Requirement guide for class project

Use cases will be used as requirements for this project.

Template

An adaptation of the standard Cockburn template will be used. The template and examples follow:

ID and name	1.Autentificare		
Primary actor	Agent de vanzari, Manager	Secondary actors	
Description	Autentificarea in aplicatie realizata de agentul de vanzari		
Trigger	Agentul apasa pe butonul de "Autentificare" din fereastra principala		
Preconditions	-		
Postconditions	Agentul este autentificat in aplicatie		
Normal flow	Agentul apasa pe butonul de "Autentificare"		
Alternative flows	-		
Exceptions	Username/parola invalide		

ID and name	2.Vizualizare lista produse
Primary actor	Agent de vanzari /Manager
Description	Vizualizarea listei de produse vandute de firma impreuna cu pretul si stocul
Trigger	Agentul /Managerul doreste sa vizualizeze lista de produse si apasa pe butonul "Produse" din fereastra principala
Preconditions	Agentul /Managerul trebuie sa fie autentificat
Postconditions	-
Normal flow	 Apasa pe butonul "Produse" din fereastra principala Soft-ul ii afiseaza lista de produse
Alternative flows	-
Exceptions	

3.Plasare comanda
Agent
Plasarea unei comenzi de produse formate din cantitatea dorita din fiecare
Agentul doreste sa plaseze o comanda noua si apasa pe butonul "Plaseaza o comanda" din fereastra principala
Agentul trebuie sa fie autentificat
Agentul a plasat comanda, aceasta e salvata in baza de date si soft-ul afiseaza mesajul "Comanda a fost plasata cu succes!"
 Agentul apasa pe butonul "Plaseaza o comanda" din fereastra principala Soft-ul ii afiseaza lista de produse impreuna cu stocul si pretul Agentul alege cantitatea din fiecare produs si apasa pe "Continua" Soft-ul ii afiseaza rezumatul comenzii Agentul confirma datele apasand pe butonul "Finalizeaza comanda" Soft-ul salveaza comanda, actualizeaza stocurile si afiseaza "Comanda a fost plasata cu succes"

Alternative flows	-
Exceptions	Cantitate insuficienta dintr-un produs, se afiseaza "Stoc insuficient!"

ID and name	4.Vizualizare detalii comanda
Primary actor	Agent de vanzari
Description	Vizualizarea detaliilor tuturor comenzilor, inclusiv celor in curs
Trigger	Agentul doreste sa vizualizeze detaliile comenzilor si apasa pe butonul "Vizualizare detalii comanda" din fereastra principala
Preconditions	Agentul trebuie sa fie autentificat
Postconditions	-
Normal flow	Apasa pe butonul "Vizualizare detalii comanda" Soft-ul ii afiseaza lista comenzilor finalizate sau in curs de finalizare, impreuna cu detaliile acestora
Alternative flow	Dupa plasarea unei comenzi, agentul apasa pe butonul "Vizualizare detalii comanda" Soft-ul ii afiseaza detaliile comenzii plasate
Exceptions	Agentul nu a plasat nicio comanda, se afiseaza mesajul "Nu aveti comenzi plasate!"

ID and name	5.Vizualizare grafic comenzi
Primary actor	Agent de vanzari
Description	Vizualizarea grafica a valorilor comenzilor plasate de agent din fiecare luna
Trigger	Agentul doreste sa vizualizeze valorile comenzilor plasate de el in fiecare luna si apasa pe butonul "Vizualizare grafic comenzi" din fereastra principala
Preconditions	Agentul trebuie sa fie autentificat
Postconditions	-

Normal flow	Agentul apasa pe butonul "Vizualizare grafic comenzi" Soft-ul ii afiseaza graficul cu valorile comenzilor din fiecare luna
Alternative flow	-
Exceptions	Agentul nu a plasat nicio comanda vreodata, se afiseaza mesajul "Nu ati plasat nicio comanda!"

