

Slide 6.3: PHP MySQL create and drop tables (cont.)

Slide 6.5: PHP MySQL select

[Home](#)

PHP MySQL Insert

The `INSERT INTO` statement is used to insert new records into a database table. The following example performs the tasks below:

1. Drop the table Reports if requested.
2. Create the table Reports if requested. The SQL command is as follows:

```
CREATE TABLE Reports (
    reportID int NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
    PRIMARY KEY ( reportID ),
    title varchar(32) );
```

3. Insert the title values from the Web and then display the table contents. The [strtok](#) function splits a string into smaller strings.

```
<html><body>
<?php
    $host = "mysqldev.aero.und.edu";
    $conn = mysql_connect( $host, "wenchen", "passwd" );
    mysql_select_db( "wenchen", $conn );
    $action = ☐ Drop ☒ Create ☐ Insert ( $titles = "260 351 457" )
    if ( $action == "Drop" ) {
        // Drop table Reports.
        mysql_query( "DROP TABLE Reports", $conn );
        echo "Table Reports dropped";
    }
    elseif ( $action == "Create" ) {
        // Create table Reports.
        $sql = "CREATE TABLE Reports (
            reportID int NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
            PRIMARY KEY ( reportID ),
            title varchar(32) )";
        mysql_query( $sql, $conn );
        echo "Table Reports created";
    }
    elseif ( $action == "Insert" ) {
        // Insert reports.
        $title = strtok( $_POST['titles'], " " );
        while ( $title != false ) {
```

```
$sql = "INSERT INTO Reports ( title ) VALUES ( '$title' )";
mysql_query( $sql, $conn );
$title = strtok( " " );
}
// Select all reports.
$result = mysql_query( "SELECT * FROM Reports", $conn );
while( $row = mysql_fetch_array( $result ) )
    echo $row['reportID'] . ", " . $row['title'];
}
mysql_close( $conn );
?>
</body></html>
```

[Check result](#)[View source](#)[Reset](#)

[Slide 6.3: PHP MySQL create and drop tables \(cont.\)](#)

[Slide 6.5: PHP MySQL select](#)

[Home](#)

