```
f[x_] := Expand[((x^3) - 1) / (x - 1)] (*el limite de la funcion f1 cuando x tiende
    a 0 es igual a 1 y coincide el valor de la funcion para ese punto;
    el limite cuando x tiende a 1 es 3 y es un hueco que no se ve en
        la grafica porque la funcion no esta definida en ese punto;
    el limite cuando x tiende a 2 tambien esta definido y
        coincide con el valor de la funcion para ese punto*)

ln[27]=
    Limit[f[x], x → 0]

Out[27]= 1

ln[31]= Limit[f[x], x → 1]

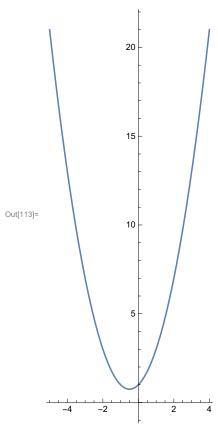
Out[31]= 3

ln[32]=
    Limit[f[x], x → 2]
Out[32]= 7
```

```
Limit[f[x], x \rightarrow 0];
       f[0];
       Limit[f[x], x \rightarrow 1];
       f[1];
       Limit[f[x], x \rightarrow 2];
       f[2];
       TableForm[Table[{x, f[x]}, {x, 0.99999, 1.00001, 0.000001}], {1, 1/0.0000001}]
       (*La funcion es indeterminada cuando x
        tiende a 1 pero se ve que se va a acercando a 3*)
       Power::infy: Infinite expression \frac{1}{0} encountered. \gg
       Infinity::indet: Indeterminate expression 0 ComplexInfinity encountered. >>>
       Power::infy: Infinite expression \frac{1}{0} encountered. >>
       Infinity::indet: Indeterminate expression 0. ComplexInfinity encountered. >>>
Out[194]//TableForm=
       0.99999
                     2.99997
       0.999991
                     2.99997
       0.999992
                    2.99998
       0.999993
                    2.99998
       0.999994
                    2.99998
       0.999995
                     2.99999
       0.999996
                     2.99999
       0.999997
                     2.99999
       0.999998
                     2.99999
       0.999999
                    3.
       1.
                     Indeterminate
                     3.
       1.
       1.
                     3.00001
       1.
                     3.00001
                     3.00001
       1.
       1.00001
                    3.00002
       1.00001
                    3.00002
       1.00001
                    3.00002
                    3.00002
       1.00001
       1.00001
                     3.00003
       1.00001
                     3.00003
```

In[113]:=

 $Plot[f[x], \{x, -5, 4\}, AspectRatio \rightarrow Automatic]$ 



 $f1[x_] := Expand[((x^2) - (5x) + 6)/(x - 3)]$ (\*El limite cuando x tiende a 1 coincide con el valor de la funcion y es igual a -1; el limite cuando x tiende a 2 coincide tambien con el valor de la funcion y es igual a 7; y el limite cuando x tiende a 3 es igual a 13 y es un punto que no esta definido en la funcion $\star$ )

 $Limit[f1[x], x \rightarrow 1]$ 

Out[132]= -1

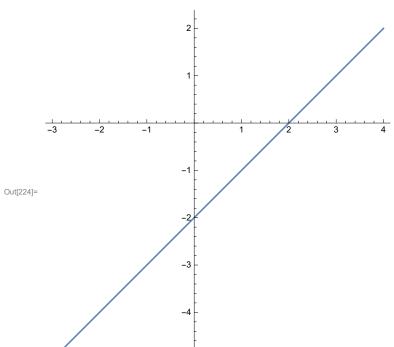
ln[304]:= Limit[f1[x], x  $\rightarrow$  2]

Out[304]= 0

```
ln[305]:= Limit[f1[x], x \rightarrow 3]
Out[305]= 1
 In[306]:= Limit[f1[x], x \rightarrow 1];
        f1[1];
        Limit[f1[x], x \rightarrow 2];
        f1[2];
        Limit[f1[x], x \rightarrow 3];
        f1[3];
        TableForm[Table[\{x, f1[x]\}, \{x, 2.99999, 3.00001, 0.000001\}], \{2, 2/0.15\}]
        Power::infy: Infinite expression \frac{1}{0} encountered. \gg
        Infinity::indet: Indeterminate expression 0 ComplexInfinity encountered. >>
        Power::infy: Infinite expression \frac{1}{0} encountered. \gg
        Infinity::indet: Indeterminate expression 0. ComplexInfinity encountered. >>>
Out[312]//TableForm=
        2.99999
                     0.99999
        2.99999
                     0.999991
        2.99999
                     0.999992
        2.99999
                     0.999993
        2.99999
                     0.999994
        2.99999
                     0.999995
                     0.999996
        3.
                     0.999997
        3.
                     0.999998
        3.
                      0.999999
        3.
                     Indeterminate
        3.
                     1.
        3.
                     1.
        3.
                     1.
                     1.
        3.
                     1.00001
        3.00001
        3.00001
                      1.00001
        3.00001
                      1.00001
        3.00001
                     1.00001
        3.00001
                     1.00001
        3.00001
                     1.00001
```

In[224]:=

 $Plot[f1[x], \{x, -3, 4\}, AspectRatio \rightarrow Automatic]$ 



In[354]:=

$$f2[x_{-}] := Expand[(x-4) / ((Sqrt[x-3]) - 1)]$$
(\*el limite cuando x tiende a 3 es igual a 13, cuando tiene a 4 es igual a 21 y cuando tiende a 5 es igual a 31; solo en 4 la funcion esta indeterminada\*)

