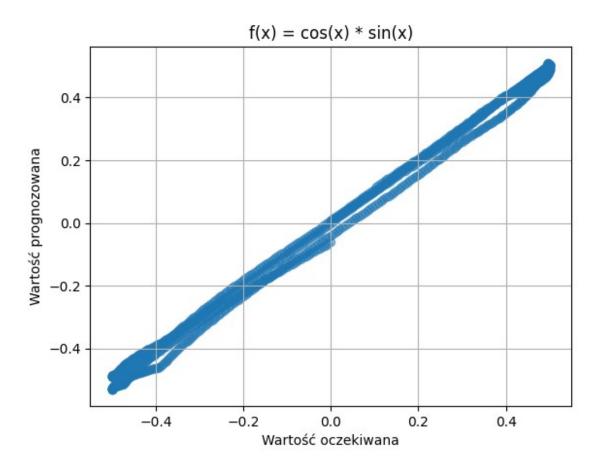
```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
X = np.linspace(0, 2 * np.pi, 1000).reshape(-1, 1)
y = np.cos(X) * np.sin(X)
model = Sequential([
    Dense(64, activation='relu', input shape=(1,)),
    Dense(64, activation='relu'),
    Dense(1)
1)
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mse')
model.fit(X, y, epochs=300, batch size=32, verbose=0)
y pred = model.predict(X)
plt.scatter(y, y_pred, alpha=0.5)
plt.xlabel("Wartość oczekiwana")
plt.ylabel("Wartość prognozowana")
plt.title("f(x) = cos(x) * sin(x)")
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
c:\Users\szymo\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python312\Lib\site-
packages\keras\src\layers\core\dense.py:93: UserWarning: Do not pass
an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When using
Sequential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first
layer in the model instead.
  super(). init (activity regularizer=activity regularizer,
**kwarqs)
32/32 —
                     ---- 0s 776us/step
```



```
X = np.random.rand(1000, 4) * [200, 10, 3, 1]
y = np.random.rand(1000, 3) * [5000, 2000, 25]

model = Sequential([
    Dense(64, activation='relu', input_shape=(4,)),
    Dense(64, activation='relu'),
    Dense(3)
])

model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mse')
model.fit(X, y, epochs=100, batch_size=32, verbose=0)

loss = model.evaluate(X, y, verbose=0)
print(f"Strata końcowa (MSE): {loss:.4f}")

Strata końcowa (MSE): 880289.3750
```