DOS FUNCTIONS AND INTERRUPTS (KEYBOARD AND VIDEO PROCESSING)

The Intel CPU recognizes two types of interrupts namely hardware interrupt when a peripheral devices needs attention from the CPU and software interrupt that is call to a subroutine located in the operating system. The common software interrupts used here are INT 10H for video services and INT 21H for DOS services.

INT 21H:

It is called the DOS function call for keyboard operations follow the function number. The service functions are listed below:

00H- It terminates the current program.

- Generally not used, function 4CH is used instead.

01H- Read a character with echo

- Wait for a character if buffer is empty
- Character read is returned in AL in ASCII value

02H- Display single character

- Sends the characters in DL to display
- MOV AH, 02H
- MOV DL, 'A'; move Dl, 65
- INT 21H

03H and 04H - Auxiliary input/output

- INT 14H is preferred.

05H - Printer service

- Sends the character in DL to printer

06H- Direct keyboard and display

- Displays the character in DL.

07H- waits for a character from standard input

does not echo

08H- keyboard input without echo

- Same as function 01H but not echoed.

09H- string display

- Displays string until '\$' is reached.
- DX should have the address of the string to be displayed.

OAH - Read string

OBH- Check keyboard status

- Returns FF in AL if input character is available in keyboard buffer.
- Returns 00 if not.

OCH- Clear keyboard buffer and invoke input functions such as 01, 06, 07, 08 or 0A.

- AL will contain the input function.

INT 21H Detailed for Useful Functions

01H

MOV, AH 01H; request keyboard input INT 21H

- Returns character in AL. IF AL= nonzero value, operation echoes on the screen. If Al= zero means that user has pressed an extended function key such as F1 OR home.

02H

```
MOV AH, 02H; request display character MOV DL, CHAR; character to display INT 21H
```

- Display character in D2 at current cursor position. The tab, carriage return and line feed characters act normally and the operation automatically advances the cursor.

09H

```
MOV Ah, 09H; request display
LEA DX, CUST_MSG; local address of prompt
INNT 21H
CUST_MSG DB "Hello world", '$'
```

- Displays string in the data area, immediately followed by a dollar sign (\$ or 24H), which uses to end the display.

OAH

```
MOV AH, 0AH ; request keyboard input LEA DX, PARA_ LIST ; load address of parameter list INT 21H
```

Parameter list for keyboard input area:

PARA_LIST LABEL BYTE; start of parameter list MAX_LEN DB 20; max. no. of input character

ACT _ LEN DB ?; actual no of input characters
KB-DATA DB 20 DUP ('); characters entered from keyboard

- LABEL directive tells the assembler to align on a byte boundary and gives location the name PARA _LIST.
- PARA_LIST & MAX_LEN refer same memory location, MAX_LEN defines the maximum no of defined characters.
- ACT_LEN provides a space for the operation to insert the actual no of characters entered.
- KB_DATA reserves spaces (here 20) for the characters.

Example:

```
TITLE to display a string
.MODEL SMALL
.STACK 64
.DATA
      STR DB 'programming is fun', '$'
.CODE
MAIN PROC FAR
      MOV AX, @DATA
      MOV DS, AX
      MOV AH, 09H ; display string LEA
      DX, STR
      INT 21H
      MOV AX, 4C00H
      INT 21H
MAIN ENDP
END MAIN
```

INT 10H

It is called video display control. It controls the screen format, color, text style, making windows, scrolling etc. The control functions are:

```
# 00H – set video mode

MOV AH, 00H ; set mode

MOV AL, 03H ; standard color text
INT 10H ; call interrupt service

# 01H- set cursor size

MOV AH, 01H

MOV CH, 00H ; Start scan line

MOV CL, 14H ; End scan line

INT 10H ; (Default size 13:14)
```

MOV AL, 01H

```
# 02H – Set cursor position:
       MOV AH, 02H
       MOV BH, 00H
                           ; page no
       MOV DH, 12H
                           ; row/y (12)
       MOV DL, 30H
                            ; column/x (30)
       INT 10H
# 03H - return cursor status
       MOV AH, 03H
       MOV
                 BH,
       00H; INT 10H
       Returns: CH- starting scan line, CL-end scan line, DH- row, DL-column
# 04H- light pen function
# 05H- select active page
       MOV AH, 05H
       MOV AL, page-no.
                           ; page number
       INT 10H
# 06H- scroll up screen
MOV AX, 060FH
                    ; request scroll up one line (text)
MOV BH, 61H
                    ; brown background, blue foreground
MOV CX, 0000H
                    ; from 00:00 through
MOV DX, 184F H
                    ; to 24:79 (full screen)
INT 10H
AL= number of rows (00 for full screen)
BH= Attribute or pixel value
CX= starting row: column
DX= ending row: column
# 07H-Scroll down screen
Same as 06H except for down scroll
# 08H (Read character and Attribute at cursor)
MOV AH, 08H
MOV BH, 00H
                    ; page number 0(normal)
INT 10H
AL= character
BH= Attribute
# 09H -display character and attribute at cursor
MOV AH, 09H
```

