

Arrays And String

Problem 1:

```
package ArraysAndStrings;
import java.util.*;
public class Problem_1 {
    static Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Number of elements in the array??");
        int n = sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Elements of array??");
        int arr[] = new int[n];
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
            arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }
        int count=0,maxCount=0;
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
            if(arr[i] == 1) {
                count++;
                if(count>maxCount) {
                    maxCount = count;
                }
            }
            else count=0;
        }
        System.out.print("Maximun no. of consecutive 1's : 
"+maxCount);
    }
}
```

OutPut 1:-

```
Number of elements in the array??
10
Elements of array??
1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 1
Maximun no. of consecutive 1's : 4
```

OutPut 2:-

```
Number of elements in the array??
7
Elements of array??
1 1 1 0 1 1 1
Maximun no. of consecutive 1's : 3
```

Problem 2:

```
package ArraysAndStrings;
import java.util.*;
public class Problem_2 {
    static Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Number of elements in the array??");
        int n = sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Elements of array??");
        int arr[] = new int[n];
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
            arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }
        int ans=0;
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
            int x = count(arr[i]);
            if(x%2==0) {
                ans++;
            }
        }
        System.out.print("Answer : "+ans);
    }
    private static int count(int n) {
        int count=0;
        while(n>0) {
            count++;
            n= n/10;
        }
        return count;
    }
}
```

OutPut 1:-

Number of elements in the array??

5

Elements of array??

12 345 2 6 7896

Answer : 2

OutPut 2:-

Number of elements in the array??

10

Elements of array??

1 12 234 4321 4 456 32 87 567 456789

Answer : 5

Problem 3:

```

package ArraysAndStrings;
import java.util.*;
public class Problem_3 {
    static Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Number of elements in the array??");
        int n = sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Elements of array??");
        int arr[] = new int[n];
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
            arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }
        int ans=-1;
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
            ans = arr[i]*arr[i];
            arr[i]=ans;
        }
        Arrays.sort(arr);
        System.out.print("Answer : ");
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
            System.out.print(arr[i]+" ");
        }
    }
}

```

OutPut 1:-

Number of elements in the array??

5

Elements of array??

-4 -1 0 3 10

Answer : 0 1 9 16 100

OutPut 2:-

Number of elements in the array??

5

Elements of array??

-7 -3 2 3 11

Answer : 4 9 9 49 121

Problem 4:

```

package ArraysAndStrings;
import java.util.*;
public class Problem_4 {
    static Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Number of elements in the array??");
        int n = sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Elements of array??");
        int arr[] = new int[n];
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
            arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }
        System.out.println("Target ??");
        int target = sc.nextInt();
        HashMap<Integer,Integer> map = new HashMap<>();
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
            map.put(arr[i],i);
        }
        int ans=0;
        boolean flag = false;
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
            ans = target - arr[i];
            if((map.containsKey(ans)) && (map.get(ans)!=i)) {
                flag = true;
                System.out.println("Sum found , indices are : 
"+i+" "+map.get(ans));
                break;
            }
        }
        if(flag == false) {
            System.out.println("Sum not found ");
        }
    }
}

```

OutPut:-

Number of elements in the array??

6

Elements of array??

2 7 11 15 37 96

Target ??

48

Sum found , indices are : 2 4

Problem 5:

```
package ArraysAndStrings;
import java.util.*;
public class Problem_5 {
    static Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Number of elements in the array??");
        int n = sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Elements of array??");
        ArrayList<Integer> list =new ArrayList<>();
        ArrayList<Integer> list1 =new ArrayList<>();
        int x=0;
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
            x= sc.nextInt();
            list.add(x);
        }
        boolean flag = false;
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
            int ans = count(list.get(i));
            if(list.contains(ans)) {
                flag = true;
                list1.add(list.get(i));
            }
        }
        if(flag == true) {
            Collections.sort(list1);
            System.out.println("Answer : "+list1);
        }
        else System.out.println("Answer : "+-1);
    }
    private static int count(int n) {
        int sum=n;
        for(int i=1;i<=(n/2);i++) {
            if(n%i==0) {
                sum+=i;
            }
        }
        return sum;
    }
}
```

OutPut 1 :-

Number of elements in the array??

