# Latex in Examples



Thanks to me

Examples in this book is updated every week.

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```
\label{eq1} $$ \operatorname{equation*} \label{eq1} $$ \operatorname{equation*} \label{eq1} $$ \operatorname{equation*} \label{eq1} $$ \operatorname{equation*} \label{eq1} $$ \operatorname{cquation*} \label{eq1} $$ \operatorname{cq1} $$ \operatorname{cq1
```

Figure 1: how CORRECT paste code from example

# Math Tips

## 1.1 Auto-resizing equation

$$\dot{\rho} = \frac{x^3}{45a^9 - 23b}$$

```
\label{eq1} $$\operatorname{equation*}\label{eq1} $$\operatorname{change} .4 to 0.5... $$ \det{\rho} = \frac{x^3}{45a^9-23b} $$\end{equation*}
```

## 1.2 Form for simplest calculation

#### Fill with number

if it does't work try another PDF viewer

a:

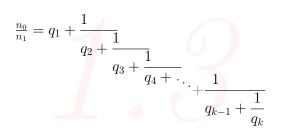
b:

c:

 $\sum =$ 

```
documentclass{article}
usepackage{hyperref}
begin{document}
\begin{Form}
\noindent%
Fill with number\\
\TextField[name=a]{a:} \
TextField[name=b]{b:} \\
TextField[name=c]{c:} \
\noindent%
\sum = \frac{\text{Num} = \text{Num}}{\text{Iname}}
 event.value = (
   \langle sss\{a\} +
   \backslash sss\{b\} +
   \backslash sss\{c\});
}, readonly, value=0]{}
\end{Form}
\end{document}
```

## 1.3 Equation in the form of steps



```
documentclass{article}
usepackage{amsmath}
def\mbox{mywd}{35pt}
\begin{document}
 \label{eq:frac} $$ \prod_0 {n_1} = q_1 + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{n_0}{n_1}} = q_1 + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{n_0}{n_1}}}{q_1} }
     \hookrightarrow $1$}}
 \hookrightarrow $1$}}
 {\mbox[\mbox[\mbox]][l]{$q_4 + \mbox[\mbox[\mbox[\mbox]]]}}
  \ \c {-6pt}{\$\ddots\$}
  \hookrightarrow \text{kern30pt\$}
 {q_{k-1}} + dfrac{1}
 {q_k}$
\end{document}
```

# Symbols

## 2.1 New section symbol



```
\usepackage[object=vectorian]{pgfornament}
\usepackage{lipsum,tikz}
\newcommand{\sectionlinetwo}[2]{\%}
\nointerlineskip \vspace{.5\baselineskip}\hspace{\fill}
{\color{#1}\resizebox{0.5\linewidth}{2ex}
{{{\begin{tikzpicture}}}
\node (C) at (0,0) {};\node (D) at (9,0) {};
\path (C) to [ornament=#2] (D);
\end{tikzpicture}}}\%
\hspace{\fill}\par\nointerlineskip
\vspace{.5\baselineskip}}
%usage---> \sectionlinetwo{orange}{88}
```

# Code, listings, minted ...

## 3.1 Code listing using minted in beamer



```
documentclass{beamer}
usepackage{amsmath}
usepackage{tcolorbox}
tcbuselibrary{minted,skins,breakable}
newtcblisting{pythoncode}[2][]{
 listing engine=minted, breakable, colback=bg,
 colframe=black!70, listing only,
 minted style=colorful, minted language=python,
 minted options={numbersep=3mm,texcl=true,#1},
 left=5mm,enhanced,
 overlay={\begin{tcbclipinterior}\fill[black!25] (frame.south west)
rectangle ([xshift=5mm]frame.north west);\end{tcbclipinterior}},
\#2,}
\begin{document}
\begin{frame}[fragile]
    \frametitle{Premature Optimization}
    \begin{pythoncode}[linenos=true,]{title=Python Code
        \hookrightarrow Example}
   import glob
    \end{pythoncode}
\end{frame}
\end{document}
```

## 3.2 "Zebra" style listing

```
/**

* Prints Hello World.

