

SOURCE WATER MONITORING

ENGINEER 2PX3 Team: : Water-48

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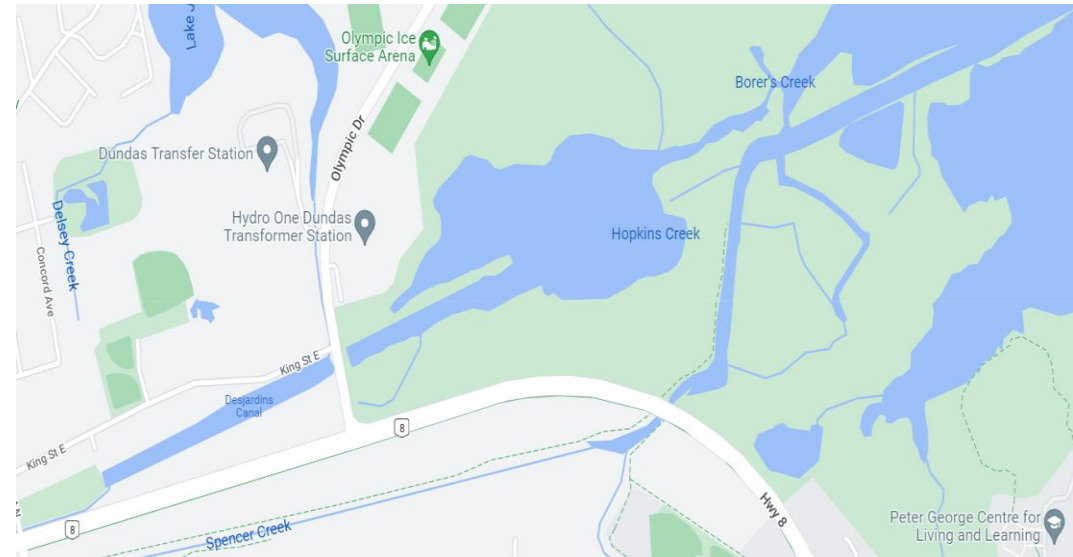
Introduction

- Climate change → more algal blooms
- Cyanobacteria release cyanotoxins
- Important to detect blooms early



Solution Parameters

- Focus on the Hamilton-Halton region of Lake Ontario
- Our solution should:
 - Alert water treatment facilities when a bloom is detected
 - Have a minimal impact on environment
 - Small socio-cultural impact
 - Comply with local and Federal regulations



Stakeholders

- Stakeholders relate to constraints and parameters of our solution

Primary:

- Water treatment plants → performance constraints
- Wildlife and environmental activists → environmental constraints
- Nearby citizens → socio-cultural and performance constraints

Secondary:

- Tourism Industry
- Fishing Industry
- Drone Manufacturers
- Media Corporations

Drone captures pictures aerially



Pictures are fed into multiple algorithms



If algal bloom is detected, send professional to check

Our solution

- Use a drone to aerially monitor the lake and capture pictures
- Pictures go through multiple algorithms to detect algal blooms
- If there is a detection, alert water treatment facilities who send out a professional

PERSEID Framework

Performance Constraints

- Acquires large number of high resolution images
- Rechargeable battery and accessible charging station
- Low battery consumption
- Withstand severe weather conditions
- Need to avoid false negatives

$$FP = \frac{1 - 2 \cdot FN}{4 \cdot FN + 2}$$

Selected FN = 5% = 0.05

Environmental Constraints

- Noise Pollution
- Speed limit set when flying over environmentally sensitive areas
- Protects safety of wildlife in instance of collision
- Avoids flying and gliding animals

Regulatory Constraints

- Fly within the height limit
- Must not break any privacy law
- Away from emergency operations and advertised events
- Away from airports and heliports
- Far away from other aircraft
- Survey the area where drone will be flown

Socio-Cultural Constraints

- Flies away from bystanders and residential areas
- Privacy and Data Protection
- Community Surveying and Acceptance
- Protects Safety of People in instance of collision

Conflicting Points raised by PERSEID

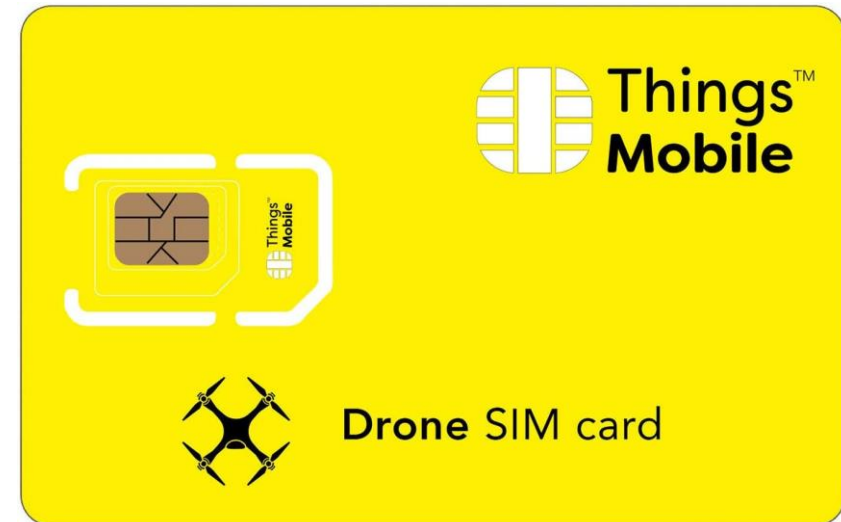
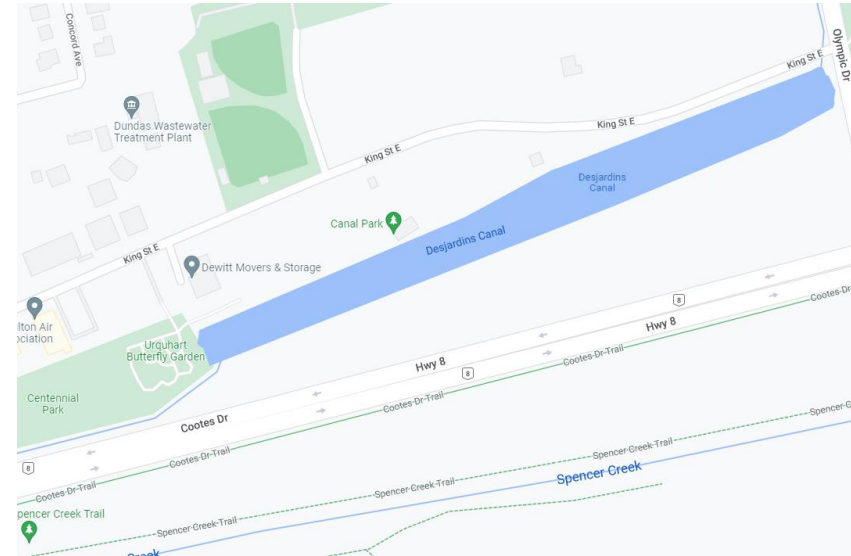
Conflicting Design Choices (Drone)

