



# ADO.NET

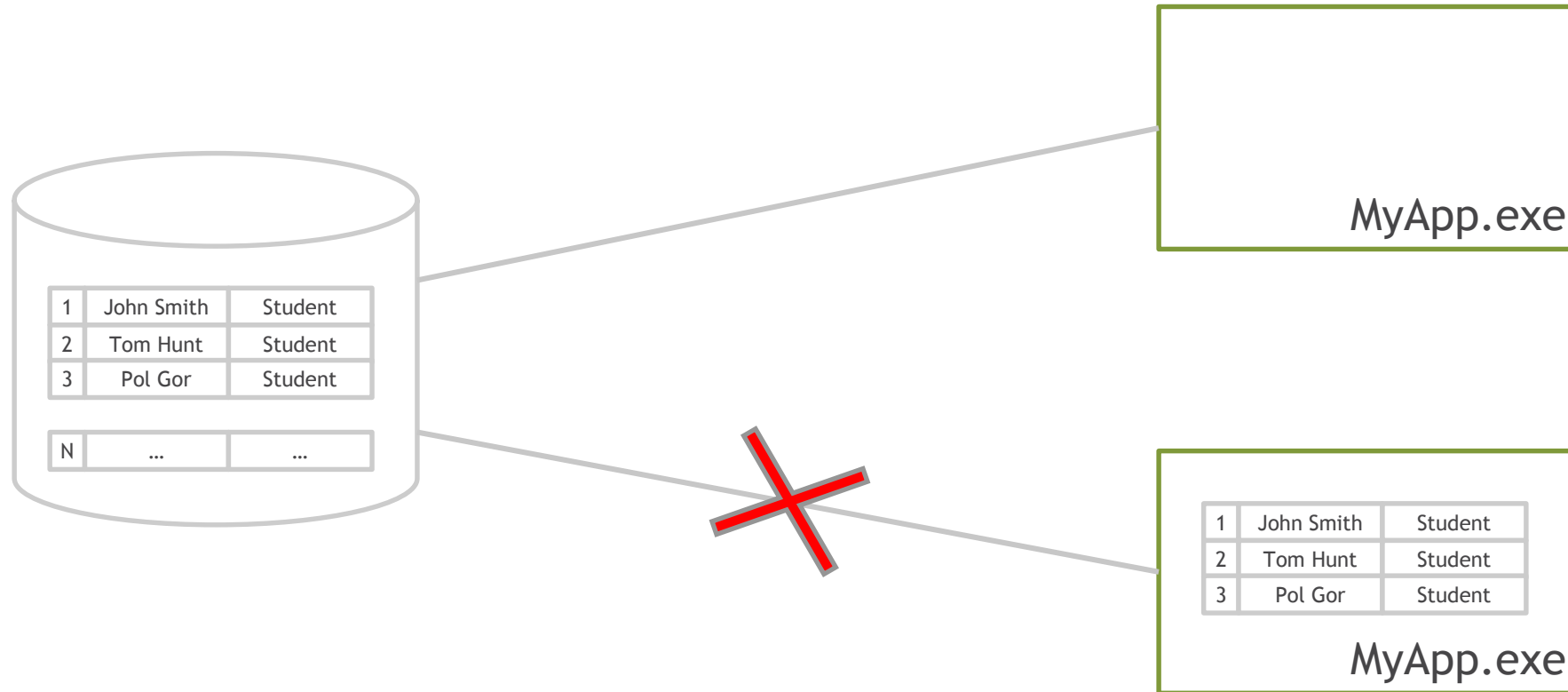
# Agenda

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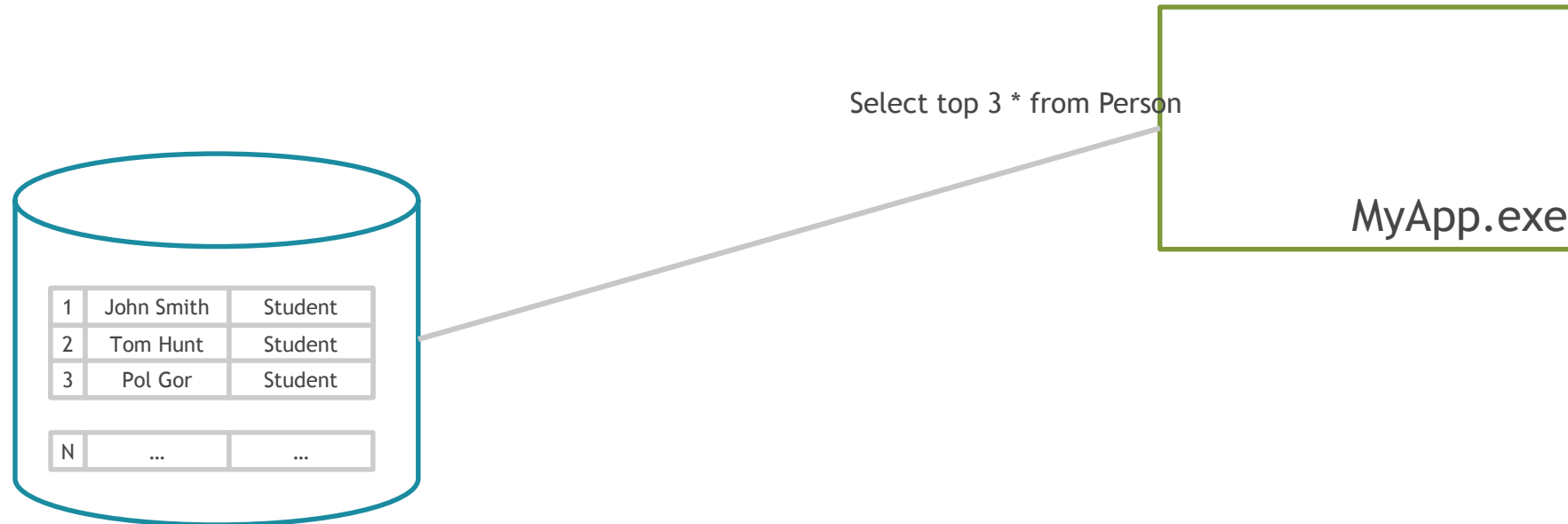
- ADO.Net Basic
- Connected model

