



MedDream DICOM Viewer

USER'S MANUAL

(version 5.5.2)

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Notes on the user's manual

Purpose and availability of documentation

This user's manual describes the operation with MedDream DICOM Viewer (hereinafter – MedDream).

Correct operation of the system is imperative for its safe and successful functioning. You should therefore ensure that you are thoroughly familiar with the user manual before setting up and using MedDream for the first time.

The user manuals and other documentation enclosed with MedDream should be kept accessible to users at all times to ensure that the information required for the use of MedDream is readily available.

- write an e-mail support@softneta.com

Indications for Use:

MedDream is a software medical imaging system used to receive DICOM images, scheduling information and textual reports, organize and store them in an internal format, and to make that information available across a network via web and customized user interfaces. Software is intended for use as a diagnostic, review and analysis tool by trained professionals such as radiologists, physicians, clinicians.

Contraindications:

The MedDream is not intended for the acquisition of mammographic image data and is meant to be used by qualified medical personnel only who are qualified to create and diagnose medical image data.

Clinical performance is implemented during the:

- - post market clinical follow-up studies
- - summary of preclinical study results
- - clinical trials
- - competitor analysis and literature review
- - risk management
- - complaints and problems management
- - vigilance system records

Benefit for direct user and for patient: a simpler and better medical image data necessary for diagnosis understanding.

- Servicing Manual is added as a separate document to this manual.

Questions and comments

If you have any questions or comments regarding this user's manual, please contact Softneta UAB Customer support: support@softneta.com.

Frequently asked questions (F.A.Q.)

Please visit our [FAQs](#) page to search through our database of known questions and issues, or even contact our support team if you can't find what you are looking for.

Explanation of symbols used

The symbols used in this daily workflow refer to important safety information which warn against possible health risks or fatal injuries and contain useful notes. Whenever you see these symbols, read the accompanying information carefully and observe all safety notes and information in the user manual, daily workflow and on the device labels.

WARNING

Indicates a hazardous situation which may result in a fatal or serious bodily injury if the appropriate safety precautions are not heeded.



CAUTION

Indicates a hazardous situation which may result in a minor injury if the appropriate safety precautions are not heeded.



CAUTION

Indicates possible damage if the appropriate safety precautions are not heeded.



Information, hints and advice for a better understanding of the instructions to be observed in the operation of the instrument.

Minimal requirements

Minimal hardware requirements

Parameter	Requirement
Processor	2.33GHz or higher x86-compatible
Memory	2 GB
Hard drive	10 GB (RAID 1, RAID 5, RAID 10)
Network Interface	100 Mbit/s

Minimal software requirements

- Windows Server 2008 (32 bit and 64 bit), Windows 7 (32 and 64 bit), Linux (32 bit and 64 bit, with glibc version ≥ 2.5).
- Internet Explorer 11.0 or later, Mozilla Firefox 25 or later, Google Chrome 40 or later.

Minimal memory requirements

Minimal memory requirements for the best performance of the software:

- 6 GB of RAM if you plan to open more than 800 images (CT & MRI, PET-CT).
- 8 GB of RAM for more than 1500 images (multi-slice CT & PET-CT).
- 12 GB of RAM for more than 3000 images (cardiac or functional imaging).

Introduction

MedDream DICOM Viewer is a Flash/HTML based package for PACS server which is designed to aid professionals in every day's decision making process, connecting all the medical data into a unified and fast performing network. MedDream ensures a fast and reliable way to search, present and analyze the medical data (images and video files) on various devices: computers, smart phones, tablets and so forth.

MedDream covers: radiology, cardiology, oncology, gastroenterology and many other fields of medical application. It seamlessly integrates with various medical imaging devices, such as: ultrasound (US), magnetic resonance (MRI), positron emission tomography (PET), computed tomography (CT), endoscopy (ES), mammography (MG), digital radiography (DR), computed radiography (CR), ophthalmology, and so forth.

Core MedDream DICOM Viewer uses are:

- Replacement of hard copies, e.g. film archives, paper documents, etc.
- Remote access. MedDream provides a possibility to be mobile and work from any place in the world where the Internet is accessible. More than one person can access and view medical records at one time. Such functionality speeds up the collaboration among the professionals. So, that a doctor in the hospital and a doctor that is in the different location may view the medical data and discuss about it simultaneously. The patient's medical history, various studies and images are found much faster comparing to the conventional paper-based methods.
- MedDream can be used as a standalone WEB Viewer or integrated into PacsOne PACS, dcm4chee Archive, Conquest PACS, ClearCanvas PACS systems. Moreover, MedDream can be adapted to client's PACS system and easily integrated into RIS/HIS workflow.
- MedDream has multiple functions such as search of studies, viewing, analyzing, saving, exporting, forwarding images and videos, etc.



MedDream cannot guarantee the accuracy of calibration data received from the modality. Moreover, Softneta cannot guarantee that the manual calibration which is performed by users is done accurately.



Measuring function is approximate.

Logging on to MedDream

To log on to MedDream, please do the following:

- Enter the address given by your administrator in your Internet Browser. The following screen will appear:

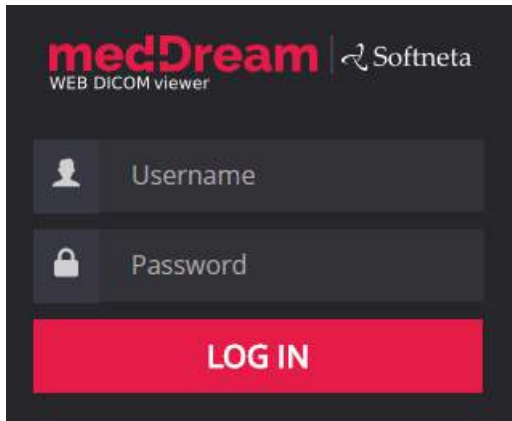


Figure 1. Logging in.

- Enter the username you were given in the field “**Username**”
- Enter the password in the field “**Password**”. If you forgot your password, please contact your system administrator.



Please note! On the right upper corner of the login window you can change the language: LT (Lithuanian), RU (Russian) and EN (English).

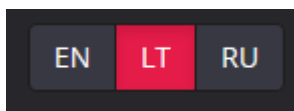


Figure 2. Language selection in a Log in window.

Once you will click on “Log in” button, the following End User License Agreement (EULA) will appear on the screen. The following window will only be shown once during your first log in:

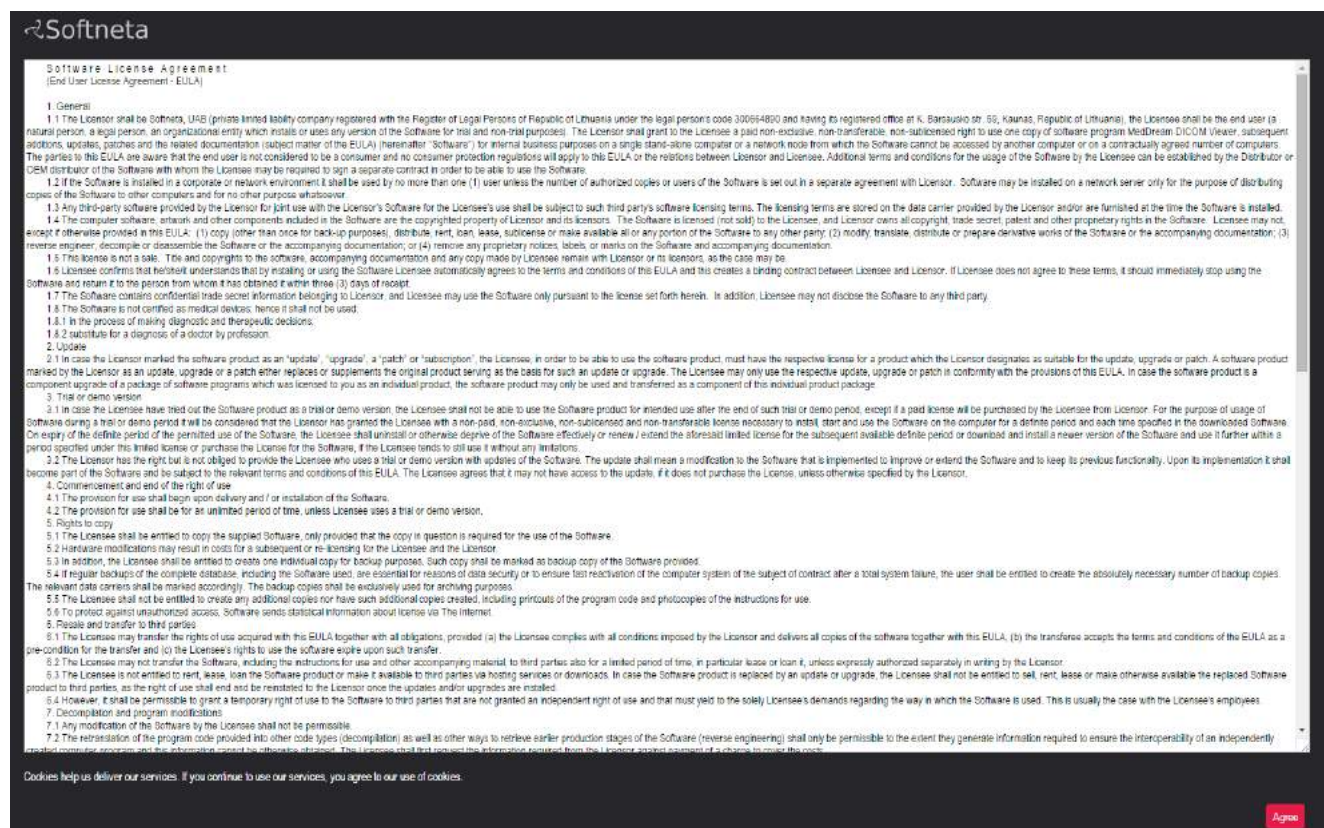



Figure 3. End User License Agreement.

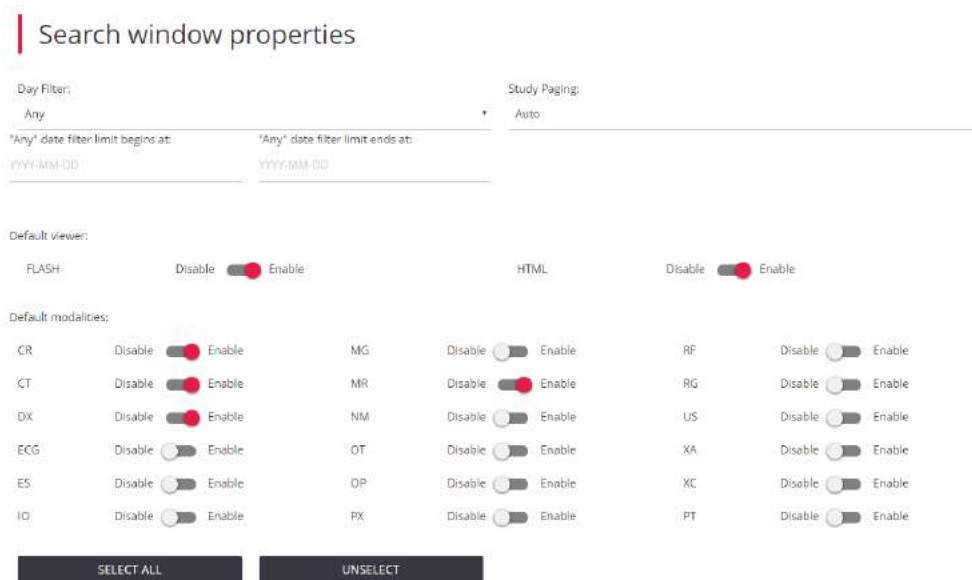
Please read the End User License Agreement (EULA) and click “**Agree**” button in order to be able to proceed.

Settings

To change MedDream viewer's settings, click button  on the main search window at the top right corner of the

screen. This button is displayed for the database administrator only. Then follow to the button .

The **“Settings”** tab will pop up:



Search window properties

Day Filter: Any

Study Paging: Auto

"Any" date filter limit begins at: YYYY-MM-DD

"Any" date filter limit ends at: YYYY-MM-DD

Default viewer:

FLASH: Disable ☒ Enable

HTML: Disable ☒ Enable

Default modalities:

CR	Disable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable	MG	Disable <input type="checkbox"/> Enable	RF	Disable <input type="checkbox"/> Enable
CT	Disable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable	MR	Disable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable	RG	Disable <input type="checkbox"/> Enable
DX	Disable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable	NM	Disable <input type="checkbox"/> Enable	US	Disable <input type="checkbox"/> Enable
ECG	Disable <input type="checkbox"/> Enable	OT	Disable <input type="checkbox"/> Enable	XA	Disable <input type="checkbox"/> Enable
ES	Disable <input type="checkbox"/> Enable	OP	Disable <input type="checkbox"/> Enable	XC	Disable <input type="checkbox"/> Enable
IO	Disable <input type="checkbox"/> Enable	PX	Disable <input type="checkbox"/> Enable	PT	Disable <input type="checkbox"/> Enable

SELECT ALL **UNSELECT**

Figure 4. Settings window.

There will be four sections: **“Search window properties”**, **“Viewer properties”**, **“Info Label properties”** and **“Toolbar properties”**.

On **“Search Properties”** tab you can modify the look of your main search window, such as:

- **“Day Filter”** – you can create your own day filter by using this option on the „Search Properties” tab. Select the day filter („any“, „1d“, „3d“, „1w“, „1m“, „1y“) that you wish to be your default day filter.
- Please note that the default day filter is “3d”.

Day Filter:

any



Figure 5. Day Filter dropdown list.

- It is also possible to specify a limited interval for **“Any”** date by indicating From and To of any period you want:

"Any" date filter limit begins at:

YYYY-MM-DD

"Any" date filter limit ends at:

YYYY-MM-DD

Figure 6. Additional settings for the day filter “Any”.

- **“Study paging”** – you can add a default filter of studies shown on the main search window. Select the studies per page (“10”, “20”, “30”, “40”, “50”, “100”) that you wish to be shown as a default setting.

Study Paging:
auto



Figure 7. Study paging.

- **“Default Viewer”** – you can select your default view: either **“HTML5”**, either **“Flash”** or both by selecting **“Enable”** or **“Disable”**.

Default viewer:

FLASH Disable ☒ Enable HTML Disable ☒ Enable

Figure 8. Default viewer

- **“Default modalities”** – you can select modalities which buttons will be shown on the main search window for quick access by clicking on **“Enable”** or **“Disable”** button. You can also **“Select All”** or **“Unselect”** any.

Default modalities:



Figure 9. Default modalities.

On **“Viewer properties”** tab you can modify position of thumbnails with two possible options:

- position the thumbnails to the left of the screen by clicking on the **Left** icon;
- position the thumbnails bottom of the screen by clicking on the **Bottom** icon.

Thumbnails Position

Left ☒ Bottom

Figure 10. Thumbnails position.

On **“Viewer properties”** tab you can also modify the following possible options by clicking on **“Disable”** and **“Enable”** button:

- **“AutoStart Multi-Frame Images”** - automatically start playing multi-frame images:

AutoStart Multi-Frame Images

Disable ☐ Enable

- **“Thumbnails Single-Click”** - once the button is activated, a single click on an image icon will open the image (otherwise a double click is required):

Thumbnails Single-Click:

Disable ☒ Enable

- **“Mouse wheel multiframe images”** – once activated allows to scroll multi-frame images with mouse wheel:

Mouse wheel multiframe images

Disable ☐ Enable

- **“DICOM flow (preload all study images sequentially)”** – cache all images in advance. After an image is cached, scrolling through adjacent images takes very little time. But, the entire study must fit into browser's memory:

DICOM Flow (preload all study images sequentially)

Disable ☐ Enable

- **“AutoOpen First Image”:**

AutoOpen First Image:

☐ No ☒ Single ☐ Always

☒ No

The image does not open automatically when the study is opened.

☒ Single

Is opened only if the study consists of one image.

☒ Always

The first image is always opened automatically.

- **“Cine mode FPS”** – number of frames per second when playing multiframe images:

Cine mode FPS

6

The following settings are **ONLY** for FLASH viewer:

- **“Auto logout in minutes”** – indicates the time when the system will logout automatically in case you forget to logout after a specified time of inactivity (*not available while in DEMO mode*):

Auto logout in minutes:

60

- **“Rows”** - indicates the layout's number of rows (maximum 3):

Rows:

1

- **“Columns”** - indicates the layout's number of columns (maximum 3):

Columns:

1

- **“Top Toolbar Width”** - indicates the width of top toolbar:

Top Toolbar Width:

100%

- **“Thumbnails Vertical bar series width”** - indicates the width of vertical thumbnails' series bar:

Thumbnails Vertical bar series width:

200

- **“Thumbnails Vertical bar series height”** - indicates the height of vertical thumbnails' series bar:

Thumbnails Vertical bar series height:

177

- **“Thumbnails Horizontal bar series width”** - indicates the width of horizontal thumbnails' series bar:

Thumbnails Horizontal bar series width:

280

- **“Thumbnails Horizontal bar series height”** - indicates the height of vertical thumbnails' series bar:

Thumbnails Horizontal bar series width:

280

- **“Thumbnail size (Min 50px, MAX 150px)”** - indicates the size of the thumbnail (minimum size is 50px, maximum size 150px).

Thumbnail size (Min 50px, MAX 150px):

50

“Scale” - set scale of toolbar buttons (use "1.25" for 25% increase, etc):

Scale:

1

The **“Info Label properties”** section is used to indicate information (from tags of a DICOM file) that is shown over the image.

- **“Left Side Information”:**

Left Side Information

(0020,0010)

(XXXX,XXXX) x (XXXX,XXXX)

(0028,0011) x (0028,0010)

(XXXX,XXXX) x (XXXX,XXXX)

(XXXX,XXXX) x (XXXX,XXXX)

- **“Right Side Information”:**

Right Side Information

(0010,0010)

(0010,0020)

(0008,103E)

(0008,0020) (0008,0030)

(XXXX,XXXX) x (XXXX,XXXX)

The **“Toolbar properties”** section enables user to show the most commonly used buttons on the toolbar, while the rarely used tools can be hidden. Use **“Enable”** and **“Disable”** to manage the shown and hidden tools; you can also drag buttons with the mouse in order to arrange icons by custom ranking on the main toolbar. The button **UNSELECT** hides the whole toolbar and button **SELECT ALL** enables all toolbar properties.

! Icon sequence arrangement does not work with Chrome browser.

Toolbar properties

Search	Disable	Enable	Plugins	Disable	Enable
Windowing	Disable	Enable	Settings	Disable	Enable
Pan	Disable	Enable	About	Disable	Enable
Zoom	Disable	Enable	Help	Disable	Enable
Measure	Disable	Enable	FullScreen	Disable	Enable
Magnifier	Disable	Enable	Languages	Disable	Enable
Fit To Screen	Disable	Enable	Log Off	Disable	Enable
Original Resolution	Disable	Enable	Close	Disable	Enable
Rotate	Disable	Enable	Export	Disable	Enable
Lock	Disable	Enable	mm/s	Disable	Enable
Reference Lines	Disable	Enable	mm/V	Disable	Enable
Scroll	Disable	Enable	Annotations	Disable	Enable
Channels	Disable	Enable	Reset	Disable	Enable
1x1	Disable	Enable	MFR	Disable	Enable
2x2	Disable	Enable	Cine	Disable	Enable
1x1 Screen layout	Disable	Enable	Filter 1	Disable	Enable
1x2 Screen layout	Disable	Enable	Original	Disable	Enable
2x2 Screen layout	Disable	Enable	Compare ECG	Disable	Enable
Layout	Disable	Enable	50Hz	Disable	Enable
Thumbnails	Disable	Enable	EXCOLD	Disable	Enable
Forward	Disable	Enable	Annotations	Disable	Enable
Back	Disable	Enable	Share	Disable	Enable
Print	Disable	Enable	Fluoroscopic Protocols	Disable	Enable

SELECT ALL UNSELECT

Figure 11. Toolbar properties.

In order to “Save” setting changes, click on **Save** icon and all changes will be applied:

Settings saved

- **“Windowing”** - custom Window Level function allows users to create a custom window level preset for a selected modality list.

Windowing

Abdomen

Template label Width Center

350 50

Edit Save Cancel Delete Add new

Figure 12. Windowing function.

- Click “Add new”.
- Enter the name of the **“Template label”**, **“Width”** and **“Center”**. All three fields are mandatory.
- Select modalities of your choice in order to assign the new window level function to certain modality (-ies):

Windowing

Abdomen

Template label Width Center

Test 100 100

Edit Save Cancel Delete Add new

CR	Disable	Enable	MG	Disable	Enable	RF	Disable	Enable
CT	Disable	Enable	MR	Disable	Enable	RG	Disable	Enable
DX	Disable	Enable	NM	Disable	Enable	US	Disable	Enable
ECG	Disable	Enable	OT	Disable	Enable	XA	Disable	Enable
ES	Disable	Enable	OP	Disable	Enable	XC	Disable	Enable
IO	Disable	Enable	PK	Disable	Enable	PT	Disable	Enable

Figure 13. Windowing template sample.

- Once done that, click on **“Save”** button.

Search of studies on Flash/HTML5 platform

Please note! “Default view” must be set for Flash or HTML5 platform on the setting menu of the main search window as in the following figures in order to see only one version:



Figure 14. Default Flash viewer.



Figure 15. Default HTML viewer.

Search menu will help you quickly find the studies you need. We recommend using all possible search menu options in order to get the most accurate search results and save your time.

To find a study, please follow these steps:

1. Once you login, such window appears on the screen.

Patient ID	Name	Accession	Modality	Description	Date Time	Received On	Source AE
978007209	Anonymized	933333333	ECG	SIMULATED NORMAL BB	2009-04-28 11:38:09	2015-06-17 18:12:07	SENITOPACS
23456	Anonymized		ECG	Resting 12 lead ECG	2010-08-29 16:21:15	2015-06-17 18:12:05	SENITOPACS
P48001	Anonymized		ECG		2013-04-03 07:13:10	2015-06-17 18:12:08	SENITOPACS
929493188	Anonymized		ECG		2013-11-27 20:22:54	2015-06-17 18:12:06	SENITOPACS
835730	Anonymized		ECG		2013-10-12 08:15:12	2015-06-17 18:12:07	SENITOPACS
000000002	Anonymized		ECG		2006-07-18 11:49:44	2015-06-17 18:12:09	SENITOPACS

Figure 16. "Search" window (only Flash Viewer included).

2. Enter **search criteria** (Patient ID, Patient Name, Accession Number, Study Description, Source AE). Type the information in according fields.

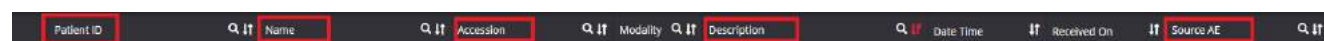


Figure 17. Search filters.


The criteria are as following:

- **“Patient ID”** - enter patient's ID number in the search field
- **“Patient Name”** - enter the patient's name or surname in the search field



It is not possible to search for Ideographic and Phonetic versions of patient names. The search is performed only against the basic version (Alphabetic), even if the image contains the other two versions and the PACS supports them.

- **“Accession”** – enter the number of accession
- **“Description”** – enter a few keywords from the study description
- **“Source AE”** – “Application Entity” - title of the device from where the study was sent to the PACS.

Each field has  button. You can arrange each of them in ascending or descending order. Click once and the order of the selected field will change from ascending to descending and vice versa.

- **Ascending** – arranged from smallest to largest (increasing);

- Descending – arranged from largest to smallest (decreasing).

3. To specialize the search, please select **the date interval** when the study could have been done. This can be done using **two different date interval search criteria**.

→ To select the study date you can choose from the super quick pick list (*Figure 18*) accordingly to the date interval you need your studies to be from: “**1d**” (current day), “**3d**” (3 days interval), “**1w**” (1 week interval), “**1m**” (1 month interval), “**1y**” (1 year interval) or “**Any**” (no specific date interval):

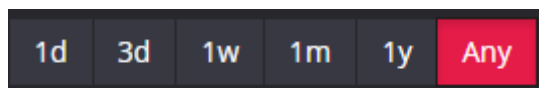


Figure 18. Search according to dates.

→ To specify the study dates, click on left top corner and choose the date interval from the pop-up window (*Figure 19*).

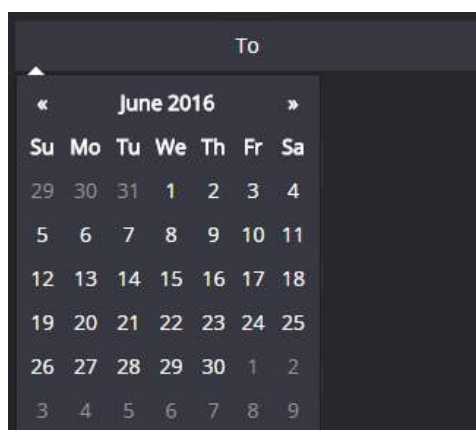


Figure 19. Date search options.

4. The search can also be specified by selecting the method which was used to obtain the study images (modalities):

- Tick the field next to one or more methods (devices) that were used in the required study (please look below for the meaning of the abbreviations)

→ CR, CT, DX, ECG, ES, IO, MG, MR, NM, OT, PX, RF, RG, SC, US, XA, XC, All. The system allows to select a few image modalities by default. Click the "triangle" icon marked in red (*Figure 20*) and now you can add all possible methods by clicking on the modality you want to be added to the search.

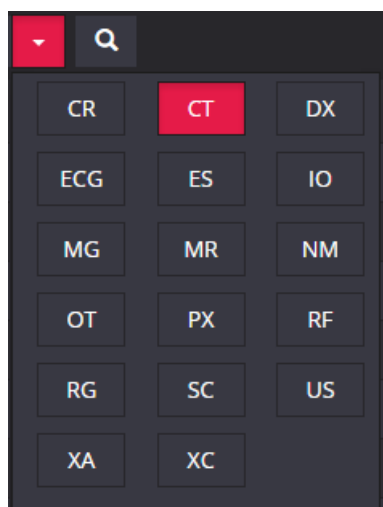


Figure 20. Search according to modalities.

If you are searching for some rare modality that has no corresponding button here, try to enter its abbreviation directly into the name of "Modality" column.


Moreover, you can select all possible methods by clicking the "All" button:





Figure 21. Modalities search: All.

Abbreviations:

CR – Computed Radiography	PX – Panoramic X-Ray
CT – Computed Tomography	RF – Radio Fluoroscopy
DX – Digital Radiography	RG – Radiographic Imaging
ES – Endoscopy	SC – Secondary Capture
IO – Ultra-Oral Radiography	US – Ultra Sound
MG – Mammography	XA – X-Ray Angiography
MR – Magnetic Resonance	XC – External camera photography
NM – Nuclear Medicine	ECG – Electrocardiography
OT – Other	

5. After you have selected your search criteria, start the search by clicking "Search" icon .

6. Click on the  or  icon so you could see the image you want to analyze on Flash/HTML5 platform (Figure 22) and a new browser tab will pop-up (marked in red).

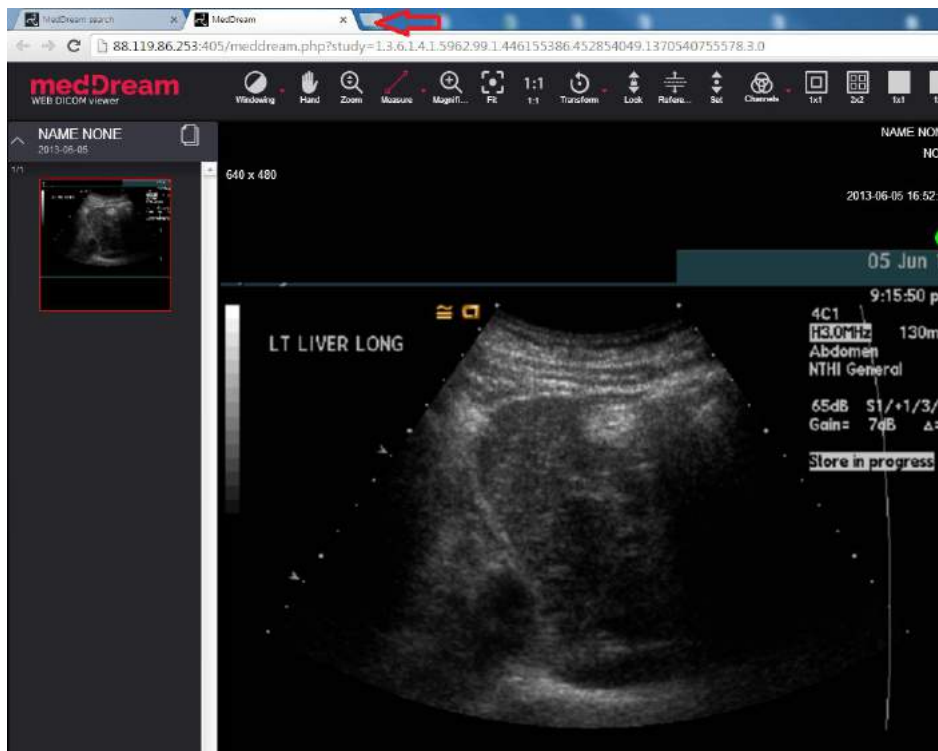


Figure 22. Image display.