- Pulsing Light on the Drone (Avoid Bird Collision) vs. Maneuverability
- Cage (Avoid Drone Accident) vs. Speed, Maneuverability, Battery life
- Noise Pollution (Silent propellers, Brushless motor, and Noise reduction shrouds and Sand Down the Surface of the Propellers) vs. Speed, Maneuverability, Durability
- Wet Suit vs. Speed, Maneuverability, Battery life
- Weather vs. Speed, Maneuverability

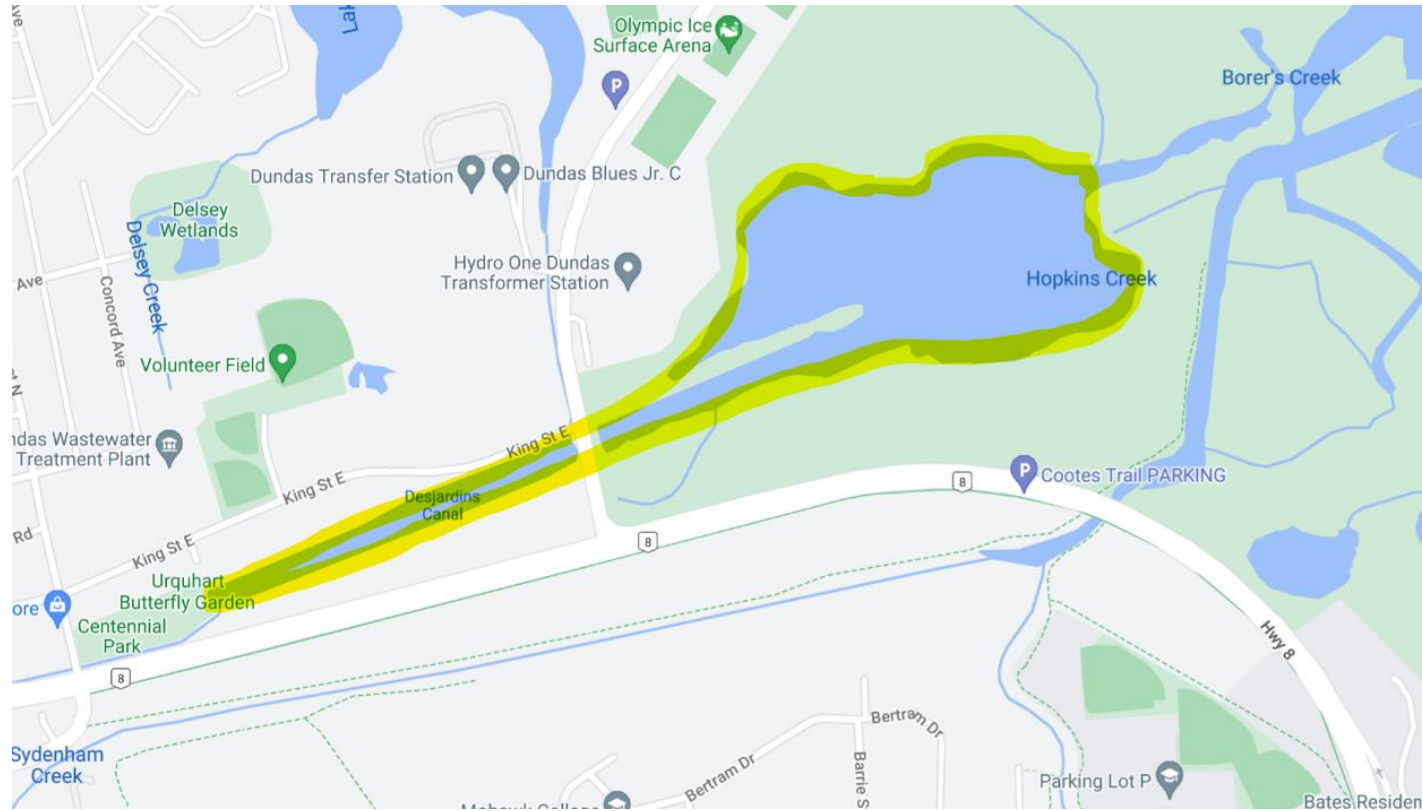


Conflicting Design Choices (Operations and Algorithm)

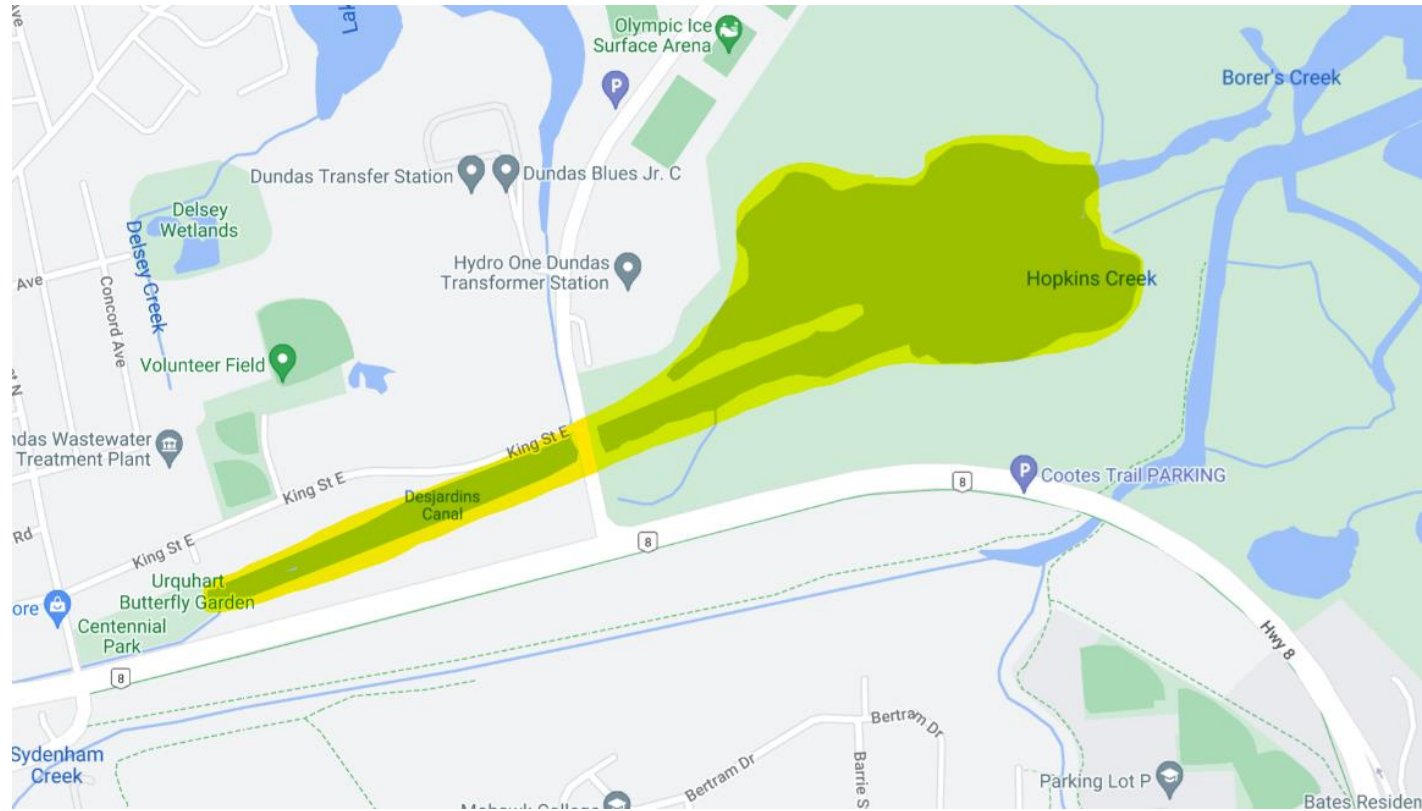
- Number of Images vs. Storage Capacity/Security (SIM/ SD card)
- Number of Images vs. Privacy Concern
- Number of Images vs. Battery Life
- Number of Images/Image Resolution vs. Accuracy, processing time
- Weather vs. Image Resolution
- Speed vs. Image Resolution
- Flight Path/Height vs. Privacy Concern
- Flight Path vs. Battery Life



