

# GATE ASSIGNMENT 1

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Download all python codes from

[https://github.com/AmulyaTallamraju/EE3900/blob/main/GATE\\_Assignment-1/codes/GATE\\_Assignment-1.py](https://github.com/AmulyaTallamraju/EE3900/blob/main/GATE_Assignment-1/codes/GATE_Assignment-1.py)

and latex-tikz codes from

[https://github.com/AmulyaTallamraju/EE3900/blob/main/GATE\\_Assignment-1/GATE\\_Assignment-1.tex](https://github.com/AmulyaTallamraju/EE3900/blob/main/GATE_Assignment-1/GATE_Assignment-1.tex)

## 1 GATE EC 2021 Q.41

Consider the signals  $x[n] = 2^{n-1}u[-n+2]$  and  $y[n] = 2^{-n+2}u[n+1]$ , where  $u[n]$  is the unit step sequence. Let  $X(e^{j\omega})$  and  $Y(e^{j\omega})$  the discrete-time Fourier transform of  $x[n]$  and  $y[n]$ , respectively. The value of the integral

$$\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} X(e^{j\omega})Y(e^{-j\omega}) d\omega \quad (1.0.1)$$

is

## 2 SOLUTION

**Theorem 2.1** (Convolution Theorem). *Let  $f$  and  $g$  be two functions with convolution  $f * g$ . Let  $F$  be the Fourier transform operator. Then*

$$F(f * g) = F(f) \cdot F(g) \quad (2.0.1)$$

$$F(f \cdot g) = F(f) * F(g) \quad (2.0.2)$$

If the DTFT of  $y[n]$  is  $Y(e^{j\omega})$  then using the time reversal property, the DTFT of  $y[-n]$  is

$$Y\left(\frac{1}{e^{j\omega}}\right) = Y(e^{-j\omega}) \quad (2.0.3)$$

Let

$$z[n] = x[n] * y[-n] \quad (2.0.4)$$

Let  $Z(e^{j\omega})$  be the DTFT of  $z[n]$ . Using Theorem 2.1 we get

$$Z(e^{j\omega}) = X(e^{j\omega})Y(e^{-j\omega}) \quad (2.0.5)$$

By applying IDTFT, we can write:

$$z[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} X(e^{j\omega})Y(e^{-j\omega})e^{j\omega n} d\omega \quad (2.0.6)$$

Putting  $n = 0$ , we get the required value which is

$$z[0] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} X(e^{j\omega})Y(e^{-j\omega}) d\omega \quad (2.0.7)$$

The DTFT of  $x[n]$  is

$$X(z = e^{j\omega}) = \mathcal{Z}\{x[n]\} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n]z^{-n} \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$= \sum_{n=-\infty}^2 (2)^{n-1}z^{-n} \quad (2.0.9)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=-2}^{\infty} (2)^{-n}z^n \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=-2}^{\infty} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^n \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^2}{1 - \frac{z}{2}} \right) \quad (2.0.12)$$

The DTFT of  $y[n]$  is

$$Y(z = e^{j\omega}) = \mathcal{Z}\{y[n]\} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} y[n]z^{-n} \quad (2.0.13)$$

$$= \sum_{n=-1}^{\infty} (2)^{-n+2}z^{-n} \quad (2.0.14)$$

$$= 4 \sum_{n=-1}^{\infty} (2)^{-n}z^{-n} \quad (2.0.15)$$

$$= 4 \sum_{n=-1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2z}\right)^n \quad (2.0.16)$$

$$= 4 \left( \frac{2z}{1 - \frac{1}{2z}} \right) \quad (2.0.17)$$

$$Z(z = e^{j\omega}) = X(z)Y\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) \quad (2.0.18)$$

$$= 2 \left( \frac{\left(\frac{2}{z}\right)^3}{\left(1 - \frac{z}{2}\right)^2} \right) \quad (2.0.19)$$

Since,  $|z| \leq 1$ , using the binomial expansion

$$Z(z = e^{j\omega}) = 2 \left(\frac{2}{z}\right)^3 \left(1 + 2\left(\frac{z}{2}\right) + 3\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^2 + 4\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^3 \dots\right) \quad (2.0.20)$$

From the definition of Z transform we have

$$Z(z = e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} z[n]z^{-n} \quad (2.0.21)$$

Comparing (2.0.20) and (2.0.21) we get

$$z[0] = 8 \quad (2.0.22)$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} X(e^{j\omega})Y(e^{-j\omega}) d\omega = 8 \quad (2.0.23)$$

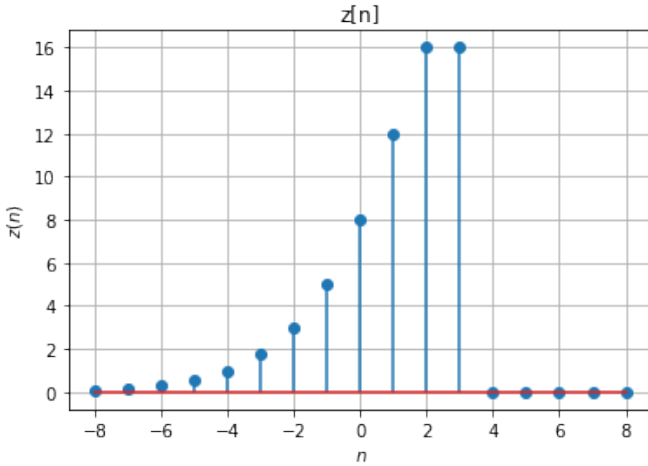


Fig. 0: Plot of z[n]