```
In [1]: # import python libraries
        import numpy as np
       import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # visualizing data
        %matplotlib inline
        import seaborn as sns
In [2]: # import csv file
        df = pd.read_csv('Diwali Sales Data.csv', encoding= 'unicode_escape')
In [3]: df.shape
Out[3]: (11251, 15)
In [4]: df.head()
Out[4]:
           User_ID Cust_name Product_ID Gender Age Group Age Marital_Status
                                                                                                       Occupation Product_Category Orders Amount Status unnamed1
                                                                                     State
                                                                                              Zone
                     Sanskriti P00125942
        0 1002903
                                                    26-35
                                                          28
                                                                               Maharashtra
                                                                                           Western
                                                                                                        Healthcare
                                                                                                                             Auto
                                                                                                                                       1 23952.0
                                                                                                                                                    NaN
                                                                                                                                                              NaN
       1 1000732
                        Kartik P00110942
                                                           35
                                                                          1 Andhra Pradesh Southern
                                                    26-35
                                                                                                             Govt
                                                                                                                             Auto
                                                                                                                                       3 23934.0
                                                                                                                                                    NaN
                                                                                                                                                              NaN
        2 1001990
                       Bindu P00118542
                                                    26-35 35
                                                                              Uttar Pradesh
                                                                                            Central
                                                                                                       Automobile
                                                                                                                             Auto
                                                                                                                                       3 23924.0
                                                                                                                                                    NaN
                                                                                                                                                              NaN
        3 1001425
                       Sudevi P00237842
                                                     0-17 16
                                                                                  Karnataka Southern
                                                                                                      Construction
                                                                                                                             Auto
                                                                                                                                       2 23912.0
                                                                                                                                                    NaN
                                                                                                                                                              NaN
        4 1000588
                                                    26-35 28
                                                                          1
                         Joni P00057942
                                                                                    Gujarat Western Food Processing
                                                                                                                             Auto
                                                                                                                                       2 23877.0
                                                                                                                                                    NaN
                                                                                                                                                              NaN
In [5]: df.info()
       <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
       RangeIndex: 11251 entries, 0 to 11250
      Data columns (total 15 columns):
       # Column
                            Non-Null Count Dtype
       ---
                           -----
           User_ID 11251 non-null int64
Cust_name 11251 non-null object
          User_ID
       1
       2
           Product ID
                            11251 non-null object
                            11251 non-null object
           Gender
       3
           Age Group
                           11251 non-null object
       4
                            11251 non-null int64
       5
           Age
           Marital_Status 11251 non-null int64
       6
       7
           State
                            11251 non-null object
                            11251 non-null object
       8
           Zone
                            11251 non-null object
       9
           Occupation
       10 Product_Category 11251 non-null object
       11 Orders
                            11251 non-null int64
                            11239 non-null float64
       12 Amount
       13 Status
                            0 non-null
                                            float64
       14 unnamed1
                            0 non-null
                                            float64
       dtypes: float64(3), int64(4), object(8)
       memory usage: 1.3+ MB
In [6]: #drop unrelated/blank columns
       df.drop(['Status', 'unnamed1'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [7]: #check for null values
         pd.isnull(df).sum()
                              0
 Out[7]: User_ID
          Cust_name
                              0
          Product_ID
                              0
          Gender
                              0
          Age Group
          Age
         Marital_Status
          State
                              0
                              0
          Zone
         Occupation
                              0
                              0
          Product_Category
         Orders
                              0
                             12
          Amount
          dtype: int64
 In [8]: # drop null values
         df.dropna(inplace=True)
 In [9]: # change data type
         df['Amount'] = df['Amount'].astype('int')
In [10]: df['Amount'].dtypes
Out[10]: dtype('int32')
In [11]: df.columns
Out[11]: Index(['User_ID', 'Cust_name', 'Product_ID', 'Gender', 'Age Group', 'Age',
                 'Marital_Status', 'State', 'Zone', 'Occupation', 'Product_Category',
                'Orders', 'Amount'],
               dtype='object')
In [12]: #rename column
         df.rename(columns= {'Marital_Status':'Shaadi'})
```