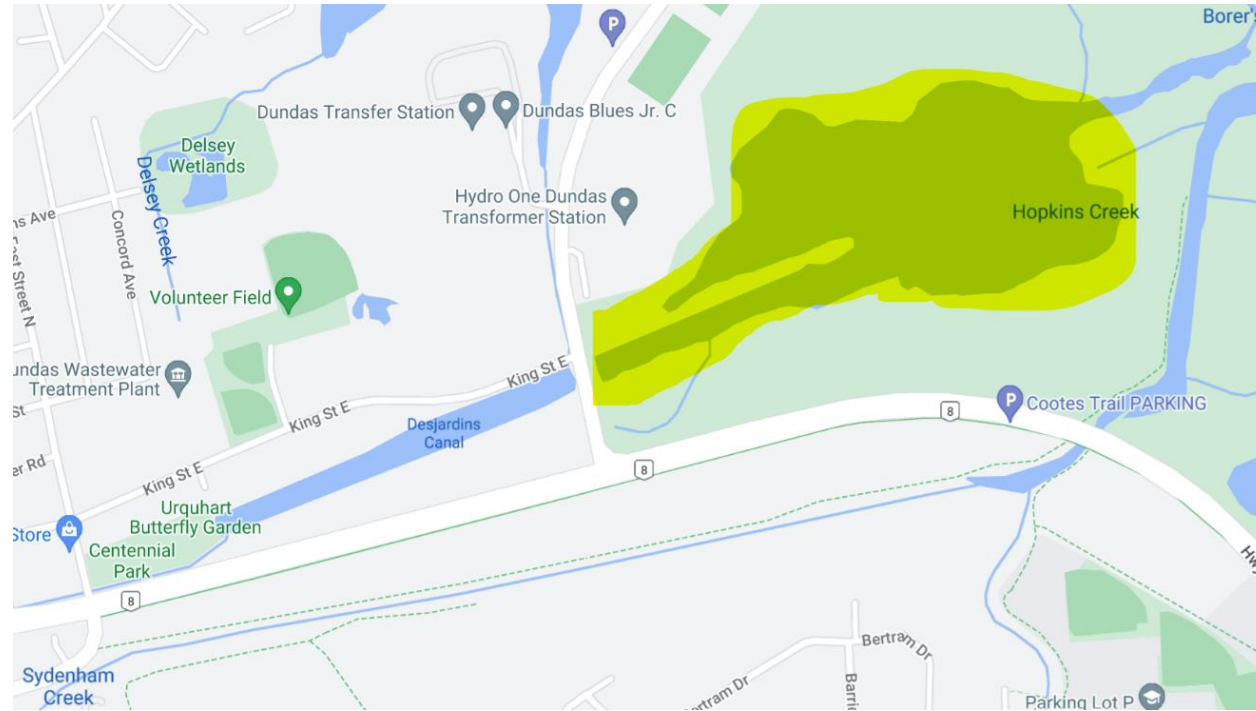
Design Choices and Decisions



Design 1



Design 2



Design 3

Technical Decision Matrix

| | WEIGHT (1-10) | Design 1 | | Design 2 | | Design 3 | |
|--|---------------|----------|----------------|----------|----------------|----------|----------------|
| Requirements Criteria/Constr. | | Rating | Weighted Score | Rating | Weighted Score | Rating | Weighted Score |
| Data Transfer Ease and Security | 8 | 2 | 16 | 2 | 16 | 5 | 40 |
| Low Battery Consumption | 7 | 1 | 7 | 3 | 21 | 4 | 28 |
| Maneuverability Performance to Avoid Obstacles | 6 | 2 | 12 | 2 | 12 | 5 | 30 |
| Ability to Travel At Hight Speed | 5 | 2 | 10 | 3 | 15 | 5 | 25 |
| Close Proximity to Flight Path from Charging Station | 7 | 5 | 35 | 3 | 21 | 3 | 21 |
| Quality and Number of Images Obtained | 9 | 5 | 45 | 4 | 36 | 5 | 45 |
| Easily Installed Charging Station | 4 | 3 | 12 | 3 | 12 | 5 | 20 |
| Area of Lake Covered by Flight Path | 10 | 4 | 40 | 5 | 50 | 4 | 40 |
| TOTAL | | | 177 | | 183 | | 219 |

**Design 3
Ranks
Highest**

Environmental Performance

| | WEIGHT (1-10) | Design 1 | | Design 2 | | Design 3 | |
|---|---------------|----------|----------------|----------|----------------|----------|----------------|
| Requirements Criteria/Constr. | | Rating | Weighted Score | Rating | Weighted Score | Rating | Weighted Score |
| Flight Path Avoids Environmentally Sensitive Areas | 7 | 1 | 7 | 2 | 14 | 5 | 35 |
| Reduces Noise Pollution due to Drone System Modifications | 9 | 4 | 36 | 4 | 36 | 2 | 18 |
| Reduces Damage to Environment in Case of A Collision | 7 | 4 | 28 | 4 | 28 | 2 | 14 |
| Conspicuousy of Drone to Flying Animals due to Drone System Modifications | 8 | 5 | 40 | 5 | 40 | 2 | 16 |
| Reduces Likelihood of Crashing Due to Flight Path and Reduced Maneuverability | 9 | 1 | 9 | 1 | 9 | 5 | 45 |
| TOTAL | | | 120 | | 127 | | 128 |