**/
#include <stdio.h>

int main(void) {
    printf("Hello World!");
    return 0;
}
```

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[T1]{fontenc}
\usepackage{beramono}
\usepackage{listings}
\usepackage{xcolor}
\newcommand\realnumberstyle[1]{}
\makeatletter
\newcommand{\zebra}[3]{%
    {\realnumberstyle{#3}}%
    \begingroup
\lst@basicstyle
    \ifodd\value{lstnumber}%
        \color{#1}%
        \color{#2}%
         \rlap{\hspace*{\lst@numbersep}%
         \label{linewidth} $$ \operatorname{\color@block}(\linewidth}{\ht\strutbox}{\dp\strutbox}$
    \endgroup}
\makeatother
\begin{document}
\begin{lstlisting}[language=C,basicstyle=\ttfamily,
numberstyle=\zebra{green!35}{yellow!35},numbers=left]
* Prints Hello World.
#include <stdio.h>
int main(void) {
   printf("Hello World!");
\end{lstlisting}
\end{document}
```

## 3.3 Listing with russian language



```
documentclass{article}
   usepackage[T2A]{fontenc}
   usepackage[utf8]{inputenc}
   usepackage[russian]{babel}
   \{usepackage\{listings\}\}
 \usepackage{xcolor}
 \begin{document}
 \lstset{ keepspaces=true,
backgroundcolor=\color{blue},
showstringspaces=false,
language=C,
extendedchars=\true,
framexrightmargin=0pt,
framexleftmargin=0pt,
framextopmargin=15pt,
framexbottommargin=15pt,
frame=tb, framerule=0pt,
begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{begin{bee}b}}}}}}}}}}
print("English comment"); // English comment
print("Russian comment"); // %here can be russian words
end{lstlisting}\% <<<<<< add "/"
\end{document}
```

# Tables, boxes and so on

#### 4.1 Nice tcolorbox

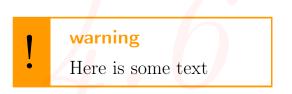


- 4.2 empty
- 4.3 empty
- 4.4 Table with the desired length.
- 4.5 empty

		Table 1: Caption		
Variant	res	Veriaty of waters $f_0$ , res	C, res	L, res
5	1	2	1.26	5

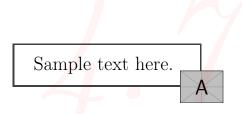
a command was also created to make a new cell view in the table

#### 4.6 Warning banner



```
usepackage[utf8]{inputenc}
 usepackage[T1]{fontenc}
\usepackage[most]{tcolorbox}
definecolor{orang}{RGB}{255,155,0}
\newtcolorbox[auto counter,number within=section]{caja}[1][]{
enhanced jigsaw,colback=white,colframe=orang,coltitle=orang,
fonttitle=\bfseries\sffamily,
sharp corners,
detach title,
leftrule=10mm,
% What you need %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
underlay unbroken and first={\node[below,text=black,anchor=east]
at ([xshift=-5.5pt]interior.base west) {\Huge \textbf{!}};},
breakable,pad at break=1mm,
#1,
code = { \left\{ \left\{ \left\{ \left\{ \left\{ \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \right\} \right\} \right\} \right\} \right\} \right\} \right\} } 
    \hookrightarrow tcbtitle\par\medskip\}\}\},
\begin{document}
\begin{caja}[title=warning]
The vertical alignment settings
\end{caja}
end{document}
```

#### 4.7 Photo positioning



# 4.8 Absolutely centered cells (vertically and horisontally)

all	in	cells	
are	centered	vertically	
and	h <mark>or</mark> isontally	$\sum$	

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{float}
\usepackage{array, makecell}
\setcellgapes{5pt}

\begin{document}
\begin{table}[H]
\center
\makegapedcells
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline

1&1&1&1\\ hline

1&1&1&1\\ hline

1&1&1&1\\ hline

1&1&1&1\\ hline

1&1&1&1\\ hline

1&1&1&1\\ hline

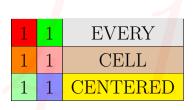
\end{tabular}
\end{tabular}
\end{document}
```

#### 4.9 Martix made of table

```
d_{n+1} \begin{vmatrix} a_{1,1} & \dots & a_{1,n} & 0 \\ a_{1,1} & \dots & a_{1,n} & 0 \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ a_{1,1} & \dots & a_{1,n} & 0 \\ a_{1,1} & \dots & a_{1,n} & 0 \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ a_{1,1} & \dots & a_{1,n} & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 0
```

```
documentclass[a4paper,14pt]{extreport}
begin{document}
\begin{table}[]
\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array}
& $a \{1,1\}$ & $\\dots, a \{1,n\}$ & 0 & \\
& a_{1,1} & \cdot dots, a_{1,n} & 0 & \
& $a \{1,1\}$ & $\\dots, a \{1,n\}$ & 0 & \\
d_{n+1} & & & & & = \overline{p} pm 2ad_n$ = 0 \
& a_{1,1} & \cdot dots, a_{1,n} & 0 & \\
& a_{1,1} & dots, a_{1,n} & 0 & \
\end{tabular}
\end{table}
\end{document}
```

# 4.10 Centering cells with NiceTabular



```
documentclass{article}
usepackage[table]{xcolor}
usepackage{nicematrix}
NiceMatrixOptions{cell-space-top-limit=5pt,cell-space-bottom-
   \hookrightarrow limit=5pt}
begin{document}
\begin{table}[htbp]
centering
\operatorname{begin}\{\operatorname{NiceTabular}\}\{|c|c|c|\}
hline
cellcolor{orange}1 & \cellcolor{red!35}1 & 1 \\ \hline
cellcolor{green!35}1 \& cellcolor{blue!45}1 \& 1 \setminus hline
end{NiceTabular}
end{table}
end{document}
```

# 4.11 Centered cells in longtable

Enum	Example	Description	
1	test	Quisque facilisis auctor sapien. Pellentesque gravida hendrerit lectus. Mauris rutrum sodales sapien. Fusce hendrerit sem vel lorem. Integer pellentesque massa vel augue. Integer elit tortor, feugiat quis, sagitiis et, ornare non, lacus. Vestibulum posuere pellentesque eros. Quisque venenatis ipsum dictum nulla. Aliquam quis quam non metus eleifend interdum. Nam eget sapien ae mauris malesuada adipiscing. Etiam eleifend neque sed quam. Nulla facilisi. Proin a ligula. Sed id dui eu nibh egestas tincidunt. Suspendisse arcu.	
2a	test	Quisque facilisis auctor sapien. Pellentesque gravida hendrerit lectus. Mauris rutrum sodales sapien. Fusce hendrerit sem vel lorem. Integer pellentesque massa vel augue. Integer elit tortor, feugiat quis, sagittis et. ornare non, lacus. Vestibulum posuere pellentesque eros. Quisque venenatis ipsum dictum nulla. Aliquam quis quam non metus eleifend interdum. Nam eget sapien ac mauris malesuada adipiscing. Etiam eleifend neque sed quam. Nulla facilisi. Proin a ligula. Sed id dui eu nibl egestas tincidunt. Suspendisse arcu.	
2b	test	Quisque facilisis auctor sapien. Pellentesque gravida hendrerit lectus. Mauris rutrum sodales sapien. Fusce hendrerit sem vel lorem. Integer pellentesque massa vel augue. Integer elit tortor, feugiat quis, sagitiis et. ornare non, lacus. Vestibulum posuere pellentesque eros. Quisque venenatis ipsum dictum nulla. Aliquam quis quam non metus eleifend interdum. Nam eget sapien ac mauris malesuada adipiscing. Etiam eleifend neque sed quam. Nulla facilisi. Proin a ligula. Sed id dui eu nibh egestas tincidunt. Suspendisse arcu.	

