



Reliability and Lifetime Improvement in Next Generation Vehicular Communication Networks using IoT and AI/ML Based Coded Cooperation

Presented by :
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2022eem1006

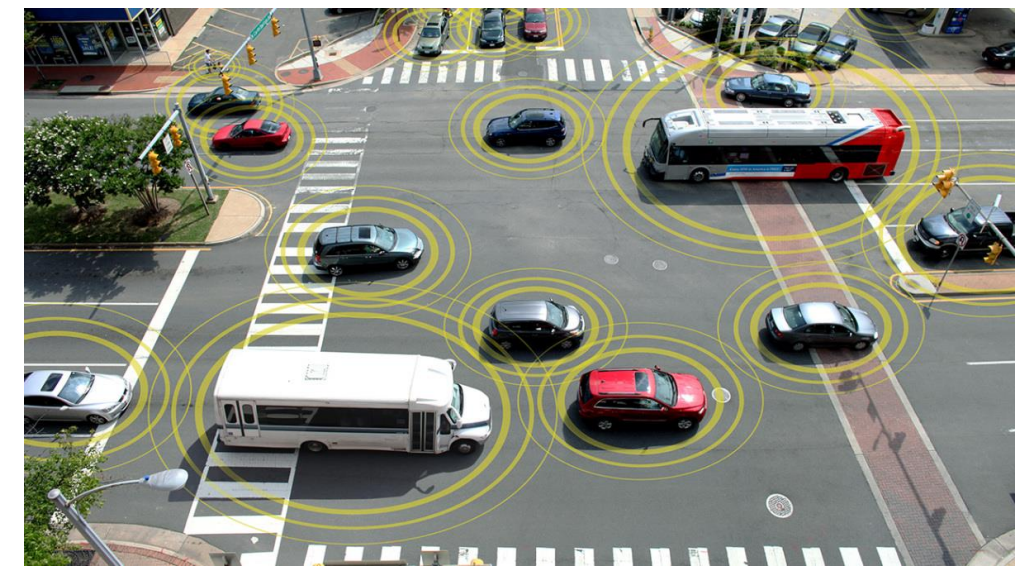
Supervised by :
Dr. Sam Darshi and Dr. Brijesh Kumbhani

Motivation

- Safety
- Reducing Accidents
- Traffic Efficiency
- Environmental Impact
- Mobility for All
- Efficiency & Productivity
- Economic Benefits
- Future of Transportation
- Innovation & Technology