# ADO.NET BASIC

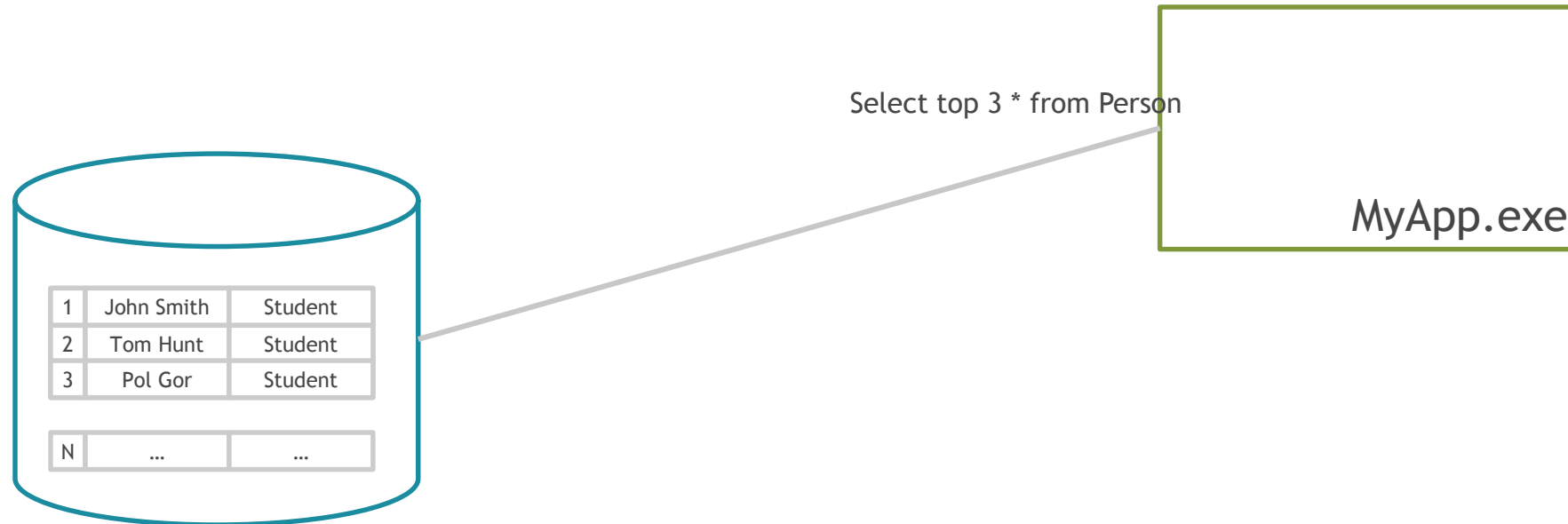
# Connected and Disconnected models



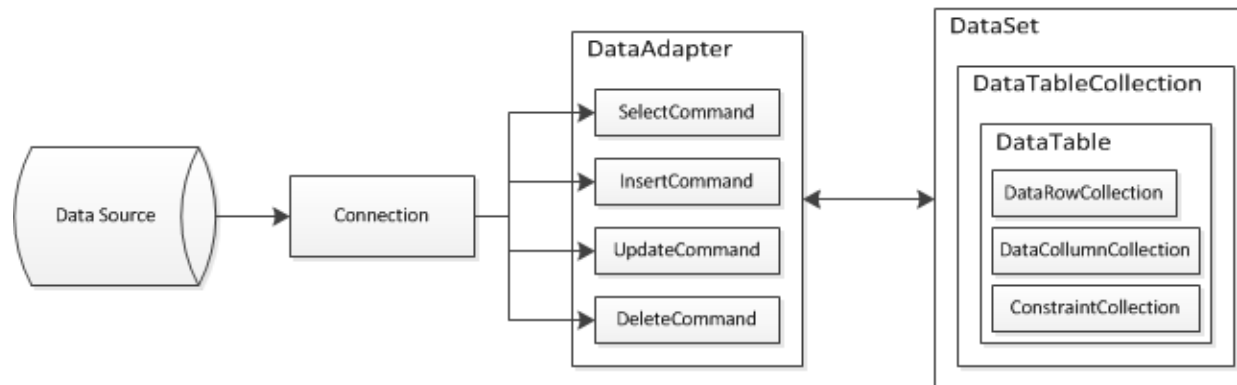
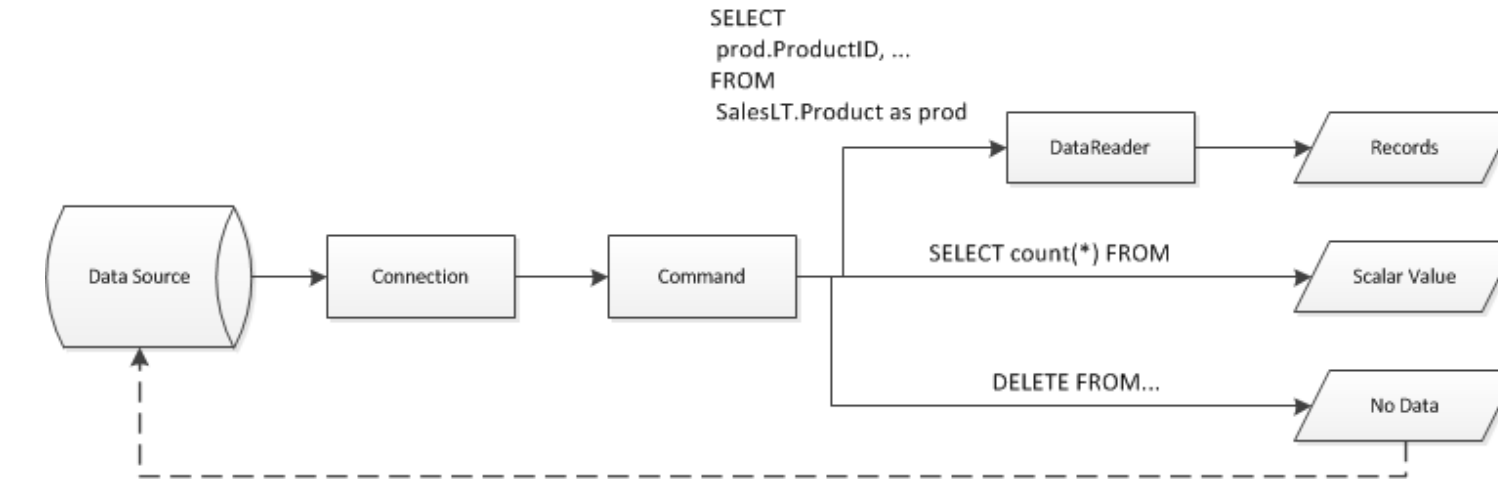
# Connected model