```
documentclass{article}
usepackage[left=1.5cm,right=1.5cm,
top=1.5cm,bottom=2cm,bindingoffset=0cm]{geometry}
\usepackage{float}
usepackage{array, makecell}
usepackage[utf8]{inputenc}
\usepackage{lipsum}
usepackage{booktabs}
\usepackage{multirow}
usepackage{pdflscape}
\usepackage{longtable, array}
\begin{document}
\begin{landscape}
\left[ \left( \frac{3}{2} \right) \right] 
    \hookrightarrow paperwidth} @{}}
endfirsthead
\endhead
toprule
\textbf{Enum} & \textbf{Example} & \textbf{Description} \\
midrule
1 \& \text{test } \& \lceil 50 \rceil \setminus
\midrule
2a \& test \& \lceil 50 \rceil \setminus
2b \& test \& \lceil 50 \rceil \setminus
\bottomrule
\end{longtable}
\end{landscape}
\end{document}
```

## 4.12 If table is not wide enough

Item1	Item2	Item3
Group1 0.8	0.1	0.1
Group2 0.1	0.8	0.1
Group3 0.1	0.1	0.8
Group4 0.34	0.33	0.33

```
documentclass{article}
usepackage[left=1.5cm,right=1.5cm,
top=1.5cm,bottom=2cm,bindingoffset=0cm]{geometry}
\usepackage{graphicx}
\usepackage{booktabs}
\usepackage{tabularx}
\begin{document}
\begin{table}[!ht]
caption{Vertical and lateral stresses of mortar.}
vspace{0.5cm}
\begin{tabularx}{\textwidth}{X X X X}
       & Item1 & Item2 & Item3 \\ \midrule
Group1 & 0.8 & 0.1 & 0.1 \\
Group2 & 0.1 & 0.8 & 0.1 \\
Group3 & 0.1 & 0.1 & 0.8 \\
Group4 & 0.34 & 0.33 & 0.33 \\ \bottomrule
\end{tabularx}
\left| \operatorname{label} \{c \right|
\end{table}
\end{document}
```

#### 4.13 Text next to a table

text text text

1	22	333

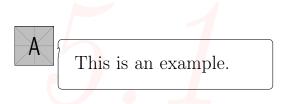
```
documentclass[a4paper,14pt]{extreport}
 usepackage[left=1.5cm,right=1.5cm,top=1.5cm,bottom=2cm,

→ bindingoffset=0cm]{geometry}

\usepackage{lipsum}
\begin{document}
\left[ \frac{\text{begin}}{\text{minipage}} \right] = \frac{0.58}{\text{textwidth}}
text text text
\end{minipage}
hspace{0.2cm}
 \operatorname{begin}\{\min_{m=0}^{m} \{0.40 \setminus \text{textwidth}\}
\left( \frac{c|c|c}{c|c|} \right)
hline
1 & 22 & 333 & \\ \hline
  & & & \setminus \setminus hline
  & & & \\ \hline
  & & & \setminus \setminus hline
\end{tabular}
\end{minipage}
\end{document}
```

# Figures

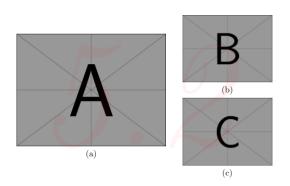
## 5.1 Comment to figure



```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{tikz}
\usetikzlibrary{shapes.callouts}