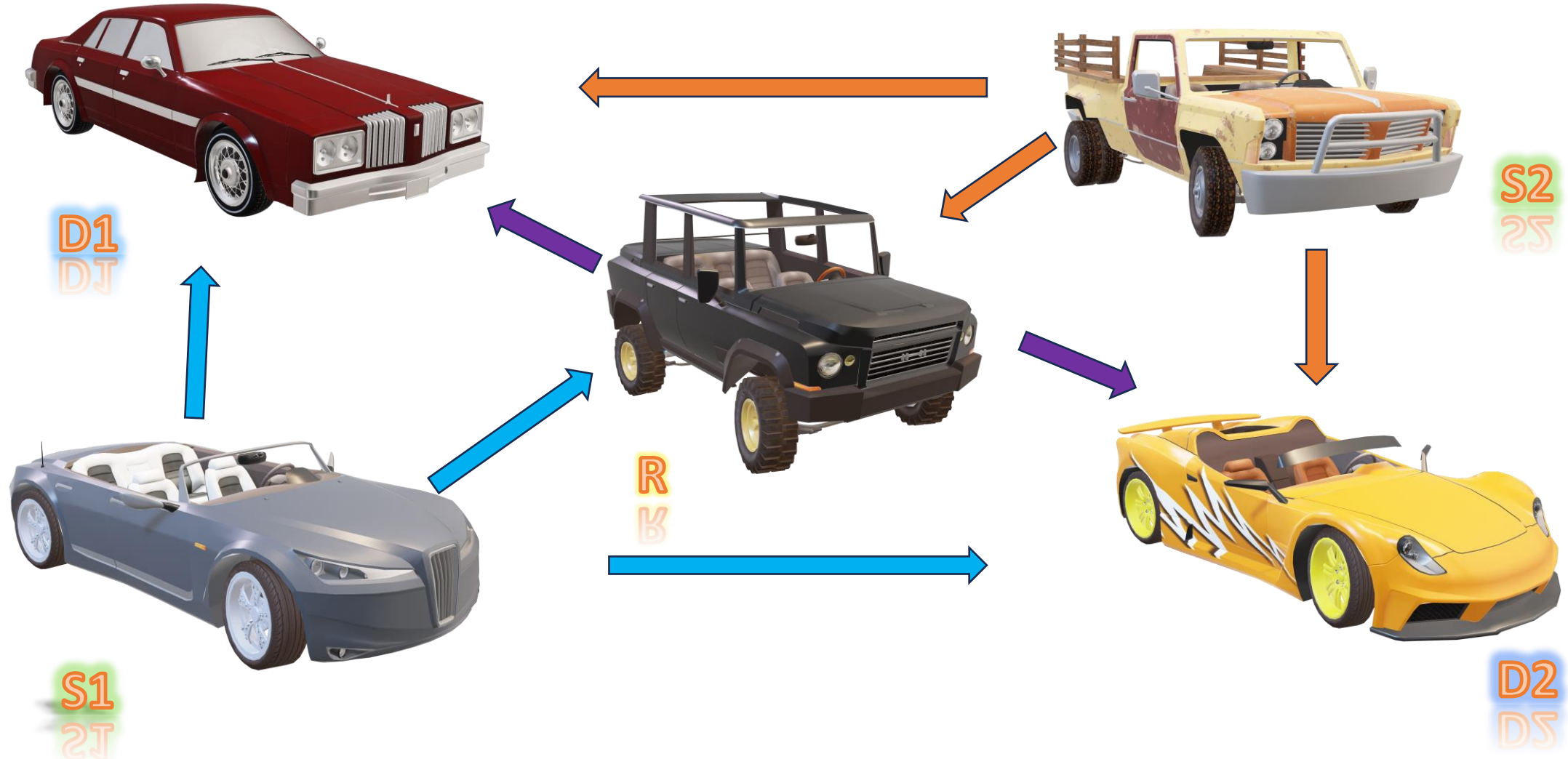
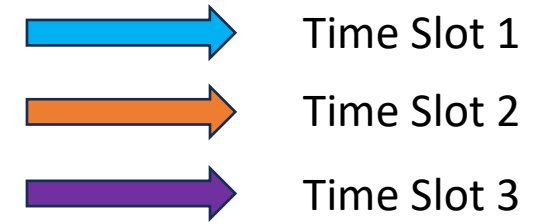


