### **Baca Data**

```
In [30]: | from time import time
         from sklearn import preprocessing
         from sklearn import metrics
         from sklearn import tree
         from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
         from sklearn.preprocessing import maxabs_scale
         from sklearn.neural_network import MLPClassifier
         from sklearn.model_selection import KFold
         from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
         from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
         from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
         from sklearn.externals import joblib
         import pandas as pd
         import bisect
         import numpy as np
         with open('CensusIncome.names.txt', 'r') as fname:
             sname = fname.read()
         names=np.array(sname[sname.find("age"):].split(".\n"))
         #print(names)
         #Encode Data Workclass
         workclass = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
         workclass.fit(np.array(names[1][names[1].find(":")+2:].split(", ")))
         #Handle Unknown Data: '?'
         le_classes = workclass.classes_.tolist()
         bisect.insort left(le classes, '?')
         workclass.classes = le classes
         #print(workclass.classes )
         #Encode Data Education
         education = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
         education.fit(np.array(names[3][names[3].find(":")+2:].split(", ")))
         le classes = education.classes .tolist()
         bisect.insort left(le classes, '?')
         education.classes_ = le_classes
         #print(education.classes )
         marital status = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
         marital_status.fit(np.array(names[5][names[5].find(":")+2:].split(", ")))
         le classes = marital_status.classes_.tolist()
         bisect.insort_left(le_classes, '?')
         marital_status.classes_ = le_classes
         #print(marital_status.classes_)
         occupation = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
         occupation.fit(np.array(names[6][names[6].find(":")+2:].split(", ")))
         le_classes = occupation.classes_.tolist()
         bisect.insort_left(le_classes, '?')
         occupation.classes_ = le_classes
```

```
#print(occupation.classes )
relationship = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
relationship.fit(np.array(names[7][names[7].find(":")+2:].split(", ")))
le classes = relationship.classes .tolist()
bisect.insort_left(le_classes, '?')
relationship.classes = le classes
#print(relationship.classes_)
race = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
race.fit(np.array(names[8][names[8].find(":")+2:].split(", ")))
le_classes = race.classes_.tolist()
bisect.insort_left(le_classes, '?')
race.classes_ = le_classes
#print(race.classes_)
sex = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
sex.fit(np.array(names[9][names[9].find(":")+2:].split(", ")))
le classes = sex.classes .tolist()
bisect.insort left(le classes, '?')
sex.classes_ = le_classes
#print(sex.classes )
native country = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
native country.fit(np.array(names[13][names[13].find(":")+2:].split(", ")))
le classes = native country.classes .tolist()
bisect.insort left(le classes, '?')
native country.classes = le classes
#print(native country.classes )
#Open Data Cencus
with open('CencusIncome.data.txt', 'r') as fdata:
   s = fdata.read()
raw = s.split("\n")
A = []
#print(raw[32560])
length = 32560
for i in range(length):
   A.append(raw[i].split(", "))
#Mapping from raw data to
data_length = 14
cencus_data = []
cencus_target = []
for i in range(length):
   temp = []
   for j in range(data_length):
        if j == 7:
            temp.append(relationship.transform([A[i][j]])[0])
        elif j == 1:
            temp.append(workclass.transform([A[i][j]])[0])
        elif j == 3:
            temp.append(education.transform([A[i][j]])[0])
        elif j == 5:
            temp.append(marital_status.transform([A[i][j]])[0])
        elif j == 6:
```

```
temp.append(occupation.transform([A[i][j]])[0])
        elif j == 8:
            temp.append(race.transform([A[i][j]])[0])
        elif j == 9:
            temp.append(sex.transform([A[i][j]])[0])
        elif j == 13:
            temp.append(native_country.transform([A[i][j]])[0])
        else:
            temp.append(int(A[i][j]))
    cencus_data.append(temp)
    cencus_target.append(A[i][data_length])
#Encode Target
target = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
target.fit(cencus_target)
#Ready to Use Data
y = target.transform(cencus_target)
X = np.array(cencus_data)
#Scaling
y = maxabs_scale(y, axis=0, copy=False)
X = maxabs scale(X, axis=0, copy=False)
```

## k-Nearest Neighbour

```
In [31]: kf = KFold(n splits=10, shuffle=True)
         table = []
         training times = []
         prediction_times = []
         scores = []
         i = 0
         for train, test in kf.split(X, y):
             x_train = [X[i] for i in train]
             y_train = [y[i] for i in train]
             x_test = [X[i] for i in test]
             y_test = [y[i] for i in test]
             t0 = time()
             model = KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors=41).fit(x train, y train)
             training_time = '{:.6}'.format(time() - t0)
             t0 = time()
             pred = model.predict(x_test)
             prediction_time = '{:.6}'.format(time() - t0)
             score = accuracy score(pred, y test)
             cm = confusion matrix(y test, pred)
             i = i+1
             print ("Confusion Matrix Iterasi", i)
             display(pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(y_test, pred), columns=['>50K','<=50</pre>
         K'], index=['>50K','<=50K']))</pre>
             table += [[training time, prediction time, score]]
             training_times += [training_time]
             prediction_times += [prediction_time]
             scores += [score]
         display(pd.DataFrame(table, columns=['training time', 'prediction time', 'scor
         e'], index=range(1,len(table)+1)))
```