Out[12]:		User_ID	Cust_name	Product_ID	Gender	Age Group	Age	Shaadi	State	Zone	Occupation	Product_Category	Orders	Amount
	0	1002903	Sanskriti	P00125942	F	26-35	28	0	Maharashtra	Western	Healthcare	Auto	1	23952
	1	1000732	Kartik	P00110942	F	26-35	35	1	Andhra Pradesh	Southern	Govt	Auto	3	23934
	2	1001990	Bindu	P00118542	F	26-35	35	1	Uttar Pradesh	Central	Automobile	Auto	3	23924
	3	1001425	Sudevi	P00237842	М	0-17	16	0	Karnataka	Southern	Construction	Auto	2	23912
	4	1000588	Joni	P00057942	М	26-35	28	1	Gujarat	Western	Food Processing	Auto	2	23877
	•••													
	11246	1000695	Manning	P00296942	М	18-25	19	1	Maharashtra	Western	Chemical	Office	4	370
	11247	1004089	Reichenbach	P00171342	М	26-35	33	0	Haryana	Northern	Healthcare	Veterinary	3	367
	11248	1001209	Oshin	P00201342	F	36-45	40	0	Madhya Pradesh	Central	Textile	Office	4	213
	11249	1004023	Noonan	P00059442	М	36-45	37	0	Karnataka	Southern	Agriculture	Office	3	206
	11250	1002744	Brumley	P00281742	F	18-25	19	0	Maharashtra	Western	Healthcare	Office	3	188

11239 rows × 13 columns

In [13]: # describe() method returns description of the data in the DataFrame (i.e. count, mean, std, etc)
df.describe()

Out[13]:		User_ID	Age	Marital_Status	Orders	Amount
	count	1.123900e+04	11239.000000	11239.000000	11239.000000	11239.000000
	mean	1.003004e+06	35.410357	0.420055	2.489634	9453.610553
	std	1.716039e+03	12.753866	0.493589	1.114967	5222.355168
	min	1.000001e+06	12.000000	0.000000	1.000000	188.000000
	25%	1.001492e+06	27.000000	0.000000	2.000000	5443.000000
	50%	1.003064e+06	33.000000	0.000000	2.000000	8109.000000
	75%	1.004426e+06	43.000000	1.000000	3.000000	12675.000000
	max	1.006040e+06	92.000000	1.000000	4.000000	23952.000000

In [14]: # use describe() for specific columns
df[['Age', 'Orders', 'Amount']].describe()

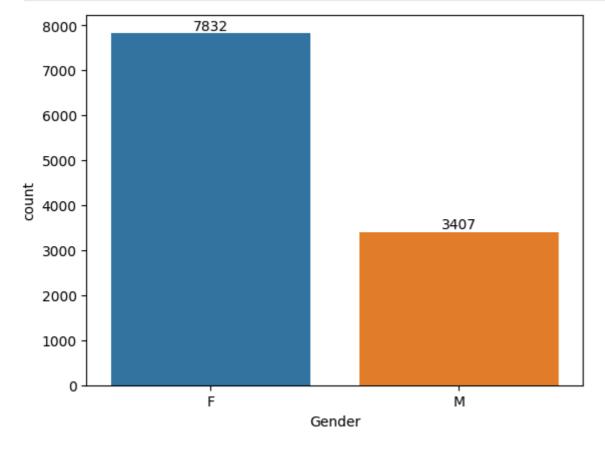
	Age	Orders	Amount
count	11239.000000	11239.000000	11239.000000
mean	35.410357	2.489634	9453.610553
std	12.753866	1.114967	5222.355168
min	12.000000	1.000000	188.000000
25%	27.000000	2.000000	5443.000000
50%	33.000000	2.000000	8109.000000
75%	43.000000	3.000000	12675.000000
max	92.000000	4.000000	23952.000000