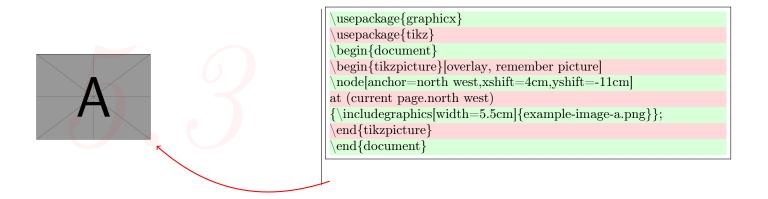
\begin{document}
\begin{tikzpicture}
\node [anchor=south west] at (0, 0) (cartoon) {\includegraphics[width]
\document = .15\textwidth, height=.15\textwidth]{example-image-a}};
\node [anchor=north west, rectangle callout, draw=black,
callout absolute pointer=(cartoon.east),
rounded corners=3pt, text width=0.7\textwidth, inner sep=2ex] at (.19\
\document{\document}
\document{\document}
\text{tikzpicture}
\end{\document}
```

## 5.2 Positioning $1 \mid 2$



```
documentclass{article}
   usepackage{graphicx}
   usepackage{subfig}
   begin{document}
 \operatorname{begin}\{\operatorname{figure}\}[\operatorname{htp}]
   centering
   begin{tabular}{@{}c@{}}
   \operatorname{subfloat}\{\operatorname{includegraphics}[\operatorname{width}=0.5] = 0.5 \leq \operatorname{width}=0.5 \leq \operatorname{width}=0.
 end{tabular}\qquad % some space
\operatorname{begin}\{\operatorname{tabular}\{@\{\}c@\{\}\}\}
\operatorname{subfloat}\{\operatorname{includegraphics}[\operatorname{width}=0.3]\
\end{tabular}
\caption{Caption.}
 \end{figure}
 end{document}
```

# 5.3 Placing image anywhere You want



# Chapter 6 Numbering

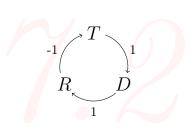
# Plots, tikz, pie charts ...

#### 7.1 Simple pie chart



```
\documentclass[border=0.2cm]{standalone}
\usepackage{pgf-pie}
\begin{document}
\begin{tikzpicture}
\pie{22.97/Los Angeles Lakers,}
22.97/Boston Celtics,
8.11/Golden State Warriors,
8.11/Chicago Bulls,
6.76/San Antonio Spurs,
31.07/Other Teams}
\end{tikzpicture}
\end{document}
```

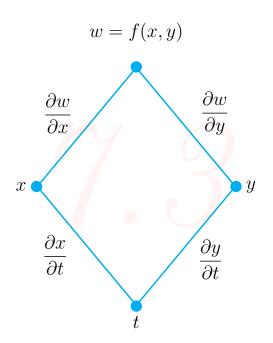
#### 7.2 Circled arrows with text



```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{tikz}

\begin{document}
\begin{tikzpicture}[->,scale=.7]
\node (i) at (90:1cm) {$T$};
\node (j) at (-30:1cm) {$D$};
\node (k) at (210:1cm) {$R$};
\draw (70:1cm) arc (70:-10:1cm) node[midway, right] {{\footnotesize 1}};
\draw (-50:1cm) arc (-50:-130:1cm) node[midway, below] {{\footnotesize 1}};
\draw (190:1cm) arc (190:110:1cm) node[midway, left] {{\footnotesize -1}};
\end{tikzpicture}
\end{document}
```

#### 7.3 Diamond with text



```
\documentclass[a4paper,14pt]{extreport}
\label{lem:condition} $$ \usepackage[left=1.5cm,right=1.5cm,top=1.5cm,bottom=2cm,bindingoffset=0] $$

