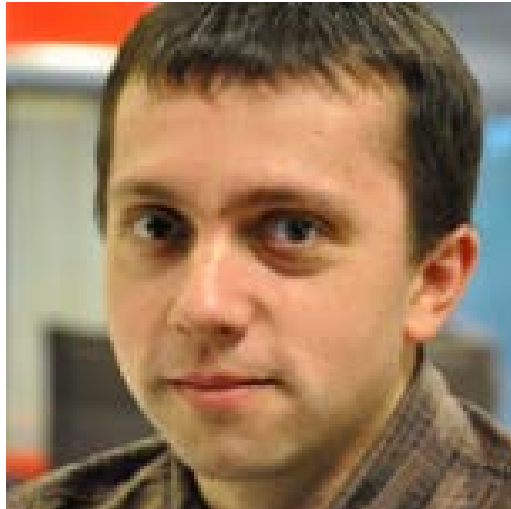


# Drawing More Graphical Elements with SVG



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## Outline

Adding SVG graphics to our site

Adding animations using SVG

# Target of This Module

We can add resizable graphics to our site

We can create simple animations using SVG



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# Adding SVG graphics to our site

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# Hello SVG!

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<svg width="300" height="200">
</svg>

</body>
</html>
```

- SVG: Scalable Vector Graphics
- Don't lose quality when zooming
- XML-based and declarative
- Has its own DOM
- Integrates with the surrounding HTML
- Supports animations
- Official W3C recommendation

# Hello SVG!

```
<!DOCTYPE html>  
<html>  
  <body>  
  
    <svg width="300" height="200">  
    </svg>  
  
  </body>  
</html>
```

# Creating Shapes

Rectangle

```
<rect x="10" y="10" width="100" height="100" />
```

Circle

```
<circle cx="10" cy="10" r="100" />
```

Ellipse

```
<ellipse cx="10" cy="10" rx="100" ry="20" />
```

Polygon

```
<polygon points="100,10 150,40 180,70" />
```

Lines

```
<line x1="0" y1="0" x2="30" y2="30" />
```

Polylines

```
<polyline points="20,20 40,40 60,40 80,100" />
```

Paths

```
<path d="M100 0 L55 100 L200 100 Z" />
```

Text

```
<text x="0" y="10" fill="orange">Pluralsight</svg>
```

# Creating a Rectangle

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<svg width="400" height="200">
  <rect x="30" y="30" width="300"
    height="100" fill="red">
    Sorry, SVG not supported.
</svg>
</body>
</html>
```





# Creating Some Ellipses

```
<svg width="400" height="200">  
  <ellipse cx="240" cy="100" rx="220"  
    ry="30" fill="green" />  
  <ellipse cx="220" cy="70" rx="190"  
    ry="20" fill="yellow"/>  
  <ellipse cx="200" cy="40" rx="160"  
    ry="10" fill="orange" />  
  Sorry, SVG not supported.  
</svg>
```



# Creating a Polyline

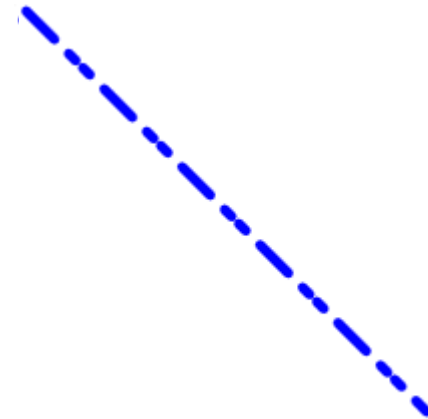
```
<svg width="400" height="200">  
  <polyline points="0,40 40,40 40,80  
    80,80 80,120 120,120"  
    stroke="green" stroke-width="5" />  
  Sorry, SVG not supported.  
</svg>
```



# Formatting Basic Shapes

- Possible to add styles to shapes
  - stroke
  - stroke-width
  - stroke-linecap
  - stroke-dasharray
  - display
  - visibility

```
<svg height="210" width="500">  
  <line x1="0" y1="0" x2="200"  
        y2="200" stroke-width="5"  
        stroke="blue" stroke-linecap="round"  
        stroke-dasharray="20,10,5,5,5,10"/>  
  Sorry, SVG not supported.  
</svg>
```



# Formatting Basic Shapes

- fill
- fill-opacity

```
<svg width="400" height="180">  
  <rect x="50" y="20" width="150"  
height="150" fill="orange" stroke="green"  
stroke-width="5" fill-opacity="0.1"  
stroke-opacity="0.9">
```

Sorry, SVG not supported.

```
</svg>
```



# Grouping

- Using the “g” element, we can group elements
  - Can be used to apply a style on all elements within the group
  - Can be nested

```
<svg width="400" height="200">  
  <g id="mygroup" fill="red">  
    <rect x="10" y="10" width="100" height="10"/>  
    <rect x="100" y="100" width="10" height="100"/>  
  </g>  
  Sorry, SVG not supported.  
</svg>
```



# Applying Effects Using Filters

- Using filters, we can create more graphical effects
- Filter specifies one or more graphical changes to be done to an SVG element
  - Requires defs element to be used
  - defs contains defined resources which can be used from within the SVG code

```
<svg height="200" width="200">
  <defs>
    <filter id="f1" x="0" y="0">
    </filter>
  </defs>
  <rect width="100" height="100" stroke="green" stroke-width="3"
    fill="yellow" filter="url(#f1)" />
</svg>
```

