(including label & variable names) for use in Pass 2 (deal with forward ref.).
- Perform some processing of assembler directives (these can affect address assignment).

• Pass 2 (assemble instruc^{n}'s & generate obj. pgm):
- assemble instruc^{n}'s (translate opcode & look up addresses)
- generate data values def. by BYTE, WORD.
- perform processing of assembler dir. not done in Pass 1.
- write the obj. pgm. & the assembly listing.

★ Main DS:
• oper^{n} code table (OPTAB): table used to lookup mnemonic opcodes & their M.L equivalent.
• Symbol table (SYMTAB): store values (addr.) assigned to labels
• loc^{n} counter (LOCCTR): a var. - helps in the assignment of addresses.

• LOCCTR – (i) initialize with beg. addr. in START stmt.
(ii) after each source stmt. is processed, length of assembled instruc^{n}. / data area (e.g. BYTE, RESW etc.) to be gen. is added to LOCCTR.
(iii) :, when we reach a label in the source pgm., current value of LOCCTR

* OPTAB –

• Content – mapping btw mnemonic opcode & their machine code; also include the instruc. format, available addressing modes & length info.

• Characteristics – Static table. The content will never change
– info. is predefined when the assembler is written.

• Implement? – hash table with opcode as key.
– it provide fast retrieval * with min. search.

• Pass 1 – look up & validate mnemonics in the prgm.
• Pass 2 –

* SYMTAB –

• Data:
– dynamic table (symb. may be inserted / deleted / searched in the table).

• Content:
– Label name & val.
– flags.

• Pass 1 – fill labels & assigned addr. (from LOCCTR) as and when they are encountered.
• Pass 2 – symbols used as operands are looked up to obtain their addresses for the assembled instruc?
• Both passes of the assembler can read the orig. prgm as i/p.
• Certain info – to should be comm. btw 2 passes.

(LOCCTR value, error flag for stmts.)
Pass 1 writes an intermediate file.
i/p for Pass 2.

(* in the label field
⇒ comment)

(comments) * Pass 1 of assembler :

```
Pass 1:
begin
    read first i/p line
    if OPCODE = 'START' THEN
    begin
        save #{OPERAND} as starting address.
        initialize LOCCTR to " "
        write line to intermediate file.
        read next i/p line
    end {if START}
else.
    initialize LOCCTR to 0
while OPCODE ≠ 'END' do
    begin
        if this is not a comment line then
        begin
            if there is a symbol in label ⇒ search SYMTAB field
            then
                begin
                    search SYMTAB for label.
                    if found then
                        set error flag {duplicate symb}
                    else
                        insert {LABEL, LOCCTR} into SYMTAB
                    end {if symbol}
```