Exploratory Data Analysis

Gender

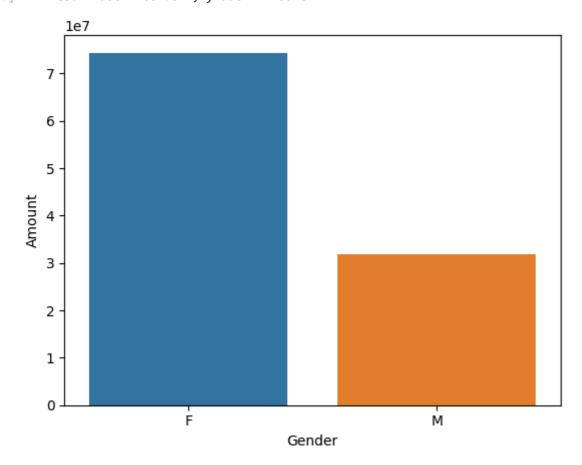
Out[14]:

```
In [15]: # plotting a bar chart for Gender and it's count
         ax = sns.countplot(x = 'Gender', data = df)
         for bars in ax.containers:
              ax.bar_label(bars)
```



```
sales_gen = df.groupby(['Gender'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values(by='Amount', ascending=False)
sns.barplot(x = 'Gender',y= 'Amount' ,data = sales_gen)
```

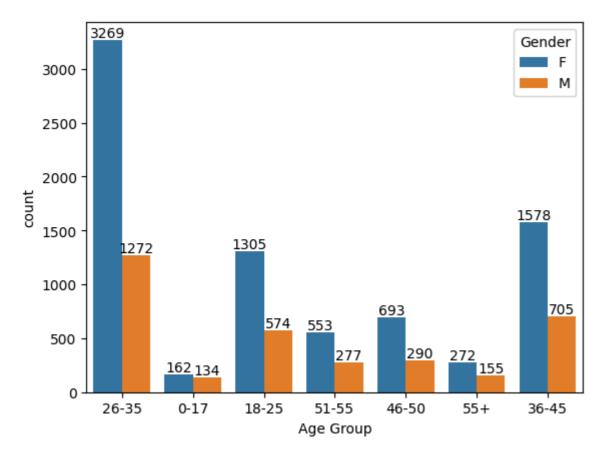
Out[16]: <Axes: xlabel='Gender', ylabel='Amount'>



From above graphs we can see that most of the buyers are females and even the purchasing power of females are greater than men

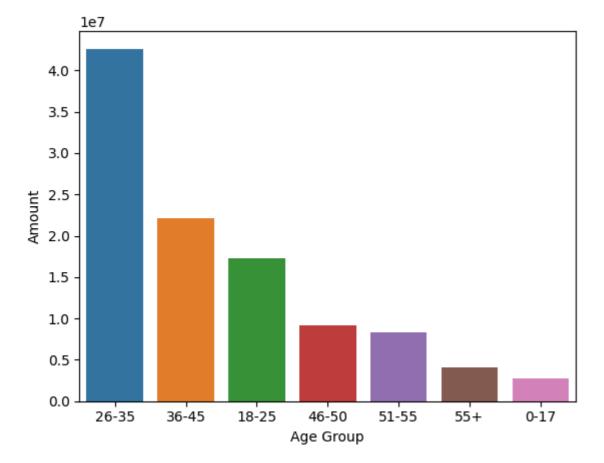
Age

```
In [17]: ax = sns.countplot(data = df, x = 'Age Group', hue = 'Gender')
for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```



