



JavaScript (Cont.)

What Can JavaScript Do?

- *JavaScript gives HTML designers a programming tool*—HTML authors are normally not programmers, but JavaScript is a scripting language with a very simple syntax!
- *JavaScript can put dynamic text into an HTML page*—A JavaScript statement like this:

```
document.write( "<h1>" + name + "</h1>" )
```

can write a variable text into an HTML page.

- *JavaScript can react to events*—A JavaScript can be set to execute when something happens, like when a page has finished loading or when a user clicks on an HTML element.
- *JavaScript can read and write HTML elements*—A JavaScript can read and change the content of an HTML element.
- *JavaScript can be used to validate data*—A JavaScript can be used to validate form data before it is submitted to a server.
- *JavaScript can be used to detect the visitor's browser*—A JavaScript can be used to detect the visitor's browser, and—depending on the browser—load another page specifically designed for that browser.

- *JavaScript can be used to create cookies*—A JavaScript can be used to store and retrieve information on the visitor's computer.

JavaScript = ECMAScript

JavaScript is an implementation of the ECMAScript language standard (ECMA-262). JavaScript was invented by Brendan Eich at Netscape, and has appeared in all browsers since 1996. The official standardization was adopted by the [ECMA](#) organization (an industry standardization association) in 1997. The ECMA-262 was approved as an international ISO ([ISO/IEC 16262](#)) standard in 1998. The development is still in progress.

Demonstration

The following demonstration shows how the script of HTML and JavaScript is displayed on the Web.

```
<html>
<body>
  <script type="text/javascript">

    document.write( "Hello, World!" )

  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

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