

Q1)

Ans)

mean =  $\theta_1$ , variance =  $\theta_2$

$$f(x_i) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\theta_2}} e^{-\frac{(x_i - \theta_1)^2}{2\theta_2}}$$

Likelihood fn:-

$$L = f(x_1, \theta) \cdot f(x_2, \theta) \cdot \dots \cdot f(x_n, \theta)$$

$$= \frac{1}{(\sqrt{2\pi\theta_2})^n} e^{-\frac{\sum (x_i - \theta_1)^2}{2\theta_2}}$$

$$\log L = -\frac{n}{2} \log 2\pi - \frac{n}{2} \log \theta_2 - \frac{\sum (x_i - \theta_1)^2}{2\theta_2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \log L}{\partial \theta_1} = -\frac{1}{2\theta_2} \cdot 2 \sum (x_i - \theta_1) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \sum (x_i - \theta_1) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{\frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \theta_1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \log L}{\partial \theta_2} = -\frac{n}{2\theta_2^2} + \frac{\sum (x_i - \theta_1)^2}{2\theta_2^2} = 0$$

$$\rightarrow -n\theta_2 + \sum (x_i - \theta_1)^2 = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{\theta_2 = \frac{\sum (x_i - \theta_1)^2}{n}}$$



Q2)

Ans)  $B(m, \theta) = {}^nC_m \theta^m (1-\theta)^{n-m}$ ,  $m = 0, 1, 2, \dots, n$

$$L(\theta) = \prod_{i=1}^n {}^nC_{m_i} \theta^{m_i} (1-\theta)^{n-m_i}$$

$$L(\theta) = \theta^{\sum m_i} (1-\theta)^{\sum (n-m_i)} \prod_{i=1}^n {}^nC_{m_i}$$

$$L(\theta) = k \theta^{\sum m_i} (1-\theta)^{n^2 - \sum m_i}$$

taking log :-

$$\ln L(\theta) = \ln k + \sum m_i \ln \theta + (n^2 - \sum m_i) \ln(1-\theta)$$

$$\frac{\partial \ln L(\theta)}{\partial \theta} = 0 + \frac{\sum m_i}{\theta} + \frac{(n^2 - \sum m_i)}{-(1-\theta)} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sum m_i}{\theta} = \frac{n^2 - \sum m_i}{(1-\theta)}$$

$$\therefore (1-\theta) \sum m_i = \theta (n^2 - \sum m_i)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum m_i = \theta n^2$$

$$\therefore \theta = \frac{\sum m_i}{n^2}$$