# Disconnected model



# Common ADO.Net components



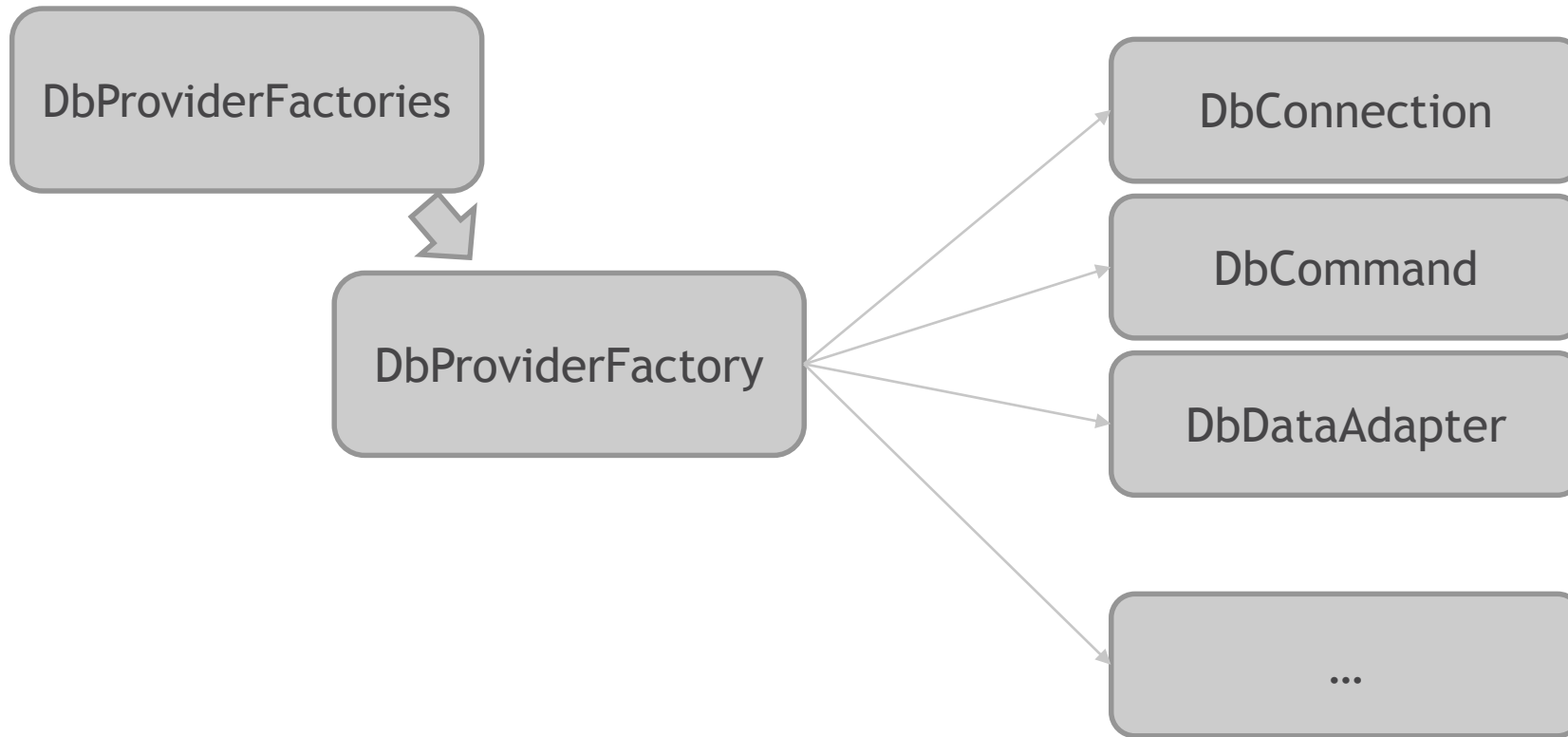
- Connection
- Command
- Transaction
- DataReader
- DataAdapter
- DataSet

# ADO.Net provider model

Interfaces (System.Data)	Abstract classes (System.Data.Common)	Concrete providers
IDbConnection	DbConnection	System.Data.EntityClient.EntityConnection System.Data.Odbc.OdbcConnection System.Data.OleDb.OleDbConnection System.Data.OracleClient.OracleConnection System.Data.SqlClient.SqlConnection
IDbCommand	DbCommand	System.Data.EntityClient.EntityCommand System.Data.Odbc.OdbcCommand System.Data.OleDb.OleDbCommand System.Data.OracleClient.OracleCommand System.Data.SqlClient.SqlCommand
IDataReader	DbDataReader	System.Data.EntityClient.EntityDataReader ...
IDbDataAdapter	DbDataAdapter	...
IDbTransaction	DbTransaction	...
...		