7. To view the image move the mouse cursor on the small image on the left, click the left mouse button and drag the image to the field on the right. Now you should be able to view your image.

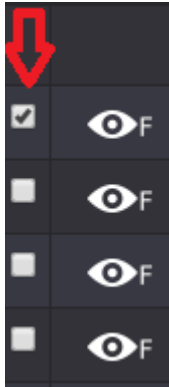


Figure 23. Tick box on Flash platform.

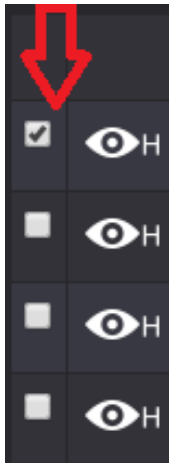





Figure 24. Tick box on HTML5 platform.

In order to save or export desired images there is a “**Tick box**” on the main Search window for your convenience.

- move your mouse cursor to the left side of the screen, next to the eye icon.
- click the left mouse button on the “Tick box”: 
- keep repeating the above-mentioned steps and tick as many studies as you want.
- once you have done this, you will be able to either save  or forward  the selected images.



Button allows you to save the selected images. Click on the icon and the selected images will be saved.

- click on the icon and the pop-up window will appear:

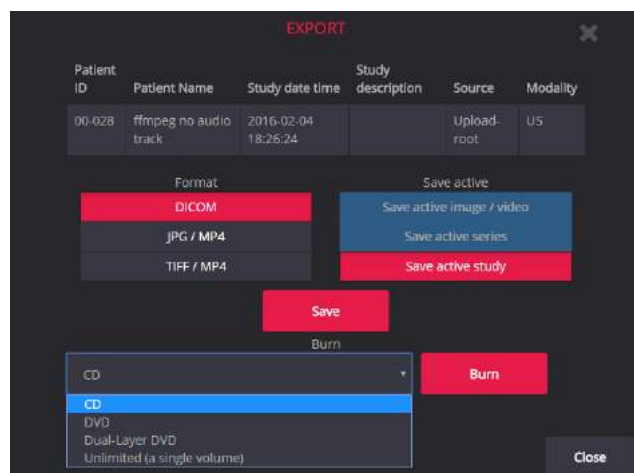


Figure 25. Export function on Flash platform.

To export the study (to burn it on a CD):

- choose CD, DVD or other volume size. (Splitting into volumes is currently supported only under PacsOne.)
- click **"Burn"**.

After a while two buttons "Download ISO" and "Burn ISO" will appear for every created volume. Click "Download ISO" in order to download a disk image with the .iso file extension, and burn it with your favorite CD/DVD burner software. Click "Burn ISO" if you have installed a corresponding product by Softneta, MedDreamBurn; then a third-party CD/DVD burner will start automatically.

To export the study (to save it):

- choose the format, then select to save an image, a series of images or an active study;
- click **"Save"** and choose a folder where you prefer to save the images in your computer. Click **"Save"** again.



Button allows you to forward the selected images to another DICOM device. Click on the icon and the selected images will be sent.

- click on the icon and the pop-up window will appear:

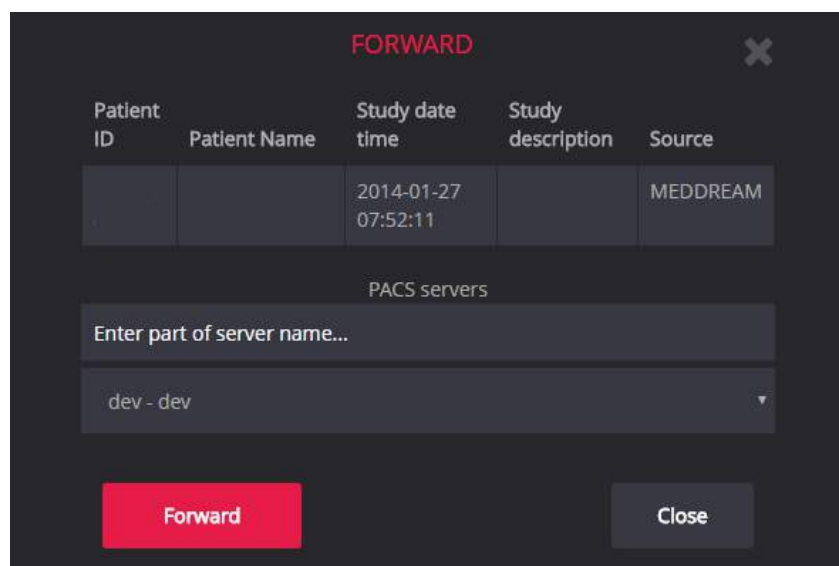





Figure 26. Forward function on Flash platform.

- choose a device from the list where you want to forward your study or type it in a search box to make it easier and faster.
- click **Forward** to initiate the process.

Annotations and **Reports** in the main search window have an indication icon accordingly. Report can be viewed from the main search window.

-  - Annotation icon on the main search window.
-  - Completed report icon on the main search window. If the user does not have permission to edit reports, then only completed report icons will be shown on the main search window, and clicking on them will open the report in read-only mode.
-  - Empty report icon on the main search window. If the user has permission to edit reports, then both completed and empty report icons are visible on the main search window, and clicking on them will open the report in editing mode.




Under PacsOne, all unread studies are marked in white bold font on the main search window.

MedDream WEB DICOM Viewer on Flash platform

Opening multiple studies

If you need to open more than one study (e.g. to compare them), please do the following:

1. Select one of the studies you want to add with one mouse click;

2. Click on the  icon which appears next to the study in the main search result window and a new browser tab will pop up:

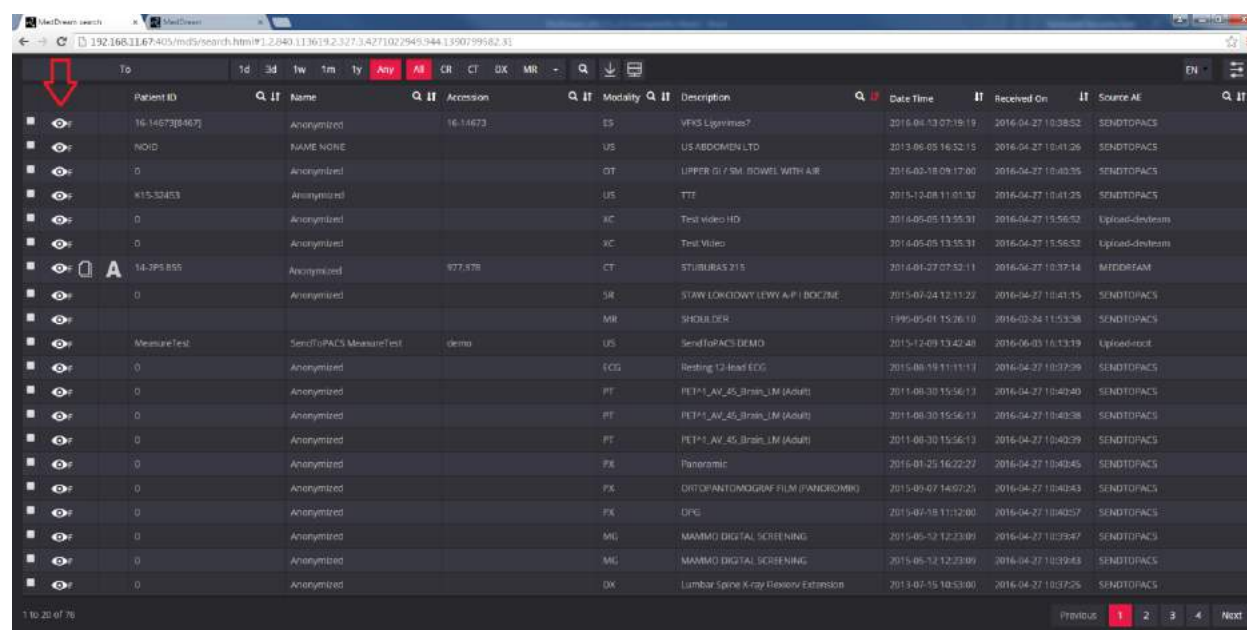



Figure 27. Study selection on Flash platform.

3. Go back to the search result window.

4. Click the  icon for another study again and the added study appears on the same search result pop-up window as the previous search did.


5. Go back to the search result window.

6. Select the next study you want to add and repeat steps 4 – 5 that were mentioned above. Keep doing this till you open enough studies that you need for your analyses and comparison.

After selecting all the studies, you will see all study series displayed in the pane on the left. When you select the study and click on it, you will see the image icons of the study series:



Figure 28. Opened multiple studies on Flash platform.

In order to navigate through the study series, just click on the header  to activate it and see the image icons.

Reading and editing study reports

In the study pop-up window, you can notice that some of the studies have reports. This is indicated by the “Report” icon, which appears on the top left corner next to the study.

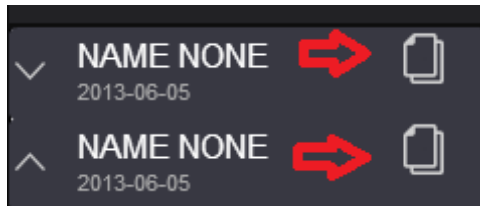


Figure 29. Study Report icon location on Flash platform.

The report of the study may be indicated by two different buttons:



If the “Report” button is "empty", the report itself is also empty - **single** report icon (the doctor can fill it).



If the “Report” button appears "full" - the **double** report icon (the doctor can read, edit or print it).

To read a report:

- select a study with the “Report” icon:

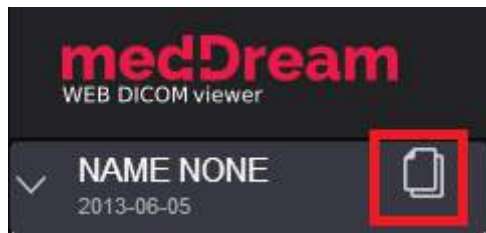


Figure 30. Report icon on the study file on Flash platform.

- click the “Report” button once to open the report.

A report window will appear.

Since version 5.5.1 the default report window is HTML5–based even if opened from Flash Viewer. See the chapter [Report module on HTML5 platform](#) for illustration.

The legacy behavior can be returned by setting the parameter `$medreport_root_link` (config.php) to an empty string. Then Flash–based report window will open from Flash Viewer. It looks like this:

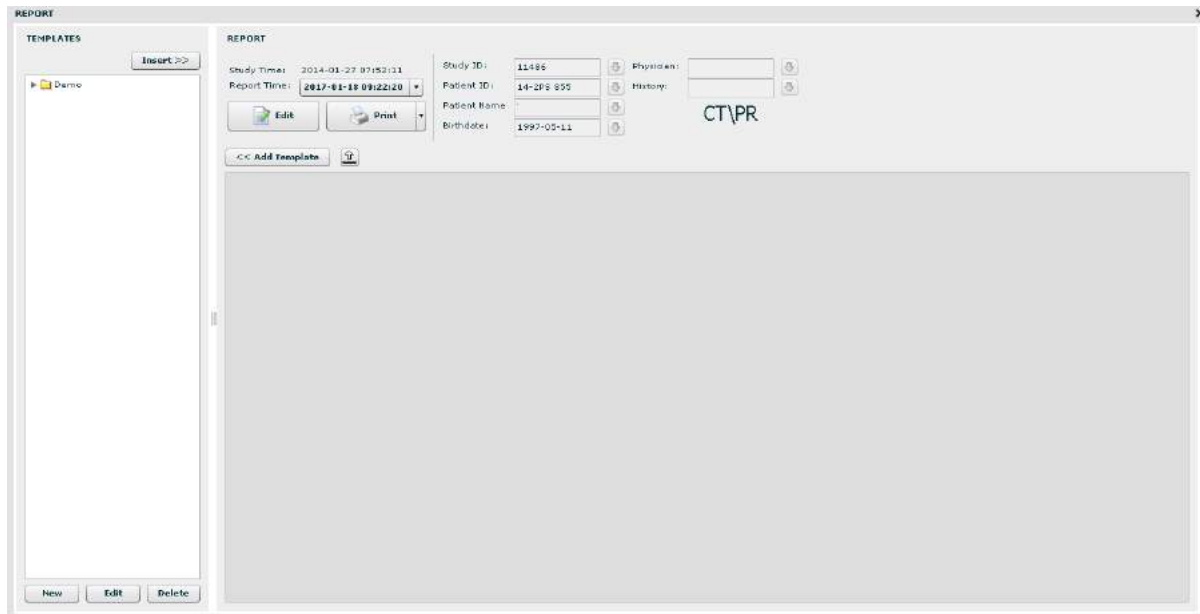



Figure 31. Study report on Flash platform.

- it opens a separate Report window, which can fully employ Report functions — edit and print the study reports.

A legacy product, MedReport, integrates into the Flash Viewer identically. It is superseded by the Report module. However, even after installing the license that enables this module, MedReport will still be called if it is integrated into MedDream. You will need to disable the integration in order to use the Report module instead. For example, the Flash-based Report module is enabled by setting `$medreport_root_link` to an empty string, while the HTML5-based Report module typically needs `/md5/reports.html`, and MedReport — `/medreport/home.php`.

- click the button  on the top right corner to exit the report window.

A different kind of text (image-related annotation, see [Measuring Images on Flash platform](#)) can be entered by clicking on “Measure”, then follow to “Text” and the following screen will appear where you can enter the text:

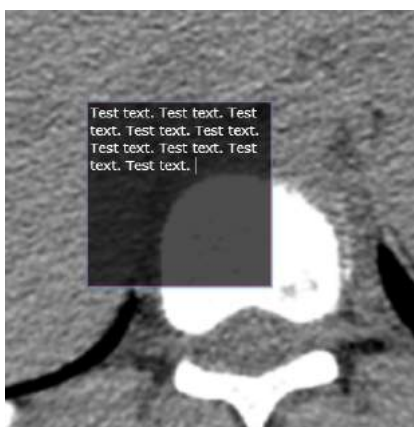


Figure 32. Image text on Flash platform.


Click outside the area to finish entering the text. Then the borders change color to orange and you can mouse drag the entire annotation to another place, or drag the bottom and right borders to resize it. A double-click inside the area returns the text editing mode.

When the annotation is finished, please choose ["Save Annotation" from the same menu](#).

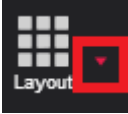
Viewing and analyzing images on Flash platform

Viewing one or multiple studies

After opening one of the study series, you can rearrange the preview window as you prefer. First of all, you can choose on

which side of the screen - left or bottom - you want to see the reduced study images. Just click the  button on the menu bar and change the preview window as you prefer.

Secondly, you can choose how many panes with study images there will be in the window. You can choose from one to nine panes with different images. If you want to open more panes do the following:

- click “Layout” on the menu bar: 
- choose from the list how many panes you want. For example, if you need to see 4 screens with different images, select „2x2 Screen layout”. There are two possible ways to select a screen layout:
 1. from the list,
 2. from the toolbar: 1x1, 1x2, 2x2.

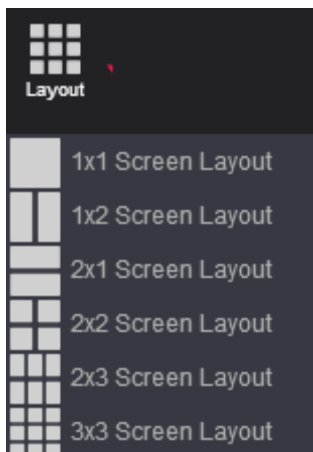


Figure 33. Screen layout. Option No.1.

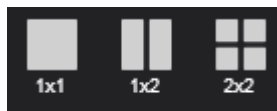


Figure 34. Screen layout. Option No.2.

After selecting how many screens you want to see in the window, move the images into them. There are two methods to do this:

First method:

- select the image icon from the study series that are displayed on the left (or on the bottom, depending on how you have rearranged the display)
- drag-and-drop the image into the pane where you want the image to be:

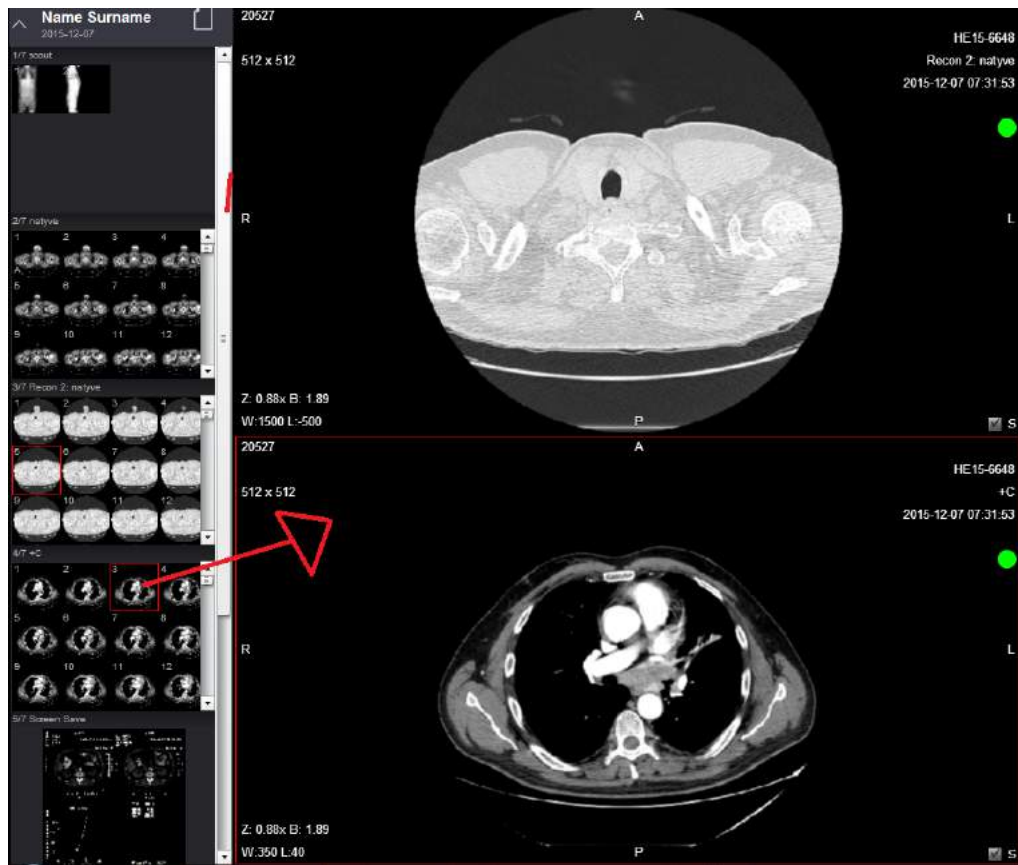


Figure 35. Drag-and-drop the image into the pane.

Second method:

- select the pane where you want to move the image with one mouse click. The active pane will be outlined in red.
- select the image icon from the study series that are displayed on the left (or in the bottom, depending on how you have rearranged the display)
- double click on the image that you want to move into the pane.
- the image will appear in the selected pane.

These are the ways how you can move the images from the series into the main window. You can select and compare images not only from one study, but from multiple studies as well.

Also you can choose the button which divides the selected section into several sections. Once you have selected **Multiple viewport** button, drag the studies to the field. The study and all the following images that you want will appear on the selected field.



Figure 36 Multiple layout: 1x1 and 2x2.

Note! All the image manipulation functions affect the entire set of images opened in a multiple viewports mode (such as “Scroll”, “Brightness/Contrast”, “Rotate”, “Pan”, “Reset”). For example, if you select “Bone” contrast mode it will apply the “Bone” mode to all images that are viewed through the multiple viewports mode though the changes do not apply to the image which is not viewed via multiple viewports.

Comparing multiple studies


To compare multiple studies, you can use the “**Lock Scroll**” button. It allows you to either move through images one at a time or easily scroll through the images of a series:

- Select the studies that you want to compare.
- From each study select and move the first images into the viewing panes



- Click „**Lock Scroll**“.



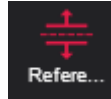
- When this button is active (is outlined in red ) , you will change the active image in all viewing panes simultaneously (scroll through the images of a series) by scrolling the mouse wheel.
- If the button is inactive, you will move through images one at a time by scrolling the mouse wheel.

*NOTE: when the “**Lock scroll**” button is active, you can move through images with the help of keyboard arrow keys, not only by scrolling the mouse wheel.*

Image localization on Flash platform

Overlaying reference lines allow you to indicate the location of an image slice on another image of an intersecting plane.

- Select the images that you want to compare and move them into the panes:
- Select one of the image you want to know the location of in regard to other images.



- Click the button „**Reference Line**“:
- yellow lines appear in the images, indicating the location of the selected image:



Figure 37. Reference line option on Flash platform.

Manipulating images on Flash platform

You can manage and analyze the study images according to the criteria you need. The following buttons are used for this:

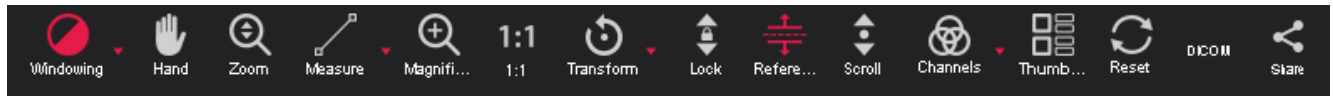
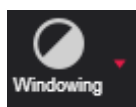


Figure 38. Image manipulation tools.



All manipulation buttons are deactivated for video view.

More about each of them:



Button is used to adjust the Level/Window (contrast and brightness) of the image. When the red triangle is clicked, a pop-up menu appears.

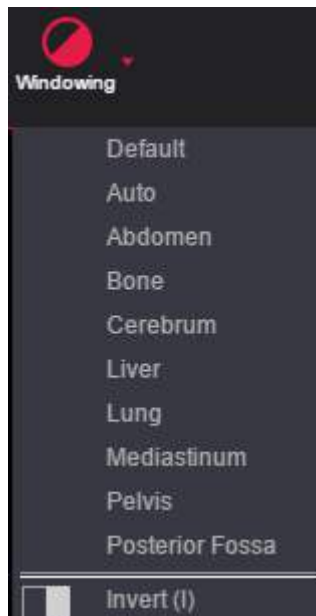


Figure 39. Level/Window button options.

You can select one of the standard contrast settings:

Default – a preset setting from the image itself (if available).

Auto – the system analyses the image and adjusts the brightness and contrast automatically.

Abdomen – a preset setting for abdomen studies.

Bone – a preset setting for bone studies.

Cerebrum – a preset setting for cerebrum studies.

Liver – a preset setting for the liver studies.

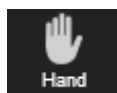
Lung – a preset setting used for studying the images of the lungs.

Mediastinum – a preset setting for mediastinum studies.

Pelvis – a preset setting for pelvis studies.

Posterior Fossa – a preset setting for Posterior Fossa studies.

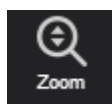
Invert – the user can inverse the image.



“**Hand**” button allows you to position images within the pane. This feature is especially useful when the image is larger than the pane, as it usually is after zooming in.

To move an image within the pane:

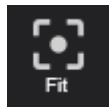
- On the Tools menu, click “**Hand**”
- Position the cursor over the image you want to move and click-and-drag the cursor around the pane to move the image.
- Release the mouse button to leave the image in its new position.



“**Zoom**” button is used to increase and decrease the selected image.

There are two ways to zoom in and zoom out an image:

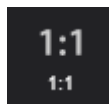
Click on the Keyboard **+** to **Zoom In** and **-** to **Zoom Out**; click the left button on your mouse and drag it upwards to zoom in and downwards to zoom out.



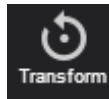
“Fit to Screen” button. When you click this button, the size of the image is automatically adjusted so that the image would fill the entire screen. For example, if only part of the image is visible on the screen, choose this button to see the whole image displayed on the entire screen.



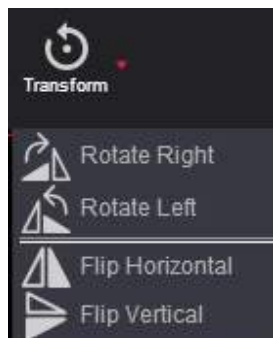
“Full Screen” button. Move your mouse cursor to the upper right corner of the screen. Click on the Full Screen icon and the Full Screen mode will be enabled. Click either the icon once again or ESC button on your keyboard in order to exit the Full Screen Mode.



“1:1 Resolution” button allows you to restore the original image size.



“Transform” button allows you to rotate the image. Click the red arrow to the immediate right of the “Transform” and select one of the options from the pop-up menu:



- Rotate Right – to rotate the image 90° clockwise;
- Rotate Left – to rotate the image 90° counter-clockwise;
- Flip Horizontal – to flip an image 180° about the horizontal axis;
- Flip Vertical – to flip an image 180° about the vertical axis.

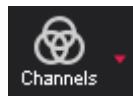
Figure 40. Transformation possibilities.



“Invert”. This button is used to invert the image. To invert the image, click the button once. If you click the button second time, the image returns to the previous state:



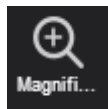
Figure 41. Inverted image.



“Channels” Highlight a color component or a combination of them in the image by showing selected color in white shades and other colors in black. This tool is enabled for image view. Click the red arrow in order to choose from the list.



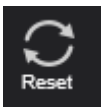
“Set scroll” enables to scroll images by dragging mouse on the image from one side to the other. Button functions as a mouse wheel. Only in this case you need to click the left mouse button and drag it to the left or right to change the image view.



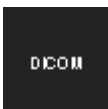
“Magnifier” button is used to magnify (enlarge) the certain area of the image. Click the icon once in order to enable the function, click the icon once more and the mode will be disabled.



“Thumbnails” button is used to position the thumbnails to the left or bottom of the screen.



“Reset” button restores the study image to the previous original state.



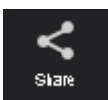
“DICOM” button is used to show DICOM tags of active window screen.



This button is disabled by default and can be enabled in the "Settings" window.



Figure 42. DICOM tag window on Flash platform.



“Share” button is used to share files via Dicom Library. Once you click on “Share” button, a pop-up window will appear on the screen. Please enter e-mail of the sender and recipient, subject, message and indicate images that will be sent via Dicom Library (please note that images can also be added while using drag-and-drop function). In order to finalize sending process, please tick a box next to “I’m not a robot” text: ☒ I'm not a robot

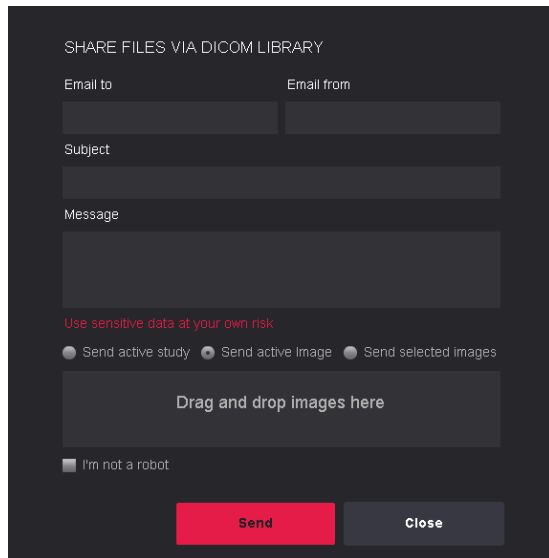
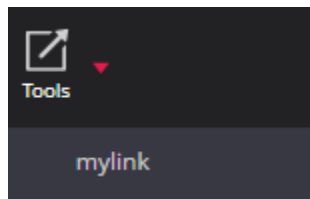


Figure 43. “Share” function pop-up window on Flash platform.

This function requires certain configuration on the server side. In config.php you need to replace:

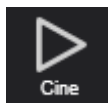
```
"$dicomLibraryEnabled = false;" => "$dicomLibraryEnabled = true;"
```

Images are sent by a background process. Detailed description of how to run it is in the quick_install-Scripts.txt file available in MedDream installation archive.



