Machine learning is the field of science that enables a computer to learn without being explicitly programmed. It will train a piece of software using an algorithm or model to make

predictions and improve itself over time.

There are several methods for classifying machine learning processes, these are the most common algorithms.

- Supervised learning presents the model or algorithm with inputs and outputs, it will

then find connections and patterns between the inputs and outputs. It will continue

to learn until the desired accuracy is met. Using this method means that we need to

know that the data is correct and have maybe thousands or millions of data to meet

the desired accuracy.

- Unsupervised learning presents the input with no known output, meaning that the

learning algorithm is on its own to find structure in its inputs. It is used to cluster

together the input into different groups.

- Reinforcement learning interacts with an environment and must perform a certain

goal and will receive positive or negative feedback depending on if it got closer or

reached the goal.

Sources:

https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/getting-started-machine-learning/

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