# Provider invariant programming




[Writing Provider-Independent Code in ADO.NET](#)

# Get current providers. Register custom

```
// Get drivers list as DataTable
DataTable drivers = DbProviderFactories.GetFactoryClasses();

foreach (DataRow driver in drivers.Rows)
{
    Console.WriteLine("{0} | {1} | {2} | {3}",
        driver["Name"],
        driver["Description"],
        driver["InvariantName"],
        driver["AssemblyQualifiedName"]);
}
```



Return  
standard and  
custom  
providers

```
<configSections>
  <section name="system.data" type="System.Data.Common.DbProviderFactoriesConfigurationHandler, System.Data" />
</configSections>
<system.data>
  <DbProviderFactories>
    <add name="Microsoft SQL Server Compact Data Provider 4.0"
        invariant="System.Data.SqlServerCe.4.0"
        description=".NET Framework Data Provider for Microsoft SQL Server Compact"
        type="System.Data.SqlServerCe.SqlCeProviderFactory, System.Data.SqlServerCe ..." />
  </DbProviderFactories>
</system.data>
```

# Work with Provider Factories

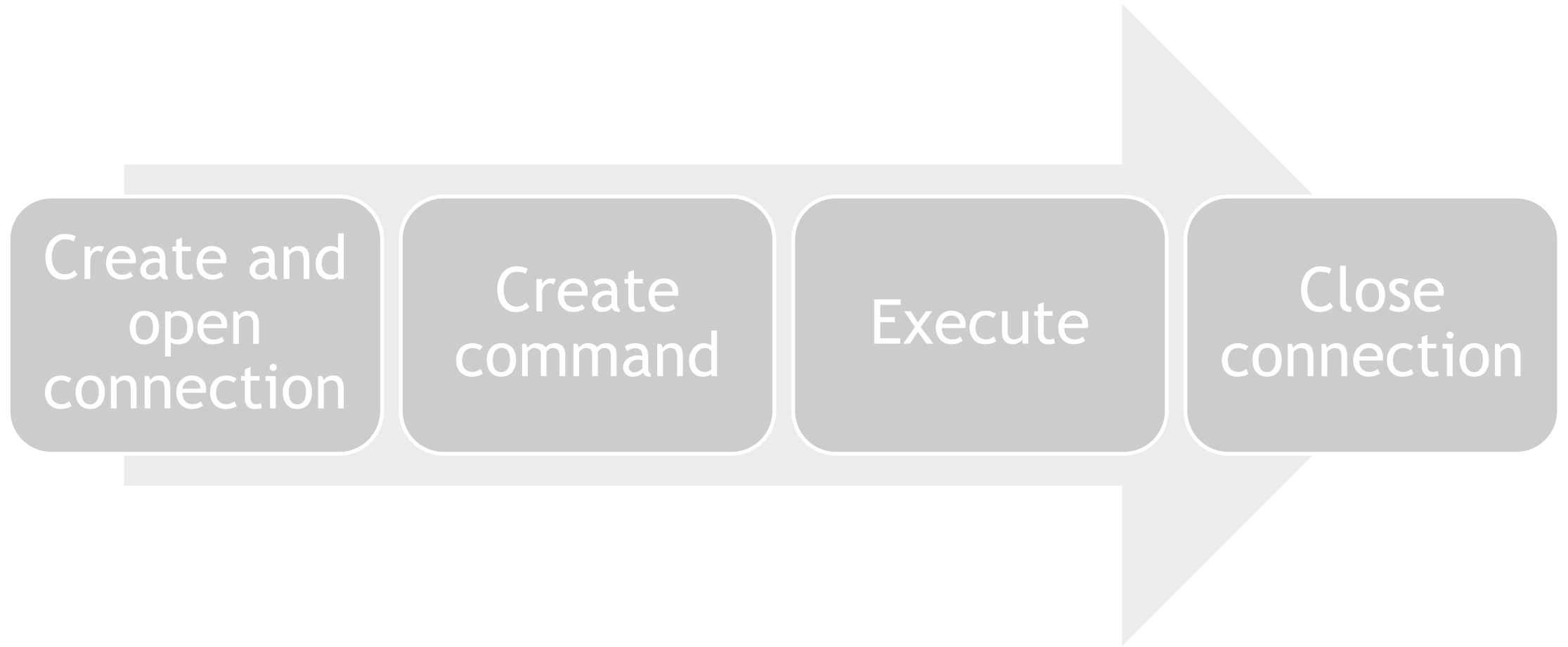
```
// Use invariant name
DbProviderFactory providerFactory = DbProviderFactories.GetFactory("System.Data.SqlClient");

IDbConnection connection = providerFactory.CreateConnection();
IDbCommand command = providerFactory.CreateCommand();
IDataAdapter dataAdapter = providerFactory.CreateDataAdapter();
```