“External links” are intended for making a list of study-related links which can be viewed from MedDream icon **“Tools”**. This also requires server-side configuration in the config.php file, parameter `$m3d_link_3`. The file contains detailed description of this parameter's syntax.

Cine mode on Flash platform



Using “**Cine mode**” you may put all images of a series into one movie. Just click on the Cine mode icon and the process will start.

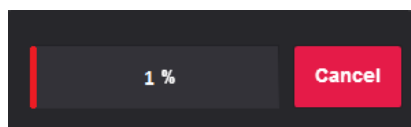


Figure 44. Opening Cine mode function on Flash platform.

This function allows you to play images as one movie (one image – one frame).




Figure 45. Playing images as one movie.

To turn the Cine mode off, just open one of the images again.

Multi-planar reconstruction (MPR) on Flash platform

Multi-planar reconstruction (MPR) is the simplest method of reconstruction. A volume is built by stacking the axial slices. The software then cuts slices through the volume in a different plane.



In order to open this function, you have to click on the  button. A pop-up window appears. There you have to fill two input boxes:

- Start Frame – number of the first frame of selected series;
- End Frame – number of the last frame of selected series.

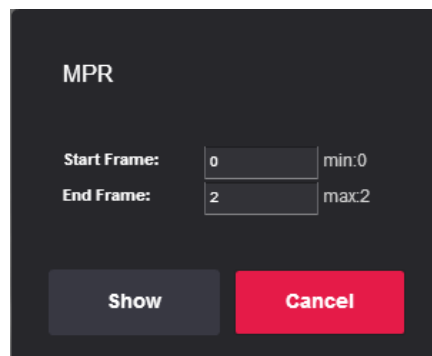


Figure 46. MPR frame selection on Flash platform.

User can input the range from which MPR will be calculated. After you enter the frame range, click “**Show**” and the loading will start. It might take some time to load all frames. This will be indicated by the following progress window:

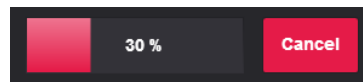


Figure 47. Loading MPR on Flash platform.

Once the loading MPR process has been finished, the **Warning message** may appear stating that the “*Image slice can be incorrect, due to different images*”.

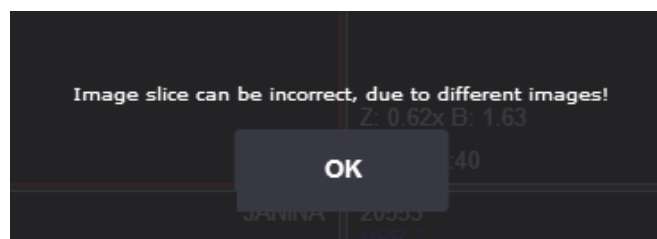


Figure 48. Warning message on Flash platform.

After the loading is finished, the MPR window appears:

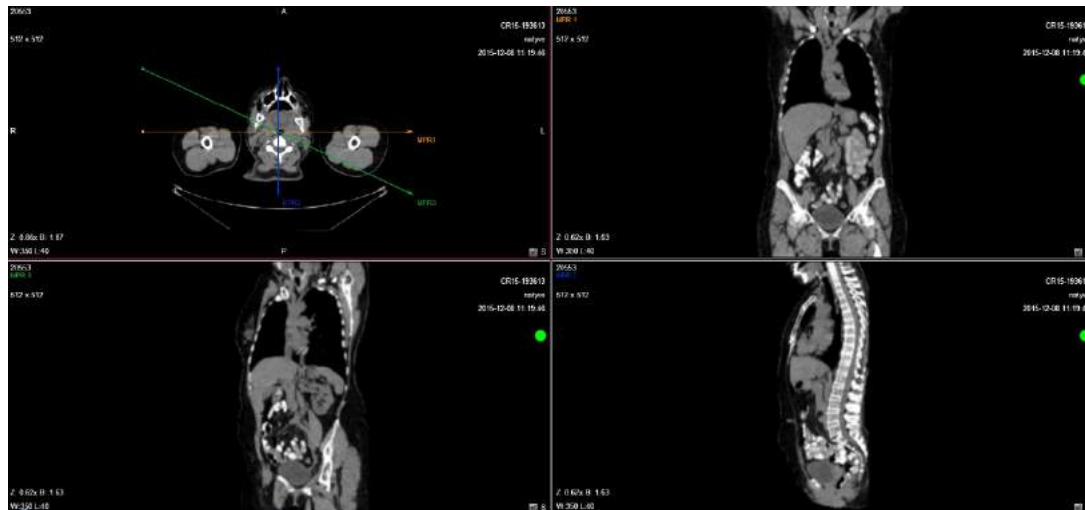


Figure 49. MPR on Flash platform.

The top picture on the left is the main one. You can see three arrows which can be moved in order to see different planes and the optimal plane can be chosen to display an anatomical structure. This may be particularly useful for visualizing the structure of the selected organ.

The other pictures correspond to different cross-sections:

- MPR1 – horizontal cross-section;
- MPR2 – vertical cross-section;
- MPR3 – diagonal cross-section;

You can manage and analyze the study images according to the criteria you need. The following buttons are used for this:

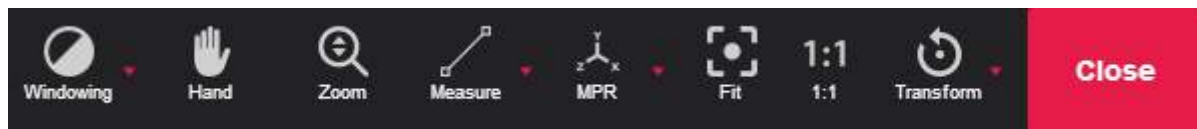
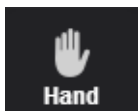


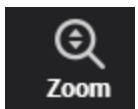
Figure 50. MPR toolbar on Flash platform.



„Default“ button is used to adjust the Level/Window (contrast and brightness) of the image.



Hand button allows you to position images within the pane.



The button is used to increase and decrease the selected image: click on the Keyboard **+** to **Zoom In** and **-** to **Zoom Out**; click left button on your mouse and drag it upwards to zoom in and downwards to zoom out.



Measure button allows you to measure the images in number of ways.



Slice button allows you to make a cross-section. There are two possible options:

Line – three arrows will automatically appear that make a vertical, horizontal and diagonal cross-sections;

Curve - MPR calculation from the curve drawn on the original slice:



Figure 51. Curve measurement.

The curve is always shown on the "MPR1" picture.

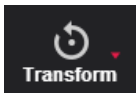
Delete curve – by choosing this menu item you will delete the curve.



Fit to Screen button. When you click this button, the size of the image is automatically adjusted so that the image would fill the entire screen. For example, if only part of the image is visible on the screen, choose this button to see the whole image displayed in the entire screen.



1:1 Resolution button allows you to restore the original image size.



"Transform" button allows you to rotate the image. Options:

- Rotate Right – to rotate the image 90° clockwise;
- Rotate Left – to rotate the image 90° counter-clockwise;
- Flip Horizontal – to flip an image 180° over the horizontal axis;
- Flip Vertical – to flip an image 180° over the vertical axis.



This button closes MPR and the main screen opens again.

Measuring Images on Flash platform



Measuring function is approximate and cannot be used for diagnostic purposes.

Allows you to measure the images in number of ways. The main measurement button is “**Measure**”:



Figure 52. Measurement tools.

The “**Intensity**” button is used to measure the density of a CT image.

To measure the density:

- select “**Intensity**” once.
- move the mouse cursor over the point you want.
- the density of the point and its coordinates should be visible next to the cursor (expressed in Hounsfield units, HU):

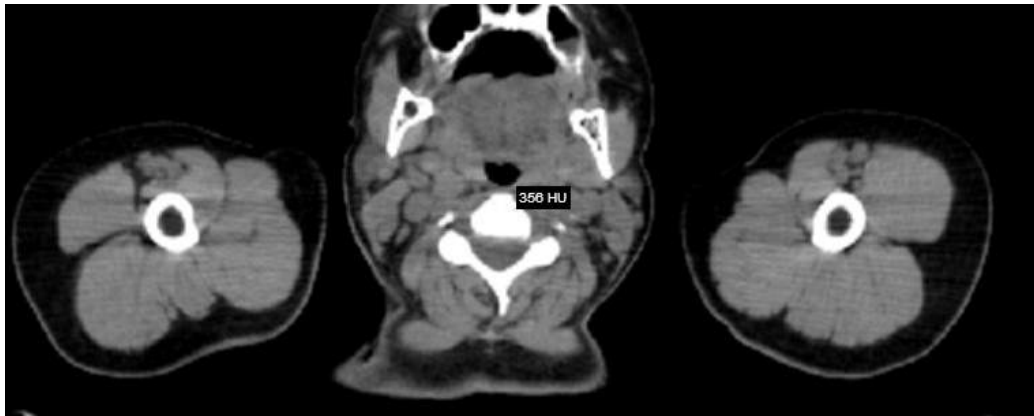


Figure 53. Intensity measurement.

To measure the distance:

- click on the „**Measure**“ button and choose „**Line**“ from the list
- place the mouse cursor on the starting point from which you want to measure the distance.
- click the left mouse button. Move the cursor to the end point and click the left mouse button once more.
- the distance (in millimeters, or pixels in some images) will be displayed in yellow:

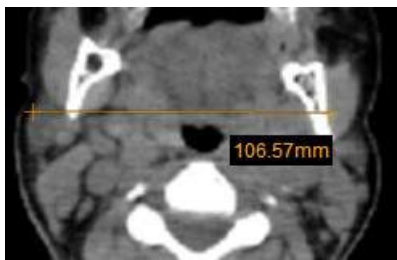


Figure 54. Line measurement.

Angle measurement.

To measure an angle:

- Position the mouse pointer on the point from which you want to measure the angle. Then click the left mouse button.
- Move the pointer to the second point (the intersection point) and click the left mouse button again.
- Then move the pointer to the end point and click the left mouse button once more.

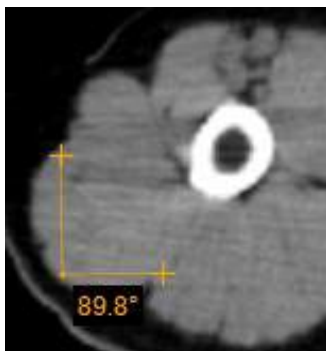


Figure 55. Angle measurement.

The **“Show Angles”** button is used to measure an angle between intersecting lines.

To display the angle measurements:

- draw intersecting lines on the image using the "Line" measurement,
- on the Tools menu, click „**Measure**“ button,
- tick **“Show Angles”**:

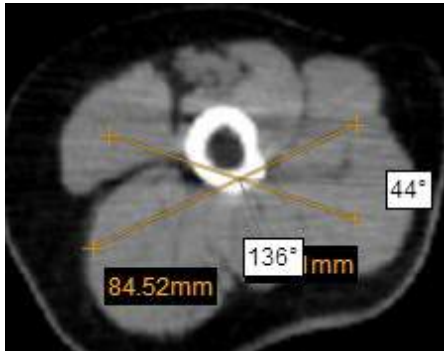


Figure 56. Angle measurement between intersecting lines.

The **“Polyline”** button is used to measure the perimeter of a region of interest.

To measure the perimeter:

- Position the mouse pointer on the point from which you want to measure the perimeter. Then click the left mouse button.
- Move the cursor to the second point (the intersection point) and click the left mouse button again.
- Then move the cursor to the third, fourth, etc. points and each time click the left mouse button again.
- Double-click once finished in order to see the result.

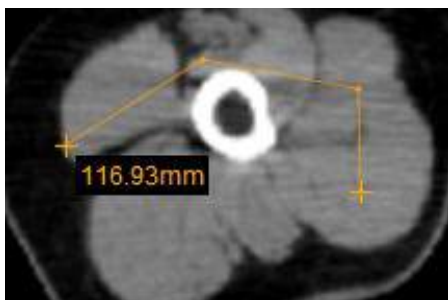


Figure 57. Polyline measurement.

The **“Area”** button is used to measure the perimeter and the area of a region of interest.

To measure the area:

- Place the mouse cursor on the point from which you want to select the region of interest. Then click the left mouse button.
- Move the cursor to the second point and click the left mouse button again.
- Then move the cursor to the third, fourth, etc. points and each time click the left mouse button again.
- When you reach the last point, click the left mouse button twice.

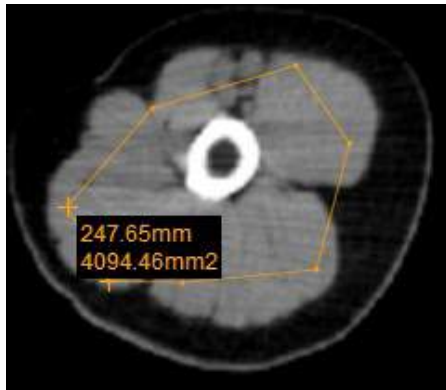


Figure 58. Area measurement.

- The area (in square millimeters) and the perimeter (in millimeters) will be displayed in yellow

The “**Volume**” button is used to measure the volume of the object.

In the illustration below, the object can be imagined as the following solid of revolution: the vertical line is the rotation axis, around which the left and the right curves are rotated half of the circle.

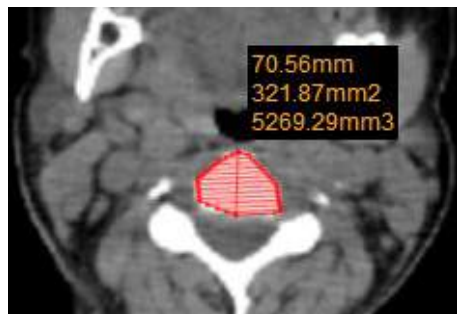


Figure 59. Volume measurement.

- Place the mouse cursor on the starting point of the rotation axis.
- then click the left mouse button (do not hold it) and move the cursor to the second point and click the left mouse button again.
- then move the cursor to the third, fourth, etc. points of one side curve and each time click the left mouse button again.
- when you reach the end point of the rotation axis, click the left mouse button **twice** in order to specify the height of the object.
- move cursor to the second, third, etc. points of another side curve and each time click the left mouse button again.
- when you reach the last point of the side curve, click the left mouse button **twice** in order finish the measurement.

The “**VTI**” (*Velocity Time Integral*) button is used to measure the distance over which the blood was ejected per interval of time.

- Place the mouse cursor on the point from which you want to measure the velocity time integral.
- Then click the left mouse button (do not hold it) and move the cursor to the second point and click the left mouse button again.
- Then move the cursor to the third, fourth, etc. points on the blood velocity profile and each time click the left mouse button again.

- When you reach the last point, click the left mouse button **twice** in order to end the measurement.

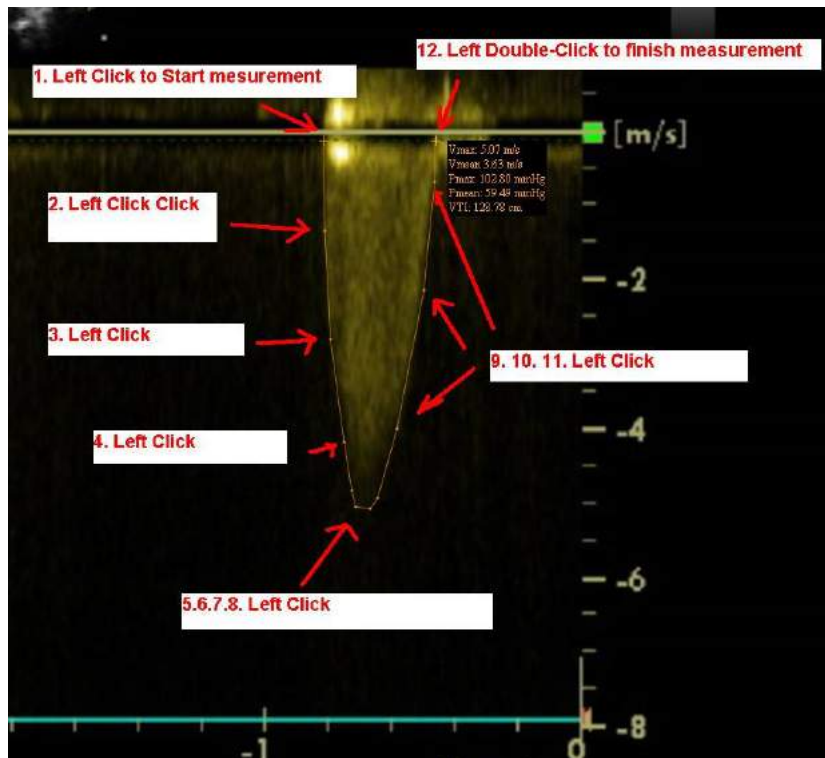


Figure 60. VTI measurement.

- The velocity time integral is measured in centimeters.

NOTE: this button is active only for the images of "US" modality.

The **"STD"** (*standard deviation*) button is used to measure average value and standard deviation of pixel values in a square area of 10 by 10 mm.

- Place the mouse cursor on the place that you would like to measure STD.



Figure 61. STD measurement.

The **“Calibration”** button is used to change the scale of measurement. This works only for images where the scale is initially unknown, that is, the DICOM tag (0028,0030) Pixel Spacing is missing.

- Click the Calibration button and pop-up window will appear:

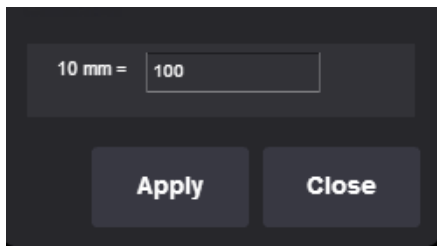


Figure 62. Calibration function.

- In this case 10mm corresponds to 100 pixels, if 0 will be left in the empty space the initial settings will be shown.

The **“Cobb angle”** button is used to measure angle between lines.

To measure angle:

- select **“Cobb angle”** measurement,
- select the image,
- click on image and lines will appear in the middle of image,
- You can drag lines, line points and move all lines simultaneously by moving the white dotted line.

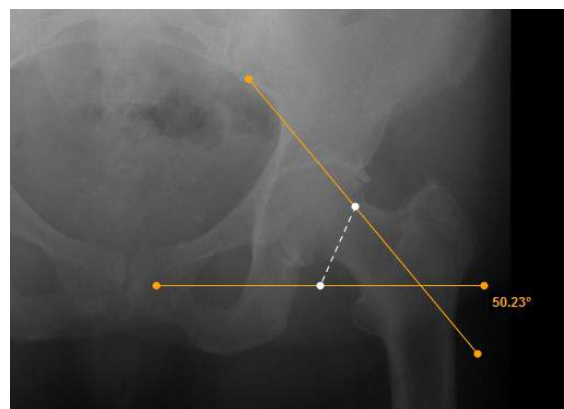


Figure 63. Cobb angle measurement.

The **“Points”** button is used to mark certain points on the image.

- Place the mouse cursor on the point where you want to make a mark. Then click the left mouse button.

- Move the mouse cursor to the next point and click the left mouse button again.
- Keep repeating this until you have the desired number of marked points (up to 18 points are possible).

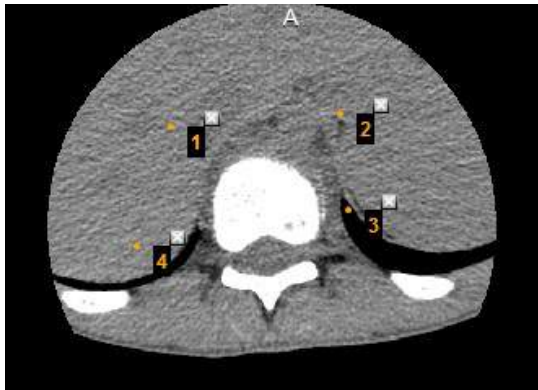


Figure 64. Points measurement.

The **“Save Annotation”** button is used to save the annotations of the measurements.

- Click the “Measure” icon and choose “Save Annotation” from the list.
- The following window will appear on the screen.

Figure 65. Save annotation.

- Enter the title, description and choose storing type (DICOM or JPEG) of your annotation.
- Click “Save”.

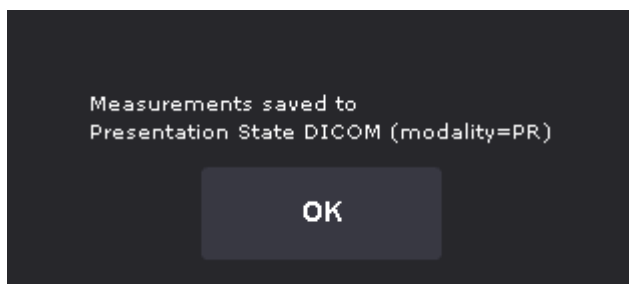


Figure 66. Saved annotation notice.

The “**VHS**”(Vertebral Heart Scale) button is used to measure heart size and provide an accurate assessment of true cardiac enlargement. **!** This measurement is available **ONLY** with VET license.

To perform a VHS:

- select “**VHS**” measurement,
- place the mouse cursor and click the left mouse button on the point from which you want to start measuring Long Axis Point (L),
- move the cursor to the second point along the area and click the left mouse button again,
- the Long Axis Point Line will appear,
- place the mouse cursor and click the left mouse button on the point from which you want to start measuring Short Axis Point (S),
- move the cursor to the second point across the area and click the left mouse button again,
- Short Axis Point Line will appear,



Figure 67. Long axis points.

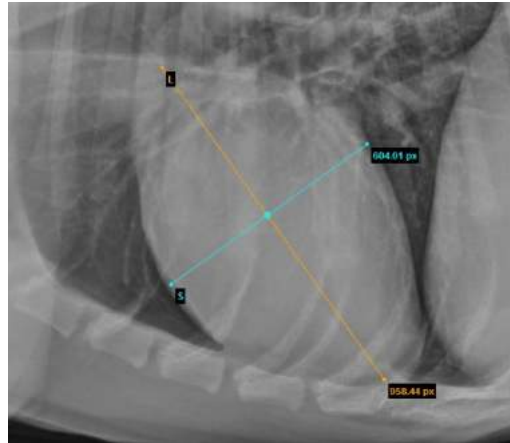


Figure 68. Short Axis points.

- In order to define SL point, place your mouse cursor and click the left mouse button on the point from which you want to measure S and L lines,
- S and L lines will appear (Figure 69).

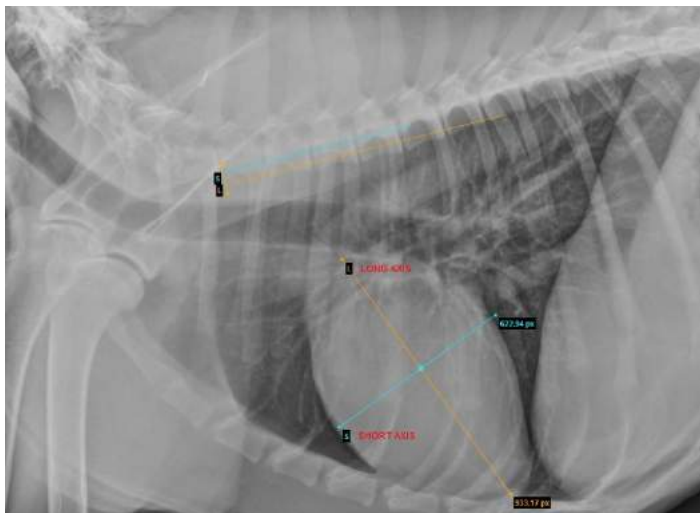


Figure 69. Demonstration of VHS measurement.



- You can rotate lines by dragging the end of the lines (dots) according to your needs. Click the left mouse button on the yellow dot (highlighted in red) and drag the line into a position where you want it to be (Figure 70). Middle dot (S and L line intersection point) allows to move S and L lines at the same time.

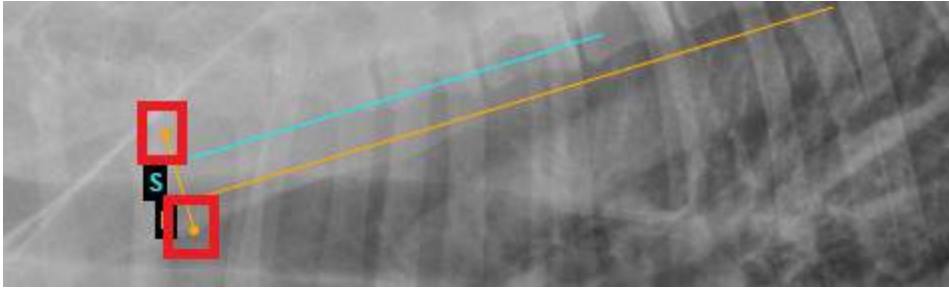


Figure 70. Rotation demonstration.

The “**Norberg Angle**” button is used to evaluate canine hips. ! This measurement is available **ONLY** with VET license.

To measure the angle:

- Zoom in the selected image and select Norberg Angle measurement,
- Click the left mouse button over the selected image and the initial measurement will appear,

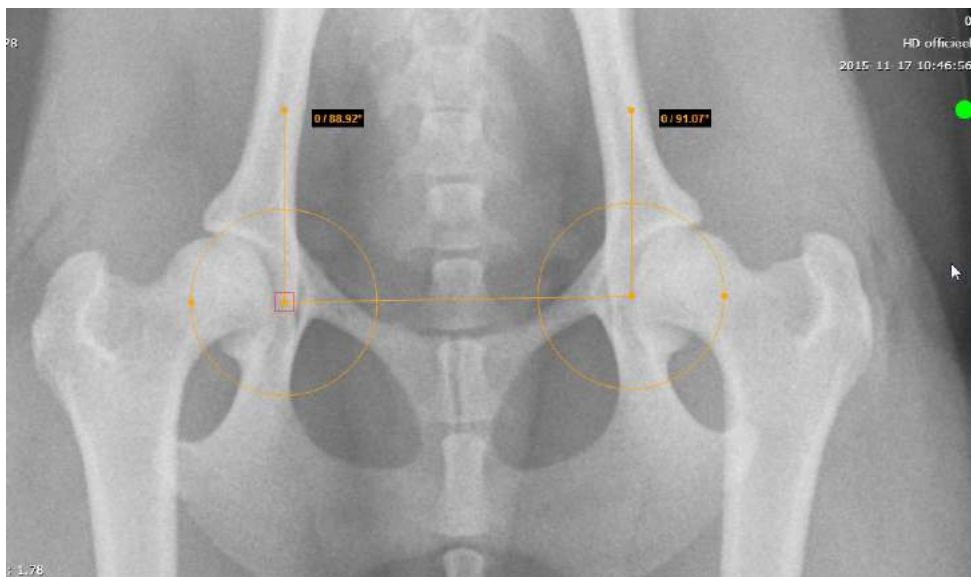


Figure 71. Norberg angle measurement.

- Move mouse cursor on the circle (or circle center) and drag to change position as you need (Figure 72),
- Repeat the same process with the other circle,

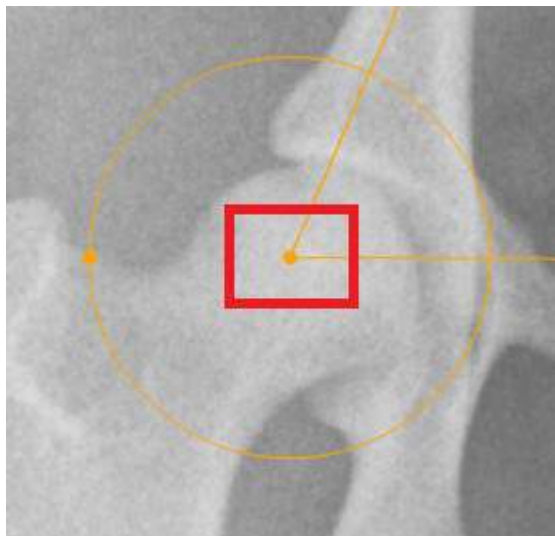


Figure 72. Center of the circle.

- In order to adjust the circle size, move your mouse cursor to the dot on the circle and drag it (Figure 73),

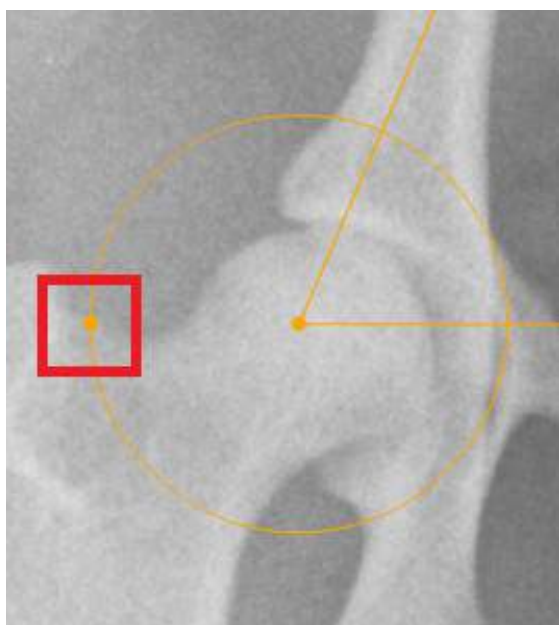


Figure 73. The outer part of the circle.

