# **COSC 501**

# Lab 12

### (50 points)Program 1: Linked List

The following program creates a linked list with three names:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
struct Node
    string name;
   Node *link;
};
typedef Node* NodePtr;
int main()
{
    NodePtr listPtr, tempPtr;
    listPtr = new Node;
    listPtr->name = "Emily";
    tempPtr = new Node;
    tempPtr->name = "James";
    listPtr->link = tempPtr;
    tempPtr->link = new Node;
    tempPtr = tempPtr->link;
    tempPtr->name = "Joules";
    tempPtr->link = NULL;
return 0;
```

Add code to the main function that:

- a. Outputs in order all names in the list.
- b. Inserts the name "Joshua" in the list after "James" then outputs the modified list.
- c. Deletes the node with "Joules" then outputs the modified list.
- d. Deletes all nodes in the list.

#### (25 points)Program 2: Recursion 1

Write a recursive function definition for a function that has one parameter n of type int and that returns the n-th Fibonacci number. The Fibonacci numbers  $F_n$  are defined as follows.  $F_0$  is 1,  $F_1$  is 1 and

$$F_{i+2} = F_i + F_{i+1}$$

where i = 0, 1, 2, ...

In other words, each number is the sum of the previous two numbers. The first few Fibonacci numbers are 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, and 8. Embed the function in a program and test it.

### (25 points)Program 3: Recursion 2

Write a recursive function definition for a function that has one parameter n of type int and that returns the factorial of n.

The factorial function n! is defined by

$$n! = 1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 \times ... \times n$$

Embed the function in a program and test it.

(\*Assume that 0! = 1)