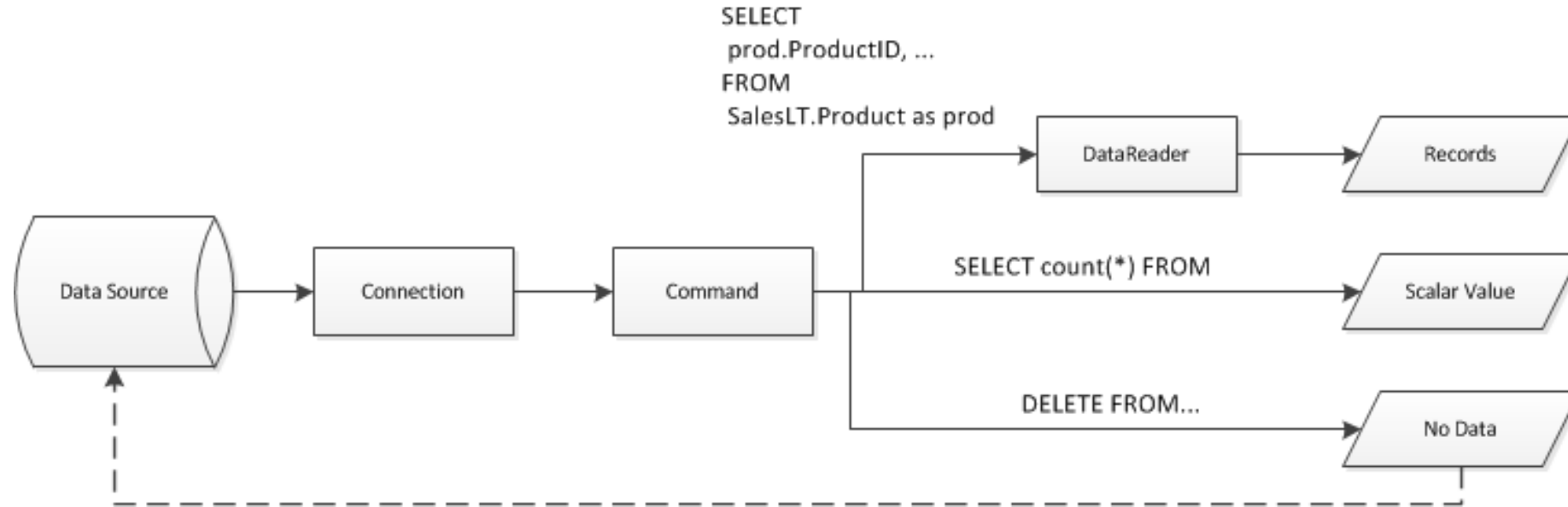
```
// Some object can create only through other
connection.ConnectionString = "Server=(local);Database=Northwind;Integrated Security=True";
connection.Open();
IDbTransaction transaction = connection.BeginTransaction();
```

# CONNECTED MODEL

# Base ADO.Net usage flow



# Connected model components



- Connection
- Command
- DataReader

# **CONNECTED MODEL. CONNECTION**

# Create connection

```
var conn = new SqlConnection(  
    "Data Source=(local);Initial Catalog=AdventureWorksLT;Integrated Security=True");  
  
conn.Open();  
  
// ...  
  
conn.Close();
```

```
using (var conn = new SqlConnection(  
    "Data Source=(local);Initial Catalog=AdventureWorksLT;Integrated Security=True"))  
{  
    conn.Open();  
  
    // ...  
}
```



# Connection strings

Data Source=(local);Initial Catalog=AdventureWorksLT;Integrated Security=True



Server

The diagram consists of three callout lines originating from the connection string. The first line points from 'Data Source=(local)' to an oval labeled 'Server'. The second line points from 'Initial Catalog=AdventureWorksLT' to an oval labeled 'Data Base'. The third line points from 'Integrated Security=True' to an oval labeled 'Windows-authentication'.

Data Base

Windows-  
authentication

# Connection strings

- Common structure  
param1=value; param2=value; ...
- Every provider have own features

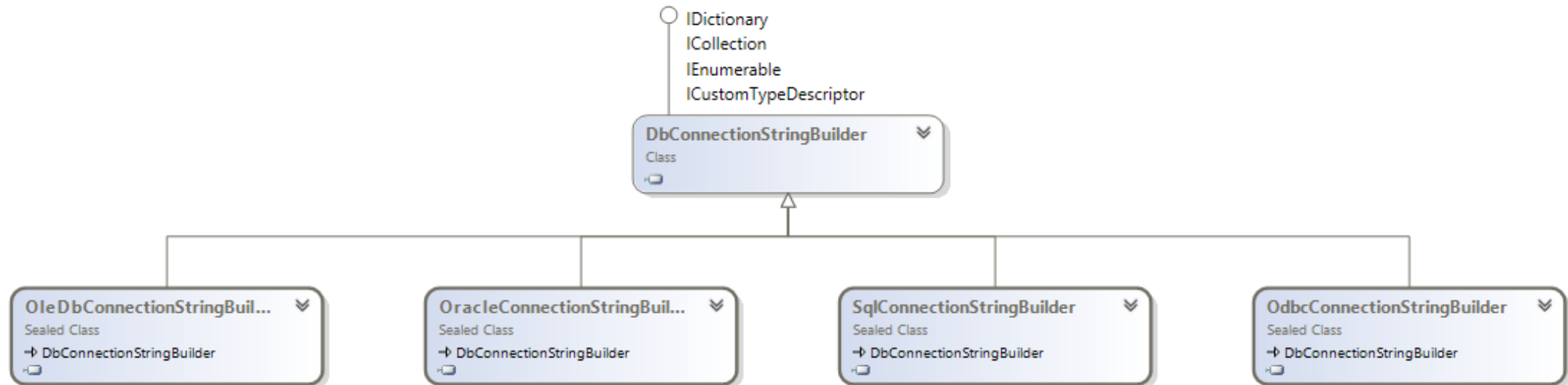
SQL Client	"Persist Security Info=False;Integrated Security=true;Initial Catalog=Northwind;server=(local)"
OleDb (MS Access)	"Provider=Microsoft.Jet.OLEDB.4.0; Data Source=c:\bin\LocalAccess40.mdb"
ODBC (Excel)	"Driver={Microsoft Excel Driver (*.xls)};DBQ=c:\bin\book1.xls"

[Connection Strings \(ADO.NET\)](#)