Project Objectives



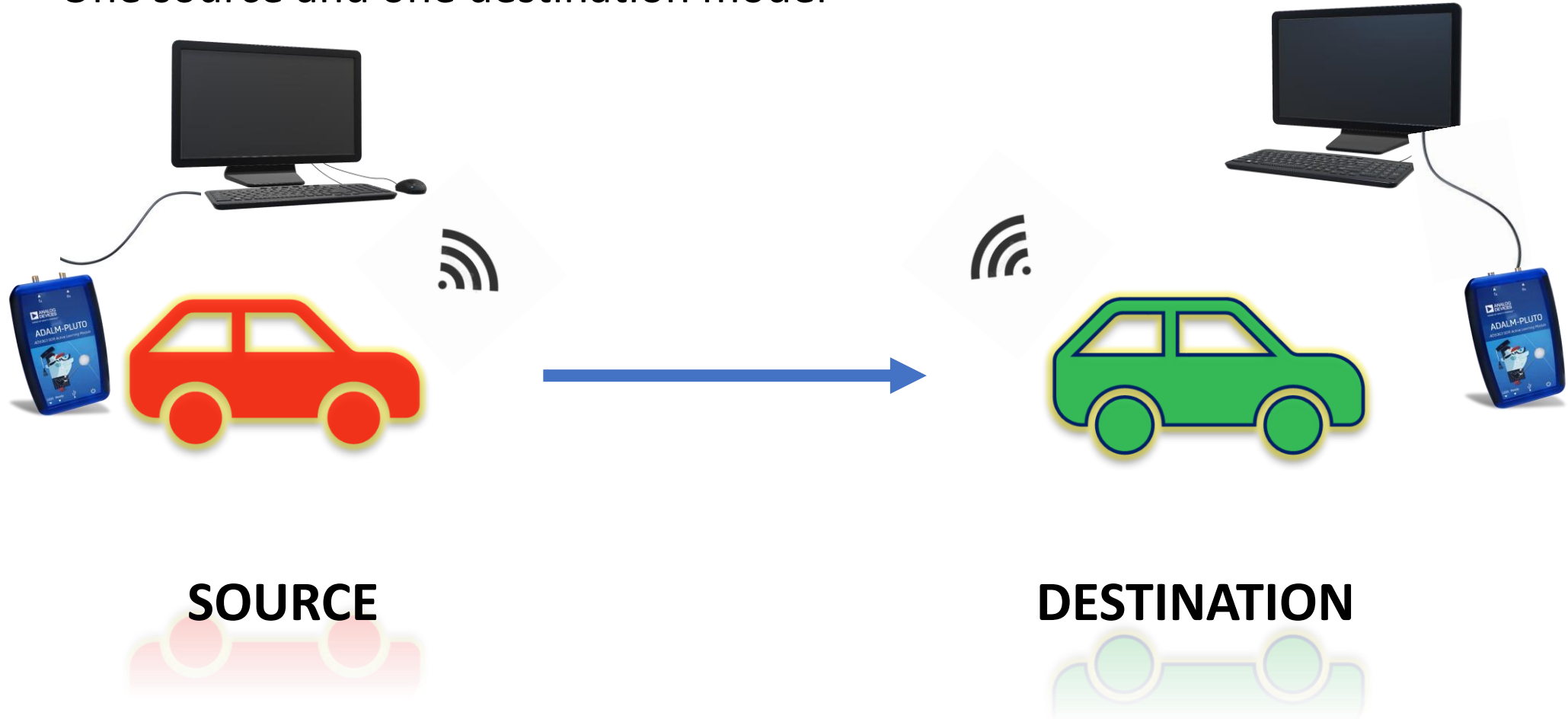
- **Objective 1:** Create algorithms for implementing coded collaboration among IoT vehicle gateways to enhance reliability and throughput.
- **Objective 2:** Develop a protocol for deploying a Machine Learning (ML)-enabled Multi-Threshold Hybrid Relaying Scheme with Energy Harvesting (MTH-EH) at the IoT gateway of a relay vehicle to optimize data forwarding and energy harvesting.