```
In [18]: # Total Amount vs Age Group
sales_age = df.groupby(['Age Group'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values(by='Amount', ascending=False)
sns.barplot(x = 'Age Group',y= 'Amount' ,data = sales_age)
```

Out[18]: <Axes: xlabel='Age Group', ylabel='Amount'>

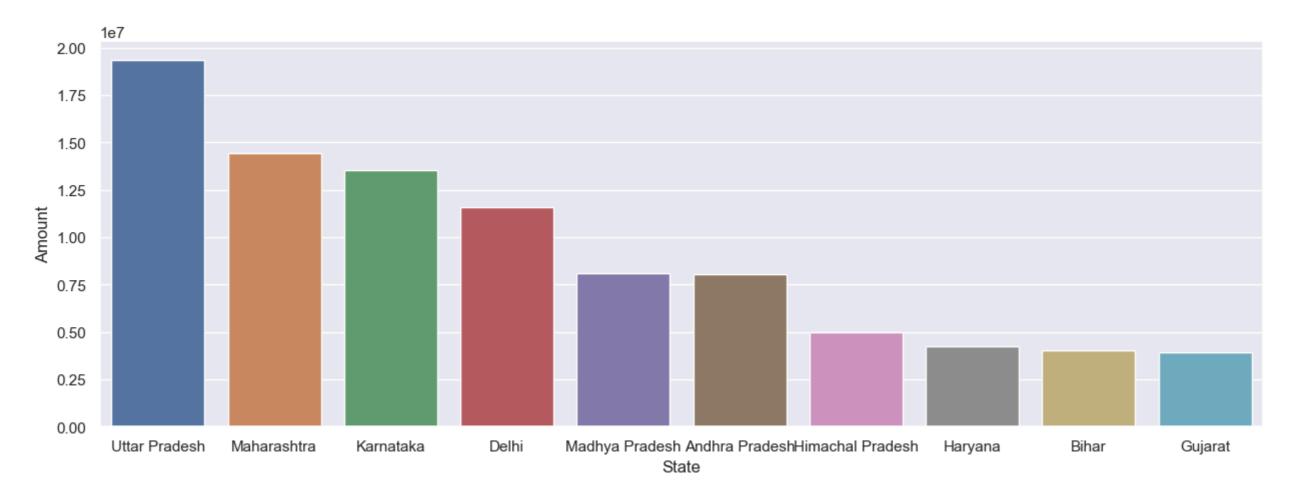


State

Out[20]: <Axes: xlabel='State', ylabel='Amount'>