<http://www.connectionstrings.com>

# Connection string builder

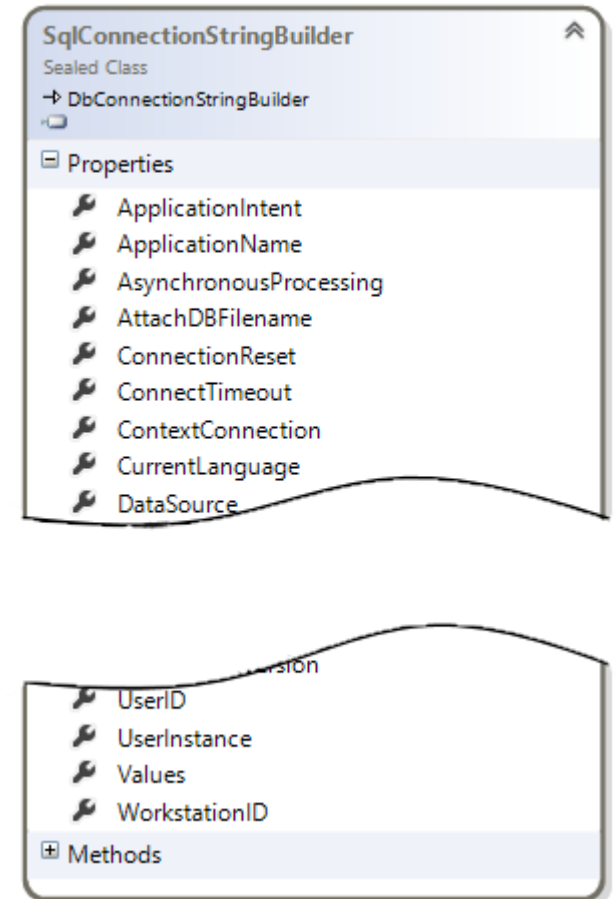
Simplification of creation and decrease error number



# Connection string builder sample

```
var connectionStringBuilder = new SqlConnectionStringBuilder
{
    DataSource = "(local)",
    InitialCatalog = "Northwind",
    IntegratedSecurity = true
};

using (var connection =
    new SqlConnection(connectionStringBuilder.ConnectionString))
{
    connection.Open();
}
```



# Common connection parameters (SqlClient)

Parameter	Samples
Data Source / Server	(local) np:(local), tcp:(local), lpc:(local) W406811-DB11\PrimaryInstance
Initial Catalog / Database	Northwind
Integrated Security / Trusted_Connection	True
User ID / UID	mihail_romanov
Password	S12SFweqb3wl
AttachDBFilename / Initial File Name	DataDirectory \data\YourDB.mdf
Connect Timeout / Timeout	30

[Connection parameters](#)

# Connection string + app.config + Provider Factories sample

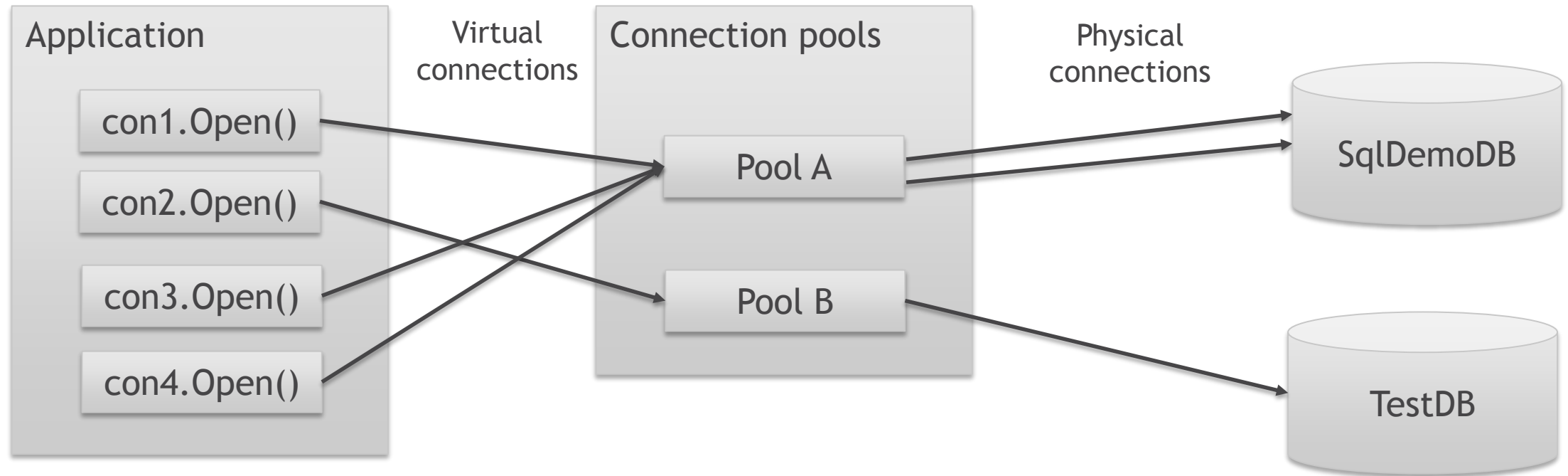
```
<configuration>
  <connectionStrings>
    <add name="NorthwindConection"
          providerName="System.Data.SqlClient"
          connectionString="Data Source=(local);Initial Catalog=Northwind;Integrated Security=True"/>
  </connectionStrings>
</configuration>
```

```
var connectionStringItem = ConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["NorthwindConection"];
var connectionString = connectionStringItem.ConnectionString;
var providerName = connectionStringItem.ProviderName;

var factory = DbProviderFactories.GetFactory(providerName);

using (var connection =factory.CreateConnection())
{
    connection.ConnectionString = connectionString;
    connection.Open();
}
```

# Connection pools



~~Data Source=(local);Initial Catalog=SqlDemoDB;Integrated Security=True~~

Data Source=(local);Initial Catalog=TestDB;Integrated Security=True

Data Source=(local);Initial Catalog=SqlDemoDB;Integrated Security=True

Data Source=(local);Initial Catalog=SqlDemoDB;Integrated Security=True

[Connection Pooling](#)

# Connection issues and best practices

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- Keep connections to the data source in use for a minimal amount of time
- Always explicitly close your Connection or DataReader objects when you are finished using them