Proposed Model

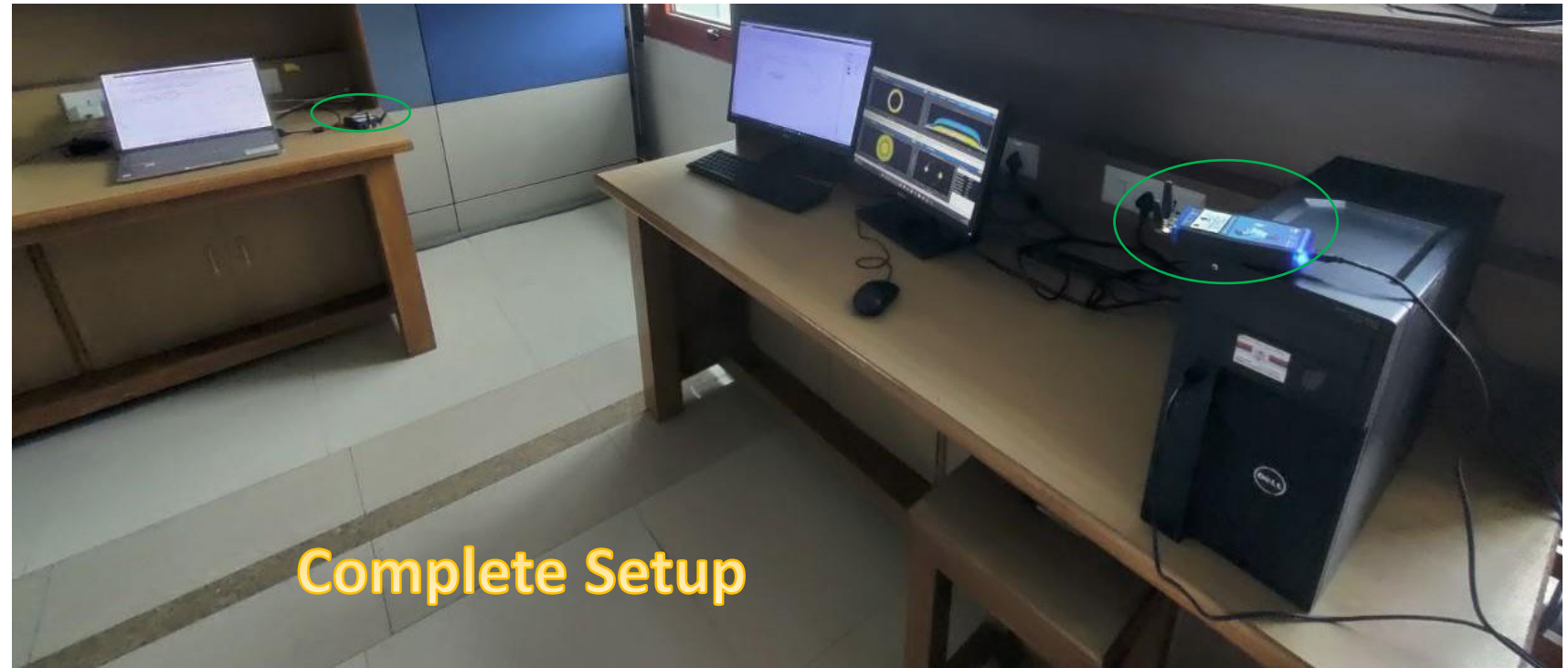
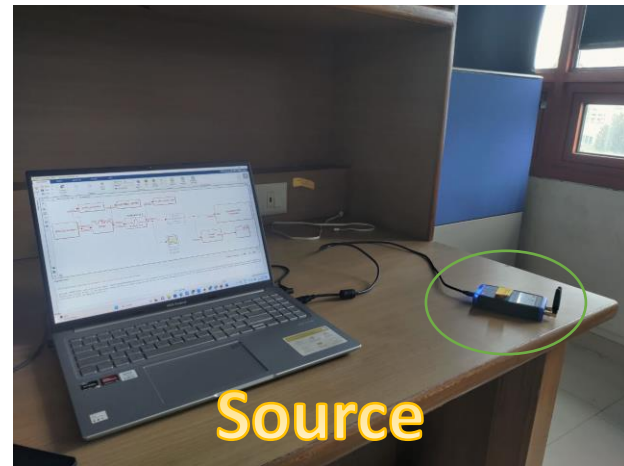