# Available Filters

feBlend - filter for  
combining images

feColorMatrix - filter for  
color transforms

feComponentTransfer  
feComposite  
feConvolveMatrix  
feDiffuseLighting  
feDisplacementMap  
feFlood

feGaussianBlur  
feImage  
feMerge  
feMorphology

feOffset - filter for drop  
shadows

feSpecularLighting  
feTile  
feTurbulence

# feGaussianBlur

```
<svg height="200" width="200">
  <defs>
    <filter id="f1" x="0" y="0">
      <feGaussianBlur
        in="SourceGraphic"
        stdDeviation="20" />
    </filter>
  </defs>
  <rect width="100" height="100"
    stroke="green" stroke-width="3"
    fill="yellow" filter="url(#f1)" />
```

Sorry, SVG not supported.

```
</svg>
```





# Multiple Filters

```
<svg height="500" width="500">
  <defs>
    <filter id="f1" x="0" y="0" width="200%" height="200%">
      <feOffset result="offOut" in="SourceAlpha" dx="20" dy="20" />
      <feGaussianBlur result="blurOut" in="offOut" stdDeviation="10" />
      <feBlend in="SourceGraphic" in2="blurOut" mode="normal" />
    </filter>
  </defs>
  <rect width="90" height="90" stroke="green" stroke-width="3" fill="blue"
    filter="url(#f1)" />
  Sorry, SVG not supported.
</svg>
```



# Adding Gradients

SVG also supports adding gradients

Linear: `linearGradient`

Radial: `radialGradient`

Must be defined in `defs` block as well

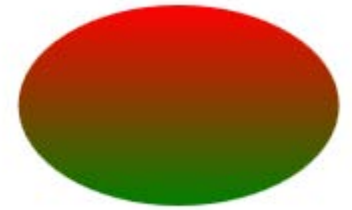
# Creating a Linear Gradient

```
<svg height="300" width="400">
  <defs>
    <linearGradient id="lingrad" x1="0%" y1="0%" x2="100%" y2="0%">
      <stop offset="0%" stop-color="red" />
      <stop offset="100%" stop-color="green" />
    </linearGradient>
  </defs>
  <ellipse cx="150" cy="60" rx="80" ry="50" fill="url(#lingrad)" />
  Sorry, SVG not supported.
</svg>
```



# Creating a Linear Gradient

```
<svg height="300" width="400">
  <defs>
    <linearGradient id="lingrad" x1="0%" y1="0%" x2="0%" y2="100%">
      <stop offset="0%" stop-color="red" />
      <stop offset="100%" stop-color="green" />
    </linearGradient>
  </defs>
  <ellipse cx="150" cy="60" rx="80" ry="50" fill="url(#lingrad)" />
  Sorry, SVG not supported.
</svg>
```





# Demo: Adding SVG Graphics to the Site

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# Adding animations using SVG

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# Adding Animations Using SVG



Declarative



JavaScript

# Declarative Animations

- Entirely defined in markup
  - Browser needs to do the actual animation
- For animations, SVG is used to define the animation
  - How long is the animation?
  - Which element needs to do which action?
  - Browser needs to render the actual animation based on SVG code



# The Aspect of Time

- An animation is the change of a value over *time*
- Time: animation defines begin and end to indicate when an animation should start and stop
  - *Run for 10 seconds after loading the SVG document*
  - *Run after another animation has finished*
- begin and end can be set to:
  - Number: defaults to seconds
  - Number followed by h, min, s or ms
    - 03:30 would be 3 minutes and 30 seconds
- Alternatively, we can specify a duration for the animation using dur

# Starting an Animation

- An animation needs to start at a certain point
  - Trigger
- Different trigger types
  - Another animation starts or ends
  - An event on an element
    - `myButton.click`
  - Pressing a key
    - `accessKey(a)`
- By default, an animation starts on load of the SVG document

# Creating the Actual Animation

- Different types of animations exist
  - <set>
  - <animate>
  - <animateColor>
  - <animateTransform>
  - <animateMotion>

# The set Animation

```
<circle cx="55" cy="55" r="100" fill="red">  
  <set attributeName="fill" to="orange" begin="1s" />  
</circle>
```

# Using the animate Animation

```
<circle cx="55" cy="55" r="100" fill="red">  
  <animate attributeName="cx" from="30" to="100"  
    begin="0s" dur="10s"  
    fill="freeze" />  
</circle>
```

# Using the animateMotion Animation

```
<rect x="10" y="20" width="100" height="50" fill="red">  
  <animateMotion to="150,50" begin="click" dur="3" />  
</rect>
```

# Using the animateTransform Animation

```
<rect x="20" y="20" width="100" height="40"  
  fill="red"  
  <animateTransform attributeName="transform"  
    type="rotate" to="90"  
    begin="0s" dur="10s"  
    repeatCount="indefinite" fill="freeze"  
  />  
</rect>
```



# Demo: Animating Our SVG Code Declaratively



# Summary



SVG enables scalable visual assets

Animation capabilities extend its use

# Congratulations on completing this course!