```
In [19]: # total number of orders from top 10 states
         sales_state = df.groupby(['State'], as_index=False)['Orders'].sum().sort_values(by='Orders', ascending=False).head(10)
         sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(15,5)})
         sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'State',y= 'Orders')
Out[19]: <Axes: xlabel='State', ylabel='Orders'>
           5000
           4000
           3000
        Orders
           2000
           1000
               0
                                                                                 Madhya Pradesh Andhra PradeshHimachal Pradesh
                   Uttar Pradesh
                                   Maharashtra
                                                     Karnataka
                                                                       Delhi
                                                                                                                                      Kerala
                                                                                                                                                     Haryana
                                                                                                                                                                      Gujarat
                                                                                               State
```

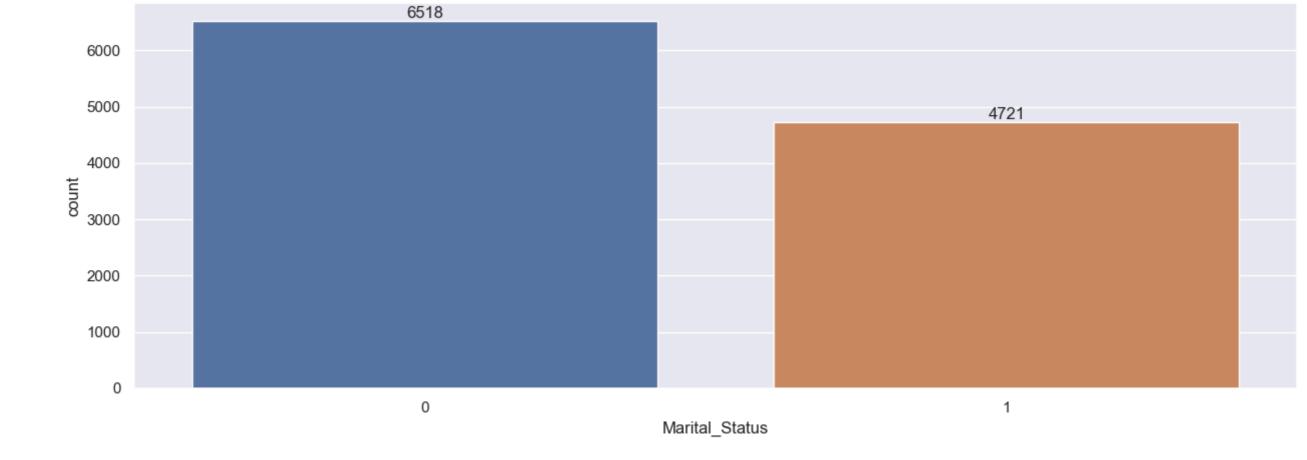
```
In [20]: # total amount/sales from top 10 states
sales_state = df.groupby(['State'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values(by='Amount', ascending=False).head(10)
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(15,5)})
sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'State',y= 'Amount')
```



From above graphs we can see that most of the orders & total sales/amount are from Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra and Karnataka respectively

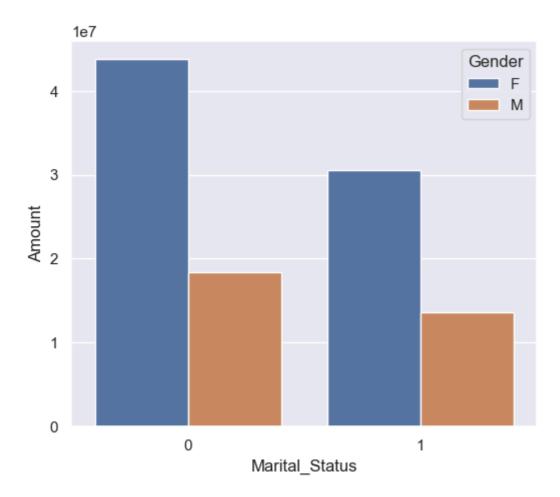
Marital Status

```
In [21]: ax = sns.countplot(data = df, x = 'Marital_Status')
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(7,5)})
for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```



```
In [22]: sales_state = df.groupby(['Marital_Status', 'Gender'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values(by='Amount', ascending=False)
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(6,5)})
sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'Marital_Status',y= 'Amount', hue='Gender')
```

Out[22]: <Axes: xlabel='Marital_Status', ylabel='Amount'>

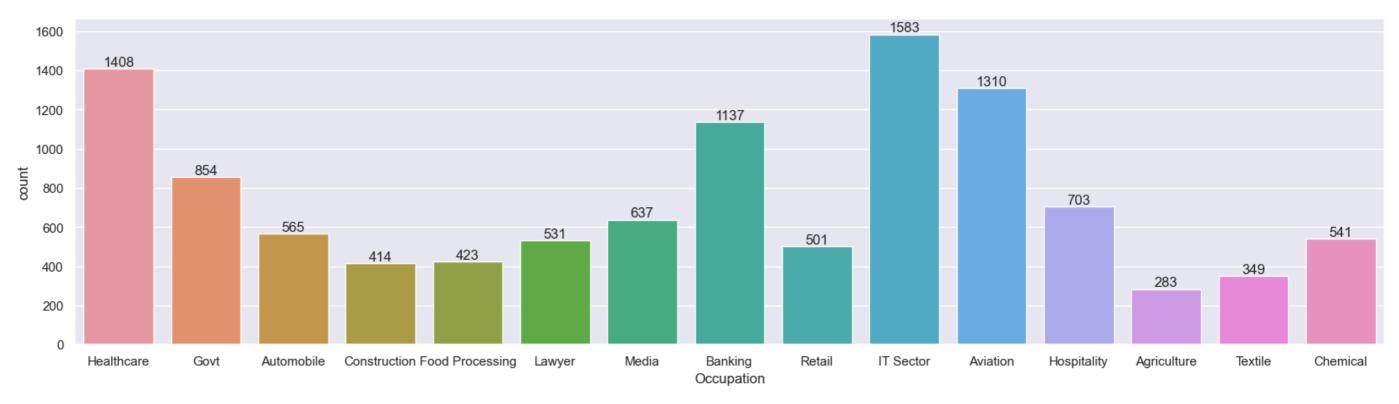


From above graphs we can see that most of the buyers are married (women) and they have high purchasing power

