VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

"JnanaSangama", Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.

LAB REPORT
on

OPERATING SYSTEMS
(23CS4PCOPS)

Submitted by

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in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of
BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING
in
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled "OPERATING SYSTEMS – 23CS4PCOPS" carried out by **ANAGH B DESHPANDE(1BM22CS037),** who is bonafide student of **B. M. S. College of Engineering.** It is in partial fulfillment for the award of **Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering** of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2024. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of a **OPERATING SYSTEMS - (23CS4PCOPS)** work prescribed for the said degree.

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Index Sheet

Course Outcome

CO1	Apply the different concepts and functionalities of Operating System
CO2	Analyze various Operating system strategies and techniques
CO3	Demonstrate the different functionalities of Operating System
CO4	Conduct practical experiments to implement the functionalities of Operating system

Program: 1
Question:
Write a C program to simulate the following non-pre-emptive CPU scheduling algorithm to find turnaround time and waiting time.
FCFS
Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
void sort(int proc_id[],int at[],int bt[],int n)
{
   int min=at[0],temp=0;
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
   {
      min=at[i];
      for(int j=i;j<n;j++)
      {
         if(at[j]<min)
         {
            temp=at[i];
            at[i]=at[j];
            at[j]=temp;
            temp=bt[j];
            bt[j]=bt[i];
            bt[i]=temp;
            temp=proc_id[i];
            proc_id[i]=proc_id[j];
            proc_id[j]=temp;
         }
      }
   }
}
void main()
{
   int n,c=0;
   printf("Enter number of processes: ");
   scanf("%d",&n);
   int proc_id[n],at[n],bt[n],ct[n],tat[n],wt[n];
   double avg_tat=0.0,ttat=0.0,avg_wt=0.0,twt=0.0;
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
      proc_id[i]=i+1;
   printf("Enter arrival times:\n");
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
      scanf("%d",&at[i]);
   printf("Enter burst times:\n");
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
      scanf("%d",&bt[i]);
```

```
    sort(proc_id,at,bt,n);
    //completion time
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        if(c>=at[i])
            c+=bt[i];
        else
            c+=at[i]-ct[i-1]+bt[i];
        ct[i]=c;
    }
    //turnaround time
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        tat[i]=ct[i]-at[i];
    //waiting time
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        wt[i]=tat[i]-bt[i];
    printf("FCFS scheduling:\n");
    printf("PID\tAT\tBT\tCT\tTAT\tWT\n");
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        printf("%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\n",proc_id[i],at[i],bt[i],ct[i],tat[i],wt[i]);
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        ttat+=tat[i];twt+=wt[i];
    }
    avg_tat=ttat/(double)n;
    avg_wt=twt/(double)n;
    printf("\nAverage turnaround time:%lfms\n",avg_tat);
    printf("\nAverage waiting time:%lfms\n",avg_wt);
}
```

Output:

```
Enter number of processes: 4
Enter arrival times:
0
1
5
6
Enter burst times:
2
2
3
4
FCFS scheduling:
PID     AT      BT      CT      TAT     WT
1       0       2       2       2       0
2       1       2       4       3       1
3       5       3       8       3       0
4       6       4       12      6       2

Average turnaround time:3.500000ms

Average waiting time:0.750000ms
```

SJF-Non Preemptive

Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
   int n,c=0;
   printf("Enter number of processes: ");
   scanf("%d",&n);
   int proc_id[n],at[n],bt[n],ct[n],tat[n],wt[n],m[n];
   double avg_tat=0.0,ttat=0.0,avg_wt=0.0,twt=0.0;
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
   {    proc_id[i]=i+1;m[i]=0;}
   printf("Enter arrival times:\n");
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
      scanf("%d",&at[i]);
   printf("Enter burst times:\n");
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
      scanf("%d",&bt[i]);
   //completion time
   int count=0,mb,p=0,min=0;
   while(count<n)
   {
      min=bt[0];mb=0;
      for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
      {
         if(at[i]<=c && m[i]!=1)
         {
            min=bt[i];mb=i;
            for(int k=0;k<n;k++)
            {
               if(bt[k]<min && at[k]<=c && m[k]!=1)
               {
                  min=bt[k];mb=k;
               }
            }
            m[mb]=1;count++;
            if(c>=at[mb])
               c+=bt[mb];
            else
               c+=at[mb]-ct[p]+bt[mb];
            ct[mb]=c;
         }
         p=mb;
         if(count==n)
         break;
      }
   }
```

```
    /*for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        if(c>=at[i])
            c+=bt[i];
        else
            c+=at[i]-ct[i-1]+bt[i];
        ct[i]=c;
    }*/

    //turnaround time
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        tat[i]=ct[i]-at[i];
    //waiting time
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        wt[i]=tat[i]-bt[i];

    printf("FCFS scheduling:\n");
    printf("PID\tAT\tBT\tCT\tTAT\tWT\n");
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        printf("P%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\n",proc_id[i],at[i],bt[i],ct[i],tat[i],wt[i]);

    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        ttat+=tat[i];twt+=wt[i];
    }
    avg_tat=ttat/(double)n;
    avg_wt=twt/(double)n;
    printf("\nAverage turnaround time:%lfms\n",avg_tat);
    printf("\nAverage waiting time:%lfms\n",avg_wt);
}
```

Output:

```
Enter number of processes: 4
Enter arrival times:
0
0
0
0
Enter burst times:
6
8
7
3
FCFS scheduling:
PID     AT      BT      CT      TAT     WT
P1      0       6       9       9       3
P2      0       8       24      24      16
P3      0       7       16      16      9
P4      0       3       3       3       0

Average turnaround time:13.000000ms

Average waiting time:7.000000ms
```

SJF Preemptive:

Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
   int n,c=0;
   printf("Enter number of processes: ");
   scanf("%d",&n);
   int proc_id[n],at[n],bt[n],ct[n],tat[n],wt[n],m[n],b[n];
   double avg_tat=0.0,ttat=0.0,avg_wt=0.0,twt=0.0;
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
   {    proc_id[i]=i+1;m[i]=0;}
   printf("Enter arrival times:\n");
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
      scanf("%d",&at[i]);
   printf("Enter burst times:\n");
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
   {    scanf("%d",&bt[i]);b[i]=bt[i];}

   //completion time
   int count=0,mb,p=0,min=0;
   while(count<n)
   {
      min=b[0];mb=0;
      for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
      {
         if(at[i]<=c && m[i]!=1)
         {
            min=b[i];mb=i;
            for(int k=0;k<n;k++)
            {
               if(b[k]<=min && at[k]<=c && m[k]!=1)  min=b[k];mb=k;
            }
            if(b[mb]==1)
            {m[mb]=1;count++;}
            if(c>=at[mb])
            {    c++;b[mb]--;}
            else
               c+=at[mb]-ct[p];
            if(b[mb]==0)
            ct[mb]=c;
         }
         p=mb;
         if(count==n)
         break;
      }
   }
```

```
    //turnaround time
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        tat[i]=ct[i]-at[i];
    //waiting time
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        wt[i]=tat[i]-bt[i];
    printf("SJF(Pre-Emptive) scheduling:\n");
    printf("PID\tAT\tBT\tCT\tTAT\tWT\n");
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        printf("P%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\n",proc_id[i],at[i],bt[i],ct[i],tat[i],wt[i]);
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        ttat+=tat[i];twt+=wt[i];
    }
    avg_tat=ttat/(double)n;
    avg_wt=twt/(double)n;
    printf("\nAverage turnaround time:%lfms\n",avg_tat);
    printf("\nAverage waiting time:%lfms\n",avg_wt);
}
```

Output:

```
Enter number of processes: 4
Enter arrival times:
0
0
0
0
Enter burst times:
6
8
7
3
SJF(Pre-Emptive) scheduling:
PID     AT      BT      CT      TAT     WT
P1      0       6       9       9       3
P2      0       8       24      24      16
P3      0       7       16      16      9
P4      0       3       3       3       0

Average turnaround time:13.000000ms

Average waiting time:7.000000ms
```

Program: 2
Question: Write a C program to simulate the following CPU scheduling algorithm to find turnaround time and waiting time.

a) Priority (pre-emptive & Non-preemptive)
b) Round Robin

a) Priority Non-Preemptive:

CODE:

```
#include<stdio.h>

void
sort (int proc_id[], int p[], int at[], int bt[], int n)
{
  int min = p[0], temp = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          {
            min = p[i];
            for (int j = i; j < n; j++)
                    {
                      if (p[j] < min)
                              {
                                temp = at[i];
                                at[i] = at[j];
                                at[j] = temp;
                                temp = bt[j];
                                bt[j] = bt[i];
                                bt[i] = temp;
                                temp = p[j];
                                p[j] = p[i];
                                p[i] = temp;
                                temp = proc_id[i];
                                proc_id[i] = proc_id[j];
                                proc_id[j] = temp;
                              }
                    }
          }
}

void
main ()
{

  int n, c = 0;
  printf ("Enter number of processes: ");
  scanf ("%d", &n);
```

```
int proc_id[n], at[n], bt[n], ct[n], tat[n], wt[n], m[n], rt[n], p[n];
double avg_tat = 0.0, ttat = 0.0, avg_wt = 0.0, twt = 0.0;
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
          proc_id[i] = i + 1;
          m[i] = 0;
        }
printf ("Enter priorities:\n");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        scanf ("%d", &p[i]);
printf ("Enter arrival times:\n");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        scanf ("%d", &at[i]);
printf ("Enter burst times:\n");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
          scanf ("%d", &bt[i]);
          m[i] = -1;
          rt[i] = -1;
        }

sort (proc_id, p, at, bt, n);
//completion time
int count = 0, pro = 0, priority = p[0];
int x = 0;
c = 0;
while (count < n)
        {
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                  {
                    if (at[i] <= c && p[i] >= priority && m[i] != 1)
                            {
                              x = i;
                              priority = p[i];
                            }
                  }
          if (rt[x] == -1)
                  rt[x] = c - at[x];
          if (at[x] <= c)
                  c += bt[x];
          else
                  c += at[x] - c + bt[x];

          count++;
          ct[x] = c;
          m[x] = 1;
          while (x >= 1 && m[--x] != 1)
                  {
```

```
                    priority = p[x];
                    break;
                  }
            x++;

            if (count == n)
                  break;
          }

  //turnaround time and RT
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          tat[i] = ct[i] - at[i];
  //waiting time
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          wt[i] = tat[i] - bt[i];

  printf ("\nPriority scheduling:\n");
  printf ("PID\tPrior\tAT\tBT\tCT\tTAT\tWT\tRT\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          printf ("P%d\t %d\t\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\n", proc_id[i], p[i], at[i],
                          bt[i], ct[i], tat[i], wt[i], rt[i]);

  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          {
            ttat += tat[i];
            twt += wt[i];
          }
  avg_tat = ttat / (double) n;
  avg_wt = twt / (double) n;
  printf ("\nAverage turnaround time:%lfms\n", avg_tat);
  printf ("\nAverage waiting time:%lfms\n", avg_wt);
}
```

Output:

```
Enter number of processes: 4Priority scheduling:
Enter priorities:
10                      PID     Prior   AT      BT      CT      TAT     WT      RT
20                      P1       10             0       5       5       5       0   0
30
40                      P2       20             1       4       12      11      7   7
Enter arrival times:
0                       P3       30             2       2       8       6       4   4
1                       P4       40             4       1       6       2       1   1
2
4
Enter burst times:      Average turnaround time:6.000000ms
5
4
2
1                       Average waiting time:3.000000ms
```

a) Priority (Preemptive):

Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
void
sort (int proc_id[], int p[], int at[], int bt[], int b[], int n)
{
  int min = p[0], temp = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          {
            min = p[i];
            for (int j = i; j < n; j++)
                    {
                      if (p[j] < min)
                              {
                                temp = at[i];
                                at[i] = at[j];
                                at[j] = temp;
                                temp = bt[j];
                                bt[j] = bt[i];
                                bt[i] = temp;
                                temp = b[j];
                                b[j] = b[i];
                                b[i] = temp;
                                temp = p[j];
                                p[j] = p[i];
                                p[i] = temp;
                                temp = proc_id[i];
                                proc_id[i] = proc_id[j];
                                proc_id[j] = temp;
                              }
                    }
          }
}
Void main (){
  int n, c = 0;
  printf ("Enter number of processes: ");
  scanf ("%d", &n);
  int proc_id[n], at[n], bt[n], ct[n], tat[n], wt[n], m[n], b[n], rt[n], p[n];
  double avg_tat = 0.0, ttat = 0.0, avg_wt = 0.0, twt = 0.0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          {
            proc_id[i] = i + 1;
            m[i] = 0;
          }
  printf ("Enter priorities:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          scanf ("%d", &p[i]);
  printf ("Enter arrival times:\n");
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        scanf ("%d", &at[i]);
printf ("Enter burst times:\n");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
          scanf ("%d", &bt[i]);
          b[i] = bt[i];
          m[i] = -1;
          rt[i] = -1;
        }

sort (proc_id, p, at, bt, b, n);
int count = 0, pro = 0, priority = p[0];
int x = 0;
c = 0;
while (count < n)
        {
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                {
                  if (at[i] <= c && p[i] >= priority && b[i] > 0 && m[i] != 1)
                        {
                          x = i;
                          priority = p[i];
                        }
                }
          if (b[x] > 0)
                {

                  if (rt[x] == -1)
                        rt[x] = c - at[x];
                  b[x]--;
                  c++;
                }
          if (b[x] == 0)
                {
                  count++;
                  ct[x] = c;
                  m[x] = 1;
                  while (x >= 1 && b[x] == 0)
                        priority = p[--x];
                }
          if (count == n)
                break;
        }

//turnaround time and RT
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        tat[i] = ct[i] - at[i];
//waiting time
```

```
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        wt[i] = tat[i] - bt[i];

  printf ("Priority scheduling(Pre-Emptive):\n");
  printf ("PID\tPrior\tAT\tBT\tCT\tTAT\tWT\tRT\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf ("P%d\t %d\t\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\n", proc_id[i], p[i], at[i],
                    bt[i], ct[i], tat[i], wt[i], rt[i]);

  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
          ttat += tat[i];
          twt += wt[i];
        }
  avg_tat = ttat / (double) n;
  avg_wt = twt / (double) n;
  printf ("\nAverage turnaround time:%lfms\n", avg_tat);
  printf ("\nAverage waiting time:%lfms\n", avg_wt);
}
```

Output:

```
Enter number of processes: 4
Enter priorities:
10
20
30
40
Enter arrival times:
0
1
2
4
Enter burst times:
5
4
2
1
Priority scheduling(Pre-Emptive):
PID     Prior   AT      BT      CT      TAT     WT      RT
P1       10             0       5       12      12      7       0
P2       20             1       4       8       7       3       0
P3       30             2       2       4       2       0       0
P4       40             4       1       5       1       0       0

Average turnaround time:5.500000ms

Average waiting time:2.500000ms
```

b) RoundRobin:

Code:

```
//RRS
#include<stdio.h>

void
sort (int proc_id[], int at[], int bt[], int b[], int n)
{
  int min = at[0], temp = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          {
            min = at[i];
            for (int j = i; j < n; j++)
                    {
                      if (at[j] < min)
                              {
                                temp = at[i];
                                at[i] = at[j];
                                at[j] = temp;
                                temp = bt[j];
                                bt[j] = bt[i];
                                bt[i] = temp;
                                temp = b[j];
                                b[j] = b[i];
                                b[i] = temp;
                                temp = proc_id[i];
                                proc_id[i] = proc_id[j];
                                proc_id[j] = temp;
                              }
                    }
          }
}

void main (){
  int n, c = 0, t = 0;
  printf ("Enter number of processes: ");
  scanf ("%d", &n);
  printf ("Enter Time Quantum: ");
  scanf ("%d", &t);
  int proc_id[n], at[n], bt[n], ct[n], tat[n], wt[n], b[n], rt[n], m[n];
  int f = -1, r = -1;
  int q[100];
  int count = 0;
  double avg_tat = 0.0, ttat = 0.0, avg_wt = 0.0, twt = 0.0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          proc_id[i] = i + 1;
  printf ("Enter arrival times:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
        scanf ("%d", &at[i]);
printf ("Enter burst times:\n");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
         scanf ("%d", &bt[i]);
         b[i] = bt[i];
         m[i] = 0;
         rt[i] = -1;
        }

sort (proc_id, at, bt, b, n);
f = r = 0;
q[0] = proc_id[0];
int p = 0, i = 0;
while (f >= 0)
        {
         p = q[f++];
         i = 0;
         while (p != proc_id[i])
                i++;
         if (b[i] >= t)
                {
                 if (rt[i] == -1)
                        rt[i] = c;
                 b[i] -= t;
                 c += t;
                 m[i] = 1;
                }
         else
                {
                 if (rt[i] == -1)
                        rt[i] = c;
                 c += b[i];
                 b[i] = 0;
                 m[i] = 1;
                }
         m[0] = 1;
         for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
                {
                 if (at[j] <= c && proc_id[j] != p && m[j] != 1)
                        {
                         q[++r] = proc_id[j];
                         m[j] = 1;
                        }
                }
         if (b[i] == 0)
                {

                 count++;
```

```
                ct[i] = c;
              }
          else

              q[++r] = proc_id[i];

          if (f > r)
              f = -1;
        }
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
          tat[i] = ct[i] - at[i];
          rt[i] = rt[i] - at[i];
        }
  //waiting time
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)  wt[i] = tat[i] - bt[i];
  printf ("\nRRS scheduling:\n");
  printf ("PID\tAT\tBT\tCT\tTAT\tWT\tRT\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf ("%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\n", proc_id[i], at[i], bt[i], ct[i],
                    tat[i], wt[i], rt[i]);
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
          ttat += tat[i];
          twt += wt[i];
        }
  avg_tat = ttat / (double) n;
  avg_wt = twt / (double) n;
  printf ("\nAverage turnaround time:%lfms\n", avg_tat);
  printf ("\nAverage waiting time:%lfms\n", avg_wt);
}
```

Output:

```
Enter number of processes: 5
Enter Time Quantum: 2
Enter arrival times:
0
1
2
3
4
Enter burst times:
5
3
1
2
3
```

```
RRS scheduling:
PID     AT      BT      CT      TAT     WT      RT
1       0       5       13      13      8       0
2       1       3       12      11      8       1
3       2       1       5       3       2       2
4       3       2       9       6       4       4
5       4       3       14      10      7       5

Average turnaround time:8.600000ms

Average waiting time:5.800000ms
```

Program:3

Question:

Write a C program to simulate multi-level queue scheduling algorithm considering the following scenario. All the processes in the system are divided into two categories – system processes and user processes. System processes are to be given higher priority than user processes. Use FCFS scheduling for the processes in each queue.

Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>

void sort(int proc_id[],int at[],int bt[],int n)
{
   int temp=0;
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
   {
      for(int j=i;j<n;j++)
      {
         if(at[j]<at[i])
         {
            temp=at[i];at[i]=at[j];at[j]=temp;
            temp=bt[j];bt[j]=bt[i];bt[i]=temp;
            temp=proc_id[i];proc_id[i]=proc_id[j];proc_id[j]=temp;
         }
      }
   }
}
void fcfs(int at[],int bt[],int ct[],int tat[],int wt[],int n,int *c)
{
   double ttat=0.0,twt=0.0;
   //completion time
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
   {
      if(*c>=at[i])
         *c+=bt[i];
      else
         *c+=at[i]-ct[i-1]+bt[i];
      ct[i]=*c;
   }
   //turnaround time
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
      tat[i]=ct[i]-at[i];
   //waiting time
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
      wt[i]=tat[i]-bt[i];
```

```
}

void main()
{
   int sn,un,c=0;int n=0;
   printf("Enter number of system processes: ");
   scanf("%d",&sn);n=sn;
   int sproc_id[n],sat[n],sbt[n],sct[n],stat[n],swt[n];
   for(int i=0;i<sn;i++)
      sproc_id[i]=i+1;
   printf("Enter arrival times of the system processes:\n");
   for(int i=0;i<sn;i++)
      scanf("%d",&sat[i]);
   printf("Enter burst times of the system processes:\n");
   for(int i=0;i<sn;i++)
      scanf("%d",&sbt[i]);

   printf("Enter number of user processes: ");
   scanf("%d",&un);n=un;
   int uproc_id[n],uat[n],ubt[n],uct[n],utat[n],uwt[n];
   for(int i=0;i<un;i++)
      uproc_id[i]=i+1;
   printf("Enter arrival times of the user processes:\n");
   for(int i=0;i<un;i++)
      scanf("%d",&uat[i]);
   printf("Enter burst times of the user processes:\n");
   for(int i=0;i<un;i++)
      scanf("%d",&ubt[i]);

   sort(sproc_id,sat,sbt,sn);
   sort(uproc_id,uat,ubt,un);

   fcfs(sat,sbt,sct,stat,swt,sn,&c);
   fcfs(uat,ubt,uct,utat,uwt,un,&c);

   printf("\nScheduling:\n");
   printf("System processes:\n");
   printf("PID\tAT\tBT\tCT\tTAT\tWT\n");
   for(int i=0;i<sn;i++)
      printf("%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\n",sproc_id[i],sat[i],sbt[i],sct[i],stat[i],swt[i]);
   printf("User processes:\n");
   for(int i=0;i<un;i++)
      printf("%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\n",uproc_id[i],uat[i],ubt[i],uct[i],utat[i],uwt[i]);
}
```

Output:

```
Enter number of system processes: 2
Enter arrival times of the system processes
0
0
Enter burst times of the system processes:
2
5
Enter number of user processes: 2
Enter arrival times of the user processes:
0
0
Enter burst times of the user processes:
1
3

Scheduling:
System processes:
PID     AT      BT      CT      TAT     WT
1       0       2       2       2       0
2       0       5       7       7       2
User processes:
1       0       1       8       8       7
2       0       3       11      11      8
```

Program:4
Question:
Write a C program to simulate Real-Time CPU Scheduling algorithms:
a) Rate- Monotonic
b) Earliest-deadline First
c) Proportional scheduling

a) Rate-Monotonic:

Code:

```
#include  <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include  <math.h>
void
sort (int proc[], int b[], int pt[], int n)
{
  int temp = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          {
            for (int j = i; j < n; j++)
                    {
                      if (pt[j] < pt[i])
                              {
                                temp = pt[i];
                                pt[i] = pt[j];
                                pt[j] = temp;
                                temp = b[j];
                                b[j] = b[i];
                                b[i] = temp;
                                temp = proc[i];
                                proc[i] = proc[j];
                                proc[j] = temp;
                              }
                    }
          }
}

int
gcd (int a, int b)
{
  int r;
  while (b > 0)
          {
            r = a % b;
            a = b;
```

```
            b = r;
          }
  return a;
}

int
lcmul (int p[], int n)
{
  int lcm = p[0];
  for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
          {
            lcm = (lcm * p[i]) / gcd (lcm, p[i]);
          }
  return lcm;
}


void
main ()
{
  int n;
  printf ("Enter the number of processes:");
  scanf ("%d", &n);
  int proc[n], b[n], pt[n], rem[n];
  printf ("Enter the CPU burst times:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          {
            scanf ("%d", &b[i]);
            rem[i] = b[i];
          }
  printf ("Enter the time periods:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          scanf ("%d", &pt[i]);
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          proc[i] = i + 1;
  sort (proc, b, pt, n);
  //LCM
  int l = lcmul (pt, n);
  printf ("LCM=%d\n", l);

  printf ("\nRate Monotone Scheduling:\n");
  printf ("PID\t Burst\tPeriod\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          printf ("%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\n", proc[i], b[i], pt[i]);
  //feasibility
  double sum = 0.0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          {
```

```
        sum += (double) b[i] / pt[i];
      }
  double rhs = n * (pow (2.0, (1.0 / n)) - 1.0);
  printf ("\n%lf <= %lf =>%s\n", sum, rhs, (sum <= rhs) ? "true" : "false");
  if (sum > rhs)
      exit (0);

  printf ("Scheduling occurs for %d ms\n\n", l);

  //RMS
  int time = 0, prev = 0, x = 0;
  while (time < l)
      {
       int f = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
           {
            if (time % pt[i] == 0)
                rem[i] = b[i];
            if (rem[i] > 0)
                {
                 if (prev != proc[i])
                     {
                      printf ("%dms onwards: Process %d running\n", time,
                              proc[i]);
                      prev = proc[i];
                     }
                 rem[i]--;
                 f = 1;
                 break;
                 x = 0;
                }
           }
       if (!f)
           {

            if (x != 1)
                {
                 printf ("%dms onwards: CPU is idle\n", time);
                 x = 1;
                }
           }
       time++;
      }
}
```

Output

```
Enter the number of processes:2
Enter the CPU burst times:
20
35
Enter the time periods:
50
100
LCM=100

Rate Monotone Scheduling:
PID      Burst  Period
1               20              50
2               35              100

0.750000 <= 0.828427 =>true
Scheduling occurs for 100 ms

0ms onwards: Process 1 running
20ms onwards: Process 2 running
50ms onwards: Process 1 running
70ms onwards: Process 2 running
75ms onwards: CPU is idle
```

b) Earliest-Deadline First:

Code:

```
#include  <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include  <math.h>
void
sort (int proc[], int d[], int b[], int pt[], int n)
{
  int temp = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
     {
       for (int j = i; j < n; j++)
              {
                if (d[j] < d[i])
                       {
                         temp = d[j];
                         d[j] = d[i];
                         d[i] = temp;
                         temp = pt[i];
                         pt[i] = pt[j];
                         pt[j] = temp;
                         temp = b[j];
                         b[j] = b[i];
                         b[i] = temp;
                         temp = proc[i];
                         proc[i] = proc[j];
                         proc[j] = temp;
```

```
                        }
                }
        }
}

int
gcd (int a, int b)
{
  int r;
  while (b > 0)
      {
        r = a % b;
        a = b;
        b = r;
      }
  return a;
}

int
lcmul (int p[], int n)
{
  int lcm = p[0];
  for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
      {
        lcm = (lcm * p[i]) / gcd (lcm, p[i]);
      }
  return lcm;
}


void
main ()
{
  int n;
  printf ("Enter the number of processes:");
  scanf ("%d", &n);
  int proc[n], b[n], pt[n], d[n], rem[n];
  printf ("Enter the CPU burst times:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
      {
        scanf ("%d", &b[i]);
        rem[i] = b[i];
      }
  printf ("Enter the deadlines:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
     scanf ("%d", &d[i]);
  printf ("Enter the time periods:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
    scanf ("%d", &pt[i]);
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    proc[i] = i + 1;

sort (proc, d, b, pt, n);
//LCM
int l = lcmul (pt, n);

printf ("\nEarliest Deadline Scheduling:\n");
printf ("PID\t Burst\tDeadline\tPeriod\n");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    printf ("%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\n", proc[i], b[i], d[i], pt[i]);

printf ("Scheduling occurs for %d ms\n\n", l);

//EDF
int time = 0, prev = 0, x = 0;
int nextDeadlines[n];
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
      nextDeadlines[i] = d[i];
      rem[i] = b[i];
    }
while (time < l)
    {
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                {
                  if (time % pt[i] == 0 && time != 0)
                            {
                              nextDeadlines[i] = time + d[i];
                              rem[i] = b[i];
                            }
                }
      int minDeadline = l + 1;
      int taskToExecute = -1;
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                {
                  if (rem[i] > 0 && nextDeadlines[i] < minDeadline)
                            {
                              minDeadline = nextDeadlines[i];
                              taskToExecute = i;
                            }
                }
      if (taskToExecute != -1)
                {
                  printf ("%dms : Task %d is running.\n", time, proc[taskToExecute]);
                  rem[taskToExecute]--;
                }
```

```
        else
                {
                  printf ("%dms: CPU is idle.\n", time);
                }

        time++;
      }
  }
```

Output:

```
Enter the number of processes:3
Enter the CPU burst times:
3
2
2
Enter the deadlines:
7
4
8
Enter the time periods:
20
5
10
0ms : Task 2 is running.
1ms : Task 2 is running.
2ms : Task 1 is running.
3ms : Task 1 is running.
4ms : Task 1 is running.
5ms : Task 3 is running.
6ms : Task 3 is running.
7ms : Task 2 is running.
8ms : Task 2 is running.
9ms: CPU is idle.
10ms : Task 2 is running.
11ms : Task 2 is running.
12ms : Task 3 is running.
13ms : Task 3 is running.
14ms: CPU is idle.
15ms : Task 2 is running.
16ms : Task 2 is running.
17ms: CPU is idle.
18ms: CPU is idle.
19ms: CPU is idle.
```

```
Earliest Deadline Scheduling:
PID     Burst  Deadline       Period
2               2              4              5
1               3              7              20
3               2              8              10
Scheduling occurs for 20 ms
```

c) Proportional Scheduling

Code:

```
#include  <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>

int main() {
   srand(time(NULL));
   int n;
   printf("Enter number of processes:");
```

```
    scanf("%d",&n);
    int p[n],t[n],cum[n],m[n];int c=0;int total = 0,count=0;
    printf("Enter tickets of the processes:\n");
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&t[i]);
        c+=t[i];
        cum[i]=c;
        p[i]=i+1;
        m[i]=0;
        total+= t[i];
    }
    while(count<n)
    {
        int wt=rand()%total;
        for (int i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
            if (wt<cum[i] && m[i]==0)
            {
                printf("The winning number is %d and winning participant is: %d\n",wt,p[i]);
                m[i]=1;count++;
            }
        }
    }
    printf("\nProbabilities:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        printf("The probability of P%d winning: %.2f %\n",p[i],((double)t[i]/total*100));
    }
}
```

Output:

```
Enter number of processes:3
Enter tickets of the processes:
20
30
50
The winning number is 71 and winning participant is: 3
The winning number is 15 and winning participant is: 1
The winning number is 15 and winning participant is: 2

Probabilities:
The probability of P1 winning: 20.00 %
The probability of P2 winning: 30.00 %
The probability of P3 winning: 50.00 %
```

Program:5
Question:
Write a C program to simulate producer-consumer problem using semaphores.
Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int mutex=1,full=0,empty=5,x=0;
void wait()
{
   --mutex;
}
void signal()
{
   ++mutex;
}
void producer()
{
   wait();++full;--empty;x++;
   printf("Producer has produced: Item %d\n",x);
   signal();
}
void consumer()
{
   wait();--full;++empty;
   printf("Consumer has consumed: Item %d\n",x);
   x--;signal();
}
void main()
{
   int ch;
   printf("Enter 1.Producer 2.Consumer 3.Exit\n");
   while(1)
   {
      printf("Enter your choice:\n");
      scanf("%d",&ch);
      switch(ch)
      {
         case 1:
            if(mutex==1 && empty!=0)
            producer();
            else
               printf("Buffer is full!\n");
            break;
         case 2:
            if(mutex==1 && full!=0)
            consumer();
```

```
            else
                printf("Buffer is empty!\n");
            break;
        case 3:exit(0);
        default:printf("Invalid choice!\n");
      }
   }
}
```

Output:

```
Enter 1.Producer 2.Consumer 3.Exit
Enter your choice:
1
Producer has produced: Item 1
Enter your choice:
1
Producer has produced: Item 2
Enter your choice:
1
Producer has produced: Item 3
Enter your choice:
1
Producer has produced: Item 4
Enter your choice:
1
Producer has produced: Item 5
Enter your choice:
1
Buffer is full!
Enter your choice:
2
Consumer has consumed: Item 5
Enter your choice:
2
Consumer has consumed: Item 4
Enter your choice:
2
Consumer has consumed: Item 3
Enter your choice:
2
Consumer has consumed: Item 2
Enter your choice:
2
Consumer has consumed: Item 1
Enter your choice:
2
Buffer is empty!
```

Program:6
Question:
Write a C program to simulate the concept of Dining-Philosophers problem.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <unistd.h>

#define MAX_PHILOSOPHERS 100

int mutex = 1;
int mutex2 = 2;

int philosophers[MAX_PHILOSOPHERS];

void wait(int *sem) {
   while (*sem <= 0);
   (*sem)--;
}

void signal(int *sem) {
   (*sem)++;
}

void* one_eat_at_a_time(void* arg) {
   int philosopher = *((int*) arg);

   wait(&mutex);
   printf("Philosopher %d is granted to eat\n", philosopher + 1);
   sleep(1);
   printf("Philosopher %d has finished eating\n", philosopher + 1);
   signal(&mutex);

   return NULL;
}

void* two_eat_at_a_time(void* arg) {
   int philosopher = *((int*) arg);

   wait(&mutex2);
   printf("Philosopher %d is granted to eat\n", philosopher + 1);
   sleep(1);
   printf("Philosopher %d has finished eating\n", philosopher + 1);
```

```
    signal(&mutex2);

    return NULL;
}

int main() {
    int N;
    printf("Enter the total number of philosophers: ");
    scanf("%d", &N);

    int hungry_count;
    printf("How many are hungry: ");
    scanf("%d", &hungry_count);

    int hungry_philosophers[hungry_count];
    for (int i = 0; i < hungry_count; i++) {
        printf("Enter philosopher %d position (1 to %d): ", i + 1, N);
        scanf("%d", &hungry_philosophers[i]);
        hungry_philosophers[i]--;
    }

    pthread_t thread[hungry_count];

    int choice;

    do {
        printf("\n1. One can eat at a time\n2. Two can eat at a time\n3. Exit\nEnter your choice: ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        switch (choice) {
            case 1:
                printf("Allow one philosopher to eat at any time\n");
                for (int i = 0; i < hungry_count; i++) {
                    philosophers[i] = hungry_philosophers[i];
                    pthread_create(&thread[i], NULL, one_eat_at_a_time, &philosophers[i]);
                }
                for (int i = 0; i < hungry_count; i++) {
                    pthread_join(thread[i], NULL);
                }
                break;
            case 2:
                printf("Allow two philosophers to eat at the same time\n");
                for (int i = 0; i < hungry_count; i++) {
                    philosophers[i] = hungry_philosophers[i];
                    pthread_create(&thread[i], NULL, two_eat_at_a_time, &philosophers[i]);
                }
                for (int i = 0; i < hungry_count; i++) {
                    pthread_join(thread[i], NULL);
                }
```

```
            break;
        case 3:
            printf("Exit\n");
            break;
        default:
            printf("Invalid choice. Please try again.\n");
      }
   } while (choice != 3);

   return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
Enter the total number of philosophers: 5
How many are hungry: 3
Enter philosopher 1 position (1 to 5): 1
Enter philosopher 2 position (1 to 5): 3
Enter philosopher 3 position (1 to 5): 5

1. One can eat at a time
2. Two can eat at a time
3. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Allow one philosopher to eat at any time
Philosopher 1 is granted to eat
Philosopher 1 has finished eating
Philosopher 5 is granted to eat
Philosopher 5 has finished eating
Philosopher 3 is granted to eat
Philosopher 3 has finished eating

1. One can eat at a time
2. Two can eat at a time
3. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Allow two philosophers to eat at the same
Philosopher 1 is granted to eat
Philosopher 3 is granted to eat
Philosopher 1 has finished eating
Philosopher 5 is granted to eat
Philosopher 3 has finished eating
Philosopher 5 has finished eating