- To adjust the angles – move mouse cursor to the end of line (on the dot) and drag it,
- The angles will be calculated (Figure 74).

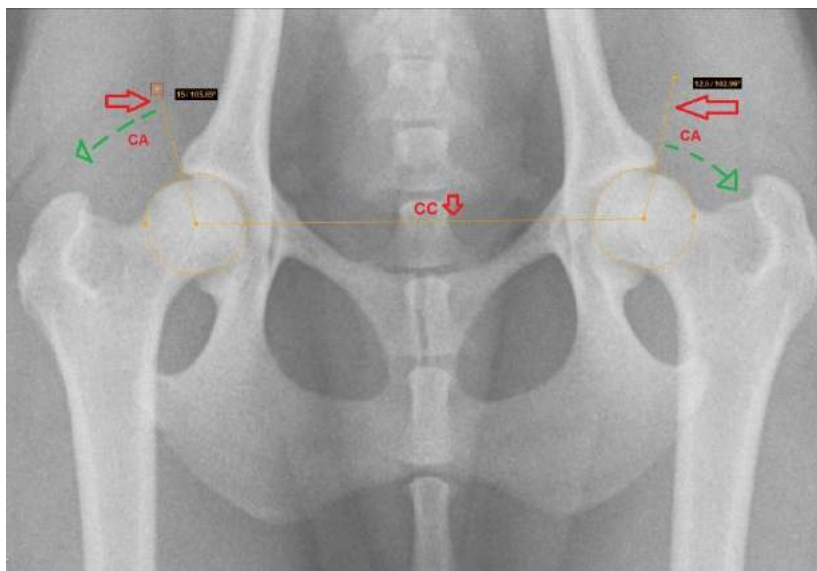


Figure 74. Demonstration of the Norberg Angle measurement.

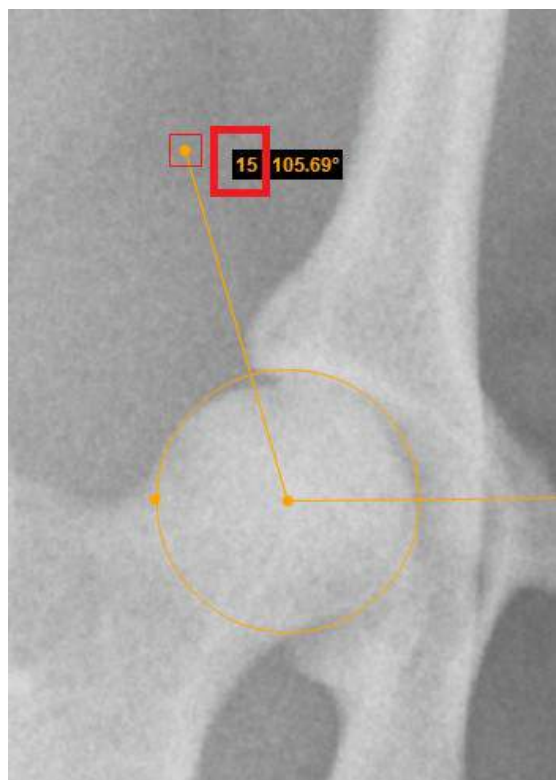


Figure 75. Norberg Angle.

The “**Delete All**” button is used to remove all measurements at once.

To remove the measurements:

- select the image from which you want to remove all measurements
- click “**Measure**”
- select “**Delete All**”

Printing images and series on Flash platform



To print images/series, click "Print" button, which is in the middle of the Menu bar (enabled for images, disabled for video, ECG and SR documents). There are two options of printing:

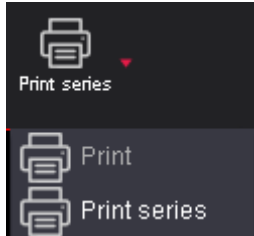


Figure 76. Printing options.

Click "Print" option to print the selected image area view.

Click "Print Series" to print whole series (images only). Then choose the number of images per page: one, two or four.

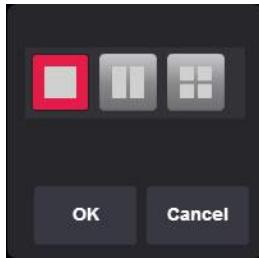


Figure 77. Selection of number of images on a page.

Saving images on Flash platform



Click **Save I...** and select a preferred format in the pop-up menu: JPG, DICOM or TIFF. Then select to save an image, a series of images or an active study.

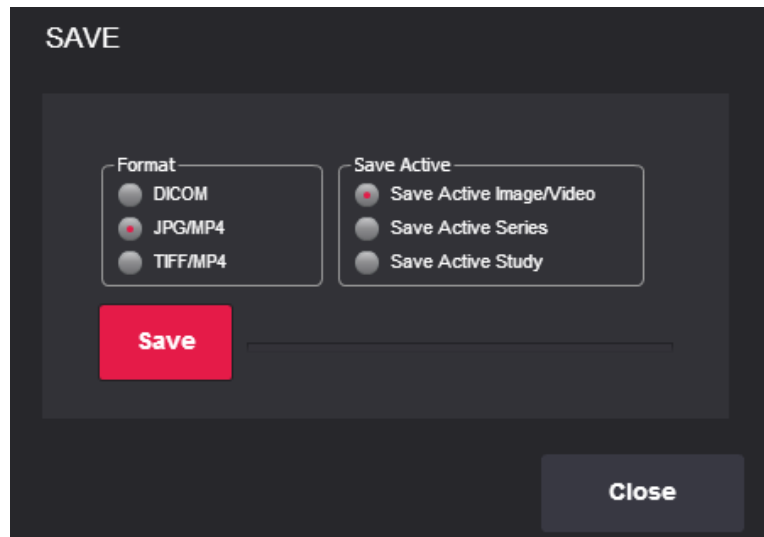


Figure 78. Saving images.

Click **“Save”** and choose a folder where you prefer to save the images in your computer. Click **“Save”** again.

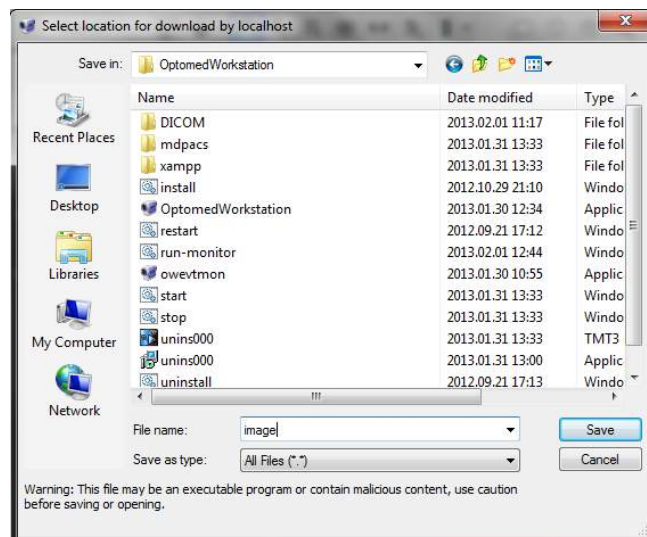


Figure 79. Saving location selection.



Click **Close** in order to close the window.

Export and forward study on Flash platform

The button “**Forward**” is used to send the selected study to the remote device, while the button “**Burn**” will save the study to a CD.

To forward the study:

- open the study you would like to send and click “**Forward**”
- the forwarding window appears:

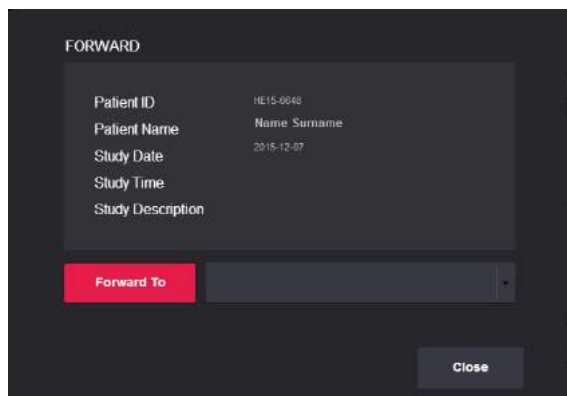


Figure 80. Study forwarding.

- choose a device from the list;
- click “Forward To”.

To export the study (to save it on a CD):

- select the study that you want to write on the CD or DVD and click “**Burn**”:
- the export window appears.
- choose CD, DVD or Unlimited. (Splitting into volumes is implemented only under PacsOne.)

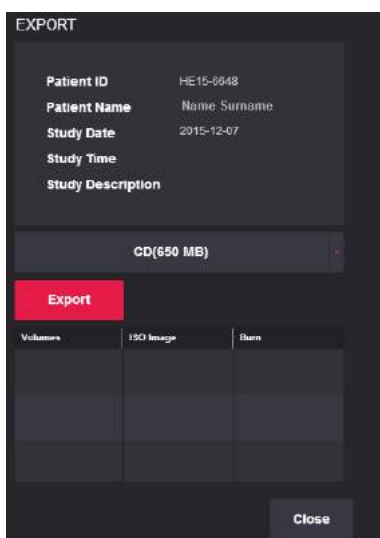


Figure 81. CD burning.

- Click the button “Export” in the export window. After a while, two additional buttons will appear in the list below

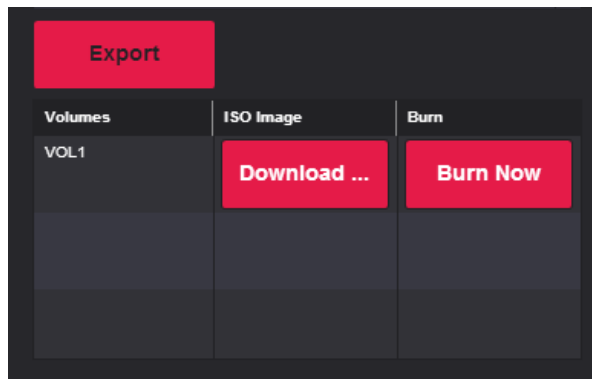


Figure 82. Export menu.

- You can choose one of two options in this window:
 - „Download ISO“ - this option is used to download a CD image which can be burned to the disc later;
 - „Burn Now“ - this option is used to write the file to a CD automatically. (You will need to install additional software, MedDreamBurn and Active ISO Burner, on each workplace.)

! CAUTION

*MedDream is incompatible with the CD Viewer from Softneta ("DICOMDIR Viewer"). Both Viewer and MedDream may encounter licensing errors if CD Viewer runs **on the same computer** where MedDream is hosted. Use a different machine to test the Viewer on a burned CD, or temporarily shut down the webserver that hosts MedDream.*

ECG module on Flash platform

This module allows you to view DICOM ECG wave data.



This module can be used while MedDream is in demo mode; in the commercial mode it is licensed separately, therefore existing customers will need an updated license.

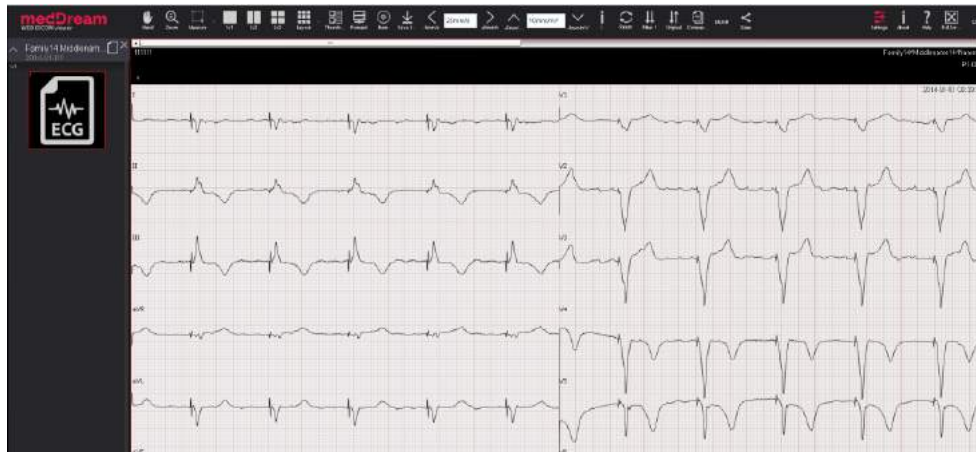


Figure 83. ECG view.

For ECG viewer's behavior is different:

- Measurement tools are changed into ECG measurement tools.

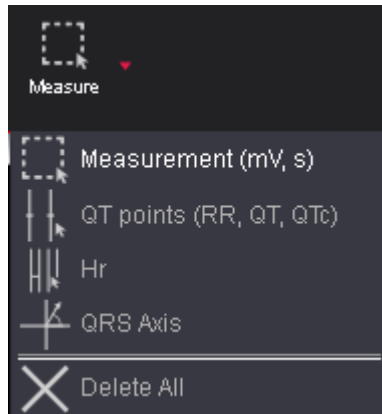


Figure 84. ECG measurements.

- Image manipulation buttons are disabled.

The **“Measurement”** button is used to measure fragment length in seconds, mV and calculate heart rate (BPM).

To measure:

- Select “Measurements”.
- Move the mouse cursor on the point you want.
- Click down and move mouse over an ECG wave.

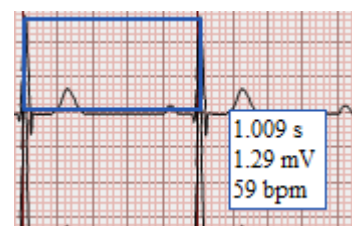


Figure 85. Measurements.

The **„QT points”** button is used to measure wave QT points: RR, QT and QTc.

To measure:

- Select "QT points".
- Move the mouse cursor on the point you want to set Q point and click.
- Move the mouse cursor on the point you want to set T point and click.

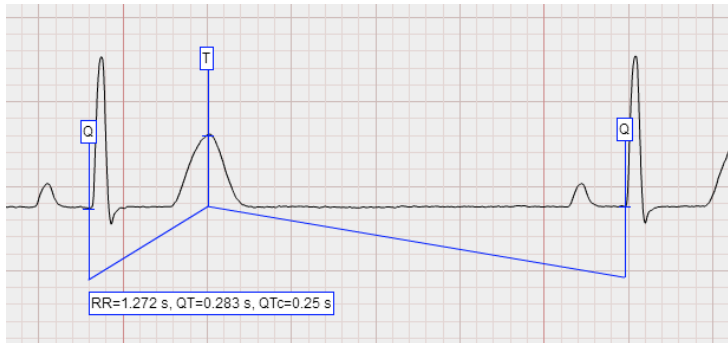


Figure 86. QT points.

- Move the mouse cursor on the point you want to set last Q point and click (double click also works).

The button "HR" is designated to measure heart rate and visually estimate its irregularity:



Figure 87. HR measurement tool.

- Select "HR" measurement tool;
- Move the mouse cursor on the point you want to set R point and click the left mouse button once;
- Move the mouse cursor on the point you want to set next R point and click the left mouse button once;
- Now you can compare given interval with other R points.

The „QRS Axis“ is used to measure cardiac interventricular partition and ventricular depolarization spreading.

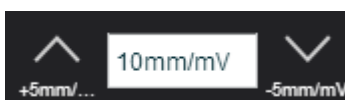


Figure 88. QRS Axis measurement tool.

- Select „QRS axis“ measurement tool;
- Move the mouse cursor on the point you want to start your "QRS" measurement ("Q" point) and click once the left mouse button;
- Move the mouse cursor on the point you want to end your "QRS" measurement („S" point) and click once the left mouse button.



Change horizontal scale (mm per second).



Change vertical scale (mm per mV).



Display ECG annotation data.

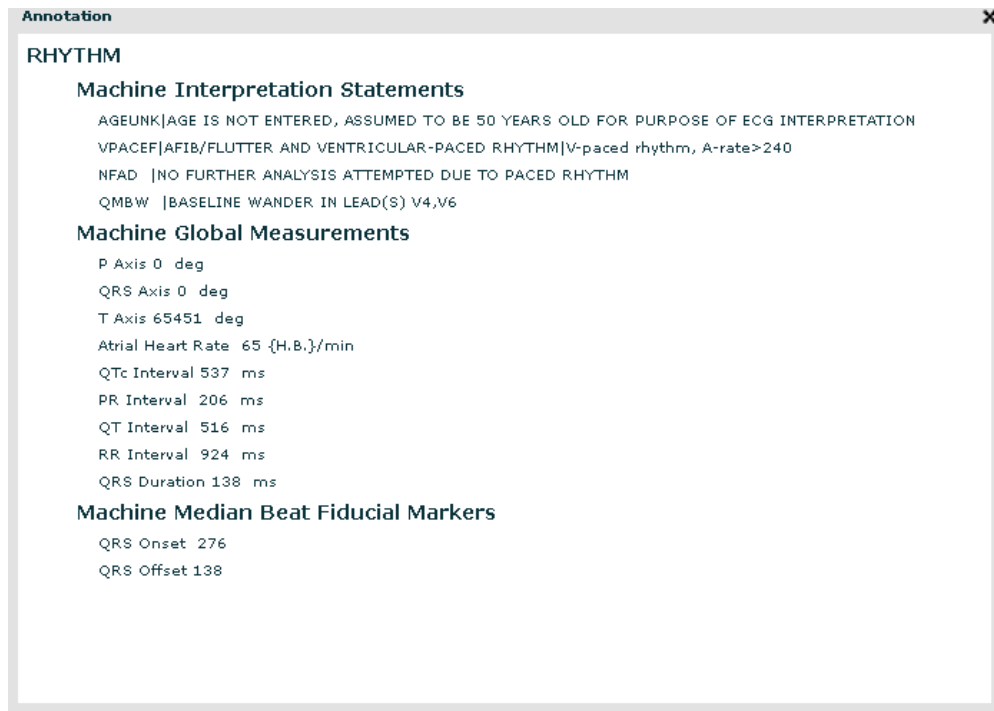


Figure 89. ECG annotation.



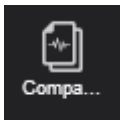
Button to adjust ECG data position.



Button to adjust ECG data zoom.



Is used to display remaining data. By default first 5 seconds of ECG wave data is visible.



It is used to “**Compare ECG data**”. In order to compare follow the steps indicated below:

- Open the first ECG study;
- Go back to the main search window and select as many studies as you want (see section “Opening Multiple Studies”);
- Select an image layout (see page 28);
- Tick the check-box next to the ECG studies that you want to compare:

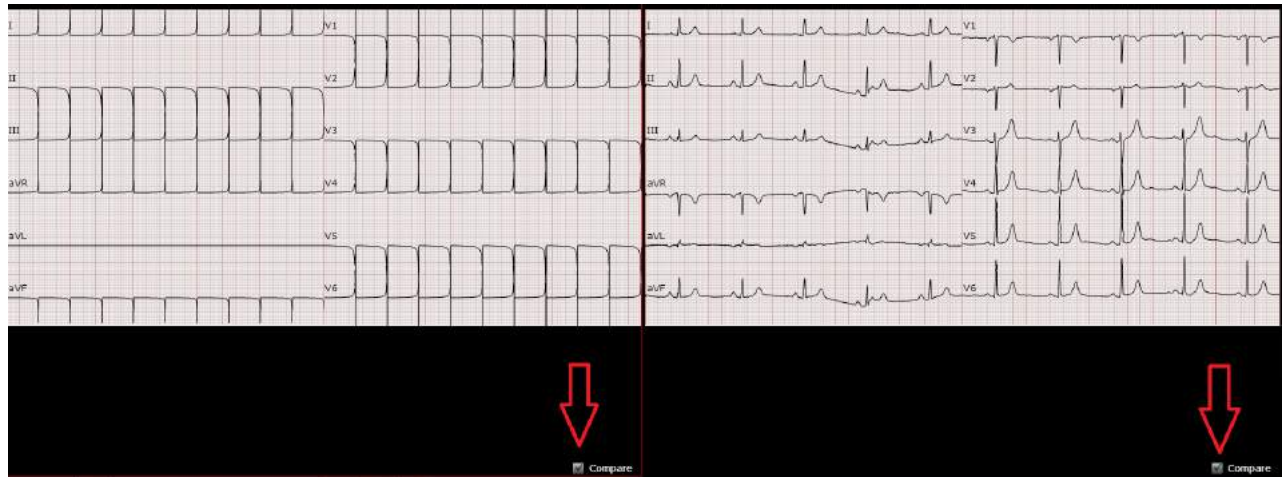
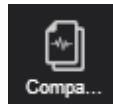


Figure 90. Compare tick-box.



Once you have done this, click on a **Compa...** button and the following window will appear on the screen:



Figure 91. ECG comparison.

There will be possible to manipulate the image with the following tools:



“Hand” button allows you to position curve images within the pane. This feature is especially useful when the image is larger than the pane, as it usually is after zooming in.

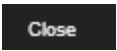
To move an image within the pane:

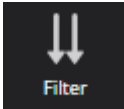
- On the Tools menu, click **“Hand”**
- Position the cursor over the image you want to move and click-and-drag the cursor around the pane to move the image.

- Release the mouse button to leave the image in its new position.



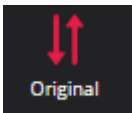
“Zoom +/-” button is used to increase and decrease the selected image. Click the left button on your mouse and drag it upwards to zoom in and downwards to zoom out.

Click  button in order to close ECG comparison window.



“Filter” function is used for the following:

- trims the edges of unnecessary points (points to the first spike that has no importance);
- trims high and low frequency signals applying low-pass and high-pass frequency filters under the “Filter Low Frequency” (003A,0220) and “Filter High Frequency” (003A,0221) tags;
- eliminates baseline wandering interference;
- filters out specified frequency signals, adjusting band-stop filter by “Notch Filter Frequency” (003A,0222) tag.



“Original” function is used to reset and clear ECG to the previous original state.

Information window on Flash platform



In the main window, click the “Information window” button:

Information window will display:

1. Full product name;
2. Version;
3. GUI version;
4. Release date;
5. Medical device class;
6. ID of the notified body;
7. FDA cleared;
8. License to;
9. Concurrent connections;
10. Modules – Report, ECG, Video, VET;
11. Valid to – "-" if there is no termination in time;
12. Update to – date till the technical support and updates are provided;
13. Manufactured by – Softneta UAB contacts.



button forwards you to online user manual.

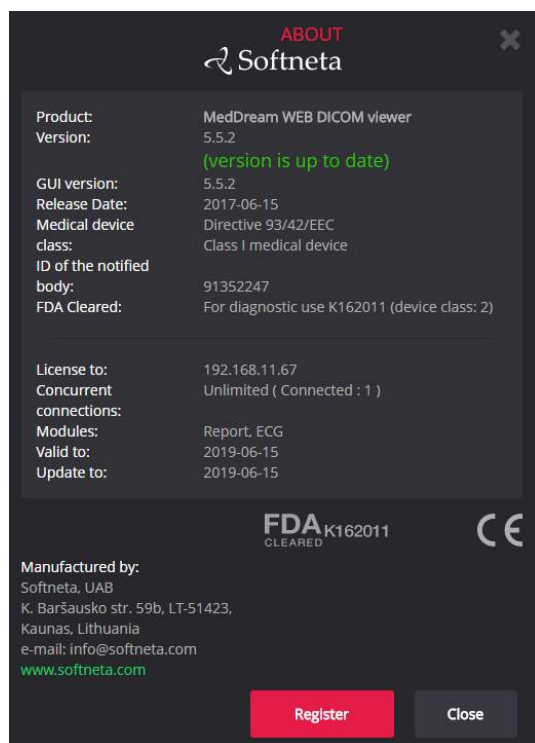


Figure 92. MedDream information window on Flash platform.

Report module on Flash platform (obsolete)

Note: This chapter describes Flash-based reports that will be fully replaced by HTML5-based reports in the future. The default non-empty value of `$medreport_root_link` (config.php) enables HTML5-based reports in the Flash Viewer. If Flash-based reports are still needed, please set `$medreport_root_link` to an empty string.

Note: This module can be used while MedDream is in demo mode; in the commercial mode it is licensed separately, therefore existing customers will need an updated license.

Complete report editing or printing of the study are available by clicking the button on the study header in the Flash Viewer.



Figure 93. An icon of a filled report.

It will open a report window:

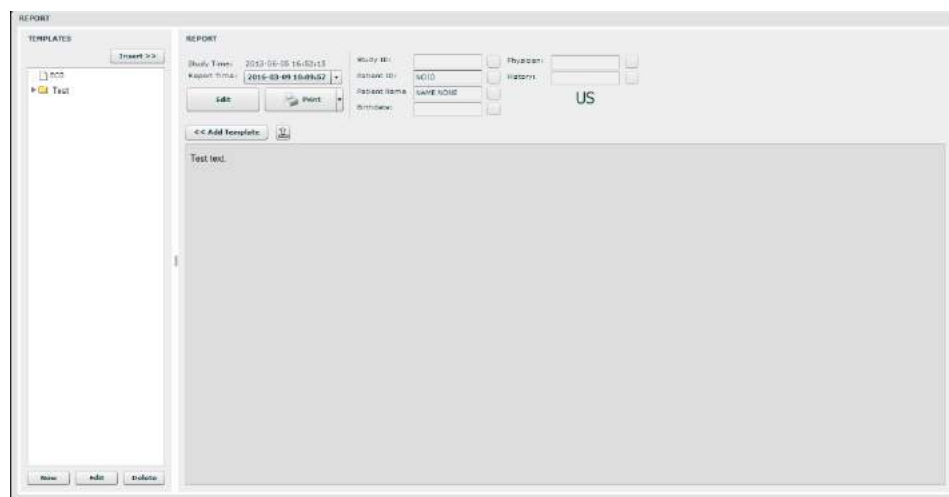


Figure 94. Filled report.

In the Report window you may edit and print the study report. The following buttons are used in order to:



Insert a template. The button is active only in "Edit" mode. After clicking "Insert" button, you are asked to confirm the action as the entire text will be replaced.



Add a template to the list. Once you are satisfied with the content, you can save it as a template (either existing or new one).



Save a report. "Save" button changes to "Edit" button once the report has been saved.



Write a report (edit mode).



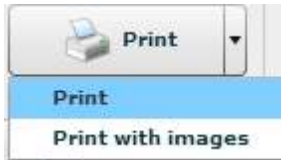
Upload an attachment into the report.



Delete the uploaded attachment.



Download the uploaded attachment into your computer.



Print just the text or including all images.



Open an empty form of a template.



Enable editing of a selected template.



Delete the selected template.

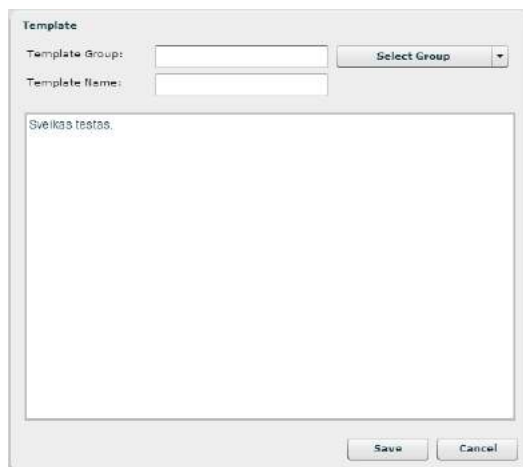


Figure 95. Template editing window.



To close the window.

Please note! Group and name of the template **CANNOT** be edited whilst in a Flash mode.

MedDream DICOM Viewer Mobile Version

Logging on to MedDream Mobile

To log on to MedDream Mobile version, please do the following:

- Enter the address given by your administrator in your Internet Browser. The following screen will appear:

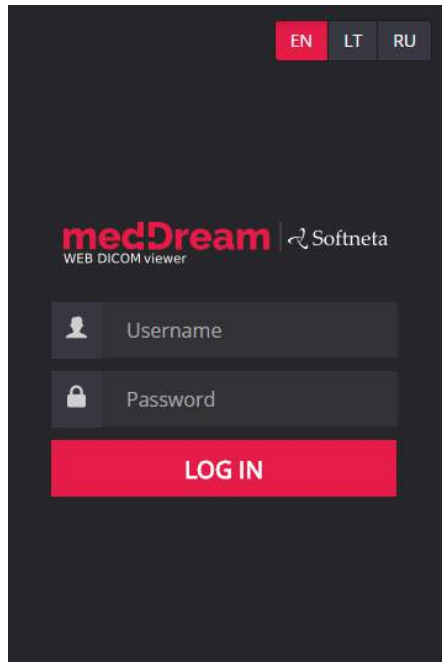


Figure 96. Logging in.