Occupation

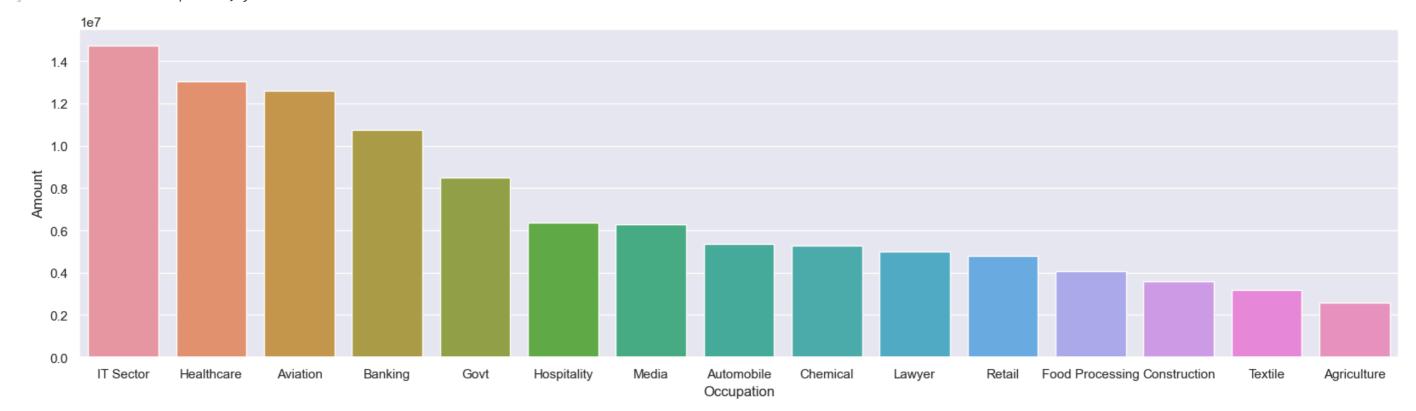
```
In [23]: sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(20,5)})
    ax = sns.countplot(data = df, x = 'Occupation')

for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```