4

Elements of array??

1 2 4 7

Answer : [1, 4]

OutPut 2 :-

Number of elements in the array??

4

Elements of array??

4 5 2 8

Answer : -1

OutPut 3 :-

Number of elements in the array??

2

Elements of array??

12 54 67 7

Answer : -1

Problem 6:

```
package ArraysAndStrings;
import java.util.*;
public class Problem_6 {
    static Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Enter the String of numbers :");
        String str = sc.next();
        int n = Integer.parseInt(str);
        ArrayList<Integer> list = new ArrayList<>();
        ArrayList<Integer> listf = new ArrayList<>();
        int rem=0,num=n;
        while(n>0) {
            rem = n%10;
            list.add(rem);
            n = n/10;
        }
        int val=0;
        String ans="";
        boolean flag = false;
        for(int i=0;i<str.length();i++) {
            if(list.contains(list.get(i)+1)) {
                val = (list.get(i))*(list.get(i)+1);
                ans = String.valueOf(val);
                if(str.contains(ans)) {
                    listf.add(val);
                    flag = true;
                }
            }
        }
        if(flag == true) System.out.print("Final list : "+listf);
        else System.out.print(-1);
    }
}
```

OutPut 1 :-

Enter the String of numbers :123456

Final list : [12, 6, 2]

OutPut 2 :-

Enter the String of numbers :4567

Answer :-1

Problem 7:

```
package ArraysAndStrings;
import java.util.*;
public class Problem_7 {
    static Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Enter the String :");
        String str = sc.next();
        int even=0,odd=0,minEven=Integer.MAX_VALUE;
        HashSet<Integer> set = new HashSet<>();
        for(int i=0;i<str.length();i++) {
            if(Character.isDigit(str.charAt(i))) {

                set.add(Character.getNumericValue(str.charAt(i)));

                if((Character.getNumericValue(str.charAt(i))%2==0){
                    even++;

                    if(minEven>Character.getNumericValue(str.charAt(i))) {
                        minEven =
                            Character.getNumericValue(str.charAt(i));
                    }
                }
            }
        }
        set.remove(minEven);
        ArrayList<Integer> list = new ArrayList<>(set);
        Collections.sort(list,Collections.reverseOrder());
        String ans="";
        for(Integer i : list)
            ans += String.valueOf(i);
        ans += String.valueOf(minEven);
        System.out.print(ans);
    }
}
```

OutPut 1 :-

Enter the String : &7(9#8^2#4%3%1
9874312

OutPut 2 :-

Enter the String : 7@&^3##1\$8
7318

Problem 8:

```

package ArraysAndStrings;
import java.util.*;
public class Problem_8 {
    static Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Enter the String :");
        String str1 = sc.next();
        String p1[] = str1.split(",");
        int sum, val;
        System.out.println("Answer : ");
        for(int i=0; i<p1.length; i++) {
            sum=0;
            String p2[] = p1[i].split(":");
            for(int j=0; j<p2[1].length(); j++) {
                val = Character.getNumericValue(p2[1].charAt(j));
                sum += val*val;
            }
            if(sum%2==0) {
                System.out.println(RightRotate(p2[0]));
            }
            else {
                System.out.println(LeftRotate(p2[0]));
            }
        }
    }
    private static String leftRotate(String str) {
        String result = str.substring(2) + str.subSequence(0, 2);
        return result;
    }
    private static String RightRotate(String str) {
        String result = str.substring(str.length()-1) +
str.subSequence(0, str.length()-1);
        return result;
    }
}

