AUDIT REPORT



MAR 2023

Security Assessment TreeNity Token

March 1, 2023





Table of Contents

- 1 Assessment Summary
- 2 Technical Findings Summary
- **3 Project Overview**
 - 3.1 Token Summary
 - 3.2 Risk Analysis Summary
 - 3.3 Main Contract Assessed
- 4 Smart Contract Risk Checks
 - 4.1 Mint Check
 - 4.2 Fees Check
 - 4.3 Blacklist Check
 - 4.4 MaxTx Check
 - 4.5 Pause Trade Check
- **5 Contract Ownership**
- **6 Liquidity Ownership**
- 7 KYC Check
- 8 Smart Contract Vulnerability Checks
 - 8.1 Smart Contract Vulnerability Details
 - 8.2 Smart Contract Inheritance Details
 - 8.3 Smart Contract Privileged Functions
- 9 Assessment Results and Notes(Important)
- 10 Social Media Check(Informational)
- 11 Technical Findings Details









Assessment Summary

This report has been prepared for TreeNity Token on the Binance Smart Chain network. Analytix Audit provides both client-centered and user-centered examination of the smart contracts and their current status when applicable. This report represents the security assessment made to find issues and vulnerabilities on the source code along with the current liquidity and token holder statistics of the protocol.

A comprehensive examination has been performed, utilizing Cross Referencing, Static Analysis, In-House Security Tools, and line-by-line Manual Review.

The auditing process pays special attention to the following considerations:

- Testing the smart contracts against both common and uncommon attack vectors.
- Inspecting liquidity and holders statistics to inform the current status to both users and client when applicable.
- Assessing the codebase to ensure compliance with current best practices and industry standards.
- Verifying contract functions that allow trusted and/or untrusted actors to mint, lock, pause, and transfer assets.
- Cross referencing contract structure and implementation against similar smart contracts produced by industry leaders





Technical Findings Summary

Classification of Risk

Severity	Description
Critical	Risks are those that impact the safe functioning of a platform and must be addressed before launch. Users should not invest in any project with outstanding critical risks.
Major	Risks can include centralization issues and logical errors. Under specific circumstances, these major risks can lead to loss of funds and/or control of the project.
Medium	Risks may not pose a direct risk to users' funds, but they can affect the overall functioning of a platform
Minor	Risks can be any of the above but on a smaller scale. They generally do not compromise the overall integrity of the Project, but they may be less efficient than other solutions.
Informational	Errors are often recommended to improve the code's style or certain operations to fall within industry best practices. They usually do not affect the overall functioning of the code.

Findings

Severity	Found	Pending	Resolved
Critical	0	0	0
Major	0	0	0
Medium	0	0	0
Minor	10	10	0
Informational	0	0	0
Total	10	10	0



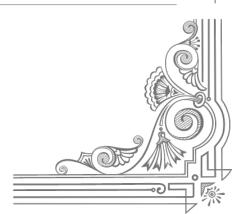


Project Overview

Token Summary

Parameter	Result
Address	OxdB8bADfB9bc480bA5996e59425d8e8A99E9093B9
Name	TreeNity
Token Tracker	TreeNity (TREE)
Decimals	9
Supply	1,000,000,000
Platform	Binance Smart Chain
compiler	v0.8.4+commit.c7e474f2
Contract Name	LiquidityGeneratorToken
Optimization	Yes with 200 runs
LicenseType	MIT
Language	Solidity
Codebase	https://bscscan.com/address/0xdB8bADfB9bc480bA5996e59 425d8e8A99E9093B9#code
Payment Tx	0x3a63649ae445e5c54dfdede6c8af0cfebaf7afe2d1138acb52 8625f20fac87cc







Project Overview

Risk Analysis Summary

Parameter	Result
Buy Tax	5.2%
Sale Tax	5.2%
Is honeypot?	Clean
Can edit tax?	Renounced
Is anti whale?	No
Is blacklisted?	No
Is whitelisted?	No
Holders	1
Confidence Level	Medium

The following quick summary it's added to the project overview; however, there are more details about the audit and its results. Please read every detail.











TestNet Contract was Not Assessed

Solidity Code Provided

SolID	File Sha-1	FileName
LiquidityGeneratorTok en2		LiquidityGeneratorToke n2.sol







Mint Check

The project owners of TreeNity do not have a mint function in the contract, owner cannot mint tokens after initial deploy.

The Project has a Total Supply of 1,000,000,000 and cannot mint any more than the Max Supply.

Mint Notes:

Auditor Notes:

Project Owner Notes:











Fees Check

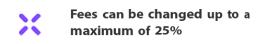
The project owners of TreeNity do not have the ability to set fees higher than 25%.