ID and name	6.Distribuire produse
Primary actor	Agent de vanzari
Description	Distribuirea produselor din comanda daca aceasta nu a fost anulata
Trigger	Agentul doreste sa distribuie comanda in cazul in care comanda nu a fost anulata si apasa pe butonul "Distribuie produse" din fereastra principala
Preconditions	Agentul trebuie sa fie autentificat
Postconditions	-
Normal flow	Agentul apasa pe butonul "Distribuire produse" Soft-ul ii afiseaza comenzile in curs de desfasurare Agentul selecteaza comanda pe care doreste sa o distribuie Soft-ul ii afiseaza un formular cu urmatoarele intrebari Comanda a fost anulata de client? Da/Nu Data distribuirii produselor Ora distribuirii Agentul completeaza fornularul si apasa pe butonul "Trimitere formular" Soft-ul ii afiseaza un mesaj corespunzator "Comanda anulata cu succes!" "Comanda a fost distribuita cu succes!"
Alternative flow	-
Exceptions	Agentul nu are nicio comanda nefinalizata, se afiseaza mesajul "Nu aveti comenzi in curs de desfasurare!"

ID and name	7.Update stoc
Primary actor	Manager
Description	Managerul poate adauga produse prin modificarea stocului acestora
Trigger	Managerul doreste sa modifice stocul unui produs si apasa pe butonul "Update stoc" din fereastra de vizualizare a listei de produse
Preconditions	Managerul trebuie sa fie autentificat
Postconditions	Stocul trebuie sa fie un numar natural
Normal flow	Managerul apasa pe butonul "Update stoc" din dreapta unui produs Soft-ul ii afiseaza stocul curent al produsului impreuna cu alte detalii despre acesta si ofera posibilitatea de a-l modifica Managerul introduce noul stoc. Managerul apasa pe butonul "Salveaza"
Alternative flow	_
Exceptions	Stocul introdus de manager nu este numar natural

Descriptions of template fields:

- **ID and name:** Title should be descriptive and should usually begin with a verb, e.g. order, calculate, input, etc. ID can have any format but must be unique among all use cases.
- **Primary actor:** Person that wishes to accomplish a goal through the use of the system. Only a single primary actor per use case.
- **Secondary actors:** Actors that have an interest in the completion of the goal but that do not directly interact with the system.
- **Description:** Concise description of the purpose of the use case.
- **Trigger:** Condition internal or external to the system that prompts the use case to start.
- **Preconditions:** Conditions that must be true before the use case starts. Each should be labeled with an ID unique to the use case.
- **Postconditions:** Conditions that must be true after the use case ends normally. Each should be labeled with an ID unique to the use case.
- Normal flow: Detailed step-by-step description of the logical flow of the use case. It should
 describe an explicit two way interaction, with the system prompting for input and the actor
 responding accordingly. Each step should be numbered.
- **Alternative flows:** Flows that achieve the same goal as the normal flow but are expected to be less common or lower priority.

• Exceptions: Conditions that result in the normal flow ending prematurely due to an unrecoverable condition in the system. The condition that causes the flow should be clearly stated, as should be any other decisions that the actor must make in this situation.

Examples

For a hypothetical Cafeteria Ordering System¹:

ID and name	UC-1: Order a Meal			
Primary actor	Patron	Secondary actors	Cafeteria Inventory System	
Description	A Patron accesses the Cafeteria Ordering System from either the corporate intranet or external Internet, views the menu for a specific date, selects food items, and places an order for a meal to be picked up in the cafeteria or delivered to a specified location within a specified 15-minute time window.			
Trigger	A Patron indicates that he wants to order a meal.			
Preconditions	PRE-1. Patron is logged into COS. PRE-2. Patron is registered for meal payments by payroll deduction.			
Postconditions	POST-1. Meal order is stored in COS with a status of "Accepted." POST-2. Inventory of available food items is updated to reflect items in this order. POST-3. Remaining delivery capacity for the requested time window is updated.			
Normal flow	1. Patron asks to view menu for a specific date. (see 1.0.E1, 1.0.E2) 2. COS displays menu of available food items and the daily special. 3. Patron selects one or more food items from menu. (see 1.1) 4. Patron indicates that meal order is complete. (see 1.2) 5. COS displays ordered menu items, individual prices, and total price, including taxes and delivery charge. 6. Patron either confirms meal order (continue normal flow) or			

¹ Examples adapted from Wiegers, K. E. & Beatty, J. (2013) Software requirements . 3rd ed. Redmond, WA: Microsoft Press.