Design 3
Ranks
Highest

Socio-Cultural Performance

| | WEIGHT (1-10) | Design 1 | | Design 2 | | Design 3 | |
|---|---------------|----------|-------------------|----------|-------------------|----------|-------------------|
| Requirements Criteria/Constr. | | Rating | Weighted Score | Rating | Weighted Score | Rating | Weighted Score |
| Flight Path Avoids Populated Residential and Commercial Areas | 9 | 1 | 9 | 2 | 18 | 5 | 45 |
| Reduces Noise Pollution due to Drone System Modifications | 7 | 4 | 28 | 4 | 28 | 2 | 14 |
| Reduces Likelihood of Capture of Non-Lake Images | 10 | 1 | 10 | 3 | 30 | 5 | 50 |
| Reduces Damage to People in Case of A Collision | 10 | 5 | 50 | 5 | 50 | 2 | 20 |
| TOTAL | | | 97 | | 126 | | 129 |

Design 3
Ranks
Highest

Regulatory Performance

| | WEIGHT (1-10) | Design 1 | | Design 2 | | Design 3 | |
|--|---------------|----------|-------------------|----------|-------------------|----------|-------------------|
| Requirements Criteria/Constr. | | Rating | Weighted Score | Rating | Weighted Score | Rating | Weighted Score |
| Drone is Visibile at All Times Given the Flight Path | 8 | 3 | 24 | 2 | 16 | 2 | 16 |
| Drone can Easily Maintain a Minimum Horizontal Distance of 30 Metres from Bystanders | 9 | 1 | 9 | 3 | 27 | 4 | 36 |
| Reduces Requirment to Survey Area (to take note of any obstacles or concerns) | 5 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 15 | 4 | 20 |
| Reduces Flight Height (is not Required to Fly Close to 122 metres) | 7 | 4 | 28 | 2 | 14 | 1 | 7 |
| Flight Path Avoids Municipal Areas, Airports and Heliports. | 8 | 2 | 16 | 5 | 40 | 5 | 40 |
| TOTAL | | | 77 | | 97 | | 99 |

Design 3
Ranks
Highest

Overall Performance

| | WEIGHT (1-10) | Design 1 | | Design 2 | | Design 3 | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|----------|----------------|----------|----------------|----------|----------------|
| Requirements Criteria/Constr. | | Rating | Weighted Score | Rating | Weighted Score | Rating | Weighted Score |
| Technical Performance | 5 | 177 | 885 | 183 | 915 | 219 | 1095 |
| Envionmental Performance | 3 | 120 | 360 | 127 | 381 | 128 | 384 |
| Socio-Cultural Performance | 4 | 97 | 388 | 126 | 504 | 129 | 516 |
| Regulatory Performance | 4 | 77 | 308 | 97 | 388 | 99 | 396 |
| TOTAL | | | 1941 | | 2188 | | 2391 |

**Design 3
Ranks
Highest
Overall**

Model Validation

Testing and Evaluating the Algorithm

Inputs



NUMBER OF
ITERATIONS



NUMBER OF
IMAGES



IMAGE
RESOLUTION

Quality Checks



Loss

Testing/Validation

Training



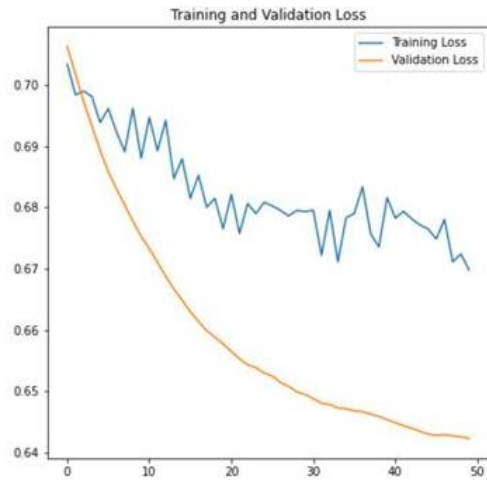
Accuracy

Testing/Validation

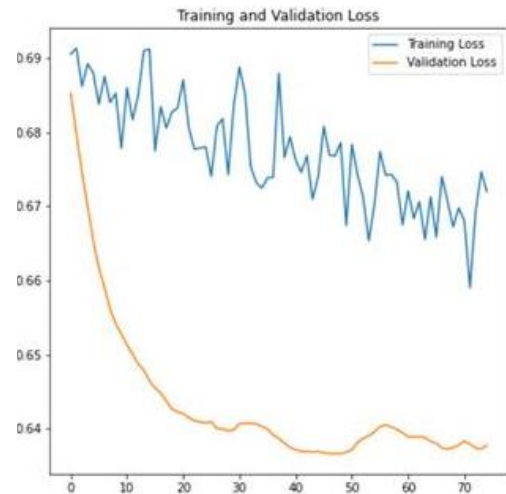
Training

Results

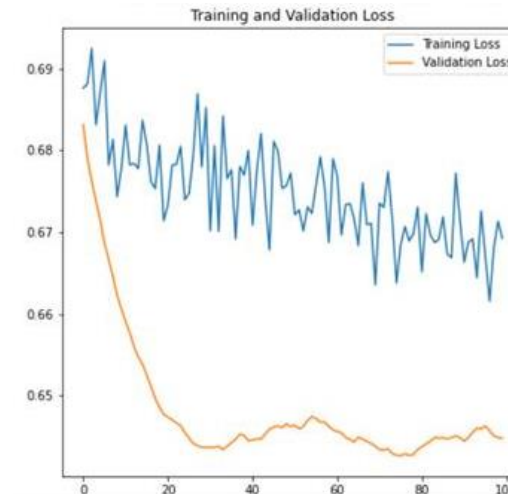
Number of Iterations – Training vs Validation Loss