1. One can eat at a time
2. Two can eat at a time
3. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Exit
```

Program:7
Question:
Write a C program to simulate Bankers algorithm for the purpose of deadlock avoidance.
Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>

void calculateNeed(int P, int R, int need[P][R], int max[P][R], int allot[P][R]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < P; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j < R; j++)
            need[i][j] = max[i][j] - allot[i][j];
}

bool isSafe(int P, int R, int processes[], int avail[], int max[][R], int allot[][R]) {
    int need[P][R];
    calculateNeed(P, R, need, max, allot);

    bool finish[P];
    for (int i = 0; i < P; i++) {
        finish[i] = 0;
    }

    int safeSeq[P];
    int work[R];
    for (int i = 0; i < R; i++) {
        work[i] = avail[i];
    }

    int count = 0;
    while (count < P) {
        bool found = false;
        for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) {
            if (finish[p] == 0) {
                int j;
                for (j = 0; j < R; j++)
                    if (need[p][j] > work[j])
                        break;

                if (j == R) {
                    printf("P%d is visited (", p);
                    for (int k = 0; k < R; k++) {
                        work[k] += allot[p][k];
                        printf("%d ", work[k]);
                    }
                    printf(")\n");
                    safeSeq[count++] = p;
```

```
                finish[p] = 1;
                found = true;
            }
        }
    }

    if (found == false) {
        printf("System is not in safe state\n");
        return false;
    }
}

printf("SYSTEM IS IN SAFE STATE\nThe Safe Sequence is -- (");
for (int i = 0; i < P; i++) {
    printf("P%d ", safeSeq[i]);
}
printf(")\n");

return true;
}

int main() {
    int P, R;
    printf("Enter number of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", &P);
    printf("Enter number of resources: ");
    scanf("%d", &R);

    int processes[P];
    int avail[R];
    int max[P][R];
    int allot[P][R];

    for (int i = 0; i < P; i++) {
        processes[i] = i;
    }

    for (int i = 0; i < P; i++) {
        printf("Enter details for P%d\n", i);
        printf("Enter allocation -- ");
        for (int j = 0; j < R; j++) {
            scanf("%d", &allot[i][j]);
        }
        printf("Enter Max -- ");
        for (int j = 0; j < R; j++) {
            scanf("%d", &max[i][j]);
        }
    }
```

```
    printf("Enter Available Resources -- ");
    for (int i = 0; i < R; i++) {
        scanf("%d", &avail[i]);
    }

    isSafe(P, R, processes, avail, max, allot);

    printf("\nProcess\tAllocation\tMax\tNeed\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < P; i++) {
        printf("P%d\t", i);
        for (int j = 0; j < R; j++) {
            printf("%d ", allot[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\t");
        for (int j = 0; j < R; j++) {
            printf("%d ", max[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\t");
        for (int j = 0; j < R; j++) {
            printf("%d ", max[i][j] - allot[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
Enter number of processes: 5
Enter number of resources: 3
Enter details for P0
Enter allocation -- 0
1
0
Enter Max -- 7
5
3
Enter details for P1
Enter allocation -- 2
0
0
Enter Max -- 3
2
2
Enter details for P2
Enter allocation -- 3
0
2
Enter Max -- 9
0
2
```

```
Enter details for P3
Enter allocation -- 2
1
1
Enter Max -- 2
2
2
Enter details for P4
Enter allocation -- 0
0
2
Enter Max -- 4
3
3
Enter Available Resources -- 3
3
2
P1 is visited (5 3 2 )
P3 is visited (7 4 3 )
P4 is visited (7 4 5 )
P0 is visited (7 5 5 )
P2 is visited (10 5 7 )
SYSTEM IS IN SAFE STATE
The Safe Sequence is -- (P1 P3 P4 P0 P2 )
```

Process	Allocation	Max	Need
P0	0 1 0	7 5 3	7 4 3
P1	2 0 0	3 2 2	1 2 2
P2	3 0 2	9 0 2	6 0 0
P3	2 1 1	2 2 2	0 1 1
P4	0 0 2	4 3 3	4 3 1

Program:8
Question:
Write a C program to simulate deadlock detection.
Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>

void calculateNeed(int P, int R, int need[P][R], int max[P][R], int allot[P][R]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < P; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j < R; j++)
            need[i][j] = max[i][j] - allot[i][j];
}

bool isSafe(int P, int R, int processes[], int avail[], int max[][R], int allot[][R]) {
    int need[P][R];
    calculateNeed(P, R, need, max, allot);

    bool finish[P];
    for (int i = 0; i < P; i++) {
        finish[i] = 0;
    }

    int safeSeq[P];
    int work[R];
    for (int i = 0; i < R; i++) {
        work[i] = avail[i];
    }

    int count = 0;
    while (count < P) {
        bool found = false;
        for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) {
            if (finish[p] == 0) {
                int j;
                for (j = 0; j < R; j++)
                    if (need[p][j] > work[j])
                        break;

                if (j == R) {
                    printf("P%d is visited (", p);
                    for (int k = 0; k < R; k++) {
                        work[k] += allot[p][k];
                        printf("%d ", work[k]);
                    }
                    printf(")\n");
                    safeSeq[count++] = p;
                    finish[p] = 1;
```

```
                found = true;
            }
        }
    }

    if (found == false) {
        printf("System is not in safe state\n");
        return false;
    }
}

printf("SYSTEM IS IN SAFE STATE\nThe Safe Sequence is -- (");
for (int i = 0; i < P; i++) {
    printf("P%d ", safeSeq[i]);
}
printf(")\n");

return true;
}

int main() {
int P, R;
printf("Enter number of processes: ");
scanf("%d", &P);
printf("Enter number of resources: ");
scanf("%d", &R);

int processes[P];
int avail[R];
int max[P][R];
int allot[P][R];

for (int i = 0; i < P; i++) {
    processes[i] = i;
}

for (int i = 0; i < P; i++) {
    printf("Enter details for P%d\n", i);
    printf("Enter allocation -- ");
    for (int j = 0; j < R; j++) {
        scanf("%d", &allot[i][j]);
    }
    printf("Enter Max -- ");
    for (int j = 0; j < R; j++) {
        scanf("%d", &max[i][j]);
    }
}
```

```
    printf("Enter Available Resources -- ");
    for (int i = 0; i < R; i++) {
        scanf("%d", &avail[i]);
    }

    isSafe(P, R, processes, avail, max, allot);

    printf("\nProcess\tAllocation\tMax\tNeed\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < P; i++) {
        printf("P%d\t", i);
        for (int j = 0; j < R; j++) {
            printf("%d ", allot[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\t");
        for (int j = 0; j < R; j++) {
            printf("%d ", max[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\t");
        for (int j = 0; j < R; j++) {
            printf("%d ", max[i][j] - allot[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
Enter the number of processes: 5
Enter the number of resources: 3
Enter details for P0
Enter allocation -- 0
1
0
Enter Request -- 0
0
0
Enter details for P1
Enter allocation -- 2
0
0
Enter Request -- 2
0
2
Enter details for P2
Enter allocation -- 3
0
0
Enter Request -- 0
0
0
Enter details for P3
Enter allocation -- 2
1
1
Enter Request -- 1
0
0
Enter details for P4
Enter allocation -- 0
0
2
Enter Request -- 0
0
2
Enter Available Resources -- 0
0
0