→ cm]{geometry}
\usepackage{amsmath}
usepackage{tikz}
\usetikzlibrary{shapes.geometric}
\begin{document}
\begin{tikzpicture}
\node[diamond,font=\small,
line width=0.4mm, scale=0.7,
   draw = cyan, minimum width = 7.5cm, %text = red,
   minimum height = 9cm] (d) at (0,0) { };
      \node [above=0.5cm] (a) at (d.90) \{w = f(x,y)\};
      \node [above=0.5cm,right=0.1cm] (b) at (d.45) {\frac{\partial w}{(d.45) }}
           \hookrightarrow partial y\$;
      \hookrightarrow partial x}$};
      \node [left=0.1cm] (dd) at (d.180) {$x$};
     \node [right=0.1cm] (e) at (d.0) {$y$};
      \node [below=0.1cm] (f) at (d.270) {$t$};
      \hookrightarrow partial t\$;
     \node [below=0.5cm,left=0.1cm] (h) at (d.220) {\frac{\color{0.5cm},\color{0.5cm}}{\color{0.5cm}}}

→ partial t}$;

      \node at (d.90) [cyan,circle,fill,inner sep=3pt]{};
      \node at (d.180) [cyan,circle,fill,inner sep=3pt]{};
     \node at (d.0) [cyan,circle,fill,inner sep=3pt]{};
      \node at (d.270) [cyan,circle,fill,inner sep=3pt]{};
\end{tikzpicture}
\end{document}
```

# Highlighting

# 8.1 Words highlighting 1

```
The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.

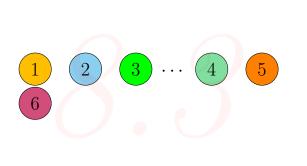
The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.
```

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{tcolorbox}
\newtcbox{\mybox}[1][red]{on line,
\arc=0pt,outer \arc=0pt,colback=#1!10!\white,colframe=#1!50!\black,
\boxsep=0pt,left=1pt,right=1pt,top=2pt,\bottom=2pt,
\boxrule=0pt,\bottomrule=1pt,toprule=1pt}
\newtcbox{\xmybox}[1][red]{\no \line,
\arc=7pt,colback=#1!10!\white,colframe=#1!50!\black,
\before \upper={\rule[-3pt]{0pt}{10pt}},\boxrule=1pt,
\boxsep=0pt,left=6pt,right=6pt,top=2pt,\bottom=2pt}
\begin{\document}
\text{The \mybox[green]{quick} \brown \mybox{fox}...\par
\text{The \xmybox[green]{quick} \brown \xmybox{fox}} ...\end{\document}
```

## 8.2 Unusual words highlighting

```
Here You can see more examples and learn something new.
```

#### 8.3 Colored circles



```
usepackage{tikz}
usepackage[framemethod=TikZ]{mdframed}
\usepackage{xcolor}
usetikzlibrary{calc}
makeatletter
\newlength{\mylength}
\xdef\CircleFactor{1.1}
\setlength\mylength{\dimexpr\f@size pt}
\newsavebox{\newbox{\newbox}}
\hookrightarrow WL1/}#1}}\setlength\mylength{\dimexpr\CircleFactor\dimexpr\ht\
    \begin{tabular}{l} \hookrightarrow \begin{tabular}{l} mybox+\dp\mybox\relax}\tikzset\{mystyle/.style=\{circle,\#1,
    → minimum height={\mylength}}} \tikz[baseline=(char.base)]
\node[mystyle] (char) {\#2};
\displaystyle \operatorname{definecolor}\{\operatorname{amber}\}\{\operatorname{rgb}\}\{1.0,\,0.75,\,0.0\}
\left(\frac{babyblue}{rgb}\right)
usage --> \circled[fill=amber,draw=black]{1}
```

#### 8.4 Whole line colored



```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{xcolor}
\newcommand{\hly}[2]{\colorbox{#1!80}{\parbox{\textwidth}{#2}}}
\begin{document}
%\hly{YOURcolor}{some text}
\hly{green}{some text}
\hly{yellow}{some text}
\hly{red}{some text}
\hly{red}{some text}
\end{document}
```