The team May have fees defined; however, they can't set those fees higher than 25% or may not be able to configure the same.

Tax Fee Notes:

Auditor Notes: The contract currently has 5.2% buy and 5.2% sell taxes, and cannot be changed

Project Owner Notes:











Blacklist Check

The project owners of TreeNity do not have a blacklist function their contract.

The Project allow owners to transfer their tokens without any restrictions.

Token owner cannot blacklist the contract: Malicious or compromised owners can trap contracts relying on tokens with a blacklist.

Blacklist Notes:

Auditor Notes:

Project Owner Notes: undefined









MaxTx Check

The Project Owners of TreeNity cannot set max tx amount

The Team allows any investors to swap, transfer or sell their total amount if needed.

MaxTX Notes:

Auditor Notes:

Project Owner Notes:

Project Has No MaxTX









Pause Trade Check

The Project Owners of TreeNity don't have the ability to stop or pause trading.

The Team has done a great job to avoid stop trading, and investors has the ability to trade at any given time without any problems

Pause Trade Notes:

Auditor Notes:

Project Owner Notes:

Owner can't pause trading









Contract Ownership

The contract ownership of TreeNity has been renounced.

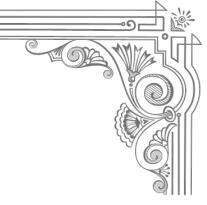
Having no owner means that all the ownable functions in the contract can not be called by anyone, this often leads to more trust on the project.











Liquidity Ownership

The token does not have liquidity at the moment of the audit, block

If liquidity is unlocked, then the token developers can do what is infamously known as 'rugpull'. Once investors start buying token from the exchange, the liquidity pool will accumulate more and more coins of established value (e.g., ETH or BNB or Tether). This is because investors are basically sending these tokens of value to the exchange, to get the new token. Developers can withdraw this liquidity from the exchange, cash in all the value and run off with it. Liquidity is locked by renouncing the ownership of liquidity pool (LP) tokens for a fixed time period, by sending them to a time-lock smart contract. Without ownership of LP tokens, developers cannot get liquidity pool funds back. This provides confidence to the investors that the token developers will not run away with the liquidity money. It is now a standard practice that all token developers follow, and this is what really differentiates a scam coin from a real one.

Read More









KYC Information

The Project Owners of TreeNity is not KYC.



Auditor Notes:

Project Owner Notes:









Smart Contract Vulnerability Checks

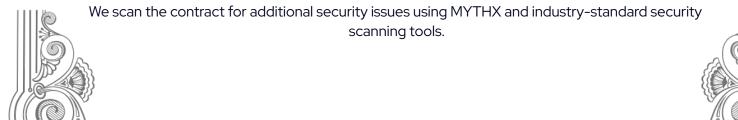
ID	Severity	Name	File	location
SWC-100	Pass	Function Default Visibility	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-101	Pass	Integer Overflow and Underflow.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-102	Pass	Outdated Compiler Version file.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-103	Fail x9	A floating pragma is set.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 11,98,12 4,203,43 2,682,892 ,926,950 C: 0,0,0,0
SWC-104	Pass	Unchecked Call Return Value.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-105	Pass	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-106	Pass	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-107	Pass	Read of persistent state following external call.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-108	Fail	State variable visibility is not set	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 992 C: 7
SWC-109	Pass	Uninitialized Storage Pointer.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-110	Pass	Assert Violation.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0



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ID	Severity	Name	File	location
SWC-111	Pass	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C
SWC-112	Pass	Delegate Call to Untrusted Callee.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L:0C:0
SWC-113	Pass	Multiple calls are executed in the same transaction.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-114	Pass	Transaction Order Dependence.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-115	Pass	Authorization through tx.origin.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-116	Pass	A control flow decision is made based on The block.timestamp environment variable.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-117	Pass	Signature Malleability.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-118	Pass	Incorrect Constructor Name.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-119	Pass	Shadowing State Variables.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-120	Pass	Potential use of block.number as source of randonmness.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-121	Pass	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-122	Pass	Lack of Proper Signature Verification.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-123	Pass	Requirement Violation.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-124	Pass	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0



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ID	Severity	Name	File	location
SWC-125	Pass	Incorrect Inheritance Order.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C.
SWC-126	Pass	Insufficient Gas Griefing.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-127	Pass	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-128	Pass	DoS With Block Gas Limit.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-129	Pass	Typographical Error.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-130	Pass	Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E).	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-131	Pass	Presence of unused variables.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-132	Pass	Unexpected Ether balance.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-133	Pass	Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-134	Pass	Message call with hardcoded gas amount.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-135	Pass	Code With No Effects (Irrelevant/Dead Code).	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-136	Pass	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain.	LiquidityGeneratorT oken2.sol	L: 0 C: 0





Smart Contract Vulnerability Details

SWC-103 - Floating Pragma.

CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime.

References:

Description:

Contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested with thoroughly. Locking the pragma helps to ensure that contracts do not accidentally get deployed using, for example, an outdated compiler version that might introduce bugs that affect the contract system negatively.

Remediation:

Lock the pragma version and also consider known bugs (https://github.com/ethereum/solidity/releases) for the compiler version that is chosen.

Pragma statements can be allowed to float when a contract is intended for consumption by other developers, as in the case with contracts in a library or EthPM package. Otherwise, the developer would need to manually update the pragma in order to compile locally.

References:

Ethereum Smart Contract Best Practices - Lock pragmas to specific compiler version.







Smart Contract Vulnerability Details

SWC-108 - State Variable Default Visibility

CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards

Description:

Labeling the visibility explicitly makes it easier to catch incorrect assumptions about who can access the variable.

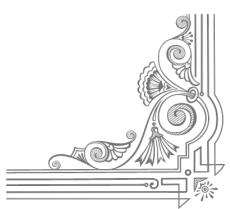
Remediation:

Variables can be specified as being public, internal or private. Explicitly define visibility for all state variables.

References:

Ethereum Smart Contract Best Practices - Explicitly mark visibility in functions and state variables







Inheritance

The contract for TreeNity has the following inheritance structure.

The Project has a Total Supply of 1,000,000,000









Social Media Checks

Social Media	URL	Result
Twitter	https://twitter.com/TreenitySpace	Pass
Other		N/A
Website	www.treenity.space	Pass
Telegram	https://t.me/TreenitySpace	Pass

We recommend to have 3 or more social media sources including a completed working websites.

Social Media Information Notes:

Auditor Notes: undefined

Project Owner Notes:









Assessment Results

Score Results

Review	Score
Overall Score	84/100
Auditor Score	86/100
Review by Section	Score
Manual Scan Score	43/50
SWC Scan Score	41/50
Advance Check Score	undefined/0

The Following Score System Has been Added to this page to help understand the value of the audit, the maximun score is 100, however to attain that value the project most pass and provide all the data needed for the assessment. Our Passing Score has been changed to 80 Points, if a project does not attain 80% is an automatic failure. Read our notes and final assessment below.

Audit Passed

Audit Passed

Current project reviewed successfully passed audit, meeting all requirements for approval per Analytix Audit guidelines



@FreddyCryptos

Today's Date





Important Notes:

- No high-risk Exploits/Vulnerabilities Were Found in the Source Code.
- As ownership renounced if owner trying to create pool in any decentralized, he won't be able to finalize it as cannot exclude from fees presale address.

Auditor Score =86 Audit Passed





Appendix



Finding Categories

Centralization / Privilege

Centralization / Privilege findings refer to either feature logic or implementation of components that actagainst the nature of decentralization, such as explicit ownership or specialized access roles incombination with a mechanism to relocate funds.

Gas Optimization

Gas Optimization findings do not affect the functionality of the code but generate different, more optimalEVM opcodes resulting in a reduction on the total gas cost of a transaction.

Logical Issue

Logical Issue findings detail a fault in the logic of the linked code, such as an incorrect notion on howblock.timestamp works.

Control Flow

Control Flow findings concern the access control imposed on functions, such as owneronly functionsbeing invoke-able by anyone under certain circumstances.

Volatile Code

Volatile Code findings refer to segments of code that behave unexpectedly on certain edge cases that mayresult in a vulnerability.

Coding Style

Coding Style findings usually do not affect the generated byte-code but rather comment on how to makethe codebase more legible and, as a result, easily maintainable.

Inconsistency

Inconsistency findings refer to functions that should seemingly behave similarly yet contain different code, such as a constructor assignment imposing different require statements on the input variables than a setterfunction.

Coding Best Practices

BRC 20 Conding Standards are a set of rules that each developer should follow to ensure the code meet a set of creterias and is readable by all the developers.



Disclaimer

Analytix Audit has conducted an independent security assessment to verify the integrity of and highlight any vulnerabilities or errors, intentional or unintentional, that may be present in the reviewed code for the scope of this assessment. This report does not constitute agreement, acceptance, or advocation for the Project, and users relying on this report should not consider this as having any merit for financial advice in any shape, form, or nature. The contracts audited do not account for any economic developments that the Project in question may pursue, and the veracity of the findings thus presented in this report relate solely to the proficiency, competence, aptitude, and discretion of our independent auditors, who make no guarantees nor assurance that the contracts are entirely free of exploits, bugs, vulnerabilities or deprecation of technologies.

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