```

OutPut 1 :-

Enter the String :

abcde:234,pqrs:246

Answer :

cdeab

rspq

Problem 9:

```
import java.util.*;

public class Problem_9 {

    static Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        System.out.println("Enter the String : ");
        String str = sc.next();
        String newStr = str.toUpperCase();
        ArrayList<Character> list = new ArrayList<>();
        for(int i=0;i<newStr.length();i++) {
            if(!list.contains(newStr.charAt(i))) {
                list.add(newStr.charAt(i));
            }
        }
        Collections.sort(list);

        ArrayList<String> listf = new ArrayList<>();
        String strx="";
        for(int j=0;j<list.size();j++) {
            strx="";
            for( int i=0;i<str.length();i++) {
                char ch = Character.toUpperCase(str.charAt(i));
                if(list.get(j)==ch){
                    strx += str.charAt(i);
                }
            }
            listf.add(strx);
        }
        //System.out.println(listf);
    }
}
```

```
String finalstr="";
while(finalstr.length()<str.length()) {
    if(listf.size()!=0) {
        finalstr+=listf.get(0);
        listf.remove(listf.get(0));
    }
    if(listf.size()!=0) {
        finalstr +=listf.get(listf.size()-1);
        listf.remove(listf.get(listf.size()-1));
    }
    if(listf.size()==0) break;
}
System.out.println(finalstr);
}
```

OutPut 1 :-

Enter the String :

HeLLoWOrld

dWerHo01Ll

OutPut 2 :-

Enter the String :

AmULYacHaNdHAna

AaaAaycUdNnHHmL

Problem 10:

```
package ArraysAndStrings;
import java.util.*;
public class Problem_10 {
    static Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.print("No. of elements in the array :");
        int n= sc.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Elements of the array :");
        int arr[] = new int[n];
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
            arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }
        System.out.print("value of k :");
        int k = sc.nextInt();
        Arrays.sort(arr);
        int count = Combination(arr,n,k);
        System.out.print("Total count : "+ count);
    }
    private static int Combination(int[] arr, int n,int k) {
        int count =0;
        int f=0,l=0;
        for(int i=0;i<n-3;i++) {
            for(int j=i+1;j<n-2;j++) {
                f = j+1;
                l = n-1;
                while(f<l) {
                    int ans =arr[i]+arr[j]+arr[f]+arr[l];
                    if(ans==k) {
                        count++;
                        f++;
                        l--;
                    }
                    else if(ans<k) f++;
                    else l--;
                }
            }
        }
        return count;
    }
}
```

OutPut 1 :-

No. of elements in the array :6
 Elements of the array : -1 1 0 0 2 -2
 value of k :0
 Total count : 3

Problem 11:

```

package ArraysAndStrings;
import java.util.*;
public class Problem_11 {
    static Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Enter the string :");
        String str = sc.next();
        int val = Integer.parseInt(str);

        while(!isPalindrome(val)) {
            val = val+reverse(val);
        }
        int ans = count(val);
        System.out.println("Answer : "+ans);
    }
    private static boolean isPalindrome(int n) {
        int num=n,rev=0;
        while(n>0) {
            rev = rev*10 + n%10;
            n = n/10;
        }
        if(rev==num) return true;
        else return false;
    }
    private static int reverse(int n) {
        int rev=0;
        while(n>0) {
            rev = rev*10 + n%10;
            n = n/10;
        }
        return rev;
    }
    private static int count(int n) {
        int count=0;
        while(n>0) {
            count++;
            n=n/10;
        }
        return count;
    }
}

```

OutPut 1 :-

Enter the string :156

Answer : 4

Problem 12:

```
package ArraysAndStrings;
import java.util.*;
public class Problem_12 {
    static Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.print("Enter the string :");
        String str = sc.next();
        String ans="";
        int value=0;
        int arr[] = new int[str.length()];
        for(int i=1;i<str.length();i=i+2) {
            char ch = str.charAt(i);
            value = Character.getNumericValue(ch);
            value *=value;
            ans += String.valueOf(value);
        }
        System.out.print("Answer : ");
        for(int i=0;i<4;i++) {
            char ch = ans.charAt(i);
            System.out.print(ch);
        }
    }
}
```

OutPut 1 :-

Enter the string :8765

Answer : 4925

OutPut 2 :-

Enter the string :34567

Answer : 1636