Scales of Measurement

Basic Empirical Mathematical Permissible Statistics Scale Operations Group Structure (invariantive) Quantitative (Interval and Ratio) Number of cases $\alpha' = f(\alpha)$ Mode f(x) means any one-to-one Contingency correlation substitution **Ordinal** ORDINAL Determination of Isotonic group Median greater or less $w^f = f(w)$ Nominal³ Percentiles f(w) means any monotonic increasing function INTERVAL Determination of General linear group Mean equality of intervals x' = ax + bStandard deviation or differences Rank-order correlation Product-moment correlation RATIO Determination of Similarity group Coefficient of variation equality of ratios a' = aa

³ S. S. Stevens, Science, New Series, Vol. 103, No. 2684 (Jun. 7, 1946), pp. 677-680