Audio_Modelling

June 2, 2022

1 Modelling and Deployment using MLOps

Now that we have audio input data & corresponding labels in an array format, it is easier to consume and apply Natural language processing techniques. We can convert audio files labels into integers using label Encoding or One Hot Vector Encoding for machines to learn. The labeled dataset will help us in the neural network model output layer for predicting results. These help in training & validation datasets into nD array. At this stage, we apply other pre-processing techniques like dropping columns, normalization, etc. to conclude our final training data for building models. Moving to the next stage of splitting the dataset into train, test, and validation is what we have been doing for other models. We can leverage CNN, RNN, LSTM,CTC etc. deep neural algorithms to build and train the models for speech applications like speech recognition. The model trained with the standard size few seconds audio chunk transformed into an array of n dimensions with the respective labels will result in predicting output labels for test audio input. As output labels will vary beyond binary, we are talking about building a multi-class label classification method.

```
[4]: import pandas as pd
  import numpy as np
  import os,sys
  from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
  from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder,StandardScaler
  sys.path.append(os.path.abspath(os.path.join('../scripts')))
  import tensorflow as tf
  from clean import Clean
  from utils import vocab
  from deep_learner import DeepLearn
  from modeling import Modeler
  from validators import CallbackEval
```

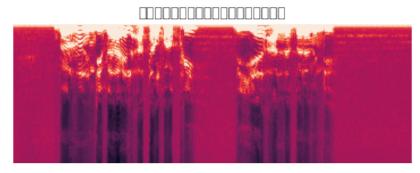
```
[2]: AM_ALPHABET='
                                 auiāeəo'
    EN_ALPHABET='abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz'
[3]: cleaner = Clean()
    char_to_num,num_to_char=vocab(AM_ALPHABET)
   2022-06-02 07:50:53,939:logger:Successfully initialized clean class
   '', '', '', 'i, '', '', '', '', 'a', 'u', 'i', 'ā', 'e', 'ə', 'o']
    (size = 44)
       Deep Learning Model
   objective: Build a Deep learning model that converts speech to text.
[4]: swahili_df = pd.read_csv("../data/swahili.csv")
    amharic_df = pd.read_csv("../data/amharic.csv")
   pre_model = Modeler()
    swahili_preprocessed = pre_model.preprocessing_learn(swahili_df,'key','file')
[7]:
    amharic_preprocessed = pre_model.preprocessing_learn(amharic_df,'key','file')
   train_df,val_df,test_df = amharic_preprocessed
[9]: batch_size = 32
    # Define the training dataset
    train_dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices(
        (list(train_df["file"]), list(train_df["text"]))
    train_dataset = (
        train_dataset.map(cleaner.encode_single_sample, num_parallel_calls=tf.data.
     →AUTOTUNE)
        .padded_batch(batch_size)
        .prefetch(buffer_size=tf.data.AUTOTUNE)
    )
    # Define the validation dataset
    validation_dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices(
        (list(val_df["file"]), list(val_df["text"]))
    validation dataset = (
        validation_dataset.map(cleaner.encode_single_sample, num_parallel_calls=tf.

¬data.AUTOTUNE)
```

```
.padded_batch(batch_size)
.prefetch(buffer_size=tf.data.AUTOTUNE)
)
```

```
[10]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from IPython import display
      fig = plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
      for batch in train_dataset.take(1):
          spectrogram = batch[0][0].numpy()
          spectrogram = np.array([np.trim_zeros(x) for x in np.
       →transpose(spectrogram)])
          label = batch[1][0]
          # Spectrogram
          label = tf.strings.reduce_join(num_to_char(label)).numpy().decode("utf-8")
          ax = plt.subplot(2, 1, 1)
          ax.imshow(spectrogram, vmax=1)
          ax.set_title(label)
          ax.axis("off")
          # Wav
          file = tf.io.read_file(list(train_df["file"])[0])
          audio, _ = tf.audio.decode_wav(file)
          audio = audio.numpy()
          ax = plt.subplot(2, 1, 2)
          plt.plot(audio)
          ax.set_title("Signal Wave")
          ax.set_xlim(0, len(audio))
          display.display(display.Audio(np.transpose(audio), rate=16000))
      plt.show()
```

<IPython.lib.display.Audio object>



Signal Wave 0.5 0.0 -0.5-1.00 10000 20000 30000 40000 50000 60000 70000 80000

2.1 LSTM Deep Learning

```
[13]: learn = DeepLearn(input_width=1, label_width=1, shift=1,epochs=5,
                       train_df=train_df, val_df=val_df, test_df=test_df,
                       label_columns=['mfcc-0'])
      fft_length = 384
      model = learn.build_asr_model(
          input_dim=fft_length // 2 + 1,
          output_dim=char_to_num.vocabulary_size(),
          rnn_units=512,
      )
      model.summary(line_length=110)
      # predictions = learn.model(
      #
            model\_=model
      # )
```

```
Model: "DeepSpeech_2"
```

Output Shape

Layer (type)

Param #

[(None, None, 193)] input (InputLayer)

0

```
expand_dim (Reshape)
                                                  (None, None, 193, 1)
conv_1 (Conv2D)
                                                  (None, None, 97, 32)
14432
conv_1_bn (BatchNormalization)
                                                  (None, None, 97, 32)
                                                  (None, None, 97, 32)
conv_1_relu (ReLU)
                                                  (None, None, 49, 32)
conv_2 (Conv2D)
236544
                                                  (None, None, 49, 32)
conv_2_bn (BatchNormalization)
128
                                                  (None, None, 49, 32)
conv_2_relu (ReLU)
reshape (Reshape)
                                                  (None, None, 1568)
bidirectional_1 (Bidirectional)
                                                  (None, None, 1024)
6395904
dropout (Dropout)
                                                  (None, None, 1024)
bidirectional_2 (Bidirectional)
                                                  (None, None, 1024)
4724736
dropout_1 (Dropout)
                                                  (None, None, 1024)
bidirectional_3 (Bidirectional)
                                                  (None, None, 1024)
4724736
dropout_2 (Dropout)
                                                  (None, None, 1024)
bidirectional_4 (Bidirectional)
                                                  (None, None, 1024)
4724736
 dropout_3 (Dropout)
                                                  (None, None, 1024)
```

```
0
```

```
bidirectional_5 (Bidirectional)
                                    (None, None, 1024)
4724736
dense_1 (Dense)
                                    (None, None, 1024)
1049600
dense_1_relu (ReLU)
                                    (None, None, 1024)
dropout_4 (Dropout)
                                    (None, None, 1024)
dense (Dense)
                                    (None, None, 45)
46125
______
_____
Total params: 26,641,805
Trainable params: 26,641,677
Non-trainable params: 128
_____
```

3 Evaluation

objective: Evaluate your model.

```
[11]: epochs = 1
# Callback function to check transcription on the val set.
validation_callback = CallbackEval(validation_dataset)
# Train the model
history = model.fit(
    train_dataset,
    validation_data=validation_dataset,
    epochs=epochs,
    callbacks=[validation_callback],
)
```

[]:[