XYZ Pharma company wanted to build machine learning model to predict which drug type is good for the patient based on the patient details

In this project, U have used following classsification algorithm

KNN Algorithm

Decision Tree Classification

Support Vector Machine

Random Forest

Gaussian Naive Bayes

Stochastic Gradient Descent

Linear SVC

```
import numpy as np # Linear Algebra
 2
    import pandas as pd # Data processing, CSV file
   # for data visualization
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 3 import seaborn as sns
   # for machin learning
 1
   from sklearn.svm import SVC, LinearSVC
   from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
   from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
   from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
    from sklearn.linear_model import SGDClassifier
    from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
 7
   from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report
    from sklearn import preprocessing
10
11
12
```

Loading and Exploring Data

```
1 data = pd.read_csv('/content/drug200.csv')
```

1 Start coding or generate with AI.

Data Size and Structure

1 data.head()

\Rightarrow		Age	Sex	ВР	Cholesterol	Na_to_K	Drug	
	0	23	F	HIGH	HIGH	25.355	drugY	11.
	1	47	M	LOW	HIGH	13.093	drugC	
	2	47	M	LOW	HIGH	10.114	drugC	
	3	28	F	NORMAL	HIGH	7.798	drugX	
	4	61	F	LOW	HIGH	18.043	drugY	

Next steps: Generate code with data View recommended plots New interactive sheet

Features In Data

- 1 print('='*50)
- 2 print('Columns in data')
- 3 print('='*50)
- 4 print(data.columns.values)

```
Columns in data

['Age' 'Sex' 'BP' 'Cholesterol' 'Na_to_K' 'Drug']
```

The target featre is drug type

The feature sets are:

age: Age of patient

Sex: Sex/Gender of patient

Blood Pressure Levels("BP")

Cholestrol Level

Na to Potassium Ration

The data contains 200 samples

New section

Descriptive Statistics

1 data.describe()

```
\overline{2}
                       Na_to_K
                Age
    count 200.000000
                    200.000000
           44.315000
                     16.084485
    mean
           16.544315
                      7.223956
     std
           15.000000
                      6.269000
     min
     25%
           31.000000
                     10.445500
     50%
           45.000000
                     13.936500
     75%
           58.000000
                     19.380000
           74.000000
                     38.247000
     max
 1 print('='*50)
 2 print("\nData Information")
 3 print('='*50)
 4 print(data.info())
    _____
    Data Information
    _____
    <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
    RangeIndex: 200 entries, 0 to 199
    Data columns (total 6 columns):
    # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
                  -----
       Age 200 non-null int64
Sex 200 non-null object
BP 200 non-null object
    0
                                 object
    1
                   200 non-null
    2
                                 object
       Cholesterol 200 non-null
                                 object
    3
    4 Na_to_K 200 non-null
                                 float64
                                  object
    5 Drug
                   200 non-null
```

dtypes: float64(1), int64(1), object(4)

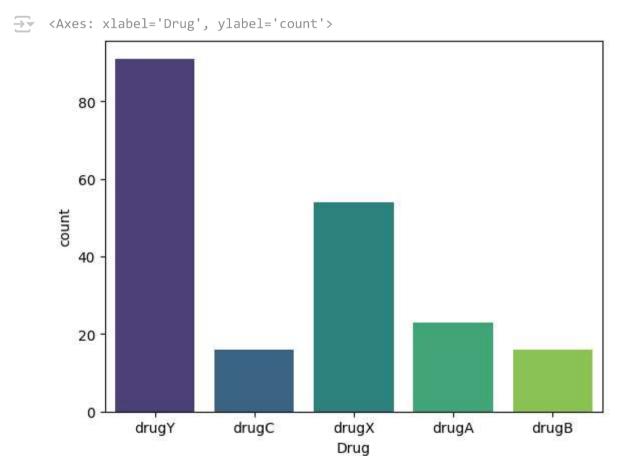
```
memory usage: 9.5+ KB
 1 # lets check the correlation
 2 # Drop non-numeric columns before calculating correlation
 3 numeric_data = data.drop(['Sex', 'BP', 'Cholesterol', 'Drug'], axis=1)
 4 print(numeric_data.corr())
\overline{\Rightarrow}
                    Age Na_to_K
              1.000000 -0.063119
     Na_to_K -0.063119 1.000000
 1 #lets check the covarriance
 2 # Droip non-numeric columns before calculating correlation
 3 numeric_data = data.drop(['Sex', 'BP', 'Cholesterol', 'Drug'], axis=1)
 4 print(numeric_data.cov())
\overline{2}
                      Age
                             Na_to_K
              273.714347 -7.543752
     Na_to_K -7.543752 52.185533
 1 # droping the null values
 2 data.isnull().any()
\overline{\Rightarrow}
                      0
         Age
                  False
                  False
         Sex
          BP
                  False
      Cholesterol False
       Na_to_K
                  False
                  False
         Drug
```

