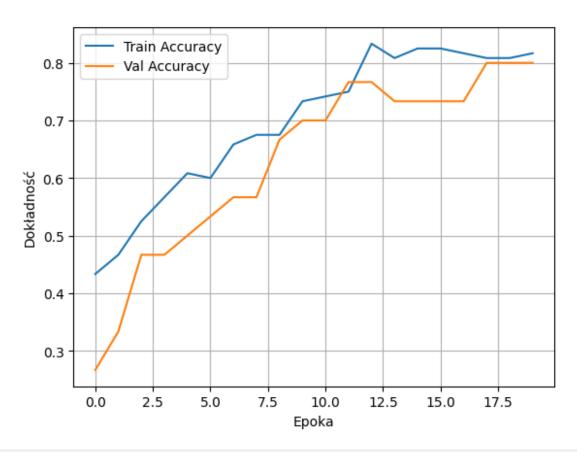
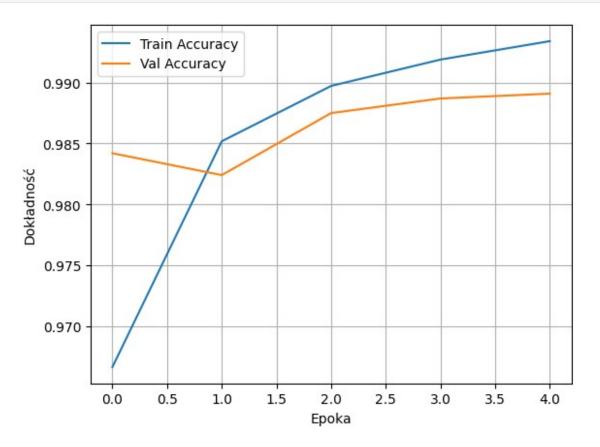
```
import tensorflow as tf
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.datasets import load iris
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
iris = load iris()
X, y = iris.data, iris.target
X = StandardScaler().fit_transform(X)
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test size=0.2)
model dense = tf.keras.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(64, activation='relu', input shape=(4,)),
    tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.3),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(32, activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(16, activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(3, activation='softmax')
])
model dense.compile(optimizer='adam',
loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
history dense = model dense.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=20,
validation data=(X test, y test), verbose=0)
plt.plot(history dense.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
plt.plot(history dense.history['val accuracy'], label='Val Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoka')
plt.ylabel('Dokładność')
plt.legend()
plt.grid()
plt.show()
c:\Users\szymo\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python312\Lib\site-
packages\keras\src\layers\core\dense.py:93: UserWarning: Do not pass
an `input shape`/`input dim` argument to a layer. When using
Sequential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first
layer in the model instead.
  super(). init (activity regularizer=activity regularizer,
**kwargs)
```



```
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) =
tf.keras.datasets.mnist.load data()
x_{train}, x_{test} = x_{train}. x_{train} x_{train}, x_{tra
x_test.reshape(-1, 28, 28, 1) / 255.0
model cnn = tf.keras.Sequential([
            tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu',
input shape=(28, 28, 1)),
            tf.keras.layers.BatchNormalization(),
            tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
            tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
            tf.keras.layers.BatchNormalization(),
            tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
            tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
            tf.keras.layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'),
            tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax')
])
model cnn.compile(optimizer='adam',
loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
history cnn = model cnn.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=5,
validation data=(x test, y test), verbose=0)
plt.plot(history_cnn.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
```

```
plt.plot(history_cnn.history['val_accuracy'], label='Val Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoka')
plt.ylabel('Dokładność')
plt.legend()
plt.grid()
plt.show()

c:\Users\szymo\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python312\Lib\site-
packages\keras\src\layers\convolutional\base_conv.py:113: UserWarning:
Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When
using Sequential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the
first layer in the model instead.
    super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer,
**kwargs)
```



```
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) =
tf.keras.datasets.imdb.load_data(num_words=10000)
x_train = tf.keras.preprocessing.sequence.pad_sequences(x_train,
maxlen=500)
x_test = tf.keras.preprocessing.sequence.pad_sequences(x_test,
maxlen=500)
model_gru = tf.keras.Sequential([
```

```
tf.keras.layers.Embedding(10000, 32),
   tf.keras.layers.GRU(64),
   tf.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
])

model_gru.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy',
   metrics=['accuracy'])
history_gru = model_gru.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=5,
   validation_data=(x_test, y_test), verbose=0)

plt.plot(history_gru.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
plt.plot(history_gru.history['val_accuracy'], label='Val Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoka')
plt.ylabel('Dokładność')
plt.legend()
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```