Initial Work

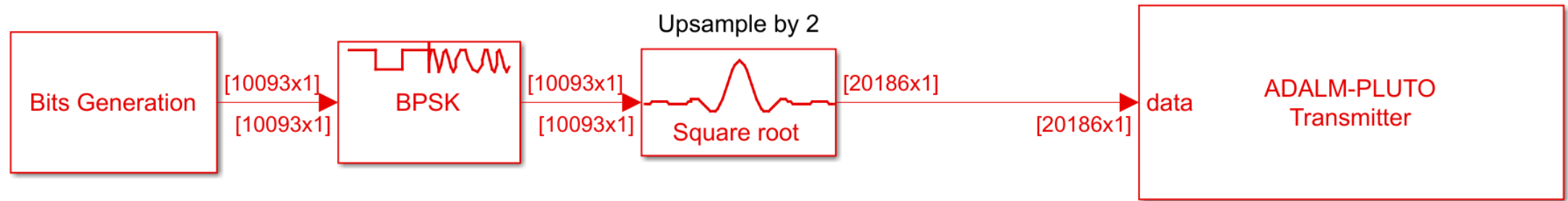
- One source and one destination model



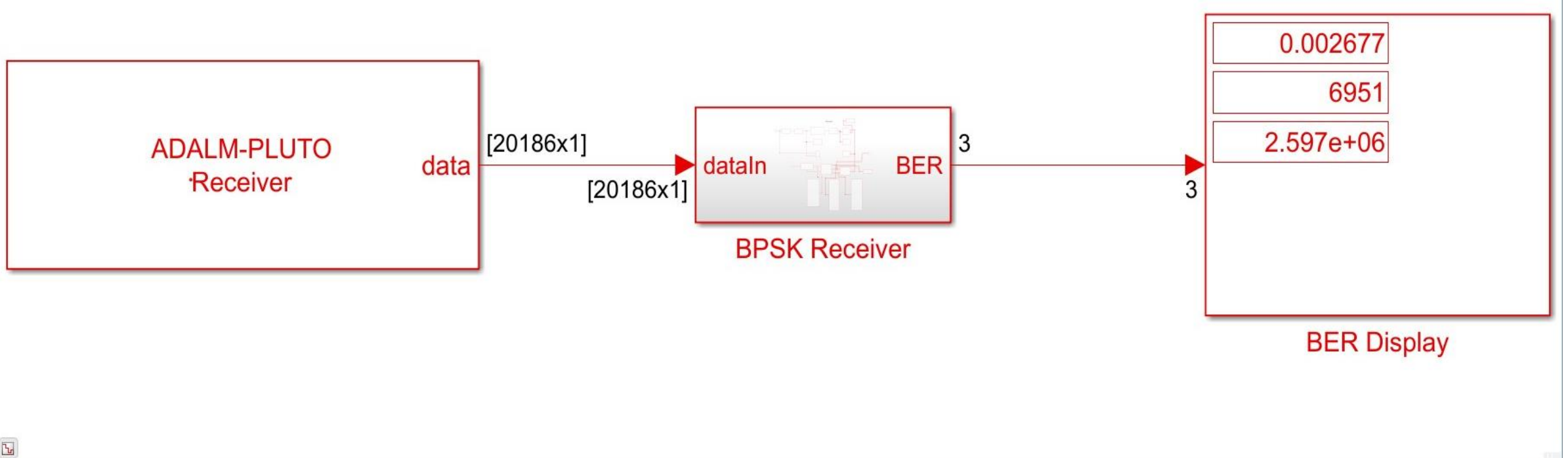
Experimental Setup



Source



Destination



Diagnostic Viewer

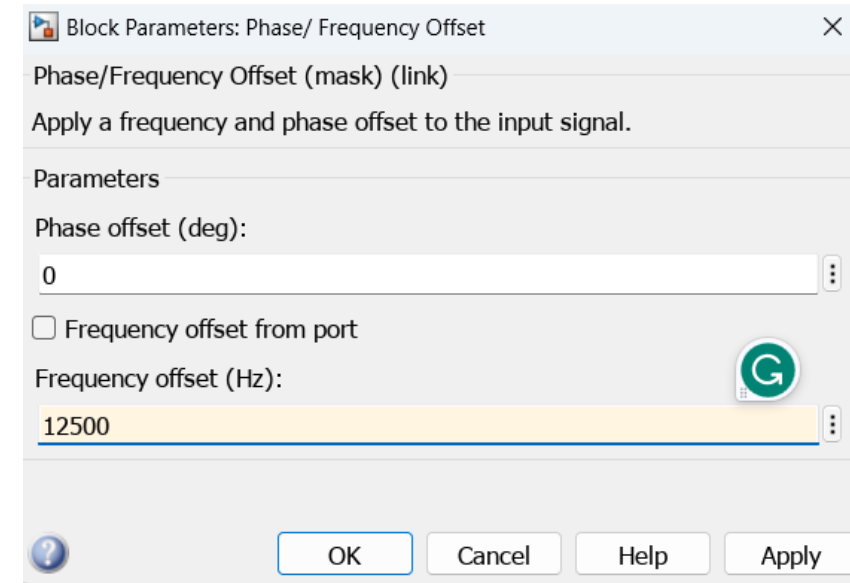
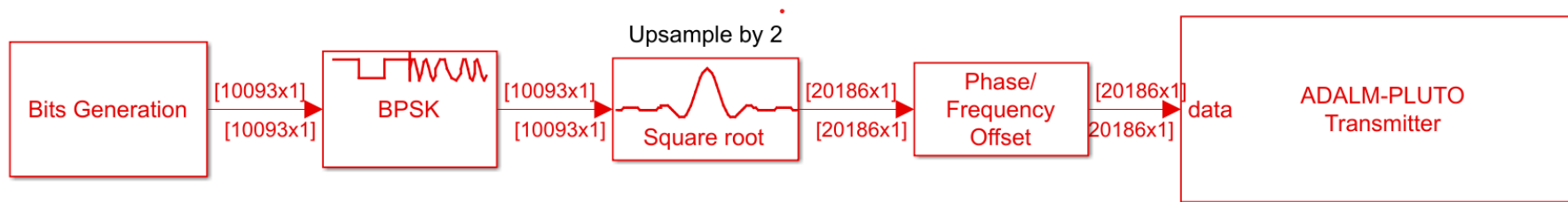
6:10 AM: Simulation