- Enter the username you were given in the field "**Username**"
- Enter the password in the field "**Password**". If you forgot your password, please contact your system administrator.
- Tap "**Login**" on the screen.

Search of studies on Mobile Version

Search menu will help you to quickly find the studies you need. We recommend using all possible search menu options in order to get the most accurate search results and save your time.

To find a study, please follow these steps:

1. Once you login in to Mobile version “**Search**” window appears on the screen.

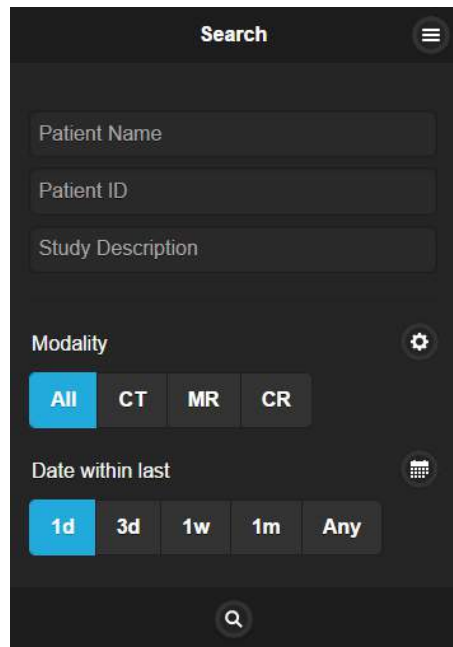


Figure 97. Search window

2. Enter **search criteria** (Patient ID, Patient Name and Study Description).

3. To specialize the search further, please select **the date interval** when the study could have been done. This can be done using **two different date interval search criteria**.

→To select the study date you can choose from the super quick pick list “**Date within last**” accordingly to the date interval you need your studies to be from: “**1d**” (current day), “**3d**” (3 days interval), “**1w**” (1 week interval), “**1m**” (1 month interval) or “**Any**” (no specific date).



Figure 98. Search according to dates.

→To specify the study date date interval, tap the icon marked in red (*Figure 98*) and the following window will show up:

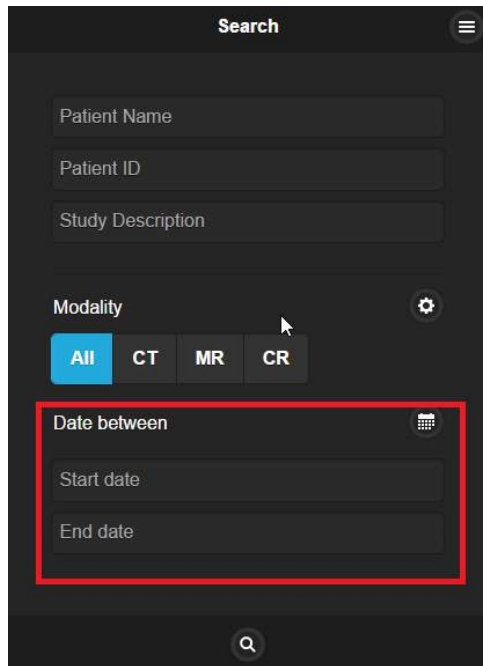
The screenshot shows a mobile application interface titled "Search". It features three text input fields: "Patient Name", "Patient ID", and "Study Description". Below these is a "Modality" section with four buttons: "All" (highlighted in blue), "CT", "MR", and "CR". To the right of the "Modality" buttons is a gear icon. Below the modality buttons is a section titled "Date between" with a calendar icon to its right. This section contains two text input fields: "Start date" and "End date". A red rectangular box highlights the "Date between" section. At the bottom of the screen is a magnifying glass icon.

Figure 99. Date search options

4. The search can also be specified by selecting the method which was used to obtain the study images (modalities):

→ CR, CT, DX, ECG, ES, IO, MG, MR, NM, OT, PX, RF, RG, SC, US, XA, XC, All. The system allows to select a few image modalities. Tap the icon marked in red (*Figure 100*).

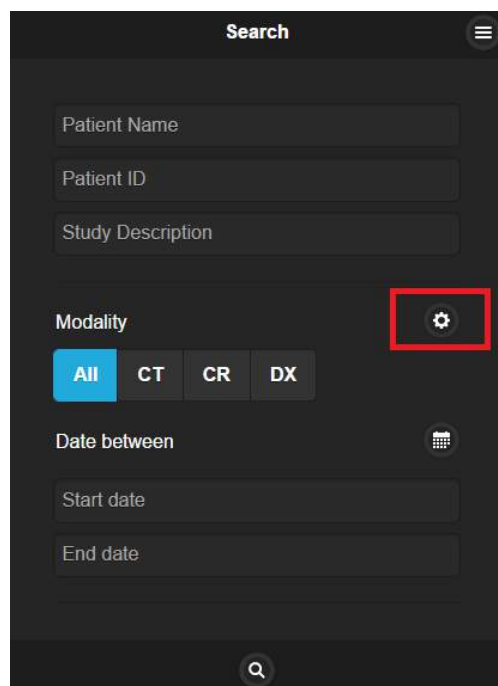
The screenshot shows the same "Search" interface as Figure 99. In this version, the "Modality" buttons are "All" (blue), "CT", "CR", and "DX". The gear icon to the right of the modality buttons is highlighted with a red rectangular box. The "Date between" section with its "Start date" and "End date" fields is visible below the modality buttons. The magnifying glass icon is at the bottom.

Figure 100. Search according to modalities.

Now you can add all possible methods by tapping on the modality you want to be added to the search (*Figure 101*).

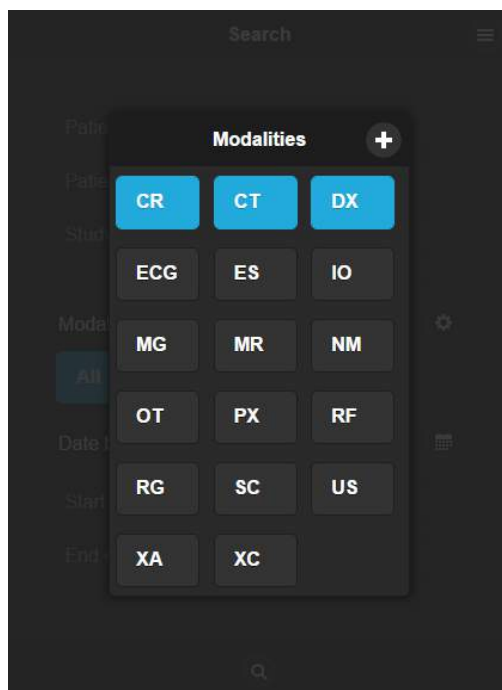


Figure 101. Modalities search

* Abbreviations:

CR – Computed Radiography

CT – Computed Tomography

DX – Digital Radiography

ES – Endoscopy

IO – Ultra-Oral Radiography

MG – Mammography

MR – Magnetic Resonance

NM – Nuclear Medicine

OT – Other

PX – Panoramic X-Ray

RF – Radio Fluoroscopy

RG – Radiographic Imaging

SC – Secondary Capture

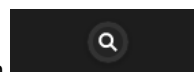
US – Ultra Sound

XA – X-Ray Angiography

XC – External camera photography

ECG - Electrocardiography

5. After you have selected your search criteria, start the search by tapping “**Search**” icon



6. You will see the following window with the search results.

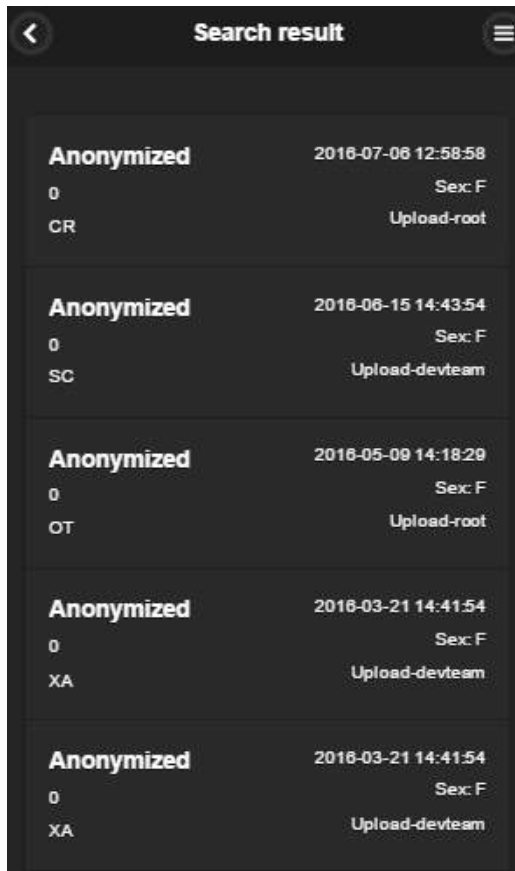


Figure 102. Search results.

7. Tap on the specific study so you could see the image you want to analyze (Figure 103).

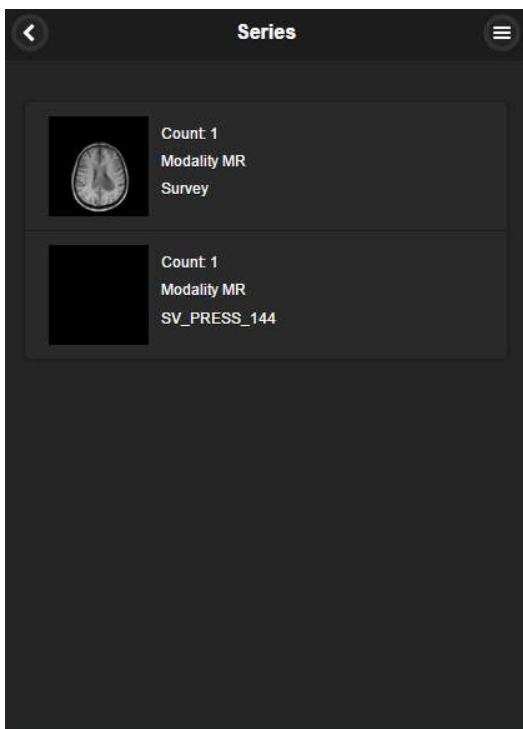


Figure 103. Select image

Manipulating images on Mobile Version

You can manage and analyze the study images according to the criteria you need. Image manipulation tool bar is marked in red below (Figure 104):

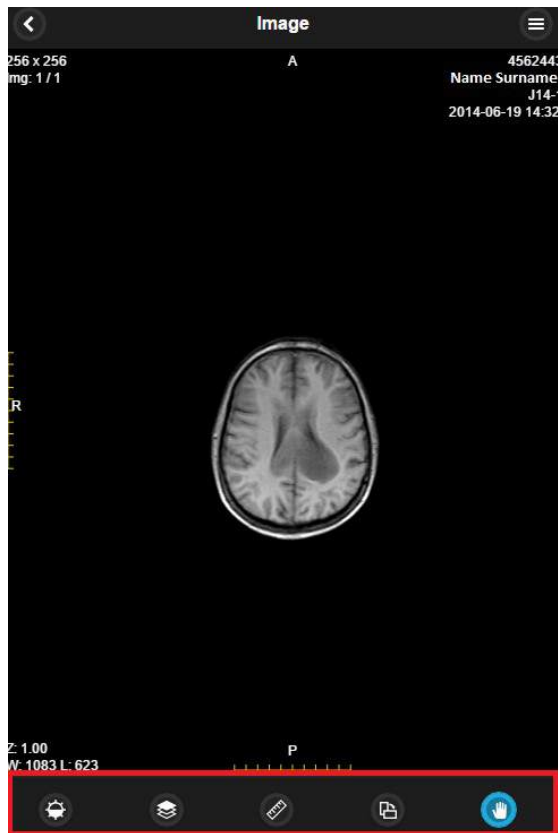


Figure 104. Image manipulation tools.

More about each of them:



Button is used to adjust the Level/Window (contrast and brightness) of the image. Put your finger on the screen and pan up and down to control the brightness of the image.



Button functions as a scroll bar. Once tapped it enables you to scroll through the series of images by dragging the image sideways.



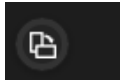
If you want to zoom in or zoom out you just need to pinch and stretch. It zooms gradually an image out or in.



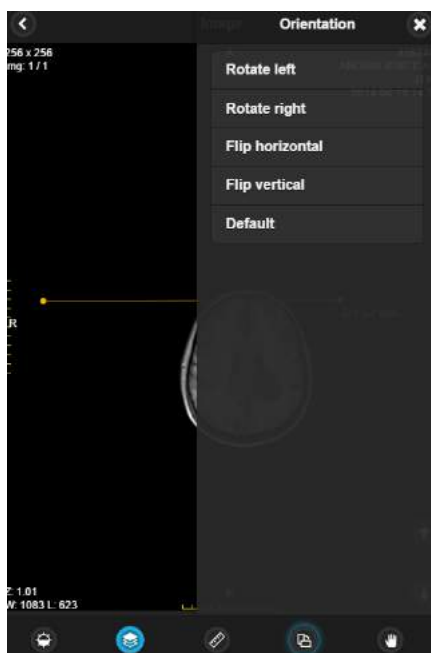
“Hand” button allows you to position images within the pane. This feature is especially useful when the image is larger than the pane, as it usually is after zooming.

To move an image within the screen:

- On the Tools menu, tap **“Hand”**
- Tap the image you want to move and flick the image around the screen to drag it to the position needed.
- Release the image to leave it in its new position.



“Transform” button allows you to rotate the image. Tap the button and select one of the options from the pop-up menu. Tap the “X” button to exit the pop-up window.



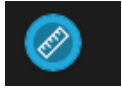
- Rotate Right – to rotate the image 90° clockwise;
- Rotate Left – to rotate the image 90° counter-clockwise;
- Flip Horizontal – to flip an image 180° about the horizontal axis;
- Flip Vertical – to flip an image 180° about the vertical axis.
- Default – revert to preselected automatic option.

Figure 105. Transformation possibilities.

Measuring Images on Mobile Version



Measuring function is approximate and cannot be used for diagnostic purposes.



Allows to measure the images in number of ways. Once tapped it calls out measurement tool menu (marked in red). Tap the button and select one of the options from the pop-up menu. Tap the "X" button to exit the pop-up window.

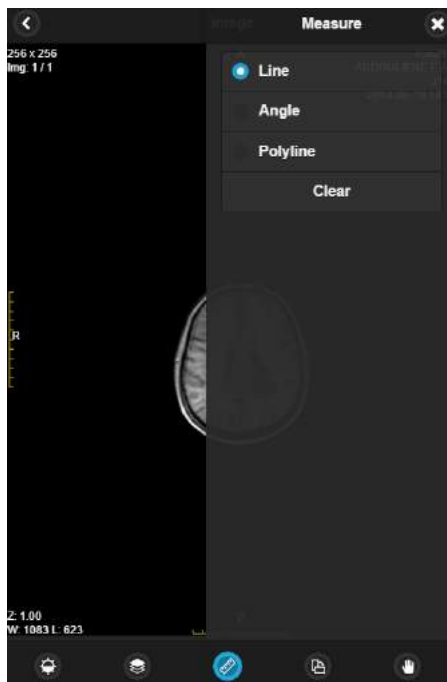
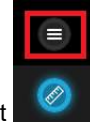


Figure 106. Measurement tools.

- Line – to measure the distance;
- Angle – allows you to display the angles;
- Polyline - to measure the perimeter of more than one line;
- Clear – deletes all measurements you have made so far.

Line

- Tap on the measure button “**Line**” from the list;
- Tap on the starting point from which you want to measure the distance;
- Tap on the ending point where you want to end measuring the distance;
- The distance (in millimeters, or pixels in some images) will be displayed in yellow:

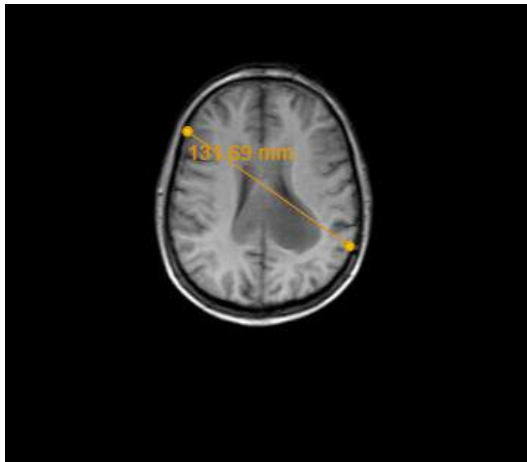


Figure 107. Line measurement.

Angle

- Tap on the measure button “**Angle**” from the list;
- Tap on the starting point where you want to start one of your lines and tap on the end of each line where you want to end your measuring;
- The result will be displayed in yellow:



Figure 108. Angle measurement.

Polyline

- Tap on the measure button “Polyline” from the list;
- Tap on the point where you want to start measuring your perimeter and move along;
- Then tap to the second, third, fourth, etc. points till you reach the last point – use double-click in order to see the result;
- The perimeter (in millimeters, or pixels in some images) will be displayed in yellow:

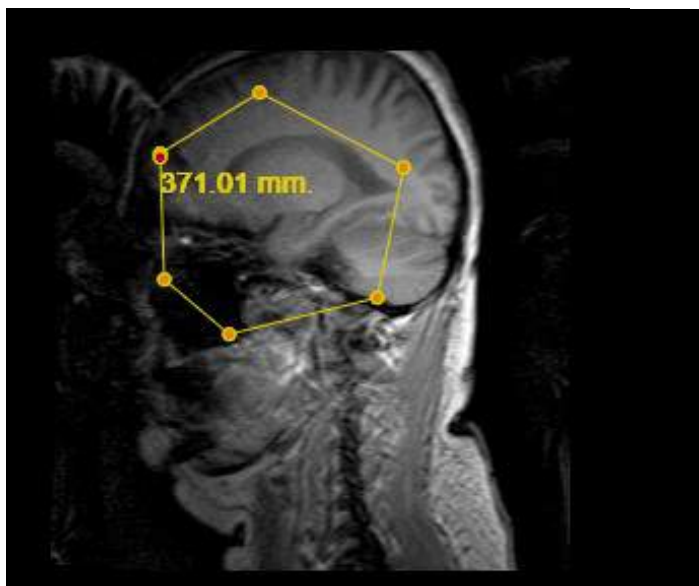


Figure 109. Polyline measurement.

To remove the measurements:

- click “**Measure**” button
- select “**Clear**” from the pop-up window.

System menu functions on Mobile Version

You can open a system menu with functions “User settings”, “About”, “Search” and “Log out” by tapping on the right top corner icon marked in red and choose functions from the pop-up window (Figure 110):

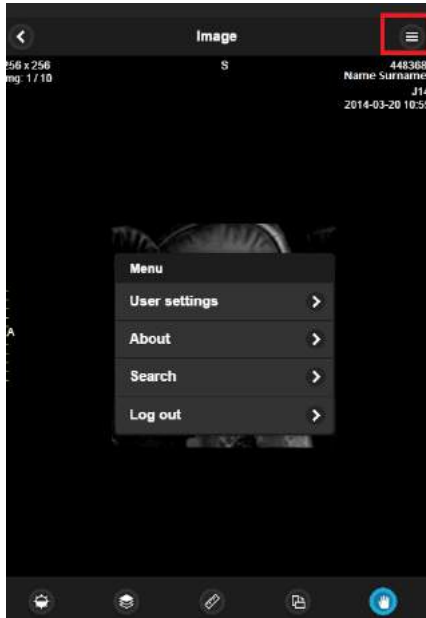


Figure 110. System menu.

User settings > Allows you to choose **view mode** (8 or 16 bit):

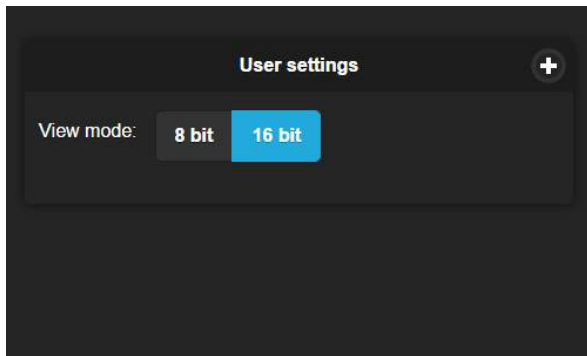


Figure 111. View mode.

About > Information window will display with the following information.

Information window will display:

1. Full product name;
2. Version;
3. Build date;
4. Medical device class;
5. Licensed to;

6. Concurrent connections;
7. Modules;
8. Valid to – empty if there is no termination in time;
9. Update to – date till the technical support and updates are provided;
10. Manufactured by – Softneta UAB contacts.

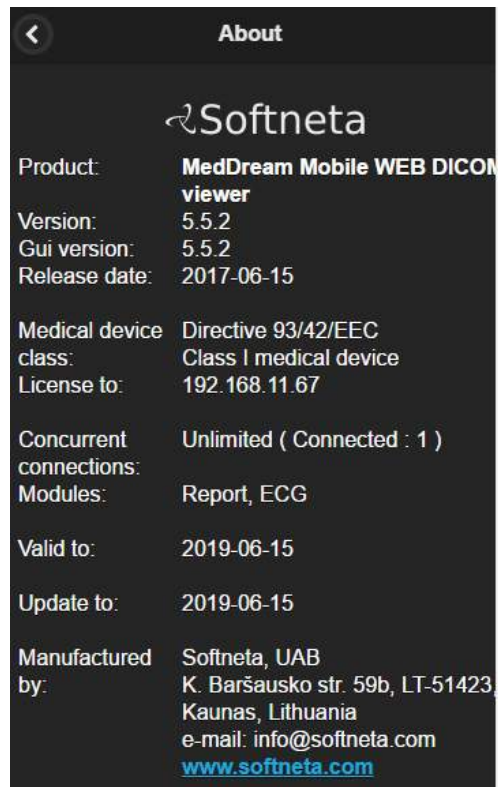


Figure 112. Information window.



Forwards you to the search window.



Log out when access is no longer needed.



Button on the left top corner enables you to return to the previous page or screen.

MedDream DICOM Viewer on HTML5 platform

Please note! “Default view” must be set for HTML platform on the setting menu of the main search window as in the following figure in order to see only HTML version:

Default viewer:

FLASH

Disable

Enable

HTML

Disable


Enable

Figure 113. Default HTML viewer.

Opening multiple studies

If you need to open more than one study (e.g. to compare them), please do the following:

1. Select one of the studies you want to add with one mouse click;

2. Click on the  icon which appears next to the study in the main search result window and a new browser tab will pop up:

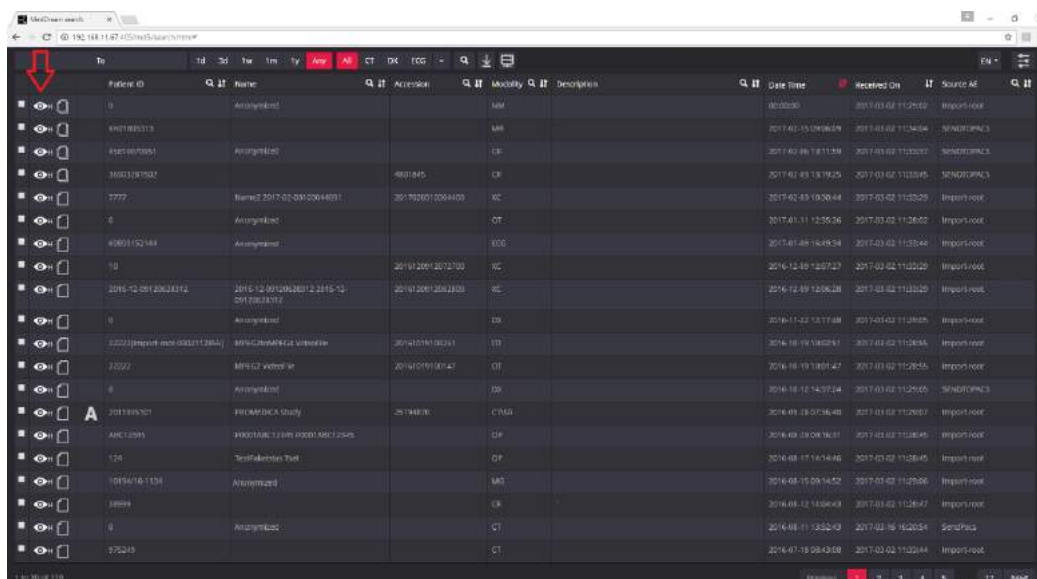



Figure 114. Study selection on HTML5 platform.

3. Go back to the search result window.

4. Click the  icon again and the added study appears on the same search result pop-up window as the previous search did.

5. Information table will pop up on the right bottom corner of the main search result window stating the following:

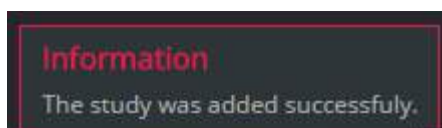


Figure 115. Information table on HTML platform.


6. Go back to the search result window.

7. Select the next study you want to add and repeat steps 4 – 6 that were mentioned above. Keep doing this till you open enough studies that you need for your analyses and comparison.

After selecting all the studies, you will see all study series displayed in the pane on the left. When you select the study, and click on it, you will see the image icons of the study series:



Figure 116. Opened multiple studies on HTML5 platform.

In order to navigate through the study series, just click on the header  to activate it and see the image icons.

Manipulating and analyzing images on HTML5 platform

You can manage and analyze the study images according to the criteria you need:

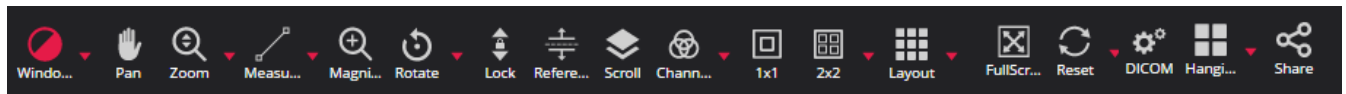


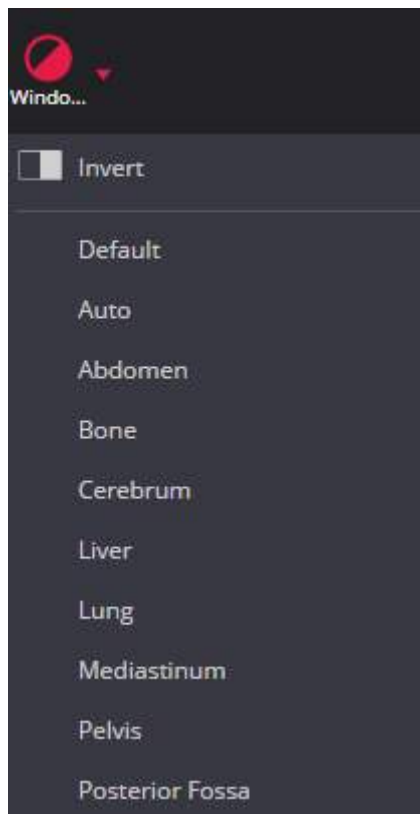
Figure 117. Image manipulation tools on HTML5 platform.

More about each of them:



“**Windowing**” button is used to adjust the Level/Window (contrast and brightness) of the image. Put your finger on the screen and pan up and down to control the brightness of the image. On non-touchscreen devices, mouse drag upwards or downwards achieves the same.

Also, you can click on the red triangle to get a pop-up window and select one of the standard contrast settings:



Default – a preset setting with values from the image itself (if available).

Auto – the system analyses the image and adjusts the brightness and contrast automatically.

Abdomen – a preset setting for abdomen studies.

Bone – a preset setting for bone studies.

Cerebrum – a preset setting for cerebrum studies.

Liver – a preset setting for the liver studies.

Lung – a preset setting used for studying the images of the lungs.

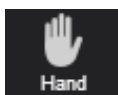
Mediastinum – a preset setting for mediastinum studies.

Pelvis – a preset setting for pelvis studies.

Posterior Fossa – a preset setting for Posterior Fossa studies.

Invert – the user can inverse the image.

Figure 118. Level/Window button options on HTML5 platform.



“**Hand**” button allows you to position images within the pane. This feature is especially useful when the image is larger than the pane, as it usually is after zooming in.

To move an image within the pane:

- On the Tools menu, click “**Hand**” icon
- Position the cursor over the image you want to move and click-and-drag the cursor around the pane to move the image.