Exploring drug features and realtion with target

The class Variable; Drug Type

dtype: bool

```
1 sns.countplot(x='Drug', data=data, palette='viridis')
```



Sex/Gender

```
1 data['Sex'].value_counts()
```

```
Sex

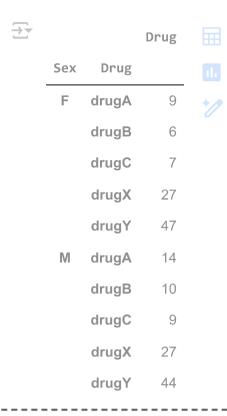
M 104

F 96
```

dtype: int64

1 df = pd.DataFrame(data.groupby(['Sex','Drug'])['Drug'].size())

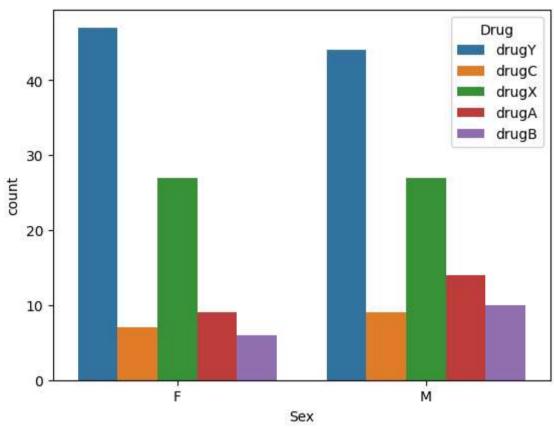
2 df



Next steps: Generate code with df View recommended plots New interactive sheet

1 sns.countplot(x='Sex', hue='Drug', data=data)

<Axes: xlabel='Sex', ylabel='count'>



1 data['BP'].value_counts()

*** count

BP

HIGH 77

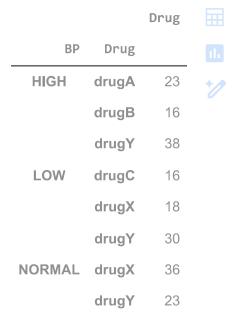
LOW 64

NORMAL 59

dtype: int64

1 df = pd.DataFrame(data.groupby(['BP', 'Drug'])['Drug'].count()) 2 df

 $\overline{\Rightarrow}$



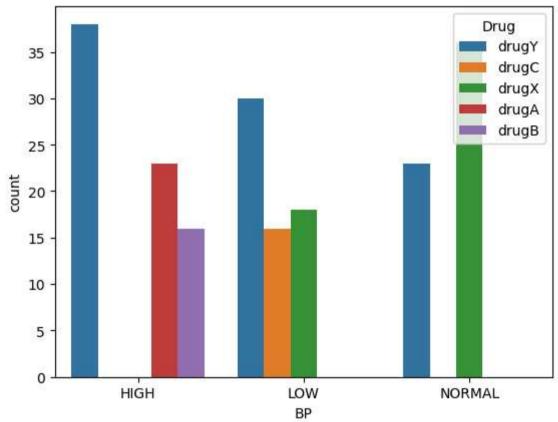
Generate code with df Next steps:

View recommended plots

New interactive sheet

1 sns.countplot(x='BP', hue='Drug', data=data)

<Axes: xlabel='BP', ylabel='count'>



1 data

$\overline{\Rightarrow}$		Age	Sex	ВР	Cholesterol	Na_to_K	Drug
	0	23	F	HIGH	HIGH	25.355	drugY
	1	47	M	LOW	HIGH	13.093	drugC
	2	47	M	LOW	HIGH	10.114	drugC
	3	28	F	NORMAL	HIGH	7.798	drugX
	4	61	F	LOW	HIGH	18.043	drugY
	195	56	F	LOW	HIGH	11.567	drugC
	196	16	M	LOW	HIGH	12.006	drugC
	197	52	M	NORMAL	HIGH	9.894	drugX
	198	23	M	NORMAL	NORMAL	14.020	drugX
	199	40	F	LOW	NORMAL	11.349	drugX
	000		0 - 1				

200 rows × 6 columns

Next steps: (Generate code with data)



New interactive sheet

1 Start coding or <u>generate</u> with AI.