SDLC using Agile Methodology:

It is a process model with iterative and incremental approach. Agile is basically defines the principles how to process should me.

Agile follows 2 principles.

- 1. Customer no need to wait for long time.
- 2. We develop test and release piece of software to the customer with number of features.
- 3. We can accept /accommodate the required changes.

There is a good communication between Customer, Business analyst, Developer & Testers.

Advantages:

- → Required changes are allowed at any stage of development (or) we can accommodate requirement changes in the middle.
- → Releases will be very faster
- → Customer no need to wait for long time.
- →It is very easy model to adopt

Disadvantages:

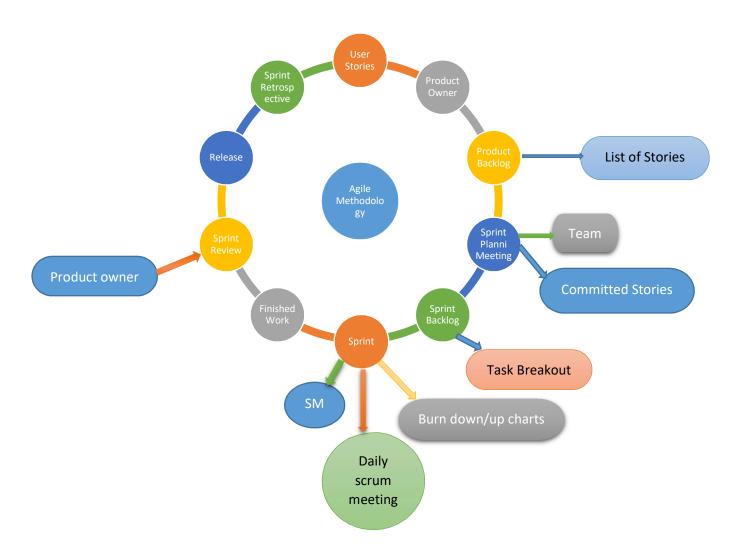
→Less focus on design and documentation since we deliver software very faster.

Scrum: Scrum is a framework through which we build the software product by following agile principles.

Scrum team involves set of people like,

- 1. Product Owner
- 2. Scrum Master
- 3. Dev Team
- 4. QA Team

SDLC Agile Methodology:



Product owner: Product owner is responsible for writing the requirements and writing the features (or) is responsible to collect the features.

Scrum Master: Scrum master is responsible for driving the agile process. SM take of entire process. It looks on everyone that weather they are working on it or not.

User Story: It is a feature or module in a software. Product owner is responsible for user stories.

Epic: Collection of user stories

Product Backlog: It contains list of user stories prepared by product owner at the beginning of the agile process.

Sprint: It is a period of time to complete the user (design, develop, testing). During sprint decides how many stories develop & test by the team.

A span of time to complete user stories. Usually sprint takes 2 weeks of time.

Sprint Backlog: Contains list of committed stories by developer/QA for specific sprint

Sprint Planning Meeting: Meeting conducts with the team to define what can be delivered in the sprint and duration.

- → Focus on how many stories we have in the backlog.
- → How many stories we are going to develop and test during the sprint and what is the duration of the sprint.

Scrum meeting: Meeting conducted by the scrum master everyday 15mins called as Scrum call/Standup meeting. They asks questions like.

- → what did you do yesterday?
- → what will you do today?
- → Are there any impediments in your way?

Sprint retrospective Meeting: Conducts meeting after completion of sprint the entire team including SM and PO should participates.