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 1

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2227	219
<=50K	348	462

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 2

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2296	211
<=50K	333	416

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 3

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2302	187
<=50K	336	431

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 4

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2251	217
<=50K	338	450

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 5

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2257	203
<=50K	331	465

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 6

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2246	192
<=50K	364	454

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 7

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2257	199
<=50K	351	449

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 8

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2271	205
<=50K	350	430

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 9

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2299	191
<=50K	330	436

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 10

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2298	192
<=50K	344	422

	training time	prediction time	score
1	1.25183	2.63625	0.825860
2	1.2017	2.40814	0.832924
3	1.23132	2.63175	0.839373
4	1.24483	2.46364	0.829545
5	1.2123	2.57773	0.835995
6	1.30187	2.5627	0.829238
7	1.3584	2.64776	0.831081
8	1.28385	2.48465	0.829545
9	1.25303	2.53324	0.839988
10	1.28285	2.38411	0.835381

# **Naive Bayes**

```
In [32]: #older vers: kf = StratifiedKFold(y, n_folds=10, shuffle=True)
         #newer vers: kf = KFold(n_splits=10, shuffle=True)
         kf = KFold(n_splits=10, shuffle=True)
         table = []
         sum = 0
         i = 1
         for train, test in kf.split(X,y):
             x_train = [X[i] for i in train]
             y_train = [y[i] for i in train]
             x_test = [X[i] for i in test]
             y_test = [y[i] for i in test]
             ts = time()
             model = GaussianNB().fit(x_train, y_train)
             trainingtime = time() - ts
             ts = time()
             prediction = model.predict(x_test)
             predictiontime = time() - ts
             score = accuracy_score(prediction, y_test)
             sum += score
             print(i)
             i += 1
             print(metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test,prediction))
             table += [[score, trainingtime, predictiontime]]
         print()
         print(pd.DataFrame(table, columns=['score', 'training time', 'prediction time'
         ], index=range(1,len(table)+1)))
         print()
         print("rata-rata score: ", sum/10)
```

```
1
[[2315 103]
[ 557
       281]]
[[2347
       113]
[ 533
       263]]
[[2348
       128]
[ 519
       261]]
[[2345 130]
[ 515
       266]]
[[2382 120]
[ 491 263]]
[[2372 115]
[ 518 251]]
[[2400
       107]
[ 495
       254]]
[[2322 130]
[ 502
       302]]
[[2341
       121]
[ 527
       267]]
10
[[2347 134]
[ 515
       260]]
       score training time prediction time
1
   0.797297
                  0.044529
                                    0.004003
2
   0.801597
                  0.051535
                                    0.003502
   0.801290
3
                  0.043529
                                    0.003502
4
   0.801904
                  0.052036
                                    0.004005
5
   0.812346
                  0.043529
                                    0.003502
6
   0.805590
                  0.043529
                                    0.003502
7
   0.815111
                  0.049533
                                    0.004003
8
   0.805897
                  0.044030
                                    0.003502
9
   0.800983
                  0.044030
                                    0.003502
10 0.800676
                  0.058539
                                    0.003502
```

rata-rata score: 0.804269041769

## **Decision Tree Learning**

```
In [33]: kf = KFold(n splits=10, shuffle=True)
         table = []
         training times = []
         prediction_times = []
         scores = []
         i = 0
         for train, test in kf.split(X,y):
             x_train = [X[i] for i in train]
             y_train = [y[i] for i in train]
             x_test = [X[i] for i in test]
             y_test = [y[i] for i in test]
             t0 = time()
             model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier().fit(x train, y train)
             training_time = '{:.6}'.format(time() - t0)
             t0 = time()
             y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
             prediction_time = '{:.6}'.format(time() - t0)
             score = accuracy_score(y_pred, y_test)
             cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
             i = i+1
             print("Confusion Matrix Iterasi =", i)
             display(pd.DataFrame(cm, columns=['>50K','<=50K'], index=['>50K','<=50K']</pre>
         ]))
             table += [[training_time, prediction_time, score]]
             training_times += [training_time]
             prediction times += [prediction time]
             scores += [score]
         display(pd.DataFrame(table, columns=['training time', 'prediction time', 'scor
         e'], index=range(1,len(table)+1)))
```

Confusion Matrix Iterasi = 1

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2177	289
<=50K	297	493

Confusion Matrix Iterasi = 2

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2154	312
<=50K	276	514

Confusion Matrix Iterasi = 3

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2140	331
<=50K	313	472

Confusion Matrix Iterasi = 4

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2141	328
<=50K	279	508

Confusion Matrix Iterasi = 5

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2141	343
<=50K	312	460

Confusion Matrix Iterasi = 6

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2168	313
<=50K	286	489

Confusion Matrix Iterasi = 7

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2125	327
<=50K	294	510

Confusion Matrix Iterasi = 8

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2162	319
<=50K	306	469

Confusion Matrix Iterasi = 9

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2145	337
<=50K	298	476

Confusion Matrix Iterasi = 10

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2151	317
<=50K	306	482

	training time	prediction time	score
1	0.21364	0.00350285	0.820025
2	0.213642	0.00300312	0.819410
3	0.215142	0.00300193	0.802211
4	0.223647	0.0035038	0.813575
5	0.226647	0.00300193	0.798833
6	0.220147	0.00300193	0.816032
7	0.215143	0.00300312	0.809275
8	0.217146	0.00300193	0.808047
9	0.214641	0.00300336	0.804975
10	0.216645	0.00300193	0.808661