- requests to modify meal order (return to step 2).
- 7. COS displays available delivery times for the delivery date.
- 8. Patron selects a delivery time and specifies the delivery location.
- 9. Patron specifies payment method.
- 10. COS confirms acceptance of the order.
- 11. COS sends Patron an email message confirming order details, price, and delivery instructions.
- 12. COS stores order, sends food item information to Cafeteria Inventory System, and updates available delivery times.

Alternative flows

1.1 Order multiple identical meals

- 1. Patron requests a specified number of identical meals. (see 1.1.E1)
- 2. Return to step 4 of normal flow.

1.2 Order multiple meals

- 1. Patron asks to order another meal.
- 2. Return to step 1 of normal flow.

Exceptions

1.0.E1 Requested date is today and current time is after today's order cutoff time

- 1. COS informs Patron that it's too late to place an order for today.
- 2a. If Patron cancels the meal ordering process, then COS terminates use case.
- 2b. Else if Patron requests another date, then COS restarts use case.

1.0.E2 No delivery times left

- 1. COS informs Patron that no delivery times are available for the meal date.
- 2a. If Patron cancels the meal ordering process, then COS terminates use case.
- 2b. Else if Patron requests to pick the order up at the cafeteria, then continue with normal flow, but skip steps 7 and 8.

1.1.E1 Insufficient inventory to fulfill multiple meal order

- 1. COS informs Patron of the maximum number of identical meals he can order, based on current available inventory.
- 2a. If Patron modifies number of meals ordered, then return to step 4

of normal flow.
2b. Else if Patron cancels the meal ordering process, then COS terminates use case.

ID and name	UC-5 Register for Payroll Deduction			
Primary actor	Patron	Patron Secondary actors Payroll System		
Description	Cafeteria patrons who use the COS and have meals delivered must be registered for payroll deduction. For noncash purchases made through the COS, the cafeteria will issue a payment request to the Payroll System, which will deduct the meal costs from the next scheduled employee payday direct deposit.			
Trigger	Patron requests to register for payroll deduction, or Patron says yes when COS asks if he wants to register.			
Preconditions	PRE-1. Patron is logged into COS.			
Postconditions	POST-1. Patron is registered for payroll deduction.			
Normal flow	5.0 Register for Payroll Deduction			
	 COS asks Payroll System if Patron is eligible to register for payroll deduction. Payroll System confirms that Patron is eligible to register for payroll deduction. COS asks Patron to confirm his desire to register for payroll deduction. If so, COS asks Payroll System to establish payroll deduction for Patron. Payroll System confirms that payroll deduction is established. COS informs Patron that payroll deduction is established. 			
Alternative flows	None			
Exceptions	5.0.E1 Patron is not a full time employee.			
	5.0.E2 Patron is already enrolled for payroll deduction.			

Extra credit step: Traceability

For this extra step, you will add traceability information for each use case by adding a new field to the template:

Method-level traces	<fully.qualified.classname>#<methodname></methodname></fully.qualified.classname>

Any method that implements the functionality described in the normal flow, alternative flow or exceptions should be included in this field. This means that the method that is initially executed and any methods of any classes that the work is delegated to should be included.

Examples for previous use cases:

UC-1:

my.company.ordering.MenuWidget#dateClicked my.company.ordering.MenuWidget#completeOrder my.company.ordering.InventoryInterface#checkInventory
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UC-5:

my.company.payroll.PayrollInterface#checkEligibility my.company.payroll.RegistrationForm#confirm