Best  
Practice



# CONNECTED MODEL. COMMAND

# Create a command

Command should be associated with Connection

```
using (IDbConnection connection = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
{
    connection.Open();

    var command = connection.CreateCommand();
}
```

```
using (IDbConnection connection = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
{
    connection.Open();

    IDbCommand command = new SqlCommand();
    command.Connection = connection;
}
```

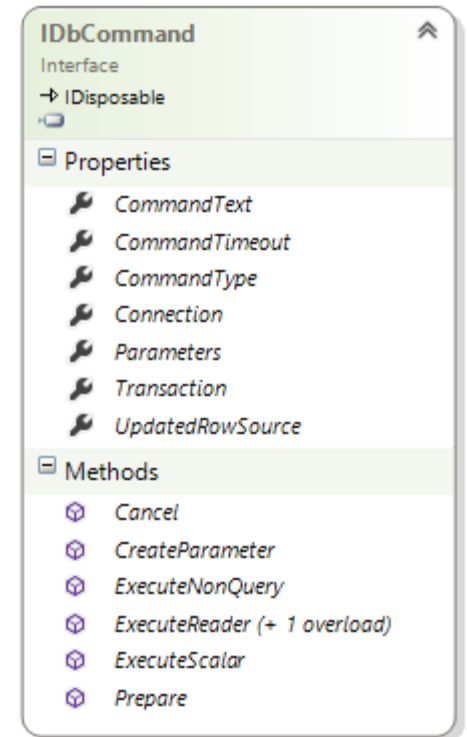
# Common Command properties

```
using (IDbConnection connection = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
{
    connection.Open();

    var command = connection.CreateCommand();

    command.CommandText = "select count(*) from Northwind.Customers";
    command.CommandType = CommandType.Text;

    var customersCount = command.ExecuteScalar();
    Console.WriteLine(customersCount);
}
```



# Command types

Command Type	Samples / Comments
Text (default)	<pre>command1.CommandText = "SELECT * FROM Northwind.Products"; command1.CommandType = CommandType.Text;  command2.CommandText = "exec sp_helpdb"; command2.CommandType = CommandType.Text;</pre>
StoredProcedure	<pre>command3.CommandText = "sp_helpdb"; command3.CommandType = CommandType.StoredProcedure;</pre>
TableDirect	<p><b>Support only in .NET Framework Data Provider for OLE DB</b></p> <pre>command.CommandText = "Northwind.Customers"; command.CommandType = CommandType.TableDirect;</pre>

# Command results

Result Type	Samples
Row set	<pre>command.CommandText =     "SELECT CompanyName FROM Northwind.Customers";  SqlDataReader reader = command.ExecuteReader();</pre>
Single value	<pre>command.CommandText =     "SELECT count(*) FROM Northwind.Customers";  int count = (int)command.ExecuteScalar();</pre>
No result	<pre>command.CommandText =     "UPDATE Northwind.Products SET UnitPrice = UnitPrice - 0.0002";  int affected = command.ExecuteNonQuery();</pre>
Xml	<pre>command.CommandText =     "SELECT * FROM Northwind.Customers FOR XML AUTO, ROOT('Customers')";  XmlReader xmlReader = command.ExecuteXmlReader();</pre>

# Parametrized query. SQL injections

```
string.Format(
    "select top 1 * from dbo.Users where Login = '{0}' and Password = '{1}'", login, password);
```

Login	<input type="text" value="mihail_romanov"/>
Password	<input type="text" value="123"/>

```
select top 1 * from dbo.Users
where Login = 'mihail_romanov' and Password = '123'
```

Login	<input type="text" value="' OR 1 = 1 /*"/>
Password	<input type="text" value="*/ --"/>

```
select top 1 * from dbo.Users
where Login = '' OR 1 = 1 /*' and Password = '123'*/ --
```

# Command parameters

```
command.CommandText =  
    "SELECT count(*) FROM Northwind.Products  
    WHERE UnitPrice >= @minPrice";
```

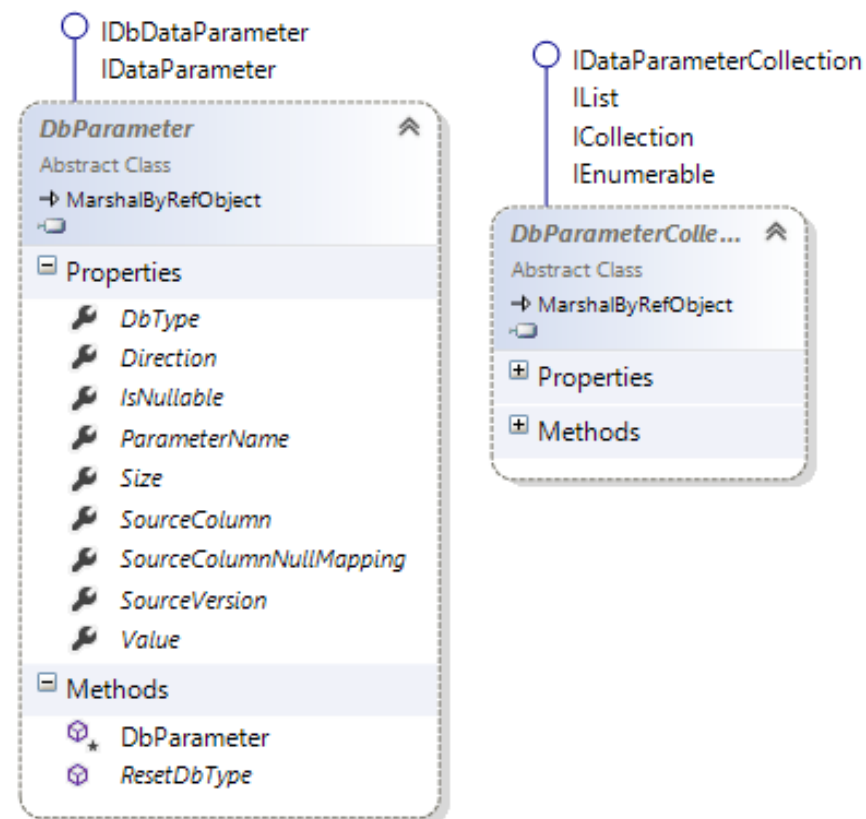
## IDbCommand

```
var minPrice = command.CreateParameter();  
minPrice.ParameterName = "@minPrice";  
minPrice.DbType = DbType.Decimal;  
minPrice.Value = 50;
```

```
command.Parameters.Add(minPrice);
```