# **Multi Layered Perceptron**

```
In [34]: mlp = MLPClassifier(solver='lbfgs', alpha=1e-5,
                              hidden_layer_sizes=(100,), random_state=1)
         kf = KFold(n_splits=10, shuffle=True)
         table = []
         training_times = []
         prediction_times = []
         scores = []
         i = 0
         for train, test in kf.split(X, y):
             x_train = [X[i] for i in train]
             y_train = [y[i] for i in train]
             x_test = [X[i] for i in test]
             y test = [y[i] for i in test]
             #Xcoba = maxabs scale(X, axis=0, copy=True)
             x_train = maxabs_scale(x_train, axis=0, copy=False)
             y_train = maxabs_scale(y_train, axis=0, copy=False)
             x_test = maxabs_scale(x_test, axis=0, copy=False)
             y_test = maxabs_scale(y_test, axis=0, copy=False)
             t0 = time()
             mlp.fit(x_train, y_train)
             training_time = '{:.6}'.format(time() - t0)
             t0 = time()
             pred = mlp.predict(x test)
             prediction time = '{:.6}'.format(time() - t0)
             score = accuracy_score(pred, y_test)
             cm = confusion matrix(y test, pred)
             i = i+1
             print ("Confusion Matrix Iterasi", i)
             display(pd.DataFrame(confusion matrix(y test, pred), columns=['>50K','<=50</pre>
         K'], index=['>50K','<=50K']))</pre>
             table += [[training_time, prediction_time, score]]
             training times += [training time]
             prediction_times += [prediction_time]
             scores += [score]
         display(pd.DataFrame(table, columns=['training time', 'prediction time', 'scor
         e'], index=range(1,len(table)+1)))
```

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 1

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2279	187
<=50K	346	444

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 2

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2296	176
<=50K	325	459

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 3

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2284	168
<=50K	338	466

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 4

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2312	180
<=50K	305	459

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 5

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2287	175
<=50K	322	472

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 6

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2289	193
<=50K	<b>=50K</b> 332 443	442

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 7

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2300	172
<=50K	314	470

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 8

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2270	198
<=50K	304	484

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 9

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2324	162
<=50K	321	449

Confusion Matrix Iterasi 10

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	2304	164
<=50K	347	441

	training time	prediction time	score
1	25.7612	0.0045042	0.836302
2	23.0972	0.00450301	0.846130
3	21.2907	0.00500202	0.844595
4	21.4704	0.00450516	0.851044
5	21.4719	0.00450373	0.847359
6	22.4472	0.00500369	0.838759
7	22.0498	0.00450373	0.850737
8	21.1423	0.00450325	0.845823
9	22.3873	0.00500417	0.851658
10	21.2605	0.004004	0.843059

### **Baca Test**

```
In [35]: #Open Test
         with open('CencusIncome.test.txt', 'r') as fdata:
              stest = fdata.read()
         test_raw = np.array(stest[stest.find("\n")+1:].split(".\n"))
         \mathsf{B} = []
         length = len(test raw)-1
         for i in range(length):
             B.append(test_raw[i].split(", "))
         #Mapping from raw data to
         data_length = 14
         cencus_data = []
         cencus_target = []
         for i in range(length):
             temp = []
             for j in range(data_length):
                  if j == 7:
                      temp.append(relationship.transform([B[i][j]])[0])
                  elif j == 1:
                      temp.append(workclass.transform([B[i][j]])[0])
                  elif j == 3:
                      temp.append(education.transform([B[i][j]])[0])
                  elif j == 5:
                      temp.append(marital_status.transform([B[i][j]])[0])
                  elif j == 6:
                      temp.append(occupation.transform([B[i][j]])[0])
                  elif j == 8:
                      temp.append(race.transform([B[i][j]])[0])
                  elif j == 9:
                      temp.append(sex.transform([B[i][j]])[0])
                  elif j == 13:
                      temp.append(native country.transform([B[i][j]])[0])
                  else:
                      temp.append(int(B[i][j]))
             cencus data.append(temp)
             cencus_target.append(B[i][data_length])
         #Encode Target
         target = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
         target.fit(cencus_target)
         #Ready to Use Data
         y_test = target.transform(cencus_target)
         X_test = np.array(cencus_data)
         #Scaling
         y_test = maxabs_scale(y_test, axis=0, copy=False)
         X_test = maxabs_scale(X_test, axis=0, copy=False)
```

## Save, load, dan predict using best model

	>50K	<=50K
>50K	11558	877
<=50K	1588	2258

In [37]: print("Score: ", accuracy\_score(prediction, y\_test))

Score: 0.848596523555