```
In [24]: sales_state = df.groupby(['Occupation'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values(by='Amount', ascending=False)
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(20,5)})
sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'Occupation',y= 'Amount')
```

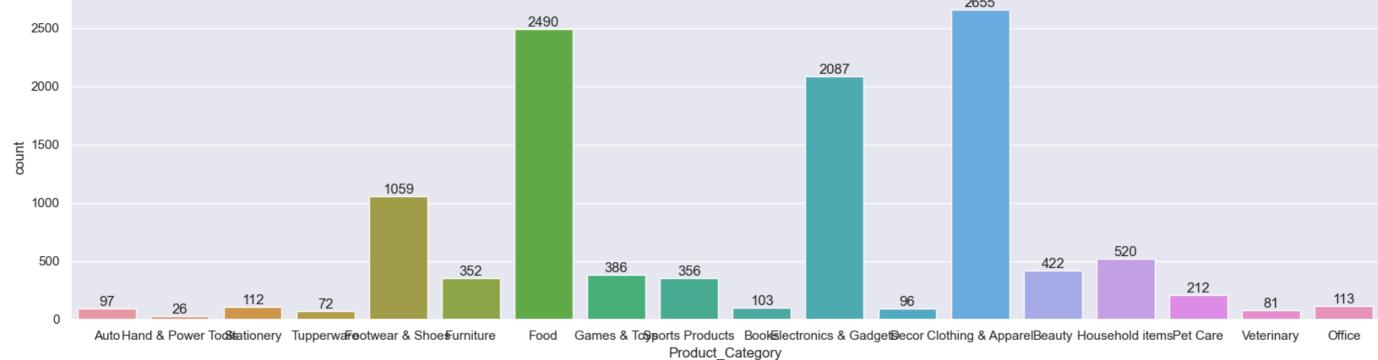




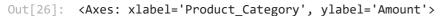
From above graphs we can see that most of the buyers are working in IT, Healthcare and Aviation sector

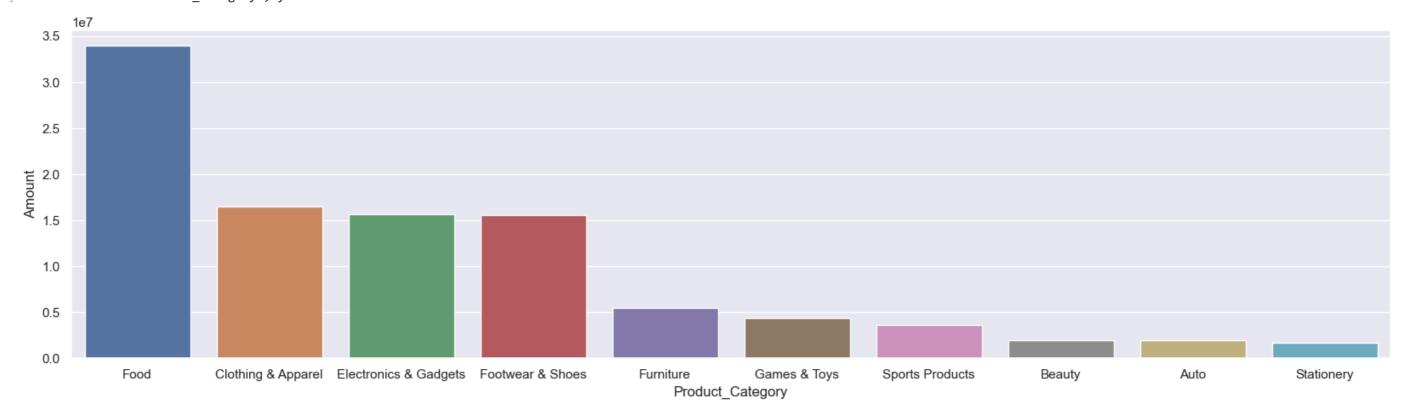
Product Category

```
In [25]: sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(20,5)})
ax = sns.countplot(data = df, x = 'Product_Category')
for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
2655
2500
2490
```