## SqlCommand

```
command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@minPrice", 50m);
```



# Call stored procedures

```
CREATE PROCEDURE [Northwind].[CustOrdersStatistic]
    @CustomerID nchar(5),
    @Shipped int OUTPUT,
    @All int OUTPUT
AS
...
```

```
var command = connection.CreateCommand();
command.CommandText = "[Northwind].[CustOrdersStatistic]";
command.CommandType = CommandType.StoredProcedure;

command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@CustomerID", "BONAP");

var all = command.Parameters.Add(
    new SqlParameter()
    {
        ParameterName = "@All",
        DbType = DbType.Int32,
        Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    });

var shipped = command.Parameters.Add(
    new SqlParameter()
    {
        ParameterName = "@Shipped",
        DbType = DbType.Int32,
        Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    });

command.ExecuteNonQuery();

Console.WriteLine("{0} {1}", all.Value, shipped.Value);
```



# **CONNECTED MODEL. DATAREADER**

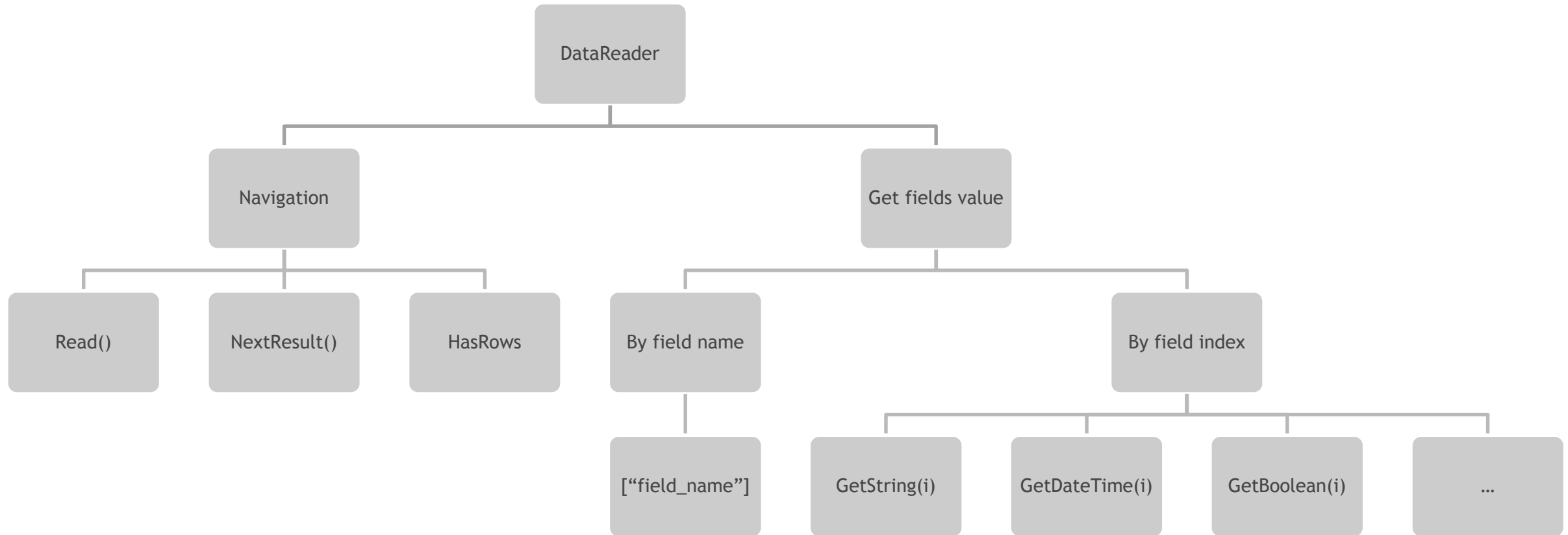
# Read result

```
using (IDbConnection connection = new SqlConnection(ConnectionString))
{
    var command = connection.CreateCommand();
    command.CommandText = "SELECT CompanyName, City, Region FROM Northwind.Customers";

    connection.Open();

    using (IDataReader reader = command.ExecuteReader())
    {
        while (reader.Read())
        {
            Console.WriteLine("{0} - {1}, {2}",
                reader["CompanyName"],
                reader["City"],
                reader["Region"]);
        }
    }
}
```

# DataReader methods



# **CONNECTED MODEL. TRANSACTIONS**

# Transaction Types

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- Local Transaction
  - On Client (usage IDbTransaction / DbTransaction)
  - On Server (explicit usage BEGIN TRANSACTION, COMMIT TRANSACTION, and ROLLBACK TRANSACTION statements - e.g. in Stored Procedure)
- Distributed Transaction
  - Only for SQL Client (usage System.Transactions)

# Local transaction

```
using (IDbConnection connection = new SqlConnection(ConnectionString))
{
    connection.Open();

    using (var transaction = connection.BeginTransaction())
    {
        var command = connection.CreateCommand();
        command.CommandText = "delete from Northwind.[Order Details] where OrderID = @orderId;";
        command.CommandText += "delete from Northwind.Orders where OrderID = @orderId;";

        var orderIdParam = command.CreateParameter();
        orderIdParam.ParameterName = "@orderId";
        orderIdParam.Value = orderId;
        command.Parameters.Add(orderIdParam);

        command.Transaction = transaction;

        command.ExecuteNonQuery();

        transaction.Commit();
    }
}
```

Open connection

Start transaction

Specify transaction for  
command

Commit or Rollback  
transaction