64

Fraud  Detection Cases
-----
count       3812.000000
mean      156438.973505
std       104992.933718
min        1026.000000
25%       77275.500000
50%      150321.500000
75%      228091.750000
max       996754.000000
Name: Amount, dtype: float64
```

```
In [9]: # Select all columns except the last for all rows
        feature_cols=['City', 'Card Type', 'Exp Type', 'Gender', 'Amount', "DayNumber"]
        X = df[feature_cols]
        # Select the last column of all rows
        Y = df['Fraud']

        print(X.values.shape)
        print(Y.values.shape)
```

```
(26052, 6)
(26052,)
```

```
In [10]: #train_test_split method 80% for calibration  20 % for validation
        X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2)
```

```
In [11]: #convert category to codes
        preprocess = make_column_transformer((OneHotEncoder(handle_unknown='ignore'),['City', 'Card Type', 'Exp Type', 'Gender' , "DayNumber"]),
                                              (StandardScaler(), ["Amount"]))
```

```
In [12]: #model Classifier
        classifier = make_pipeline(
            preprocess,
            RandomForestClassifier( random_state=0))
        classifier.fit(X_train,Y_train)
```

```
Out[12]: Pipeline(steps=[('columntransformer',
                           ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('onehotencoder',
                                                             OneHotEncoder(handle_unknown='ignore'),
                                                             ['City', 'Card Type',
                                                             'Exp Type', 'Gender',
                                                             'DayNumber']),
                                                             ('standardscaler',
                                                             StandardScaler(),
                                                             ['Amount'])])),
                           ('randomforestclassifier',
                            RandomForestClassifier(random_state=0))])
```

```
In [13]: predicted=classifier.predict(X_test)
        print("\npredicted values :\n",predicted)
```

```
predicted values :
[1 0 0 ... 0 0 1]
```

```
In [14]: print(" confusion matrix ")
        cf=confusion_matrix(Y_test, predicted)
        print(cf)
```

```
confusion matrix
[[4469    0]
 [   0  742]]
```

```
In [15]: # #Overall Accuracy
        OA = accuracy_score(Y_test, predicted) * 100
        print("\nThe accuracy score  : ",OA)
        #
```

```
The accuracy score  : 100.0
```

```
In [16]: # #Precision
        print('precision')
        # Precision = TP / (TP + FP) (Where TP = True Positive, TN = True Negative, FP = F
        precision = precision_score(Y_test, predicted, pos_label=1)
        print(precision)
```

```
precision
1.0
```

```
In [17]: #Recall
        print('recall')
        # Recall = TP / (TP + FN)
        recall = recall_score(Y_test, predicted, pos_label=1)
        print(recall)
```

```
recall
1.0
```