 $Limit[f2[x], x \rightarrow 3]$ 

Out[355]= 1

ln[351]:= Limit[f2[x], x  $\rightarrow$  4]

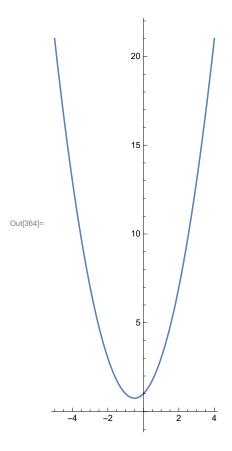
Out[351]= 2

ln[350]:= Limit[f2[x], x  $\rightarrow$  5]

Out[350]=  $1 + \sqrt{2}$ 

```
In[356]:=
        \texttt{Limit[f2[x], x} \rightarrow \texttt{1]};
        f2[1];
        Limit[f2[x], x \rightarrow 4];
        f2[4];
        \texttt{Limit[f2[x], x} \rightarrow 5];
        f2[5];
        TableForm[Table[\{x, f2[x]\}, \{x, 3.99999, 4.00001, 0.000001\}], \{2, 2/0.15\}]
        Power::infy: Infinite expression \frac{1}{0} encountered. \gg
        Infinity::indet: Indeterminate expression 0 ComplexInfinity encountered. >>>
        Power::infy: Infinite expression \frac{1}{0} encountered. \gg
        Infinity::indet: Indeterminate expression 0. ComplexInfinity encountered. >>>
Out[362]//TableForm=
                       1.99999
        3.99999
        3.99999
                      2.
        3.99999
                       2.
        3.99999
        3.99999
        3.99999
        4.
        4.
                       2.
        4.
        4.
                       2.
        4.
                       Indeterminate
        4.
        4.
                      2.
        4.
        4.
                      2.
        4.00001
                      2.
        4.00001
        4.00001
                       2.
                      2.
        4.00001
        4.00001
                       2.00001
        4.00001
```

## $ln[364]:= Plot[f[x], \{x, -5, 4\}, AspectRatio \rightarrow Automatic]$



In[367]:=

## f3[x] := Expand[x / Abs[x]]

$$Limit[f3[x], x \rightarrow -1]$$

Out[368]= -1

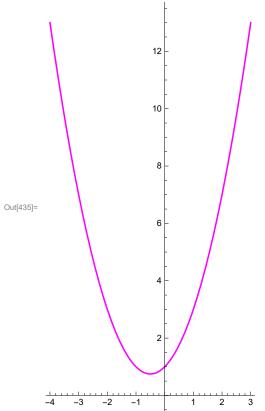
ln[369]:= Limit[f3[x], x  $\rightarrow$  0]

Out[369]= 1

ln[370]:= Limit[f3[x], x  $\rightarrow$  1]

Out[370]= 1

```
ln[427]:= Limit[f[x], x \rightarrow -1];
            f[-1];
           Limit[f[x], x \rightarrow 0];
            f[0];
           Limit[f[x], x \rightarrow 1];
            f[1];
            \texttt{TableForm} \big[ \texttt{Table} \big[ \big\{ \mathbf{x}, \, \mathbf{f} \big[ \mathbf{x} \big] \big\}, \, \big\{ \mathbf{x}, \, -0.00001, \, 0.00001, \, 0.00001 \big\} \big], \, \big\{ 1, \, 1 \, \big/ \, 0.0000001 \big\} \big] 
           Power::infy: Infinite expression \frac{1}{0} encountered. \gg
            Infinity::indet: \ Indeterminate\ expression\ 0\ ComplexInfinity\ encountered. \gg
Out[433]//TableForm=
            -0.00001
                                   0.99999
                                  1.
1.00001
            0.
            0.00001
  In[435]:=
            \texttt{Plot[f[x], \{x, -4, 3\}, AspectRatio} \rightarrow \texttt{Automatic, PlotStyle} \rightarrow \texttt{Magenta}]
```



In[469]:=

```
f5[x_] := If[x < 2, x-2, -x^2];
Plot[Piecewise[\{\{-x^2, x \ge 2\}, \{x-2, x < 2\}\}\}], \{x, -2, 5\}];
Plot [f5[x], {x, -5, 5}];
f5[2];
f5[0];
\texttt{Limit[f5[x], x} \rightarrow 2];
f6[x] := Piecewise[{{-x^2, x>= 2}, {x-2, x< 2}}]
Limit[f6[x], x \rightarrow 2]
Limit[Piecewise[\{\{-x^2, x \ge 2\}, \{x-2, x < 2\}\}\}], x \to 2, Analytic \to True];
\label{eq:limit} \\ \texttt{Limit[Piecewise[\{\{-x^2,\,x>=2\}\,,\,\{x-2,\,x<2\}\}]\,,\,x\rightarrow2\,,\,\,\, \\ \texttt{Direction}\rightarrow1]\,;}
\label{eq:limit} \texttt{Limit[Piecewise[\{\{-x^2,\,x>=2\}\,,\,\{x-2,\,x<2\}\}]\,,\,x\to2\,,\,\,\texttt{Direction}\to-1]\,;}
```

Out[476]= -4

In[480]:=

 $Plot[f5[x], \{x, -5, 5\}, AspectRatio \rightarrow Automatic]$ 