- Release the mouse button to leave the image in its new position.

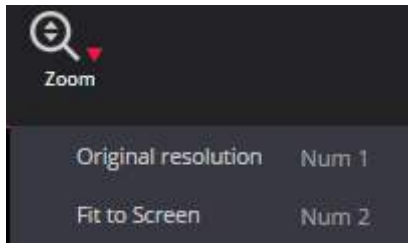
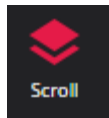


Figure 119. Resolution button options on HTML5 platform.

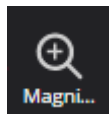
"Zoom" button is used to choose between **"Fit to Screen"** or **"Original resolution"** buttons.

- When you click **"Fit to Screen"** button, the size of the image is automatically adjusted so that the image would fill the entire screen. For example, if only part of the image is visible on the screen, choose this button to see the whole image displayed on the entire screen.
- When you click **"Original resolution"** button, the size of the image changes into original size.

Additionally, when this button is active (highlighted in red), then panning up and down with a finger or mouse allows to set any resolution.

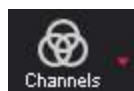


Button functions as scroll bar. Once tapped it enables you to scroll through the series of images by using a vertical drag gesture (with a finger or mouse).

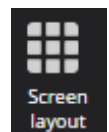


"Magnifier" button is used to magnify (enlarge) a certain area of the image. Click the icon once in order to enable the function, click the icon once more and the mode will be disabled. This area can be dragged to other places of the image in order to magnify them.

You can change magnification in this area with the help of mouse wheel. In order to enlarge, scroll the mouse wheel up as many times (up to 10) as you want it to be enlarged.



"Channels" highlights a color component or a combination of them in the image by showing selected color in white shades and other colors in black. This tool is enabled for image view. Click the red arrow in order to choose from the list.



Button divides the screen into sections and allows you to drag as many images as you want to the right side of the screen. It helps in comparing images (Figure 120).

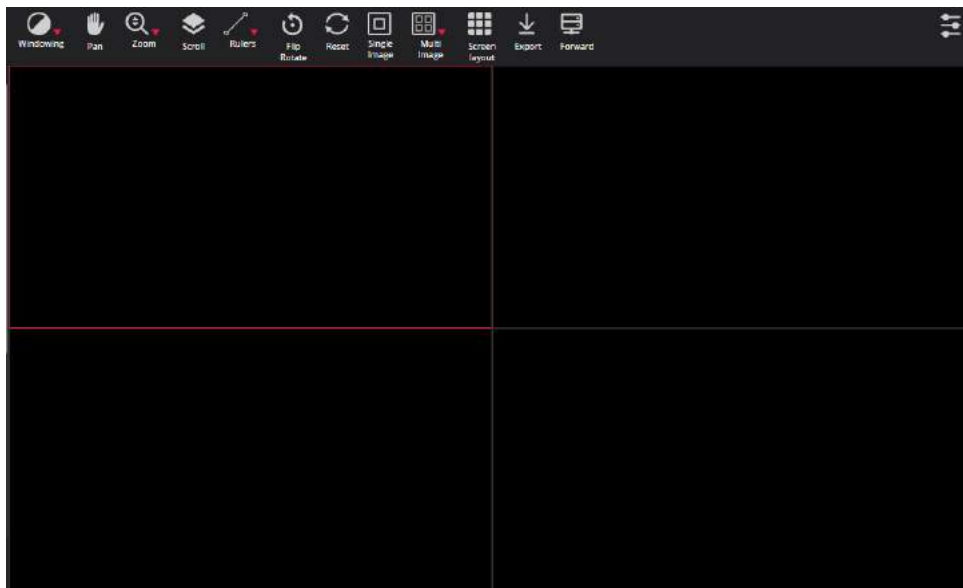
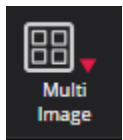


Figure 120. Comparison possibilities on HTML5 platform.



Button divides the selected section into several subsections. Once you have selected this button, drag the studies to the field. The study and all the following images that you want will appear on the selected field.

Note! All the image manipulation functions affect the entire set of images opened in a multiple viewports mode (such as “Scroll”, “Brightness/Contrast”, “Rotate”, “Pan”, “Reset”). For example, if you select “Bone” contrast mode it will apply the “Bone” mode to all images that are viewed through the multiple viewports mode though the changes do not apply to the image which is not viewed via multiple viewports.

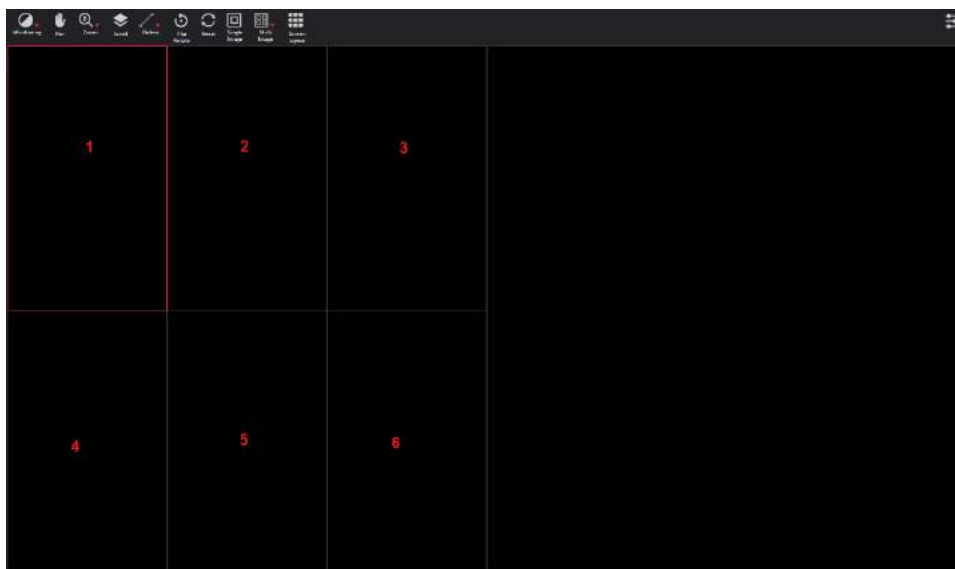
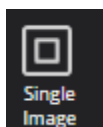


Figure 121. Multiple viewports on HTML5 platform.



Button returns the selected section to the default state with single image on the selected screen.

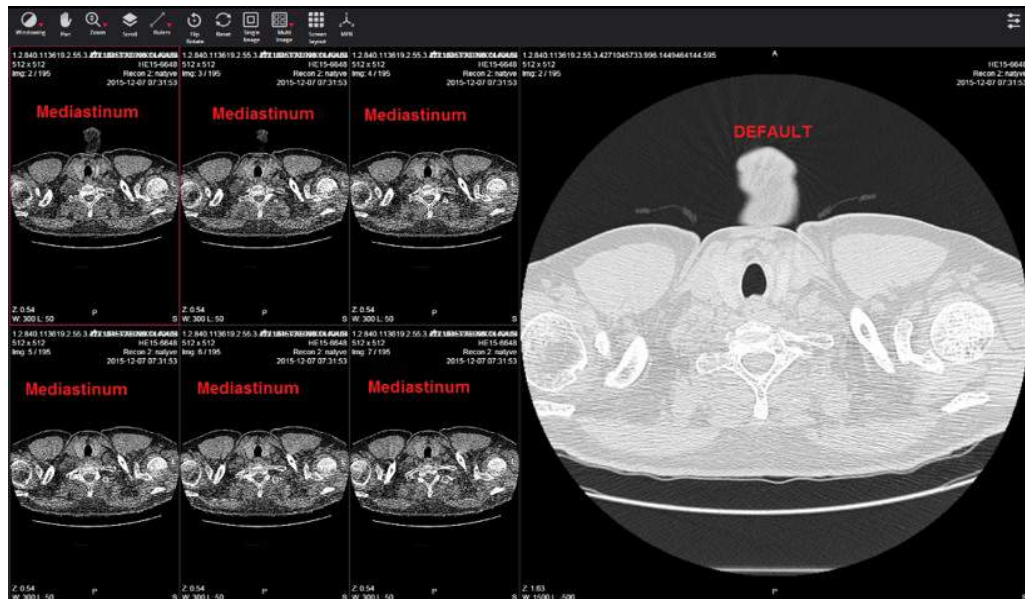
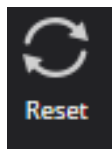


Figure 122. Multiple viewports (Mediastinum view mode) on HTML5 platform.



“Reset” button is used to reset and clear any data that you have been working on.

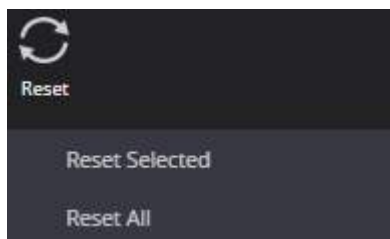
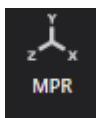


Figure 123. Reset selection on HTML5 platform.



Selecting the **MPR** view is done by clicking the MPR button in the views panel. It contains three different panels:

- Axial
- Sagittal
- Coronal
- Oblique

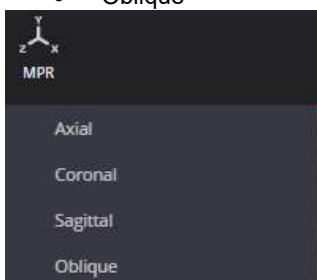


Figure 124. MPR selection on HTML5 platform.

Once you have clicked on one of the options, the pop-up window will appear. There you have to fill two input boxes:

- Start Frame: – number of the first frame of selected series;
- End Frame – number of the last frame of selected series.

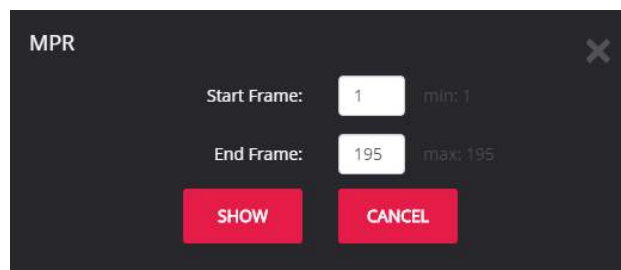


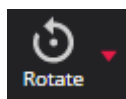
Figure 125. MPR frame selection on HTML5 platform.

User can input the range from which MPR will be calculated. After you enter the frame range, click “**Show**” and the loading will start.

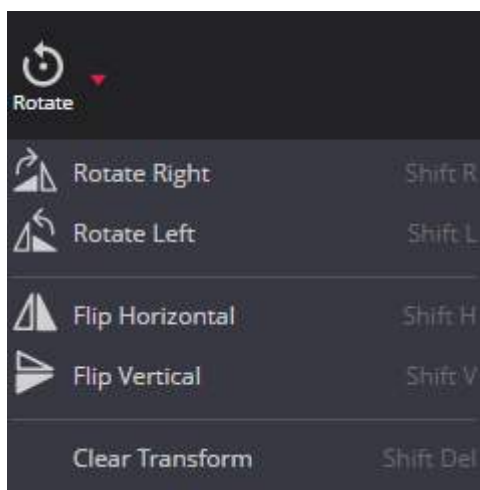


Figure 126. MPR download process on HTML5 platform.

Once the loading process is done, you will be able to scroll the mouse wheel up and down over the image and see the view (axial, sagittal, coronal) you have selected.



“**Transform**” button allows you to rotate the image. Tap the button and select one of the options from the pop-up menu. Tap outside the pop-up window to close it.



- Rotate Right – to rotate the image 90° clockwise;
- Rotate Left – to rotate the image 90° counter-clockwise;
- Flip Horizontal – to flip an image 180° about the horizontal axis;
- Flip Vertical – to flip an image 180° about the vertical axis.
- Clear Transform – revert to preselected automatic option.

Figure 127. Transformation possibilities on HTML5 platform.



“DICOM” button is used to show DICOM tags of active window screen.



This button is disabled by default and can be enabled in the "Settings" window.

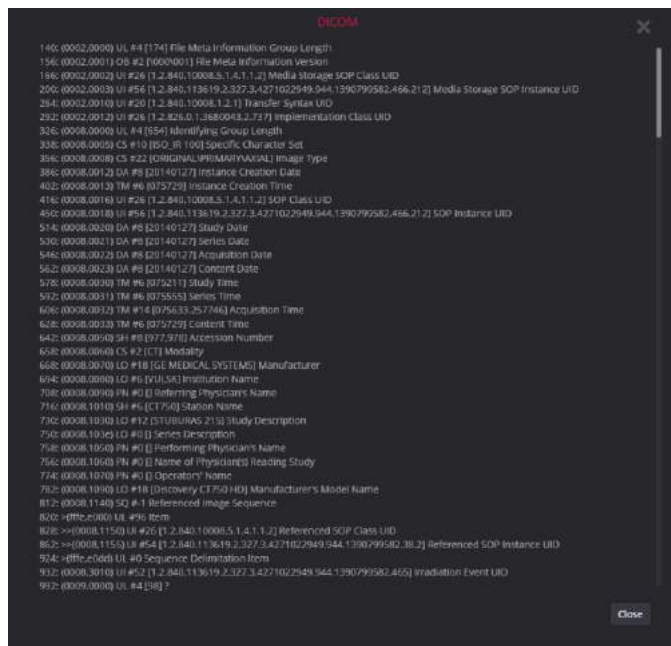
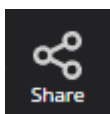
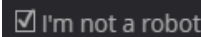


Figure 128. DICOM tag window on HTML5 platform.



“Share” button is used to share files via Dicom Library. Once you click on “Share” button, a pop-up window will appear on the screen. Please enter e-mail of the sender and recipient, subject, message and indicate images that will be sent via Dicom Library (please note that images can also be added while using drag-and-drop function). In order to finalize sending process, please tick a box next to “I’m not a robot” text:



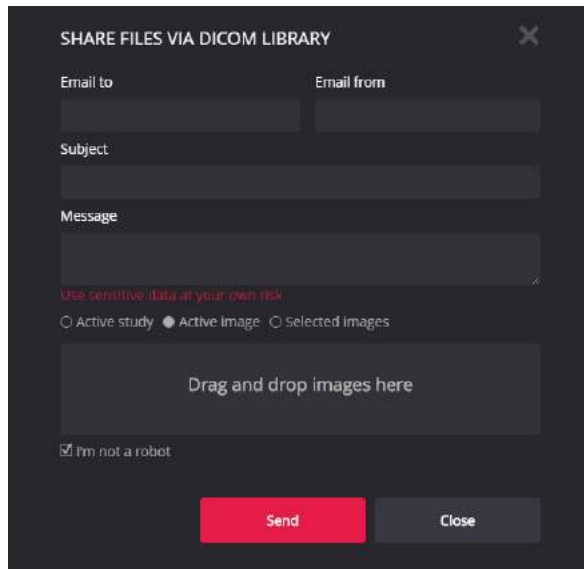
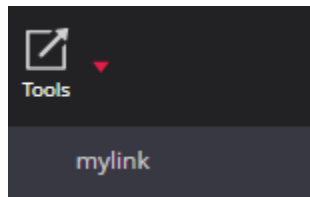


Figure 129. “Share” function pop-up window on HTML5 platform.

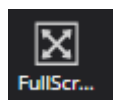
This function requires certain configuration on the server side. In config.php you need to replace:

```
"$dicomLibraryEnabled = false;" => "$dicomLibraryEnabled = true;"
```

Images are sent by a background process. Detailed description of how to run it is in the quick_install-Scripts.txt file available in MedDream installation archive.



“**External links**” are intended for making a list of study-related links which can be viewed from MedDream icon “**Tools**”. This also requires server-side configuration in the config.php file, parameter \$m3d_link_3. The file contains detailed description of this parameter’s syntax.



“**Full Screen**” button. Move your mouse cursor to the upper right corner of the screen. Click on the Full Screen icon and the Full Screen mode will be enabled. Click either the icon once again or ESC button at your keyboard in order to exit the Full Screen Mode.



“Hanging Protocols” determine the layout and WL values.

- Click on the “Hanging Protocols” button and choose “Manage hanging protocols”;
- Select “**Add template**”;
- Give the name to your hanging protocol in “**Label**”;
- Choose “**Modality**” of your hanging protocol;
- Select “**Screen layout**” from the dropdown list;
- Choose “**Windowing**” level;

- **“Body part”** will define to which body part this function will be featured.

The screenshot shows a dark-themed dialog box titled "Hanging Protocols". It has a horizontal line separating the title from the content. Below the line, there are five input fields arranged horizontally: "Label" (containing "Test"), "Modality" (containing "CR"), "Screen layout" (containing "1x2"), "Windowing" (containing "Bone"), and "Body part" (containing "Brain"). Each field has a small downward arrow on its right side, indicating it's a dropdown menu. At the bottom right of the dialog, there are two buttons: "Save" and "Cancel".

Figure 130. Add “Hanging Protocols” template on HTML5 platform.

- Click **“Save”**.
- Once created, a “Hanging Protocols” template can be edited according to the same rules as adding new template.

The screenshot shows the same "Hanging Protocols" dialog box, but in edit mode. On the left side, there is a vertical list titled "Templates" with a single item "Test" highlighted. In the center of the dialog, there are three buttons stacked vertically: "Add template", "Edit template", and "Delete template". At the bottom right, there are two buttons: "Save" and "Close".

Figure 131. Edit “Hanging Protocols” template on HTML5 platform.

- Select your template from the list **“Templates”**;
- Click **“Edit template”** and modify your template according to your needs.

A dark button with the text "Delete template" in white.

Choose **“Delete template”** once you do not wish to use the existing template anymore.

Measuring images on HTML5 platform



Measuring function is approximate and cannot be used for diagnostic purposes.



Button allows you to measure the images in number of ways. The main measurement button is **“Measure”**:

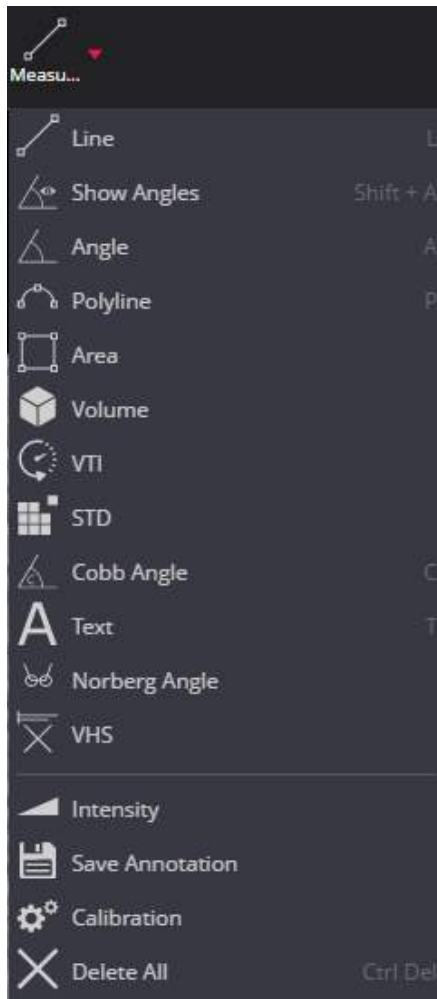


Figure 132. Measurement tools.

To measure the distance:

- click on the **„Measure“** button and choose **„Line“** from the list
- place the mouse cursor on the starting point from which you want to measure the distance.
- click the left mouse button. Move the cursor to the end point and click the left mouse button once more.
- the distance (in millimeters, or pixels in some images) will be displayed in yellow:

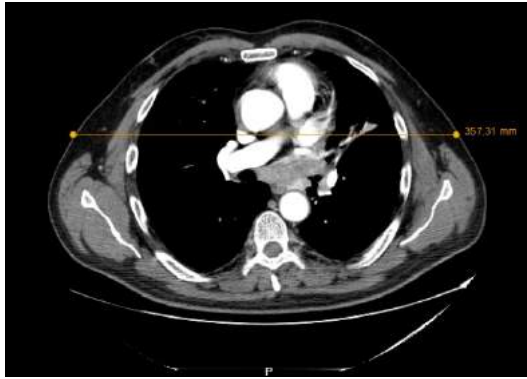


Figure 133. Line measurement.

Angle measurement.

To measure an angle:

- Position the mouse pointer on the point from which you want to measure the angle. Then click the left mouse button.
- Move the pointer to the second point (the intersection point) and click the left mouse button again.
- Then move the pointer to the end point and click the left mouse button once more.

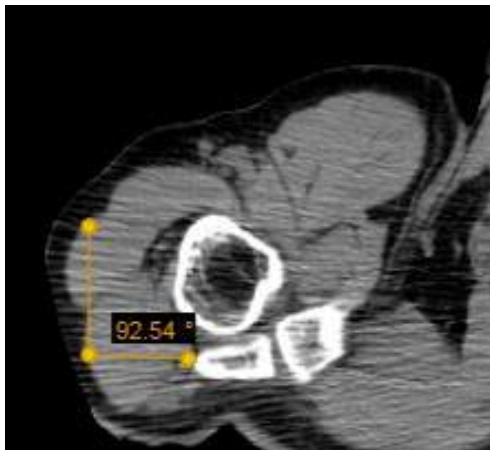


Figure 134. Angle measurement.

You can also measure an angle between any intersecting lines.

To display the angle measurements:

- draw intersecting lines on the image using the "Line" measurement,
- on the Tools menu, click „**Measure**“ button,
- tick “**Show Angles**”:

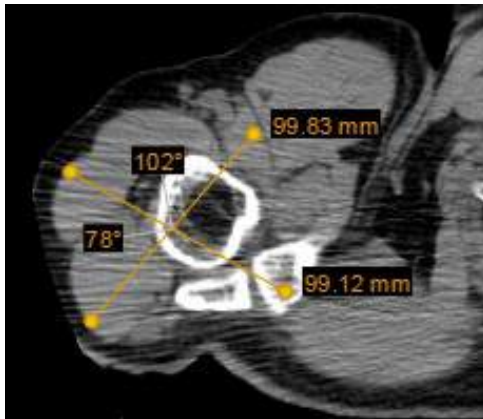


Figure 135. Angle measurement between intersecting lines.

The “**Polyline**” button is used to measure the perimeter of a region of interest.

To measure the perimeter:

- Position the mouse pointer on the point from which you want to measure the perimeter. Then click the left mouse button.
- Move the cursor to the second point and click the left mouse button again.
- Then move the cursor to the third, fourth, etc. points and each time click the left mouse button again.
- Double-click once finished in order to see the result.

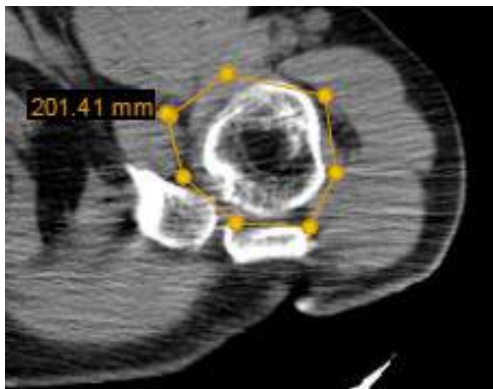


Figure 136. Polyline measurement.

The “**Intensity**” button is used to measure the density of a CT image.

To measure the density:

- select “**Intensity**” once.
- move the mouse cursor over the point you want.
- the density of the point and its coordinates should be visible next to the cursor (expressed in Hounsfield units, HU):

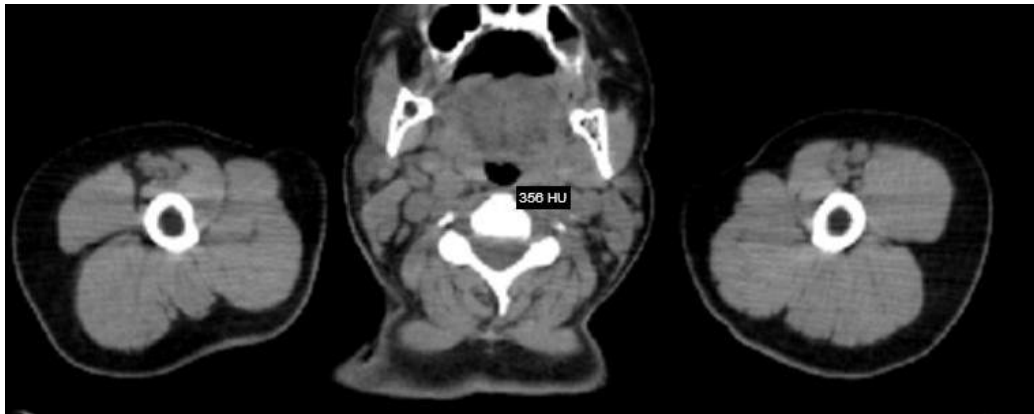


Figure 137. Intensity measurement.

The “**Area**” button is used to measure the perimeter and the area of a region of interest.

To measure the area:

- Place the mouse cursor on the point from which you want to select the region of interest. Then click the left mouse button.
- Move the cursor to the second point and click the left mouse button again.
- Then move the cursor to the third, fourth, etc. points and each time click the left mouse button again.
- When you reach the last point, click the left mouse button twice.

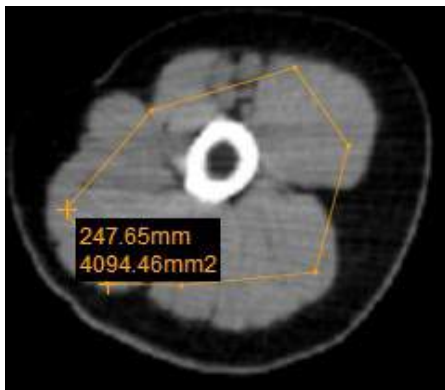


Figure 138. Area measurement.

- The area (in square millimeters) and the perimeter (in millimeters) will be displayed in yellow

The “**Volume**” button is used to measure the volume of the object.

In the illustration below, the object can be imagined as the following solid of revolution: the vertical line is the rotation axis, around which the left and the right curves are rotated half of the circle.

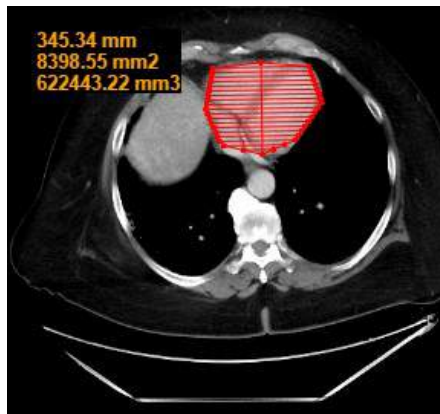


Figure 139. Volume measurement.

- Place the mouse cursor on the starting point of the rotation axis.
- then click the left mouse button (do not hold it) and move the cursor to the second point and click the left mouse button again.
- then move the cursor to the third, fourth, etc. points of one side curve and each time click the left mouse button again.
- when you reach the end point of the rotation axis, click the left mouse button **twice** in order to specify the height of the object.
- move cursor to the second, third, etc. points of another side curve and each time click the left mouse button again.
- when you reach the last point of the side curve, click the left mouse button **twice** in order finish the measurement.

The “VTI” (*Velocity Time Integral*) button is used to measure the distance over which the blood was ejected per interval of time.

- Place the mouse cursor on the point from which you want to measure the velocity time integral.
- Then click the left mouse button (do not hold it) and click the cursor to the second point and click the left mouse button again.
- Then move the cursor to the third, fourth, etc. points on the blood velocity profile and each time click the left mouse button again.
- When you reach the last point, click the left mouse button **twice** in order to end the measurement.

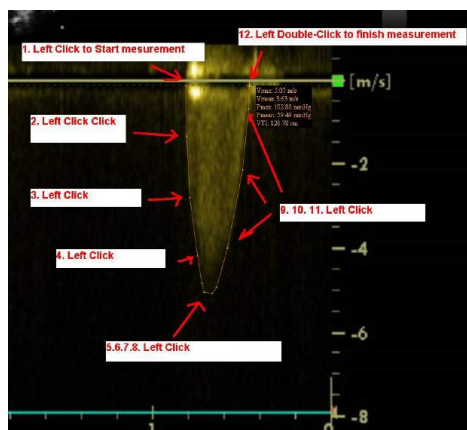


Figure 140. VTI measurement.

- The velocity time integral is measured in centimeters.

NOTE: this button is active only for the images of "US" modality.

The **"STD"** (*standard deviation*) button is used to measure average value and standard deviation of pixels in a square area of 10 by 10 mm.

- Place the mouse cursor on the place that you would like to measure STD.



Figure 141. STD measurement.

The **"Calibration"** button is used to change the scale of measurement.