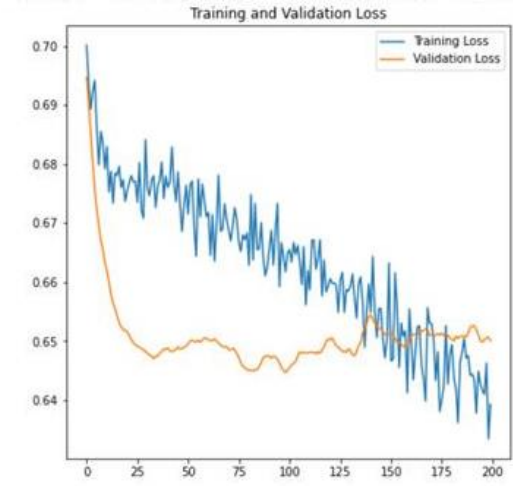
50 Iterations



75 Iterations



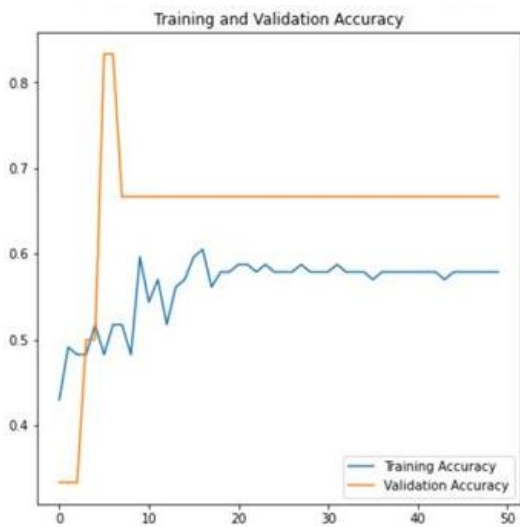
100 Iterations



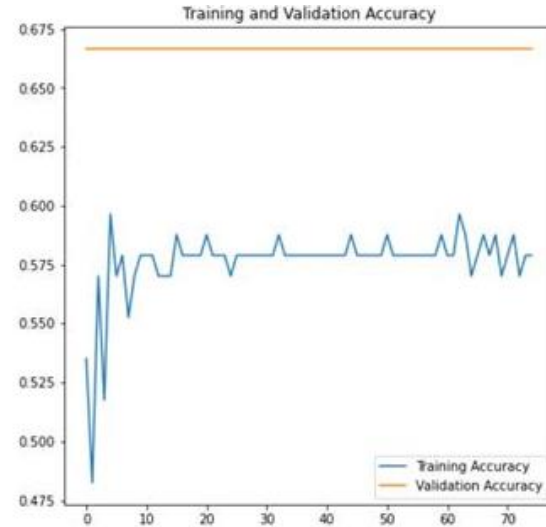
200 Iterations

Increased iterations → Decreased loss

Number of Iterations – Training vs Validation Accuracy



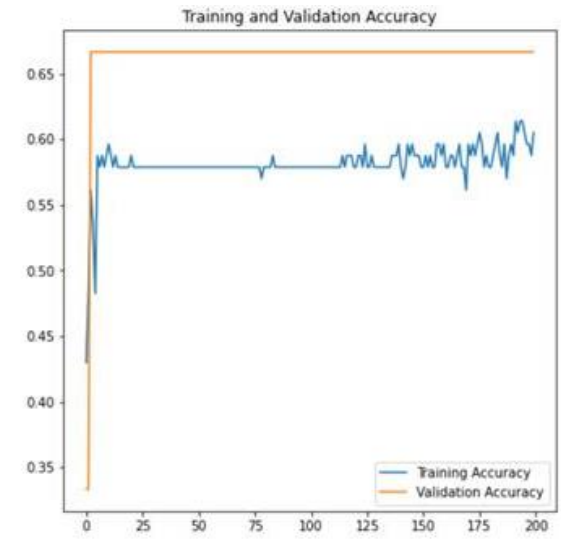
50 iterations



75 iterations



100 iterations

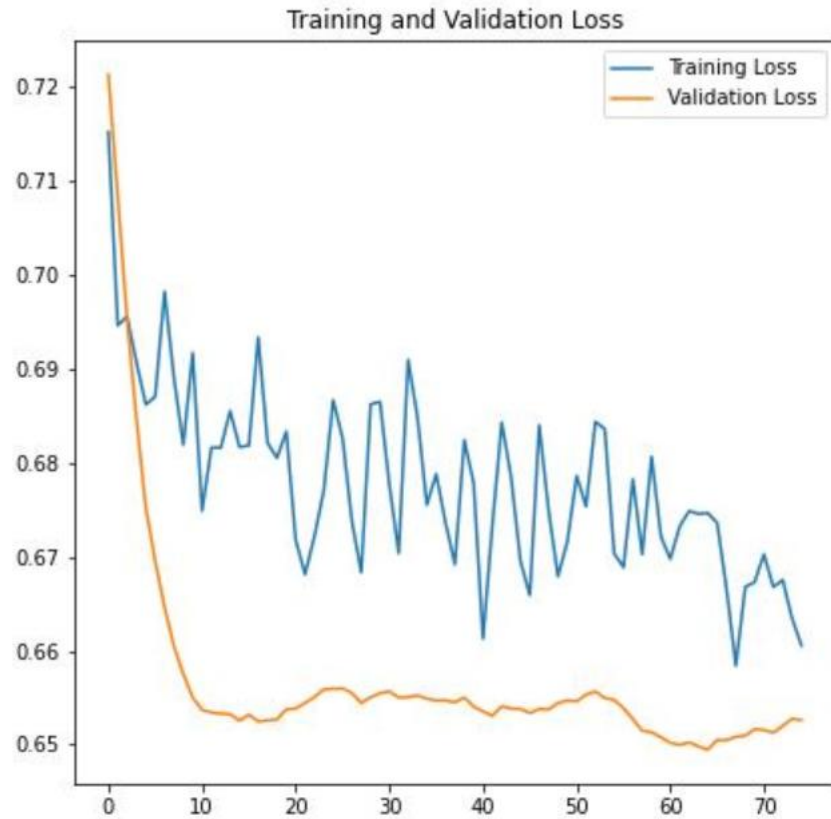


200 iterations

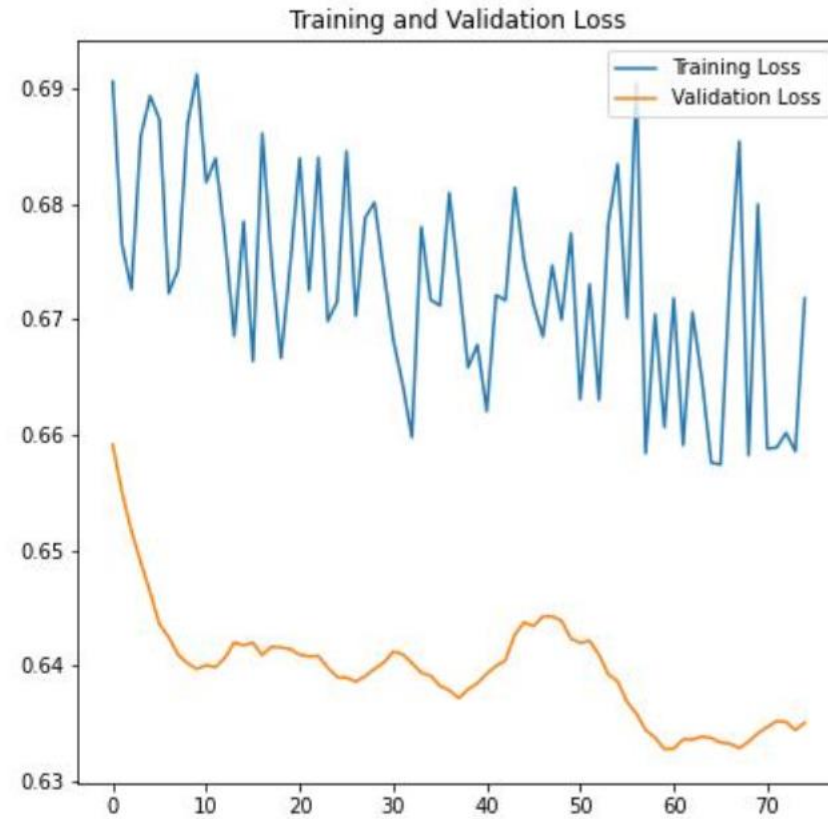
Increased iterations → Increased accuracy