System is in a deadlock state.
The deadlocked processes are: P1 P4
```

Program:9
Question:
Write a C program to simulate the following contiguous memory allocation techniques
a) Worst-fit
b) Best-fit
c) First-fit

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>

#define MAX 25

void firstFit(int nb, int nf, int b[], int f[]) {
   int frag[MAX], bf[MAX] = {0}, ff[MAX] = {0};
   int i, j, temp;

   for (i = 1; i <= nf; i++) {
      for (j = 1; j <= nb; j++) {
         if (bf[j] != 1) {
            temp = b[j] - f[i];
            if (temp >= 0) {
               ff[i] = j;
               frag[i] = temp;
               bf[j] = 1;
               break;
            }
         }
      }
   }

   printf("\nMemory Management Scheme - First Fit\n");
   printf("File_no:\tFile_size :\tBlock_no:\tBlock_size:\tFragment\n");
   for (i = 1; i <= nf; i++) {
      printf("%d\t\t%d\t\t", i, f[i]);
      if (ff[i] != 0) {
         printf("%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\n", ff[i], b[ff[i]], frag[i]);
      } else {
         printf("Not Allocated\n");
      }
   }
}

void bestFit(int nb, int nf, int b[], int f[]) {
   int frag[MAX], bf[MAX] = {0}, ff[MAX] = {0};
```

```
    int i, j, temp, lowest = 10000;

    for (i = 1; i <= nf; i++) {
        for (j = 1; j <= nb; j++) {
            if (bf[j] != 1) {
                temp = b[j] - f[i];
                if (temp >= 0 && lowest > temp) {
                    ff[i] = j;
                    lowest = temp;
                }
            }
        }
        frag[i] = lowest;
        bf[ff[i]] = 1;
        lowest = 10000;
    }

    printf("\nMemory Management Scheme - Best Fit\n");
    printf("File No\tFile Size \tBlock No\tBlock Size\tFragment\n");
    for (i = 1; i <= nf; i++) {
        printf("%d\t\t%d\t\t", i, f[i]);
        if (ff[i] != 0) {
            printf("%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\n", ff[i], b[ff[i]], frag[i]);
        } else {
            printf("Not Allocated\n");
        }
    }
}

void worstFit(int nb, int nf, int b[], int f[]) {
    int frag[MAX], bf[MAX] = {0}, ff[MAX] = {0};
    int i, j, temp, highest = 0;

    for (i = 1; i <= nf; i++) {
        for (j = 1; j <= nb; j++) {
            if (bf[j] != 1) {
                temp = b[j] - f[i];
                if (temp >= 0 && highest < temp) {
                    ff[i] = j;
                    highest = temp;
                }
            }
        }
        frag[i] = highest;
        bf[ff[i]] = 1;
        highest = 0;
    }
```

```
    printf("\nMemory Management Scheme - Worst Fit\n");
    printf("File_no:\tFile_size :\tBlock_no:\tBlock_size:\tFragment\n");
    for (i = 1; i <= nf; i++) {
        printf("%d\t\t%d\t\t", i, f[i]);
        if (ff[i] != 0) {
            printf("%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\n", ff[i], b[ff[i]], frag[i]);
        } else {
            printf("Not Allocated\n");
        }
    }
}

int main() {
    int b[MAX], f[MAX], nb, nf;

    printf("\nEnter the number of blocks:");
    scanf("%d", &nb);
    printf("Enter the number of files:");
    scanf("%d", &nf);
    printf("\nEnter the size of the blocks:-\n");
    for (int i = 1; i <= nb; i++) {
        printf("Block %d:", i);
        scanf("%d", &b[i]);
    }
    printf("Enter the size of the files :-\n");
    for (int i = 1; i <= nf; i++) {
        printf("File %d:", i);
        scanf("%d", &f[i]);
    }

    int b1[MAX], b2[MAX], b3[MAX];
    for (int i = 1; i <= nb; i++) {
        b1[i] = b[i];
        b2[i] = b[i];
        b3[i] = b[i];
    }

    firstFit(nb, nf, b1, f);
    bestFit(nb, nf, b2, f);
    worstFit(nb, nf, b3, f);

    return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
Enter the number of blocks:5
Enter the number of files:4

Enter the size of the blocks
Block 1:400
Block 2:700
Block 3:200
Block 4:300
Block 5:600
Enter the size of the files
File 1:212
File 2:517
File 3:312
File 4:526
Memory Management Scheme - First Fit
File_no:        File_size :     Block_no:       Block_size:     Fragment
1               212             1               400             188
2               517             2               700             183
3               312             5               600             288
4               526             Not Allocated

Memory Management Scheme - Best Fit
File No File Size       Block No        Block Size      Fragment
1               212             4               300             88
2               517             5               600             83
3               312             1               400             88
4               526             2               700             174

Memory Management Scheme - Worst Fit
File_no:        File_size :     Block_no:       Block_size:     Fragment
1               212             2               700             488
2               517             5               600             83
3               312             1               400             88
4               526             Not Allocated
```

Program:10
Question:
Write a C program to simulate page replacement algorithms
a) FIFO
b) LRU
c) Optimal

Code:

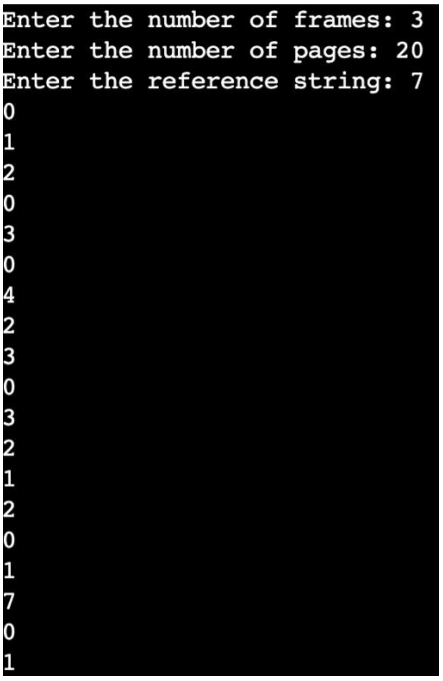
```
#include <stdio.h>

// Function to check if the page is present in the frames
int isPagePresent(int frames[], int n, int page) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (frames[i] == page) {
            return 1;
        }
    }
    return 0;
}

// Function to print the frames
void printFrames(int frames[], int n) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (frames[i] != -1) {
            printf("%d ", frames[i]);
        } else {
            printf("- ");
        }
    }
    printf("\n");
}

// Function to implement FIFO page replacement
void fifoPageReplacement(int pages[], int numPages, int numFrames) {
    int frames[numFrames];
    int front = 0, pageFaults = 0;

    // Initialize frames
    for (int i = 0; i < numFrames; i++) {
        frames[i] = -1;
    }

    printf("FIFO Replacement\n");
    printf("Reference String\tFrames\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < numPages; i++) {
        printf("%d\t\t", pages[i]);
```

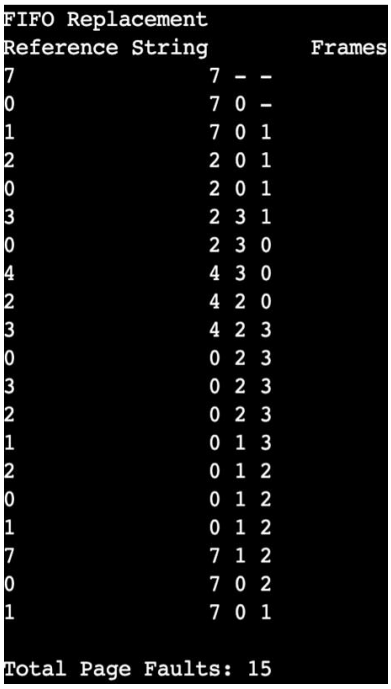
```
        if (!isPagePresent(frames, numFrames, pages[i])) {
            frames[front] = pages[i];
            front = (front + 1) % numFrames;
            pageFaults++;
        }
        printFrames(frames, numFrames);
    }

    printf("\nTotal Page Faults: %d\n\n", pageFaults);
}

// Function to find the page to replace using the Optimal page replacement algorithm
int findOptimalReplacementIndex(int pages[], int numPages, int frames[], int numFrames, int
currentIndex) {
    int farthest = currentIndex;
    int index = -1;

    for (int i = 0; i < numFrames; i++) {
        int j;
        for (j = currentIndex; j < numPages; j++) {
            if (frames[i] == pages[j]) {
                if (j > farthest) {
                    farthest = j;
                    index = i;
                }
                break;
            }
        }
        // If the page is not found in future, return this index
        if (j == numPages) {
            return i;
        }
    }

    // If all pages are found in future, return the one with farthest future use
    return (index == -1) ? 0 : index;
}

// Function to implement Optimal page replacement
void optPageReplacement(int pages[], int numPages, int numFrames) {
    int frames[numFrames];
    int pageFaults = 0;

    // Initialize frames
    for (int i = 0; i < numFrames; i++) {
        frames[i] = -1;
    }
```

