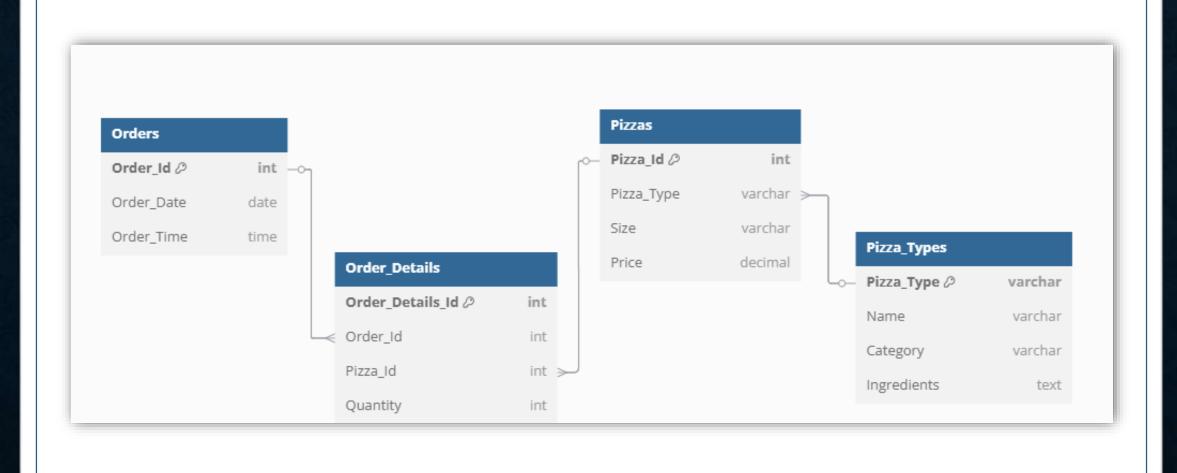
DOMINOS

SQL QUERY PROJECT



B1. RETRIEVE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ORDERS PLACED.

Create View B1 As

Select Count(Distinct Order_Id) as Orders

From Order_Details;

B2. CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES.

Create View B2 As

Select

Sum(Order_Details.quantity * pizzas.price) as Total_Sales

From Order_Details Join pizzas

On pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id

B3. IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST-PRICED PIZZA.

Create View B3 As

Select pizza_types.name, pizzas.price

from pizza_types join pizzas

on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id

order by pizzas.price desc limit 1;

B4. IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED.

Create View B4 As

SELECT pizzas.size, Count(order_details.order_details_id) AS total_ordered

FROM order_details JOIN pizzas

ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id

GROUP BY pizzas.size

ORDER BY total_ordered DESC

LIMIT 1;

B5. LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITIES.

```
Create View B5 As
Select pizza_types.name,
sum(order_details.quantity) as total_quantity
From pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
Group by pizza_types.name
Order by total_quantity desc
Limit 5;
```

11. JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY ORDERED.

```
Create View I1 As
Select pizza_types.category,
sum(order_details.quantity) as total_quantity
From pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
Join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
Group By pizza_types.category
Order By total_quantity
```

12. DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY.

Create View I2 As

Select Extract(hour from order_time) as order_hour,

count(order_id)

From orders

Group By order_hour

Order By order_hour

13. JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS.

Create View I3 As

Select Category, Count(name)

From pizza_types

Group By Category

14. GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY.

Create View II4 As

Select round(Avg(order_quantity),2) from

(Select orders.order_date,

Sum(order_details.quantity) as order_quantity

From orders join order_details

on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id

Group By orders.order_date

Order By orders.order_date)

15. DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE.

```
Create View I5 As
Select pizza_types.name,
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
Group by pizza_types.name
Order by revenue desc
Limit 3
```

Select * from I5

A1. CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPE TO TOTAL REVENUE.

```
SELECT pizza_types.category,
ROUND(
FROM order details
JOIN pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
), 2) AS percentage_contribution
FROM pizza_types
JOIN
pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
JOIN
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
```

A2. ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME.

```
Create View A2 as
Sum(revenue) over (order by order_date) as cum_revenue
from
join pizzas
Group by orders.order_date) as sales;
Select * from A2
```

A3. DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY.

```
Create View A3 As
Select category, name, revenue from
(Select category, name, revenue,
rank() over (partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
from
(Select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
Group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) as a) as b
Where rn <=3;
Select * From A3
```