Data Prep Exercise

These exercise are challenging [especially the last one]. Its not a test , treat it as a learning experience if you are not able to do it . Dont let this dishearten you . Enjoy the challenges and feel free to discuss with each other .

1. Create a data frame using following code

Write the code to find id corresponding to maximum absolute difference between x and y. Then write code to find how many observations have strictly lower value of x, than the value of x corresponding to that id.

Additional info:

Example with a smaller data frame

id	х	у
34	99	56
1	3	9
Z	<u>11</u>	<u>98</u>
23	45	1
28	2	16

id corresponding to maximum absolute difference between x and y: 7

number of rows with value of x strictly higher than 11 [value of x corresponding to id = 7] = 2

2. Create a dataframe using following code

```
1
    import pandas as pd
2
   import numpy as np
 3
   from datetime import date
 4
 5
   d1=pd.to datetime('23-1-2020').toordinal()
    d2=pd.to datetime('23-12-2020').toordinal()
 6
8
    df=pd.DataFrame({
9
        'date':[date.fromordinal(np.random.randint(d1, d2)) for i in range(100)],
10
        'sales':np.random.randint(100,500,100),
        'category':np.random.choice(['Apparels','Cosmetics','Toys','Consumables'],100)
11
12
   })
```

Write code to find average sales across months . Write code to find which category had minimum sales for the second quarter .

Additional Information:

- =>You can extract different components [month, year, week etc] from a datetime type pandas series using following data[col_name].dt.month.
 - => You can convert an object type column containing dates to datetime type by using pd.to datetime
 - 3. Import data coupon_item.csv. Create a data set with following summaries at coupon_id level. So the end result isnt just printed in the notebook, its in the form of a dataframe . e.g. : for the first question below the outcome will be a dataframe with two columns , one containing the coupon_ids and the other containing their counts.
 - 1. Count of how many times a <code>coupon_id</code> occurs in the dataset [Hint: make use of <code>value_counts</code> and then use <code>reset_index</code> on the result]
 - 2. Number of unique items for each coupon [each item has an unique item id]
 - 3. Count of each category for every coupon [Hint: Make use of crosstab and use reset_index on the result]
 - 4. Number of unique categories for each coupon
 - 5. Max Frequency brand code for each coupon [Identified with column name brand]
 - 6. Number of brands for each coupon which have frequency higher than 10% of how many times that coupon is present in the data
 - 7. Difference between frequencies of highest occurring and second highest occurring brands as percent of total frequency of the coupon. [e.g. total frequency of the coupon in data is 100. highest occurring brand has frequency 50 and second highest has frequency 30. then value of this summary will be (50-30)/100 =0.2]

Additional Suggestions/Info:

=> All of this will not be done in one go , you can create summaries for each sub question and then merge them with previous results

=> This exercise is an example of creating summary features when you are given multiple characteristics to work with . You could very well merge this data back to a bigger training set which has multiple occurrences of each coupon across multiple transactions [or customer].