```
In [26]: sales_state = df.groupby(['Product_Category'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values(by='Amount', ascending=False).head(10)
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(20,5)})
sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'Product_Category',y= 'Amount')
```

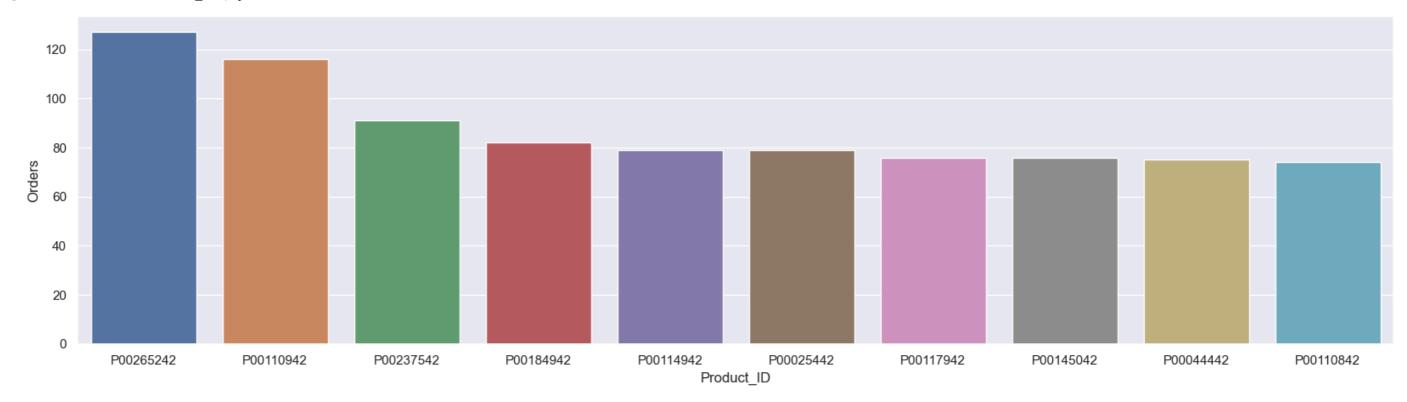




From above graphs we can see that most of the sold products are from Food, Clothing and Electronics category

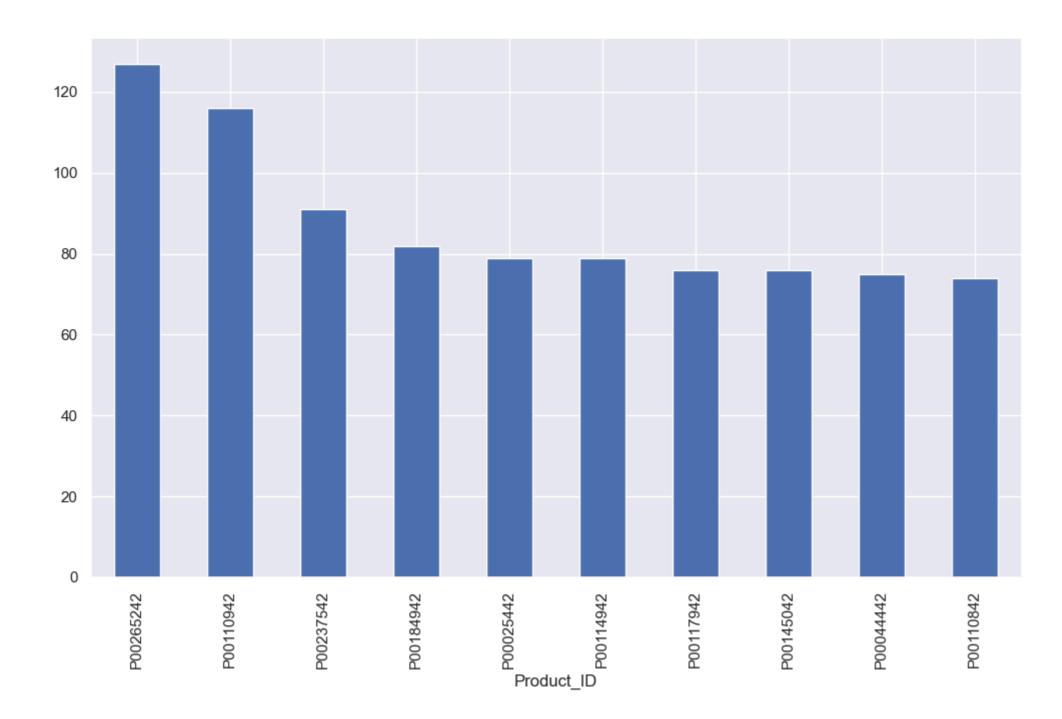
```
In [27]: sales_state = df.groupby(['Product_ID'], as_index=False)['Orders'].sum().sort_values(by='Orders', ascending=False).head(10)
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(20,5)})
sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'Product_ID',y= 'Orders')
```

Out[27]: <Axes: xlabel='Product_ID', ylabel='Orders'>



```
In [28]: # top 10 most sold products (same thing as above)
fig1, ax1 = plt.subplots(figsize=(12,7))
df.groupby('Product_ID')['Orders'].sum().nlargest(10).sort_values(ascending=False).plot(kind='bar')
```

Out[28]: <Axes: xlabel='Product_ID'>



Conclusion:

Married women age group 26-35 yrs from UP, Maharastra and Karnataka working in IT, Healthcare and Aviation are more likely to buy products from Food, Clothing and Electronics category