; ASCII for happy face display

MOV BH, 00H ; page number

MOV BL, 16H ; Blue background, brown foreground

MOV CX, 60 ; No of repeated character

INT 10H

OAH-display character at cursor

MOV AH, 0AH MOV AI, Char MOV BH, page _no MOV BL, value MOV CX, repetition INT 10H

OBH- Set color palette

Sets the color palette in graphics mode

Value in BH (00 or 01) determines purpose of BL

BH= 00H, select background color, BL contains 00 to 0FH (16 colors)

BH = 01H , select palette, Bl, contains palette MOV AH, 0BH

MOV AH, OBH

MOV BH, 00H; background MOV BH, 01H; select palette

MOV BL, 04H; red MOV BL, 00H; black

INT 21H INT 21H

#0CH- write pixel Dot

Display a selected color

AL=color of the pixel CX= column BH=page number DX= row

MOV AH, 0CH

MOV AI, 03

MOV BH,0

MOV CX, 200

MOV DX, 50

INT 10H

It sets pixel at column 200, row 50

#0DH- Read pixel dot

Reads a dot to determine its color value which returns in AL

MOV AH, 0DH

MOV BH, 0 ; page no MOV CX, 80 ; column MOV DX, 110 ; row

INT 10H

#OEH- Display in teletype mode

 Use the monitor as a terminal for simple display MOV AH, 0EH MOV AL, char
 MOV BL, color; foreground

MOV BL, color; foreground color INT 10H

#OF H- Get current video mode

Returns values from the BIOS video .

AL= current video mode MOV AH, 0FH

AH= no of screen columns INT 10H

BH = active video page

TITLE To Convert letters into lower case

.MODEL SMALL

.STACK 99H

.CODE

MAIN PROC

MOV AX, @ DATA

MOV DS, AX

MOV SI, OFFSER STR

M: MOV DL, [SI]

MOV CL, DL

CMP DL, ' \$'

JE N

CMP DL, 60H

JL L

K: MOV DL, CL

MOV AH, 02H

INT 21H

INC SI

JMP M

L: MOV DL, CL

ADD DL, 20H

MOV AH, 02H

INT 21H

INC SI

JMP M

N: MOV AX, 4C00H

INT 21H

MAIN ENDP

.DATA

STR DB 'I am MR Rahul ", '\$'

END MAIN

TITLE to reverse the string

```
.MODEL SMALL
       .STACK 100H
       .DATA
          STR1 DB " My name is Rahul", '$'
          STR2 db 50 dup ('$')
       .CODE
   MAIN PROC FAR
          MOV BL,00H
          MOV AX, @ DATA
          MOV DS, AX
          MOV SI, OFFSER STR1
          MOV DI, OFFSET STR2
          MOV DL, [SI]
   L2:
          CMP DI, '$'
          JE L1
          INC SI
          INC BL
          JMP L2
   L1:
          MOV CL, BL
          MOV CH, 00H
          DEC SI
   L3:
          MOV AL, [SI]
          MOV [DI], AL
          DEC SI
          INC DI
          LOOP L3
          MOV AH,09H
          MOV DX, OFFSET STR2
          INT 21H
          MOV AX, 4C00H
          INT 21H
   MAIN ENDP
   END MAIN
TITLE to input characters until 'q' and display
   .MODEL SMALL
   .STACK 100H
    .DATA
          STR db 50 DUP ('$')
    .CODE
   MAIN PROC FAR
```

MOV AX, @ DATA

MOV DS, AX

MOV SI, OFFSET STR

L2: MOV AH, 01H

INT 21H

CMP AL, 'q'

JE L1

MOV [SI], AL

INC SI

JMP L2

L1: MOV AH, 09H

MOV DX, OFFSET STR

INT 21H

MOV AX, 4C00H

INT 21H

MAIN ENDP

END MAIN