- Click the Calibration button and pop-up window will appear on the corner of the image:



Figure 142. Calibration information window.

- Please draw a line on an image:

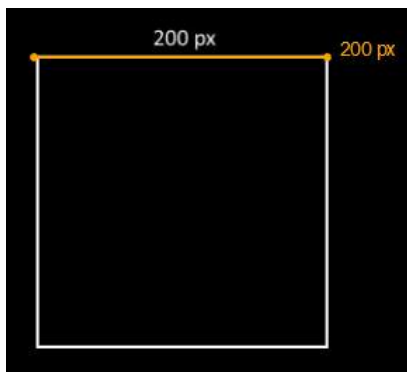


Figure 143. Calibration line.

- Indicate line length in millimeters in a pop-up window:



Figure 144. Calibration function.

- Once the data will be entered, click “**Apply**” and draw a line on the image once again – data in mm will appear on the screen.

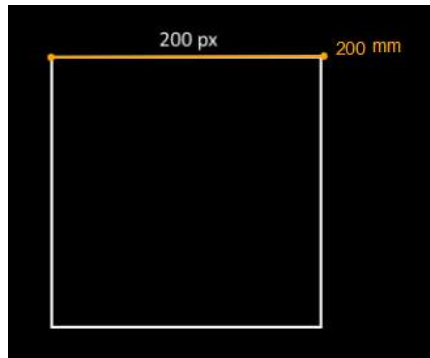
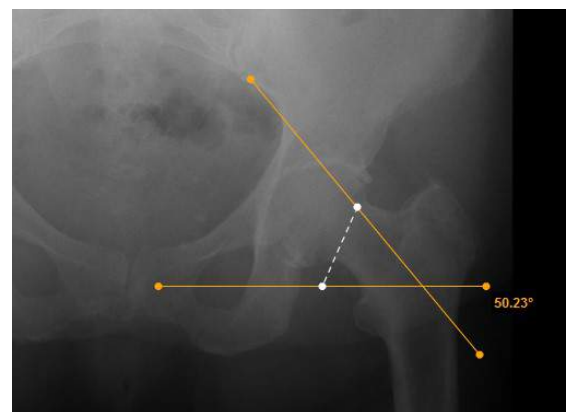


Figure 145. Calibration result.

The “**Cobb angle**” button is used to measure angle between lines.

To measure angle:

- select “**Cobb angle**” measurement,
- click on image and lines will appear in the middle of image,
- You can drag lines, line points and move all lines simultaneously by moving the white dotted line.



The “**Save Annotation**” button is used to save the annotations of the measurements.

- Click the “Measure” icon and choose “Save Annotation” from the list.
- An annotation saving window (see Fig. 164 in the chapter “[Saving Annotations on HTML5 platform](#)”) will appear on the screen.
- After you fill it and press “Save”, the following window will appear on the screen.

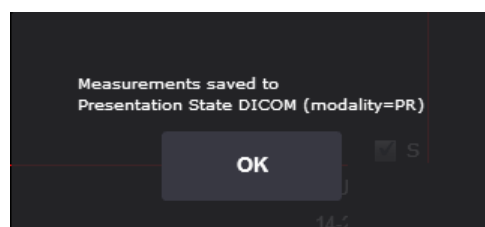


Figure 146. Save annotation.

The “**VHS**”(Vertebral Heart Scale) button is used to measure heart size and provide an accurate assessment of true cardiac enlargement. ! This measurement is available **ONLY** with VET license.

To perform a VHS:

- select “**VHS**” measurement,

- place the mouse cursor and click the left mouse button on the point from which you want to start measuring Long Axis Point (L),
- move the cursor to the second point along the area and click the left mouse button again,
- the Long Axis Point Line will appear,
- place the mouse cursor and click the left mouse button on the point from which you want to start measuring Short Axis Point (S),
- move the cursor to the second point across the area and click the left mouse button again,
- Short Axis Point Line will appear,

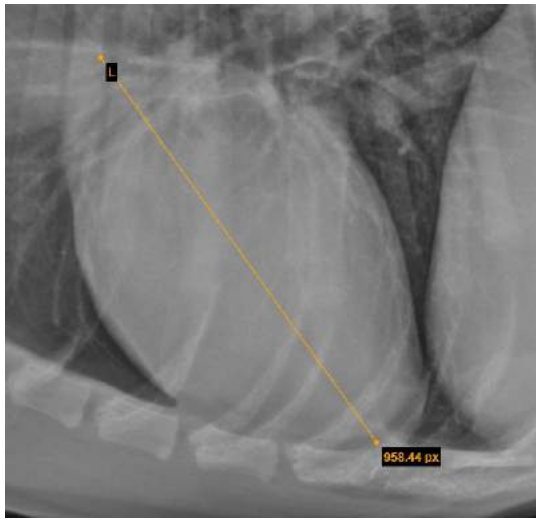


Figure 147. Long axis points.

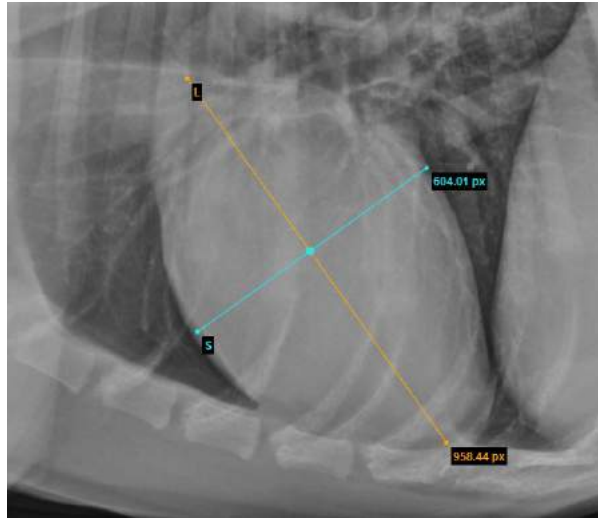


Figure 148. Short Axis points.

- In order to define SL point, place your mouse cursor and click the left mouse button on the point from which you want to measure S and L lines,
- S and L lines will appear (Figure 149).

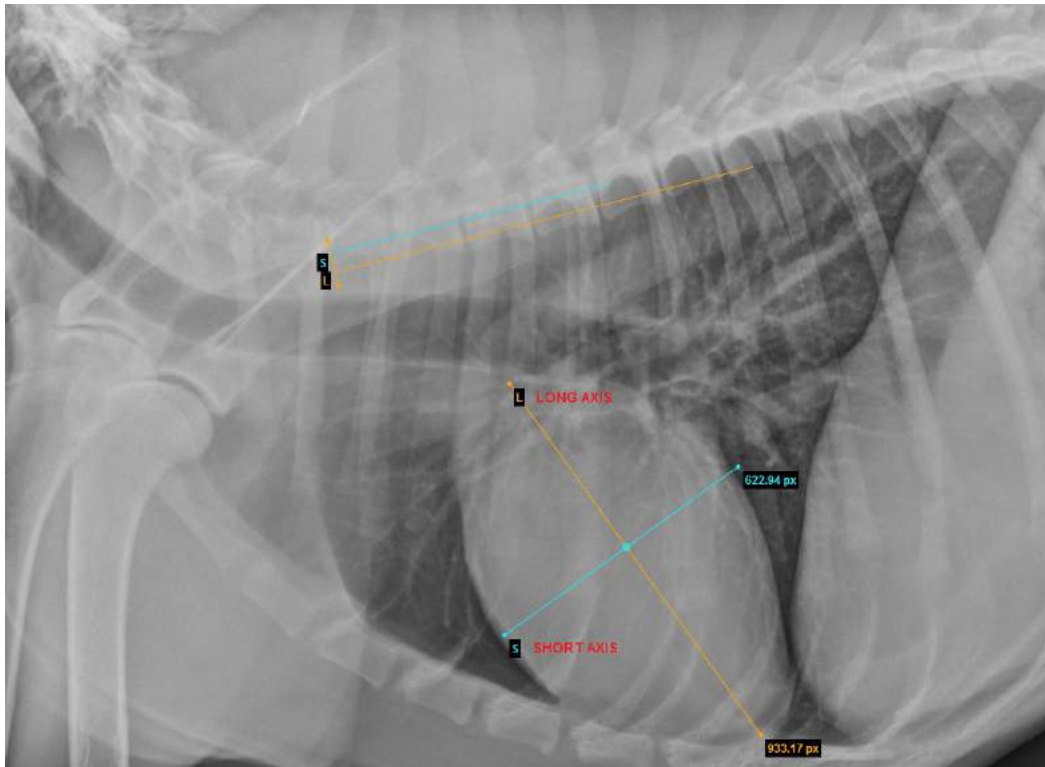


Figure 149. Demonstration of VHS measurement.



- You can rotate lines by dragging the ends of the line (dots) according to your needs. Click the left mouse button on the yellow dot (highlighted in red) and drag the line into a position where you want it to be (Figure 150). Middle dot (S and L line intersection point) allows to move S and L lines at the same time.

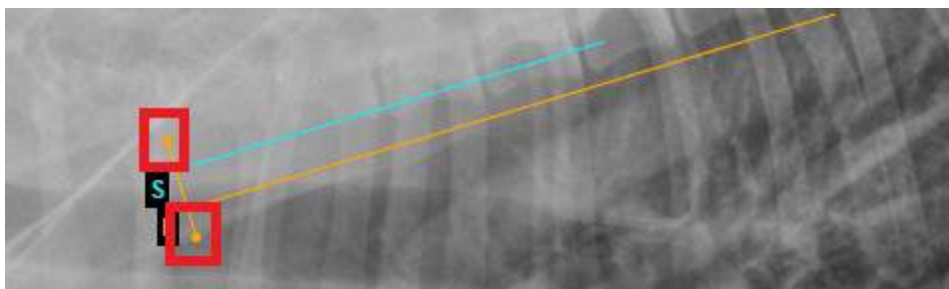


Figure 150. Rotation demonstration.

The “**Norberg Angle**” button is used to evaluate canine hips. ! This measurement is available **ONLY** with VET license.

To measure the angle:

- Zoom in the selected image and select Norberg Angle measurement,
- Click the left mouse button over the selected image and the initial measurement will appear,

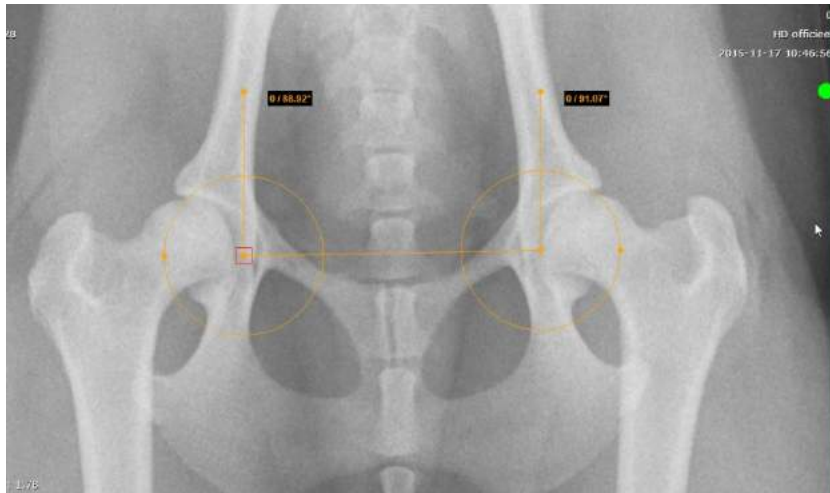


Figure 151. Norberg angle measurement.

- Move mouse cursor on the circle (or circle center) and drag to change position as you need (Figure 152),
- Repeat the same process with the other circle,

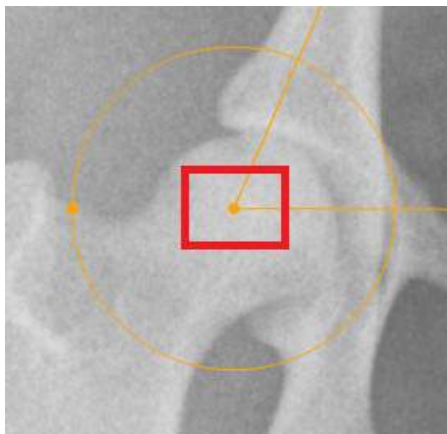


Figure 152. Center of the circle.

- In order to adjust the circle size, move the mouse cursor to the dot on the circle and drag it (Figure 153),

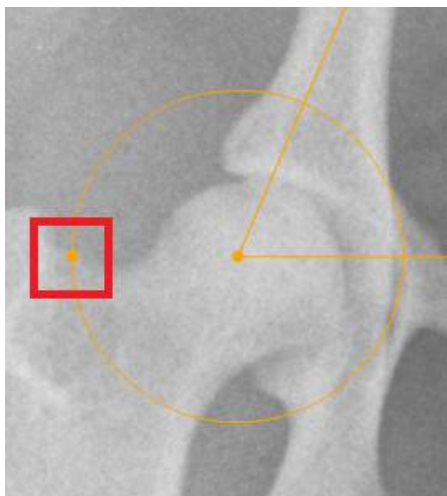


Figure 153. The outer part of the circle.

- To adjust the angles, move mouse cursor to the end of line (over the dot) and drag it,

- The angles will be calculated (*Figure 154*).



Figure 154. Demonstration of the Norberg Angle measurement.

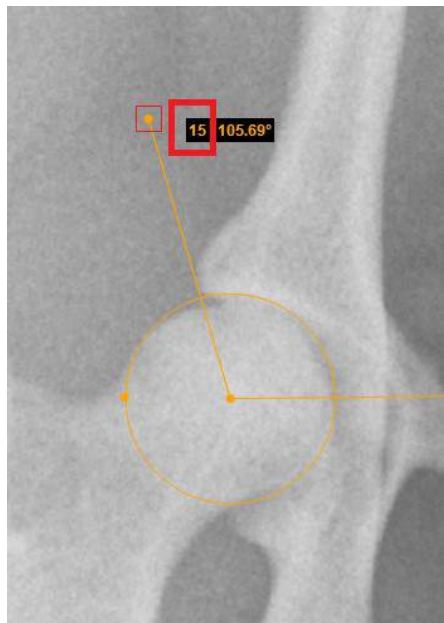


Figure 155. Norberg Angle.

The “**Delete All**” button is used to remove all measurements at once.

To remove the measurements:

- select the image from which you want to remove all measurements
- click “**Measure**”
- select “**Delete All**”.

Printing images on HTML5 platform

To print images, click “**Print**” button, which is in the middle of the Menu bar (enabled for images and disabled for videos, ECG and SR documents).

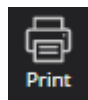


Figure 156. Print option.

Click “Print” option to print the selected image area view.

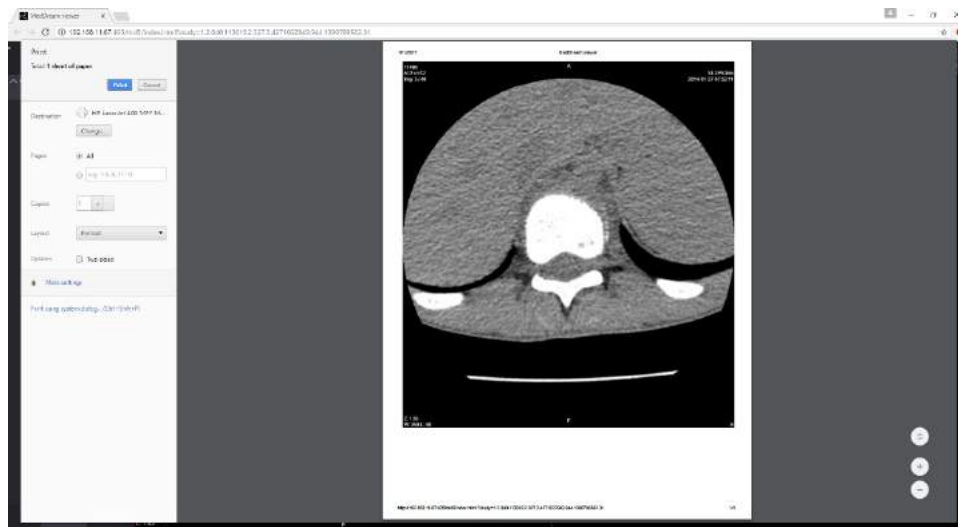
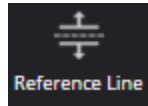


Figure 157. Printing window in the Chrome internet browser.

Image localization on HTML5 platform

Overlaying reference lines allow you to indicate the location of an image slice on another image of an intersecting plane.

- Select the images that you want to compare and move them into the panes:
- Select one of the image you want to know the location of in regard to other images.



- Click the button „Reference Line“:
- red lines appear in the images, indicating the location of the selected image:



Figure 158. Reference line option on HTML5 platform.

Cine mode on HTML5 platform



Using “**Cine mode**” you may put all series images into one movie. Just click on the Cine mode icon and the process will start.



Figure 159. Opening Cine mode function on HTML platform.

This function allows you to play series images as one movie (one image – one frame).



Figure 160. Playing images as one movie on HTML platform.

To turn the Cine mode off, tap the Cine button again. Alternatively, you can just open an image from a *different* series.

Saving Annotations on HTML5 platform

Annotations can be written, viewed and saved. Their presence is indicated by a red letter "A" at corners of small images on the left.

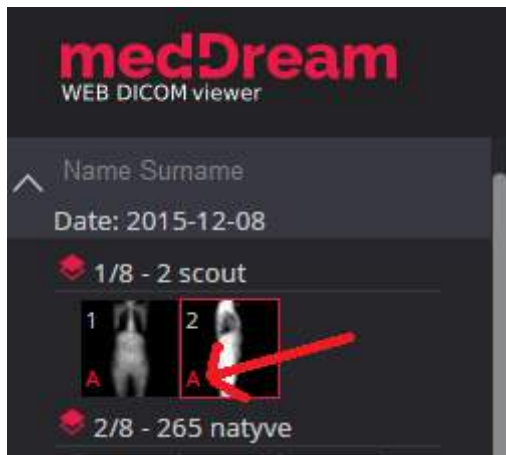


Figure 161. Annotation mark.

To **write annotation**:

- once you have made any of the measurements or manipulations of the study image, you will be able to write an annotation.
- move your mouse cursor to the upper toolbar and select icon **"Measure"**.
- click on the icon **"Measure"**, then select **"Text"** from the list.
- select the point where you want to write an annotation text.
- click the left mouse button on the point you have selected.
- annotation text window will appear:

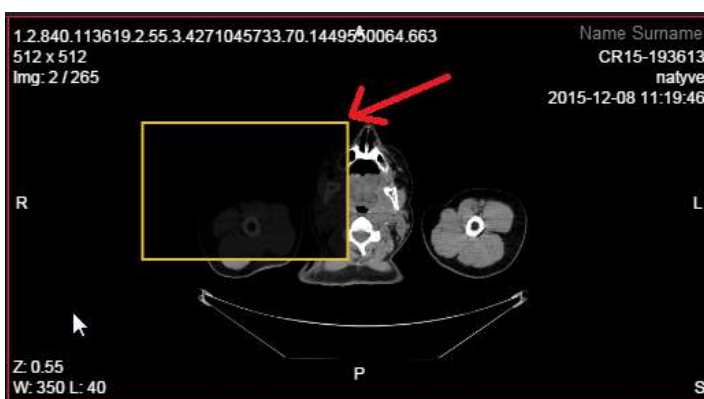


Figure 162. Annotation window.

- double-click the left mouse button on the annotation text window and now you should be able to write an annotation.
- write an annotation for your study image:

- description;
- any drawn measurements;
- written text.
- once the annotation has been saved, the annotation mark will appear next to the study image (see Figure 165).

To view annotation:

- if there are several annotations, user can choose which one to review.
- in order to view the annotation, drag and drop the study image (the one that has the annotation mark) to the main screen and the annotation icon will appear on the toolbar:



Figure 165. Annotations icon on HTML5 platform.

- move your mouse cursor to the “**Annotations**” icon.
- click on the icon and choose an annotation from the list:

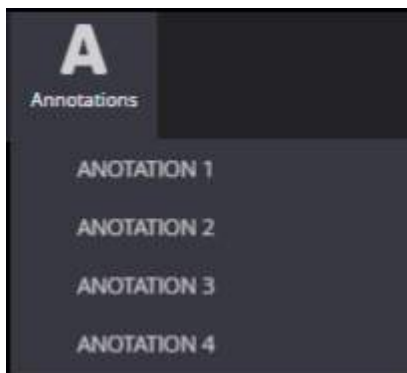


Figure 166. List of annotations on HTML5 platform.

- click on the annotation you have chosen to view and the saved annotation will appear on the screen with an information that has been saved previously (text and measurements in this case):

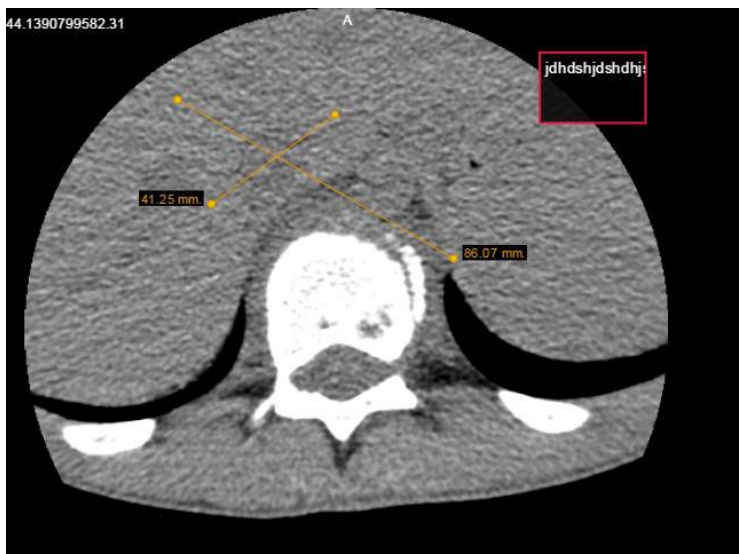


Figure 167. View annotation on HTML platform.

Export and Forward on HTML5 platform

The button “**Forward**” is used to send the selected study to the remote device.

To **Forward** the study:

- select or open the study you would like to send and click “**Forward**”
- the forwarding window appears:



Patient ID	Patient Name	Study date time	Study description	Source
		2015-12-07		MEDDREAM

PACS servers

Enter part of server name...

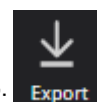
GAE1528 - GAE1528

Forward Close

Figure 168. Study forwarding on HTML5 platform.

- choose a device from the list;
- click “Forward”.

To **Export** the study (to burn it on a CD/DVD or save it on your computer):



- select or open the study that you want to write on the CD or DVD and click “**Forward**”:
- the export window appears (see next page):

Patient ID	Patient Name	Study date time	Study description	Source	Modality
MeasureTest	SendToPACS MeasureTest	2015-12-09 13:42:48			US

Format

DICOM
JPG / MP4
TIFF / MP4

Save active

Save active image / video
Save active series
Save active study

Save

Burn

CD
Burn

Close

Figure 169. Export menu on HTML5 platform.

To **Export** the study (**to burn it on a CD**):

- choose CD, DVD or Unlimited. (Splitting into volumes is implemented only under PacsOne.)
- click **"Burn"**.

After a while two buttons "Download ISO" and "Burn Now" will appear for every created volume. Click "Download ISO" in order to download a disk image with the .iso file extension, and burn it with your favorite CD/DVD burner software. Click "Burn Now" if you have installed a corresponding product by Softneta, MedDreamBurn; then a third-party CD/DVD burner will start automatically.

To **Export** the study (**to save its archive**):

- choose the format, then select to save an image, a series of images or an active study.
- click **"Save"** and choose a folder where you prefer to save the images in your computer. Click **"Save"** again.

ECG module on HTML5 platform

This module allows you to view DICOM ECG wave data.



This module can be used while MedDream is in demo mode; in the commercial mode it is licensed separately, therefore existing customers will need an updated license.



Figure 170. ECG view on HTML5.

When viewing ECGs, behavior is different:

- Measurement tools are changed into ECG measurement tools.

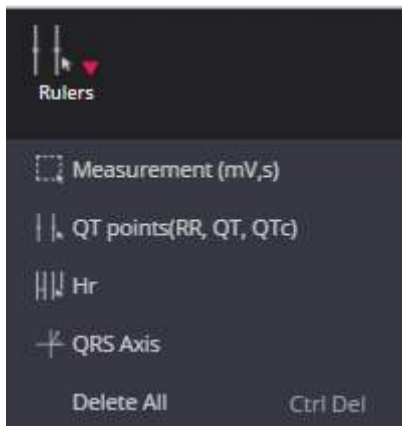


Figure 171. ECG measurements on HTML5.

- Image manipulation buttons are disabled.

The **“Measurement”** button is used to measure fragment length in seconds, mV and calculate heart rate (BPM).

To measure:

- Select “Measurement”.
- Move the mouse cursor on the point you want.
- Click down and move mouse over an ECG wave.

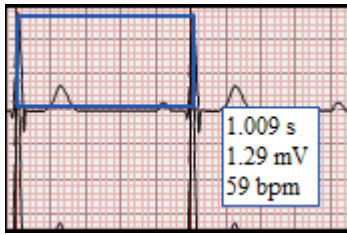


Figure 172. Measurements

The „**QT points**“ button is used to measure wave intervals RR, QT and QTc.

To measure:

- Select “QT points”.
- Move the mouse cursor on the point you want to set Q point and click.
- Move the mouse cursor on the point you want to set T point and click.

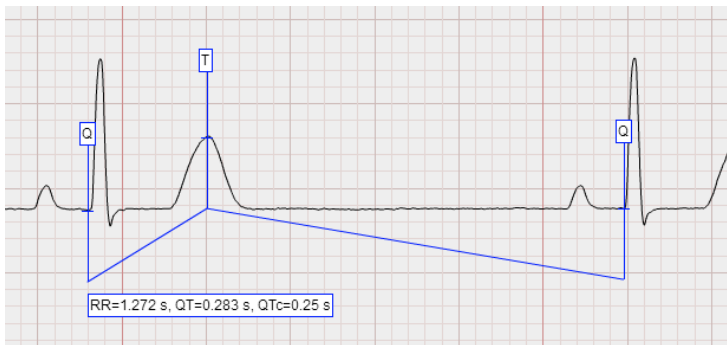


Figure 173. QT points.

- Move the mouse cursor on the point you want to set last Q point and click (double click also works).

The button “**HR**” is designated to measure heart rate and visually estimate its irregularity:



Figure 174. HR measurement tool.

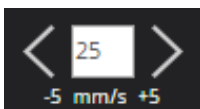
- Select “HR” measurement tool;
- Move the mouse cursor on the point you want to set R point and click once the left mouse button;
- Move the mouse cursor on the point you want to set next R point and click once the left mouse button;
- Now you can compare given interval with other R points.

The „**QRS Axis**“ is used to measure cardiac interventricular partition and ventricular depolarization spreading.



Figure 175. QRS Axis measurement tool.

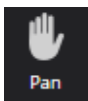
- Select „QRS axis“ measurement tool;
- Move the mouse cursor on the point you want to start your “QRS” measurement (“Q” point) and click once the left mouse button;
- Move the mouse cursor on the point you want to end your “QRS” measurement („S“ point) and click once the left mouse button;



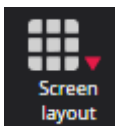
Change horizontal scale (mm per second).



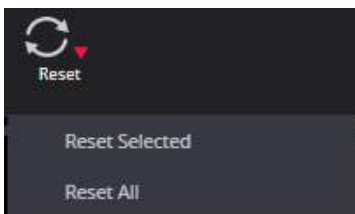
Change vertical scale (mm per mV).



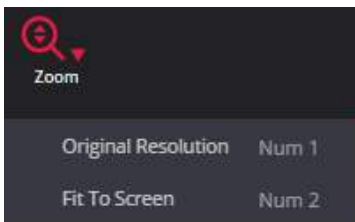
Button to adjust ECG data position.



You can choose how many panes with study images there will be in the window. You can choose from one to nine panes with different images.

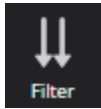


“**Reset**” button is used to reset and clear any data that you have been working on.



Button to adjust ECG data zoom.

- When you click “**Fit to Screen**” button, the size of the image is automatically adjusted so that the image would fill the entire screen. For example, if only part of the plot is visible on the screen, choose this button to see the whole ECG plot displayed on the entire screen.
- When you click “**Original resolution**” button, the size of the image changes into original size.