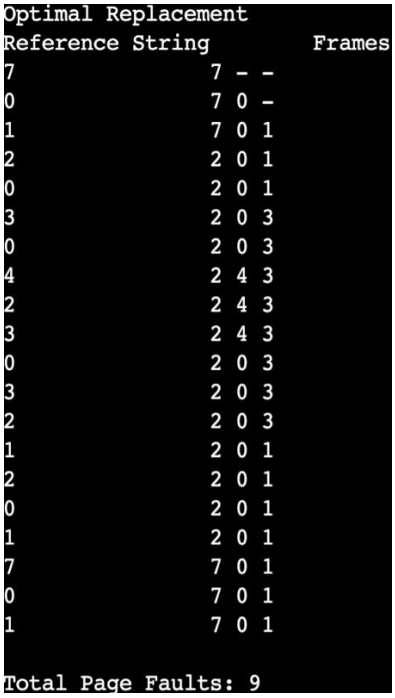
```
    printf("Optimal Replacement\n");
    printf("Reference String\tFrames\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < numPages; i++) {
        printf("%d\t\t", pages[i]);

        if (!isPagePresent(frames, numFrames, pages[i])) {
            if (isPagePresent(frames, numFrames, -1)) {
                for (int j = 0; j < numFrames; j++) {
                    if (frames[j] == -1) {
                        frames[j] = pages[i];
                        break;
                    }
                }
            } else {
                int index = findOptimalReplacementIndex(pages, numPages, frames, numFrames, i + 1);
                frames[index] = pages[i];
            }
            pageFaults++;
        }
        printFrames(frames, numFrames);
    }

    printf("\nTotal Page Faults: %d\n\n", pageFaults);
}

// Function to implement LRU page replacement
void lruPageReplacement(int pages[], int numPages, int numFrames) {
    int frames[numFrames];
    int pageFaults = 0;
    int timestamps[numFrames];

    // Initialize frames and timestamps
    for (int i = 0; i < numFrames; i++) {
        frames[i] = -1;
        timestamps[i] = -1;
    }

    printf("LRU Replacement\n");
    printf("Reference String\tFrames\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < numPages; i++) {
        printf("%d\t\t", pages[i]);

        if (!isPagePresent(frames, numFrames, pages[i])) {
            int lruIndex = 0;
            for (int j = 1; j < numFrames; j++) {
                if (timestamps[j] < timestamps[lruIndex]) {
                    lruIndex = j;
```

```
            }
        }
        frames[lruIndex] = pages[i];
        timestamps[lruIndex] = i;
        pageFaults++;
    } else {
        for (int j = 0; j < numFrames; j++) {
            if (frames[j] == pages[i]) {
                timestamps[j] = i;
                break;
            }
        }
    }
    printFrames(frames, numFrames);
  }

  printf("\nTotal Page Faults: %d\n\n", pageFaults);
}

int main() {
  int numFrames, numPages;

  printf("Enter the number of frames: ");
  scanf("%d", &numFrames);

  printf("Enter the number of pages: ");
  scanf("%d", &numPages);

  int pages[numPages];

  printf("Enter the reference string: ");
  for (int i = 0; i < numPages; i++) {
    scanf("%d", &pages[i]);
  }

  fifoPageReplacement(pages, numPages, numFrames);
  optPageReplacement(pages, numPages, numFrames);
  lruPageReplacement(pages, numPages, numFrames);

  return 0;
}
```

Output:


Enter the number of frames: 3
Enter the number of pages: 20
Enter the reference string: 7
0
1
2
0
3
0
4
2
3
0
3
2
1
2
0
1
7
0
1


FIFO Replacement
Reference String Frames
7 7 - -
0 7 0 -
1 7 0 1
2 2 0 1
0 2 0 1
3 2 3 1
0 2 3 0
4 4 3 0
2 4 2 0
3 4 2 3
0 0 2 3
3 0 2 3
2 0 2 3
1 0 1 3
2 0 1 2
0 0 1 2
1 0 1 2
7 7 1 2
0 7 0 2
1 7 0 1
Total Page Faults: 15


Optimal Replacement
Reference String Frames
7 7 - -
0 7 0 -
1 7 0 1
2 2 0 1
0 2 0 1
3 2 0 3
0 2 0 3
4 2 4 3
2 2 4 3
3 2 4 3
0 2 0 3
3 2 0 3
2 2 0 3
1 2 0 1
2 2 0 1
0 2 0 1
1 2 0 1
7 7 0 1
0 7 0 1
1 7 0 1
Total Page Faults: 9

```
// Deadlock Detection Pseudocode

Function Deadlock_Detection(n, m, allocation[][], request[][], available[]):
    // Initialize Work and Finish
    Declare Work[m], Finish[n]
    For i = 0 to m-1: Work[i] = available[i]
    For i = 0 to n-1: Finish[i] = False

    // Find an unmarked process
    Do:
        found_process = False
        For i = 0 to n-1:
            If Finish[i] == False:
                executable = True
                For j = 0 to m-1:
                    If request[i][j] > Work[j]:
                        executable = False
                        Break

                // If found, mark it and update Work
                If executable == True:
                    For j = 0 to m-1: Work[j] += allocation[i][j]
                    Finish[i] = True
                    found_process = True
                    Break

    While found_process == True

    // Check for any unmarked processes
    deadlock_detected = False
    For i = 0 to n-1:
        If Finish[i] == False:
            deadlock_detected = True
            Print "Process %d is in deadlock", i

    If deadlock_detected == False:
        Print "No deadlock detected"

Return deadlock_detected
```

```
// Dining-Philosophers problem pseudocode

#define MAX_PHILOSOPHERS 100

int mutex = 1, mutex2 = 2;
int philosophers[MAX_PHILOSOPHERS];

Function wait(sem):
    While sem <= 0: End While
```

```
    sem -= 1

Function signal(sem):
    sem += 1

Function one_eat(arg):
    philosopher = arg
    Call wait(mutex)
    Print "Philosopher %d is eating", philosopher + 1
    Sleep 1
    Print "Philosopher %d finished eating", philosopher + 1
    Call signal(mutex)
    Return NULL

Function two_eat(arg):
    philosopher = arg
    Call wait(mutex2)
    Print "Philosopher %d is eating", philosopher + 1
    Sleep 1
    Print "Philosopher %d finished eating", philosopher + 1
    Call signal(mutex2)
    Return NULL

Function main():
    Declare N, hungry_count, choice
    Declare hungry_philosophers[], thread[]

    Print "Enter total number of philosophers: "
    Input N
    Print "How many are hungry: "
    Input hungry_count

    For i = 0 to hungry_count - 1:
        Print "Enter philosopher %d position (1 to %d): ", i + 1, N
        Input hungry_philosophers[i]
        hungry_philosophers[i] -= 1

    Do:
        Print "\n1. One can eat\n2. Two can eat\n3. Exit\nEnter your choice: "
        Input choice
        If choice == 1:
            Print "One can eat"
            For i = 0 to hungry_count - 1:
                philosophers[i] = hungry_philosophers[i]
                Call pthread_create(thread[i], NULL, one_eat, philosophers[i])
            End For
        Else If choice == 2:
            Print "Two can eat"
            For i = 0 to hungry_count - 1:
                philosophers[i] = hungry_philosophers[i]
                Call pthread_create(thread[i], NULL, two_eat, philosophers[i])
            End For
        Else If choice == 3:
            Print "Exit"
            Break
```

```
        Else:
            Print "Invalid choice"
        End If
        For i = 0 to hungry_count - 1:
            Call pthread_join(thread[i], NULL)
        End For
    While choice != 3

Return 0
```