Number of Images – Training vs Validation Loss

Original



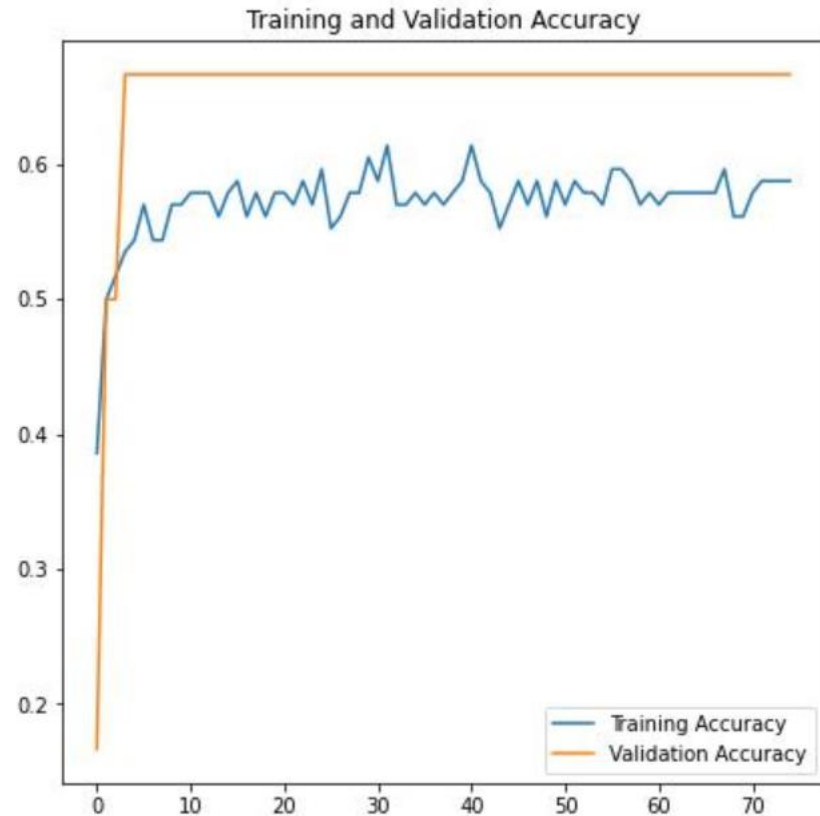
Decreased Images



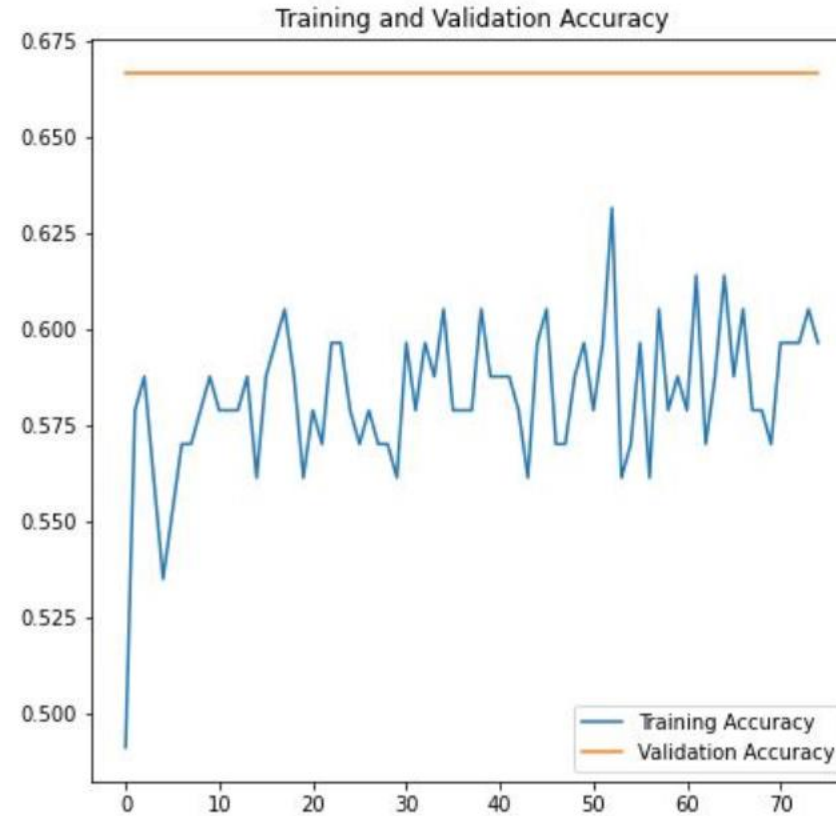
Fewer images → Higher loss

Number of Images – Training vs Validation Accuracy

Original

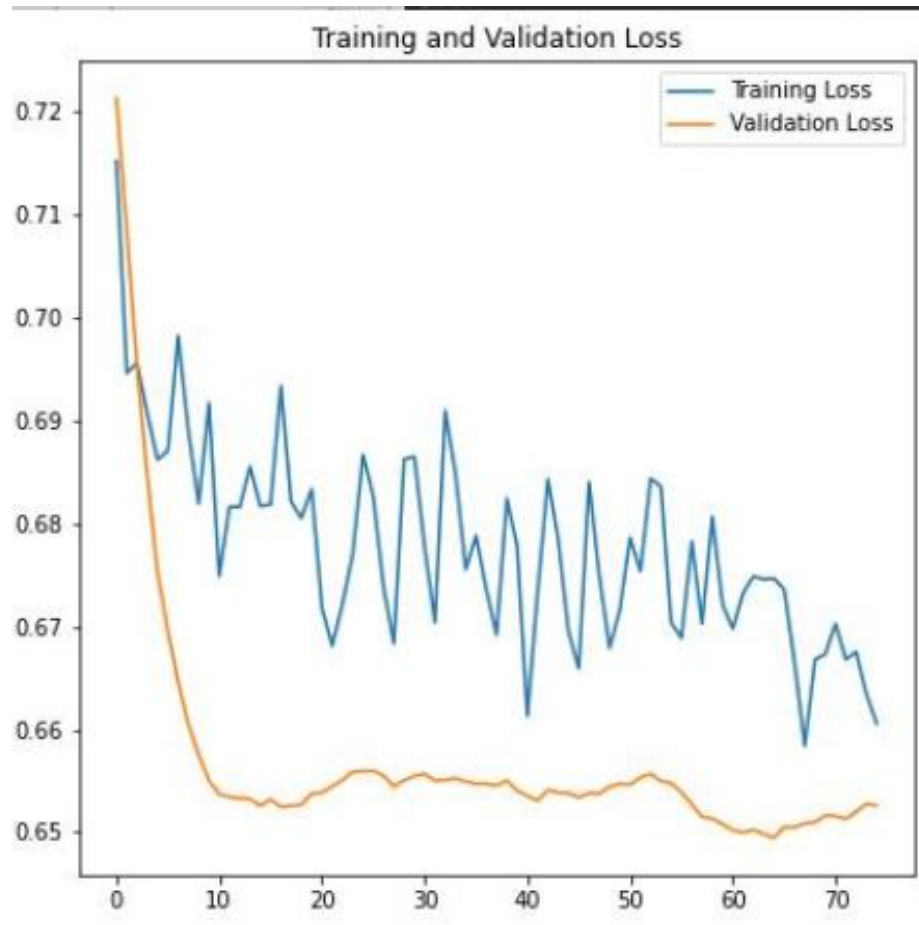


Decreased Images

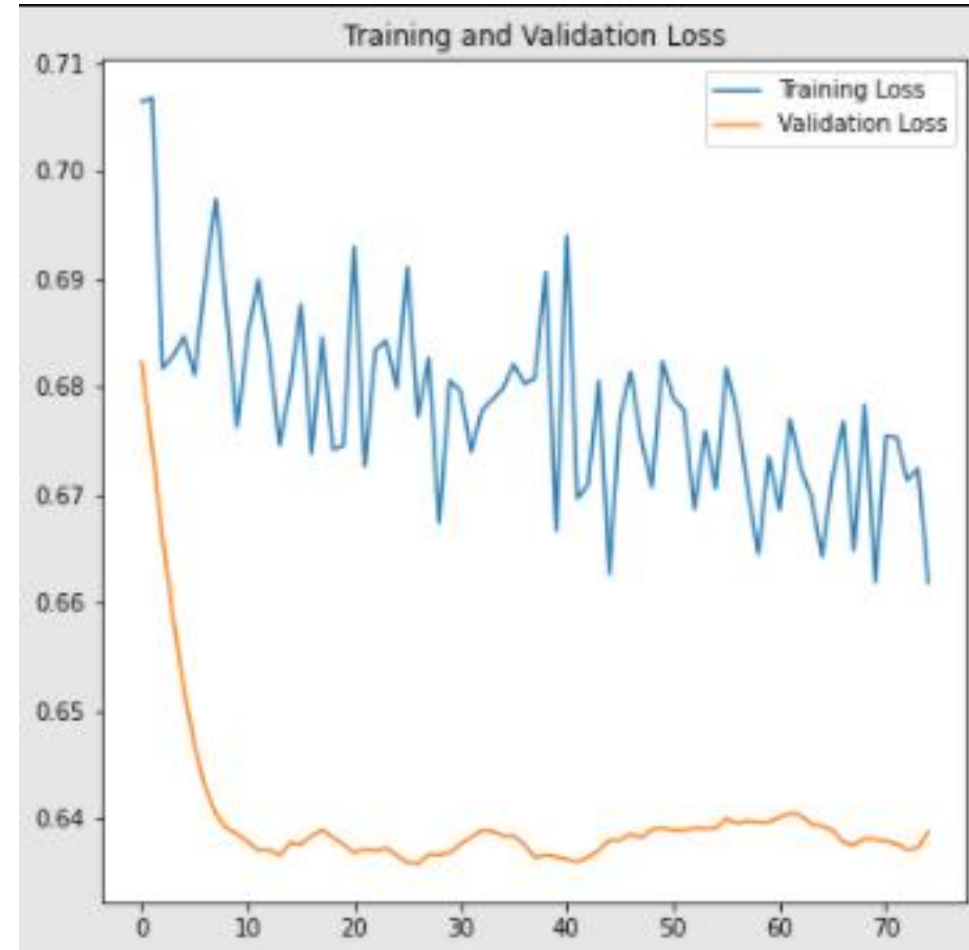


Fewer images → Lower accuracy

Image Resolution – Training vs Validation Loss



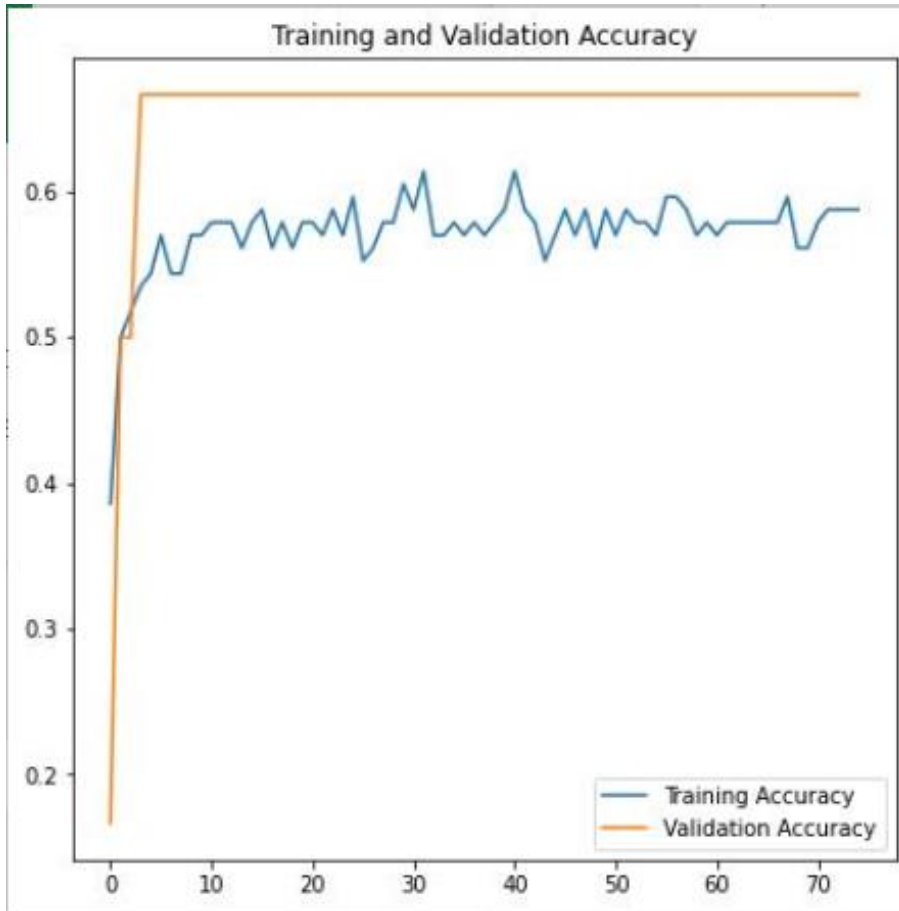
Original



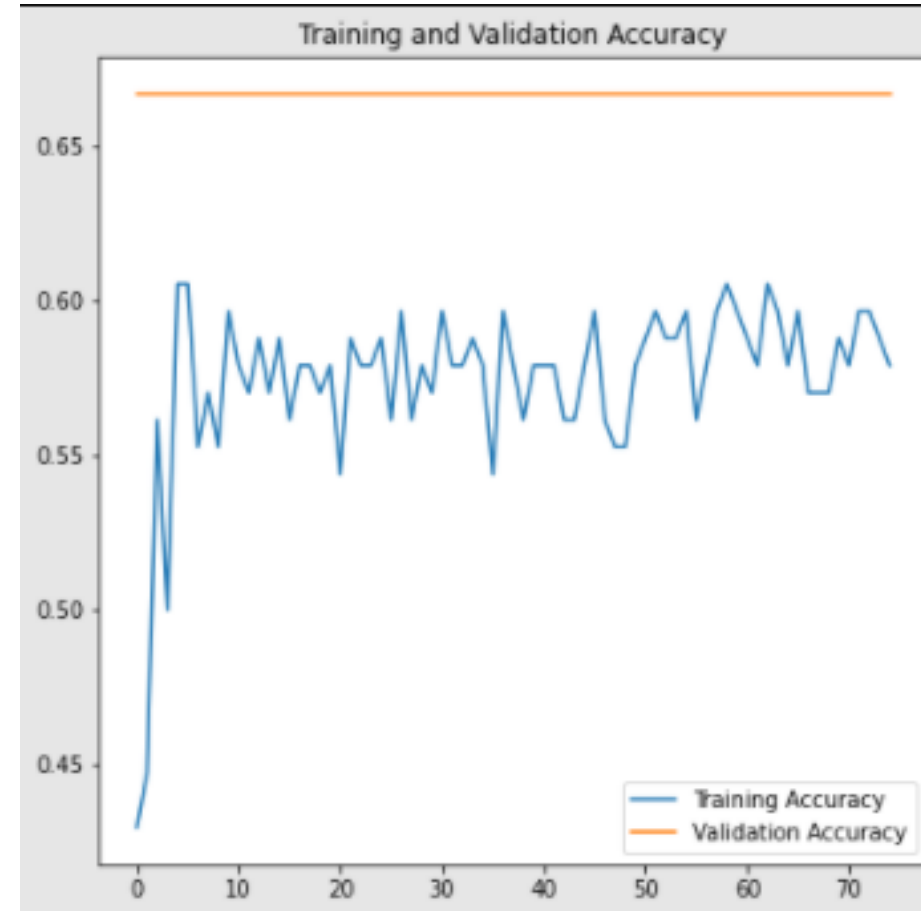
Increased Resolution

Higher Resolution → Lower loss

Image Resolution – Training vs Validation Accuracy



Original



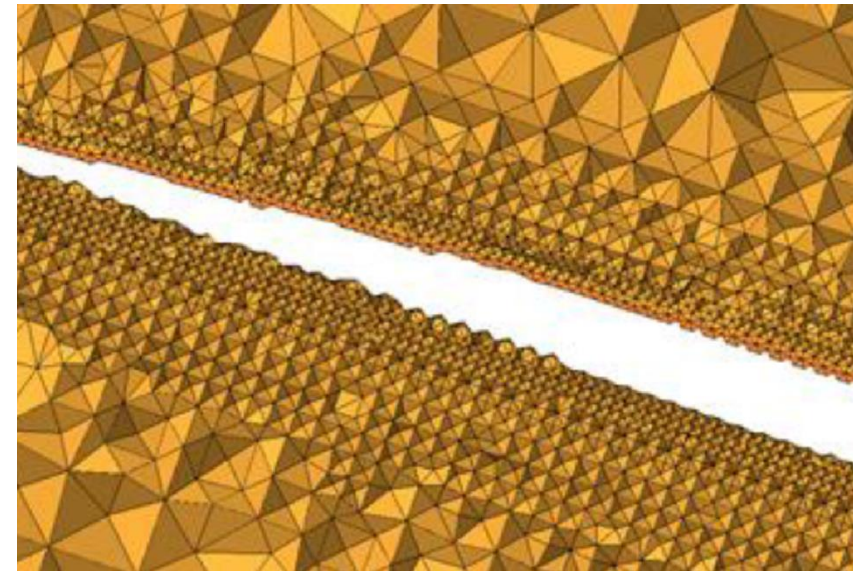
