

Homework 4

Economics 7103

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1 Python

1. As we see from the figure 1, the treatment and control groups do not have perfect parallel trends, but the gap between them are still similar. Although the difference remains consistent over time until December 2017, a markedly sharp decrease in bycatch is observed right before treatment.

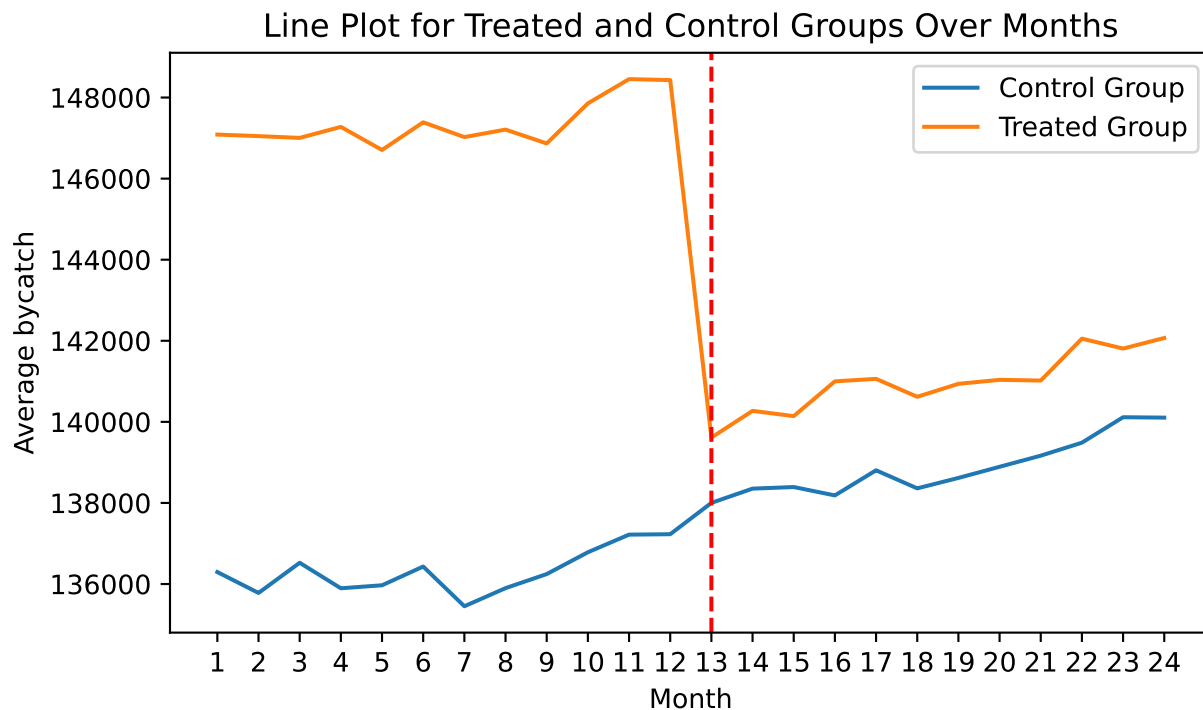


Figure 1: Bycatch by months before and after treatment.

2. I manually estimated using Python the treatment effect of the program on bycatch using the sample analog of the population difference-in-differences for the treatment and control groups in December 2017 and January 2018. The results are presented in table 1

Sample analog of the population DID	
$E[Y_{igt} g(i) = treat, t = Dec2017] =$	148430.641
$E[Y_{igt} g(i) = treat, t = Jan2018] =$	139612.507
$E[Y_{igt} g(i) = control, t = Dec2017] =$	137228.598
$E[Y_{igt} g(i) = control, t = Jan2018] =$	138001.814
DID =	-9591.350

Table 1: The sample analog of the population DID for treatment and control groups.

- 3.a.
- 3.b.
- 3.c.
- 3.d. See table

2 Stata

1.a. I generated firm and month indicator variables and included all of them in the regression. Stata dropped two firm indicator variables and one month indicator variable. The DID estimator is presented in the first column of the Table 2.

1.b. After demeaning at the firm level, "firmsize", "firm" and "month" dummy variables were eliminated. The DID estimator is presented in the second column of the Table 2.

1.c The table 2 summarizes the results of estimating models in part (a) and (b). In the first model, the results indicate that treated firms decreased bycatch by 8,085 pounds. In the demeaned OLS regression results, treated firms, on average, reduced bycatch by 8,149 pounds relative to the control group after accounting for group-specific time trends.

	(a) Original	(b) No FE
Treatment Effect Estimates	-8085.14 (2619.21)	-8149.06 (2489.02)
Method	With FEs	Demeaned
Observations	1200	1200

Table 2: Estimating the DID estimators using OLS regression