“Filter” function is used for the following:

- trims the edges of unnecessary points (points to the first spike that has no importance);
- trims high and low frequency signals applying low-pass and high-pass frequency filters under the “Filter Low Frequency” (003A,0220) and “Filter High Frequency” (003A,0221) tags;
- eliminates baseline wandering interference;
- filters out specified frequency signals adjusting band-stop filter by “Notch Filter Frequency” (003A, 0222) tag.



“Original” function is used to reset and clear ECG to the previous original state.

System menu functions on HTML5 platform

You can open a system menu with functions “About” and “Help” by tapping on the right top corner icon (marked in red below) and choose functions from the pop-up window (*Figure 176*):

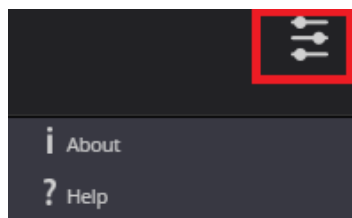
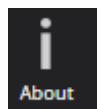


Figure 176. System menu.



Information window will display with the following information.

To close the window click on  or  icons.

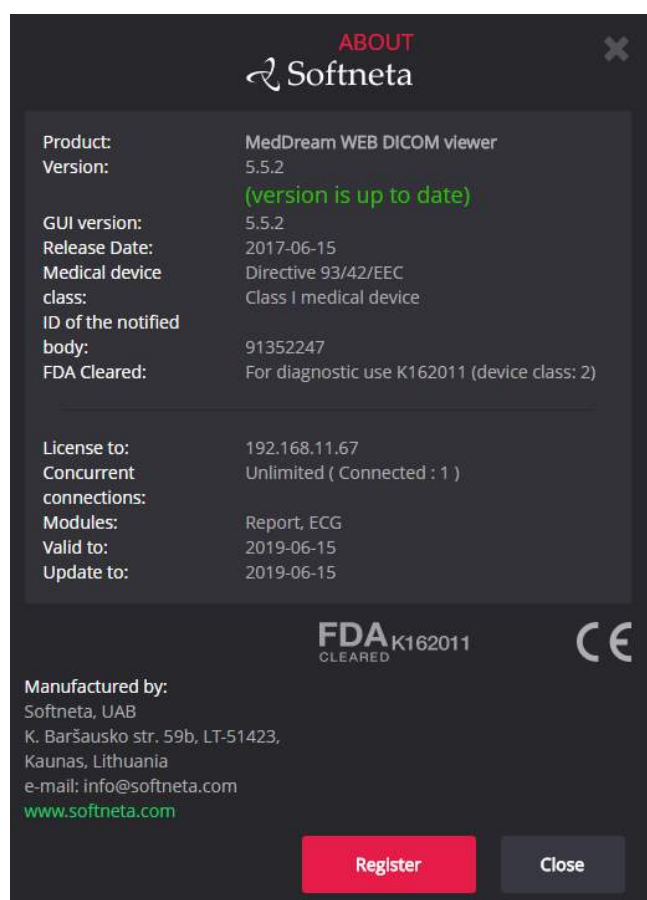


Figure 177. Information window on HTML5 platform.

Information window will display:

1. Full product name;

2. Version;
3. GUI version;
4. Release date;
5. Medical device class;
6. ID of the notified body;
7. FDA cleared;
8. License to;
9. Concurrent connections;
10. Modules;
11. Valid to – "-" if there is no termination in time;
12. Update to – date till the technical support and updates are provided;
13. Manufactured by – Softneta UAB contacts.

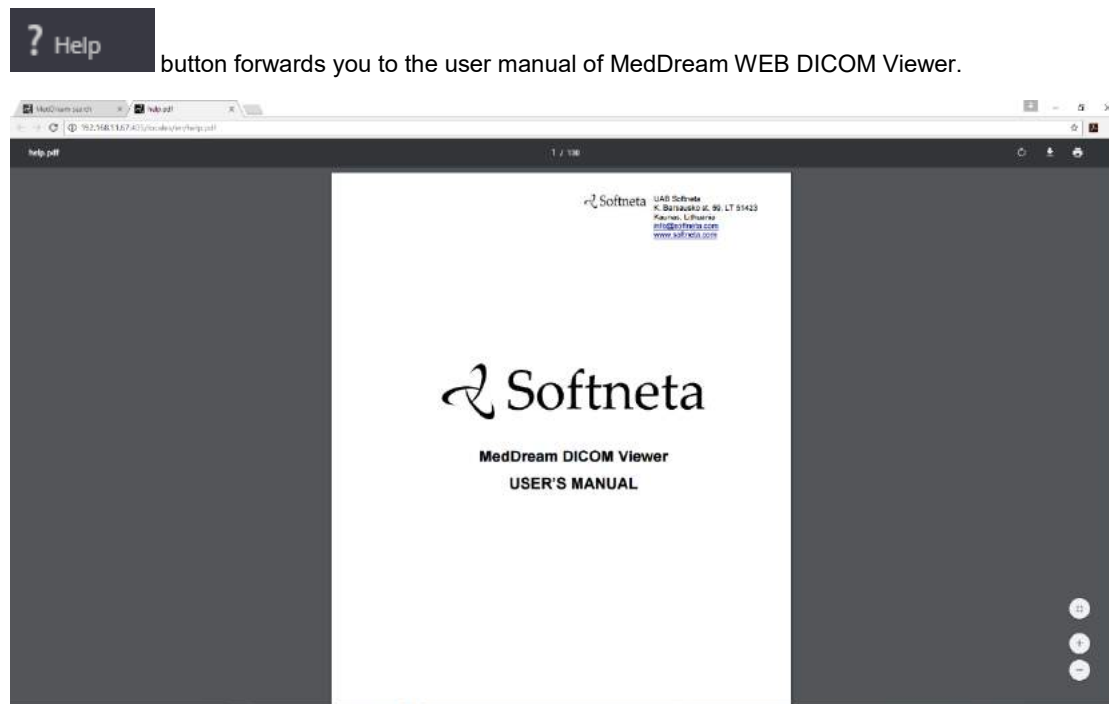


Figure 178. User manual.

Report module on HTML5 platform

Complete report editing or printing of the study are available by clicking the button on the study header in the HTML Viewer. Corresponding buttons also exist in search results.

Note: This module can be used while MedDream is in demo mode; in the commercial mode it is licensed separately, therefore existing customers will need an updated license.

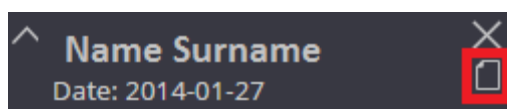


Figure 179. Report icon in the study header on HTML5 platform.

It will open a report window:

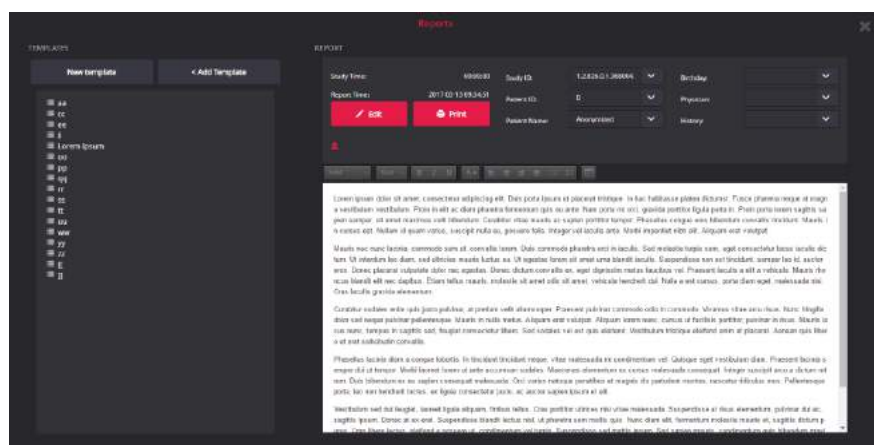


Figure 180. Filled report.

In the Report window you may edit and print the study report. The following buttons are used in order to:



Add a template to the list. Once you are satisfied with the content, you can save it as a template (either existing or new one).



Save a report. "Save" button changes to "Edit" button once the report has been saved.



Write a report (edit mode).



Upload the nearby information into the annotation.



Download the uploaded attachment.



Delete the uploaded attachment.



Print the report text. (Printing text *and* study images, like in Flash, is not supported.)



Open an empty form of a template.



Enable editing of a selected template.



Delete the selected template.

Figure 181. Template editing window.



To close the window. If you didn't click "Save", the changes will be lost.

Please note! Group and name of the template CAN be edited whilst in a HTML5 mode.

SR view

SR view enables to view structured reports.

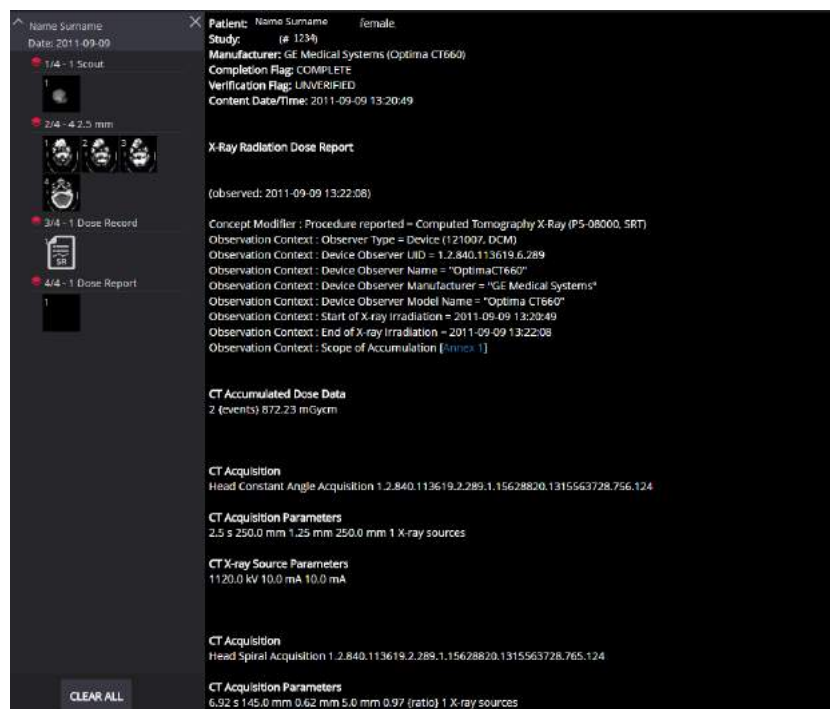


Figure 182. SR window on HTML5 platform.

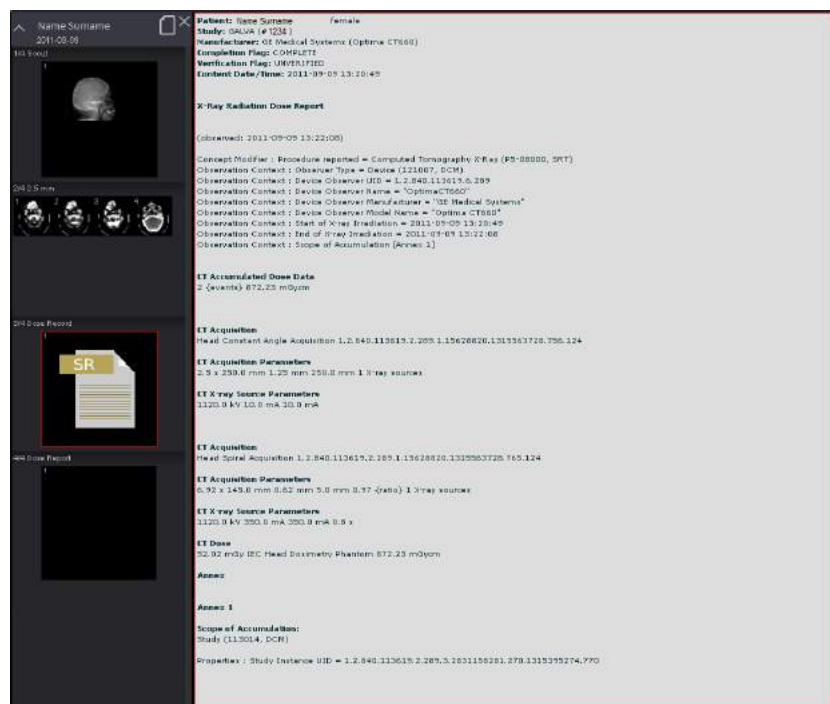


Figure 183. SR window on Flash platform.

SR window displays standard DICOM Structured Reports.

PDF view

PDF view enables to view PDF files encapsulated in DICOM format.

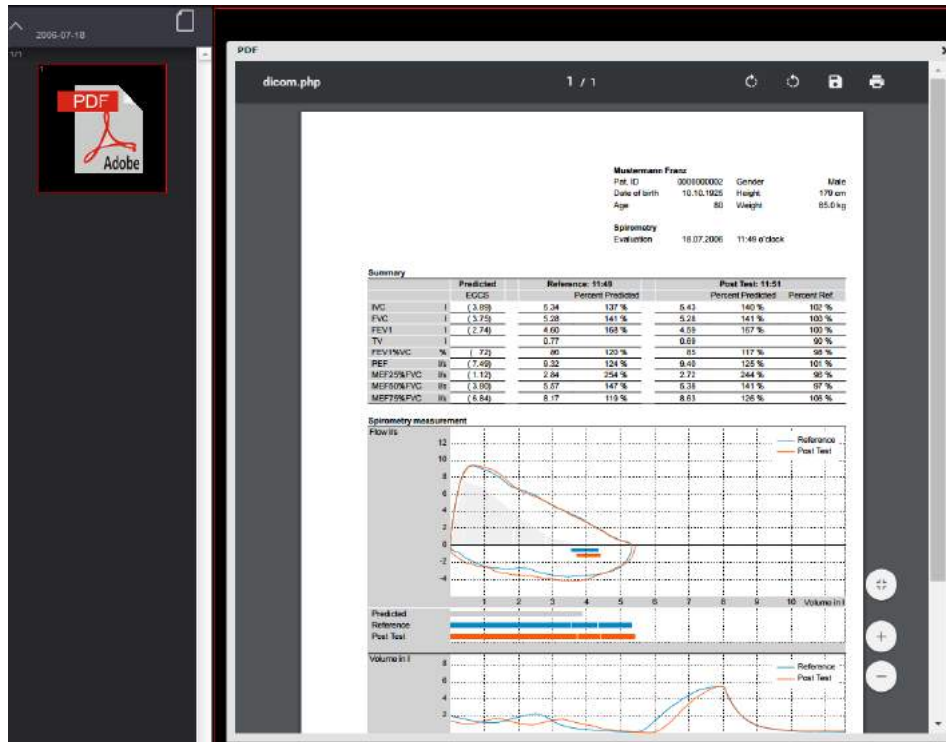


Figure 184. PDF window on Flash platform.

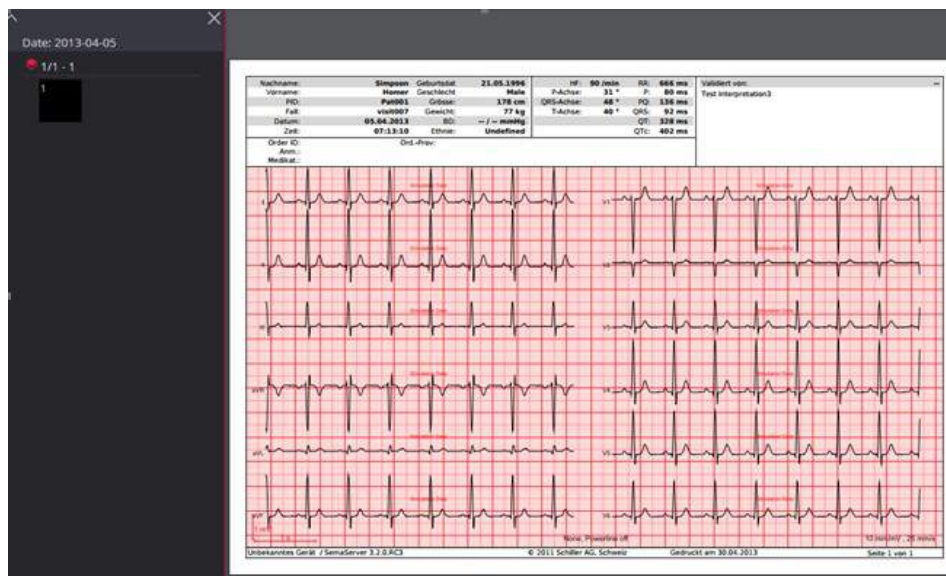


Figure 185. PDF display on HTML5 platform.

PDF window displays a standard PDF reader. Some Web browsers have built-in readers, in other cases the workplace needs additional software like Adobe Acrobat Reader.

Video view

Software enables to view video files, MPEG2 and MPEG4 (H.264), encapsulated in DICOM format.

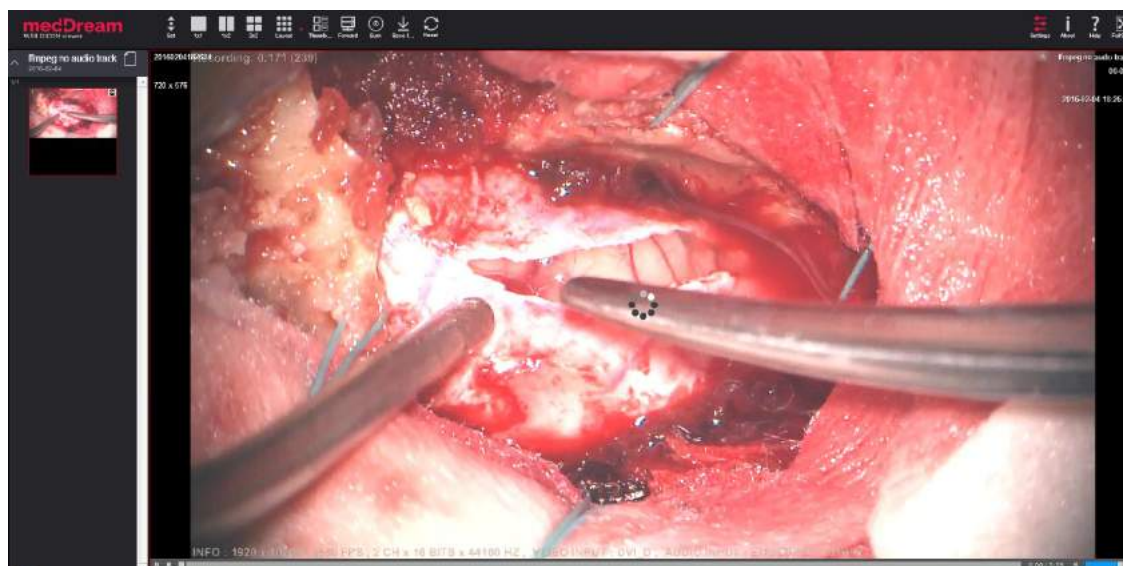


Figure 186. Video player.

Video is played with the standard video player available.

License registration

This allows activating the software for legal use.

As a notification about the DEMO version appears, click the “Register” button. The registration button also appears in the Information window. The button is displayed **only for administrators in the Search window and in the Flash viewer.**

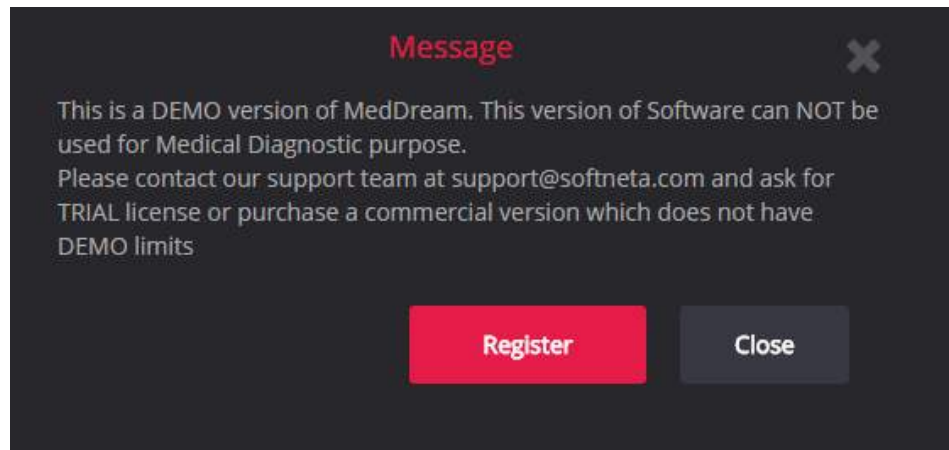


Figure 187. Demo notification on HTML5 platform.

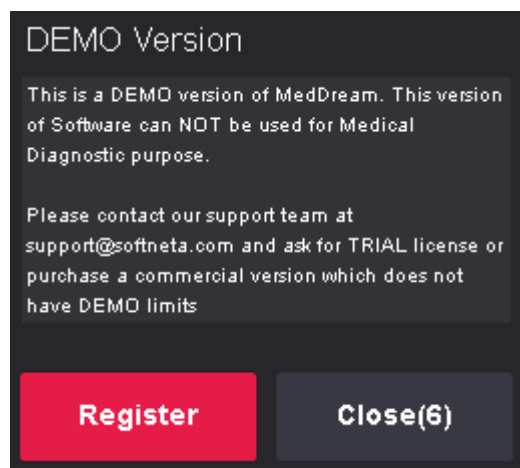
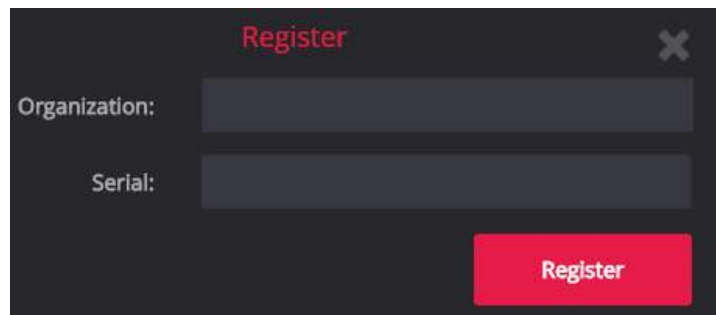


Figure 188. Demo notification on Flash platform.

The registration window will appear. Fill in the form and click the “Register” button.

Figure 189. Registration window on Flash platform.

A dark-themed registration window titled "Register" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. It contains two input fields: "Organization:" and "Serial:". A red "Register" button is located at the bottom right of the window.

Register

Organization:

Serial:

Register

Figure 190. Registration window on HTML5 platform.

Keyboard hot-keys on Flash platform

A *keyboard shortcut* is a sequence or combination of keystrokes on a computer keyboard which invokes commands in a software. A full list of keyboard shortcuts on Flash platform has been provided below.

[Esc]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> remove started measurement (Line, Angle, Polyline, Area, Volume, VHS, Measurements (mV, s), QT points (RR, QT, QTc), HR, QRS Axis); remove last measurement (STD, VHS, Norberg Angle, Measurements (mV, s), QT points (RR, QT, QTc), HR, QRS Axis)
[Tab]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> select next opened study
Arrow [Left], Arrow [Up]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> select and opens previous series image
Arrow [Right], Arrow [Down]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> select and opens next series image
[W]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Select Windowing (Default)
[I]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Invert/Revert selected image
[H]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hand
[M]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Add/remove Magnifier on selected image
[F1]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Open User manual
Numpad [1]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1:1 Resolution selected image
Numpad [2]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fit to screen selected image
Numpad [-]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Zoom Out selected image
Numpad [+]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Zoom In selected image
[>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increase selected image blur (B +1)
[<]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Decrease selected image blur (B -1).

List of applicable standards

No.	Description
Regulatory / normative documents	
ISO 13485:2003	Medical devices - Quality management systems - Requirements for regulatory purposes
IEC 62304:2006	Medical device software - Software life-cycle processes
EN 62304:2006/AC:2008 EN 62366:2008	Medical devices - Application of usability engineering to medical devices
ISO 14971:2007	Medical devices – Application of risk management to medical devices
EN ISO 15223-1:2012	Medical devices - Symbols to be used with medical device labels, labelling and information to be supplied - Part 1: General requirements
EN ISO 12052:2011	Health informatics - Digital imaging and communication in medicine (DICOM) including workflow and data management (ISO 12052:2006)
EN ISO 14155:2011	Clinical investigation of medical devices for human subjects - Good clinical practice
EN 1041:2008	Information supplied by the manufacturer with medical devices;
MDD 93/42/EEC / ENTR/F/3/PBE/D(2009)19003	European Council Directive concerning medical devices. Interpretative document on the commission's services: Implementation of directive 2007/47/EC amending directives 90/385/EEC, 93/42/EEC and 98/8/EC
2002/58/EB	Directive concerning the processing of personal data and the protection of privacy in the electronic communications sector (Directive on privacy and electronic communications)
-	Manual on Borderline and Classification in the Community Regulatory Framework for Medical Devices
-	Basic Information about the European Directive 93/42*EEC on Medical Devices
Version 1.17 (09-2015)	Manual on Borderline and Classification in the Community Regulatory Framework for Medical Devices.
MEDDEV 2.1/1	Definition of “medical devices”, definition of “accessory”, definition of “manufacturer”
MEDDEV 2.1/4	Demarcation with other Directives: Directive 89/336/EEC relating to electromagnetic compatibility, Directive 89/686/EEC relating to Personal Protective Equipment
MEDDEV 2.1/5	Medical devices with a measuring function
MEDDEV 2.1/6	Qualification and Classification of stand-alone software
MEDDEV 2.2/1 Rev1	EMC requirements
MEDDEV 2.2/3 Rev3	“Use-by” date
MEDDEV 2.4/1 Rev9	Classification of medical devices
MEDDEV 2.5/3 Rev2	Subcontracting – Quality systems related
MEDDEV 2.5/2 Rev3	Translation procedure
MEDDEV 2.7.1/Rev3	Clinical evaluation: a guide for manufacturers and notified bodies
MEDDEV 2.7/3 Rev3	Clinical investigations: serious adverse event reporting under directives 90/385/EEC and 93/42/EEC

MEDDEV 2.7/4	Guidelines on clinical investigation: a guide for manufacturers and notified bodies
MEDDEV 2.12/1 Rev 8	Guidelines on a medical devices vigilance system
MEDDEV 2.12/1 Rev7	Report Form: Field Safety Corrective Action. Medical Devices Vigilance System
MEDDEV 2.12/1 Rev7	Report Form: Manufacturer's Incident Report. Medical Devices Vigilance System
MEDDEV 2.12/1 Rev7	Report Form: Manufacturer's Periodic Summary Report (PSR). Medical Devices Vigilance System
MEDDEV 2.12/1 Rev7	Report Form: Manufacturer's Trend Report. Medical Devices Vigilance System
MEDDEV 2.12/2 Rev2	Post market clinical follow-up studies
MEDDEV 2.14/2 Rev1	Research Use Only products: a guide for manufacturers and notified bodies
0.30.16-PROD	MIR additional information form
-	Template for a Field Safety Notice
207/2012 of 9 March 2012	Commission regulation on electronic instructions for use of medical devices
Directive 95/46/EC	Directive on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data
DSVG 00	Guidance on the vigilance system for CE-marked medical devices
GHTF/SG1/N055:2009	Definitions of the Terms Manufacturer, Authorised Representative, Distributor and Importer
GHTF/SG1/N70:2011	Label and Instructions for Use for Medical Devices
GHTF/SG3/N15R8	Implementation of risk management principles and activities within a quality management system
GHTF/SG5/N4:2010	Post-Market Clinical Follow-Up Studies
ENTR/F/3/PBE/pdw D(2009)27251	Interpretative document Interpretation of the relation between the revised directive 93/42/EEC concerning medical devices and directive 89/686/EEC on personal protective equipment
ENTR/F/3/PBE/ D(2009)19003	Interpretative document of the commission's services Implementation of directive 2007/47/EC amending directives 90/385/EEC, 93/42/EEC and 98/8/EC
21 C.F.R. Part 801	U.S. FDA Medical Device Regulation: 21 C.F.R. Part 801 et seq. (Labeling)
21 C.F.R. section 814.9.	U.S. FDA MAF Regulation: 21 C.F.R. section 814.9. (Medical Device Master File)
21 C.F.R. section 814.9.	U.S. FDA 510(k) Regulation: 21 C.F.R. section 814.9. (Premarket approval of medical devices)
21 C.F.R. Part 820	U.S. FDA Medical Device Regulation: 21 C.F.R. Part 820 (Quality System regulation)
FDA	Current Good Manufacturing Practice Requirements for Combination Products
FDA	Overview of Regulatory Requirements: Medical Devices
FDA	Software related documentation
FDA	General Principles of Software Validation; Final Guidance for Industry and FDA Staff
FDA	FDA guidelines to User Manual

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