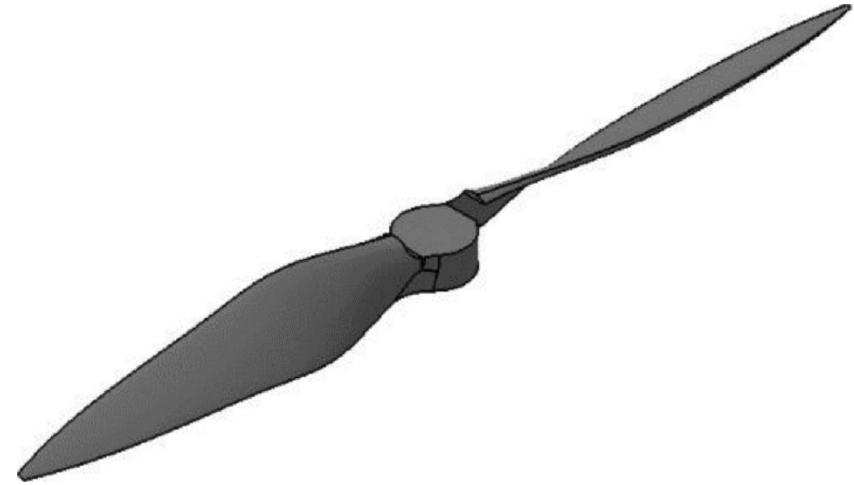
Increased Resolution

Higher Resolution → Higher accuracy

Final Design

Design 2 + Design 3 + ...

- Bright coloured drone
- Blinking light
- Silent propellers (sanding)
- Brushless motors
- Noise reduction shrouds around propellers
- Compliant mesh cage
- Survey of communities in surrounding area



References

- [1] “Project Module - Source Water Monitoring - ENGINEER 2PX3: Integrated Engineering Design Project 2.”
<https://avenue.cllmcmaster.ca/d2l/le/content/430517/viewContent/3560652/View?ou=430517> (accessed Feb. 05, 2022).
- [2] “Phantom 4 Pro V2.0 - Specifications - DJI.”
<https://www.dji.com/ca/phantom-4-pro-v2/specs> (accessed Feb. 04, 2022).
- [3] “Ready for Take-Off? Integrating Drones into the Transport System”, Accessed: Mar. 12, 2022. [Online]. Available: www.itf-oecd.org
- [4] “Canadian Aviation Regulations (SOR/96-433).”
<https://tc.canada.ca/en/corporate-services/acts-regulations/list-regulations/canadian-aviation-regulations-sor-96-433> (accessed Mar. 12, 2022).
- [5] “Drones in Canada - Office of the Privacy Commissioner of Canada.”
https://www.priv.gc.ca/en/opc-actions-and-decisions/research/explore-privacy-research/2013/drones_201303/ (accessed Mar. 12, 2022).
- [6] “Flying your drone safely and legally.”
<https://tc.canada.ca/en/aviation/drone-safety/learn-rules-you-fly-your-drone/flying-your-drone-safely-legally> (accessed Mar. 12, 2022).

Questions?