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Doppler Shift

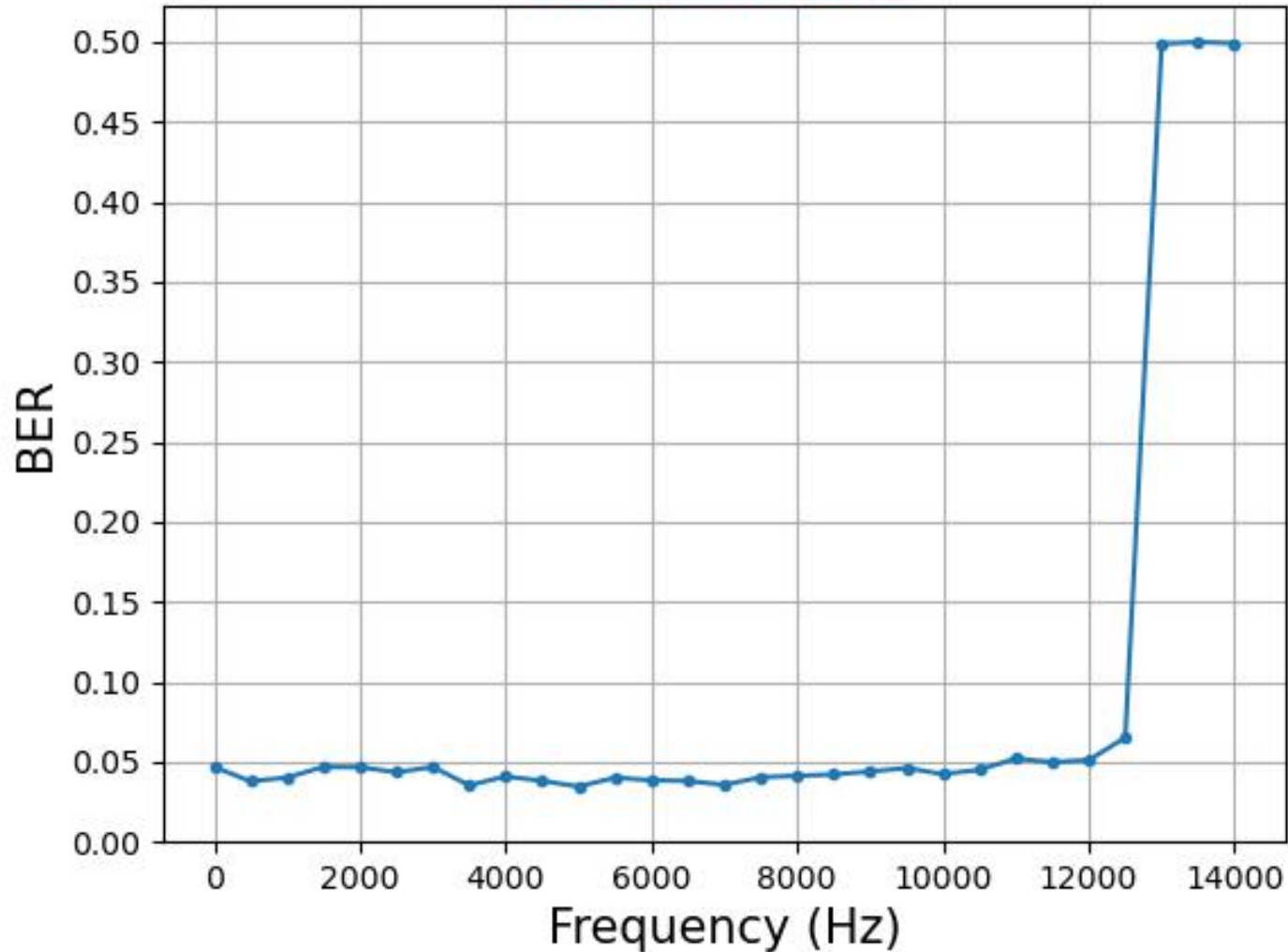
- Vehicular scenario incorporating Doppler shift



Result for Doppler Shift

Maximum frequency offset set given in the model is 12500 Hz

Adalm Pluto



Block Parameters: Coarse Frequency Compensation

Coarse Frequency Compensator

Compensate for carrier frequency offset using an open-loop approach.

[Source code](#)

Parameters

Modulation type of input signal: BPSK

Estimation algorithm: Correlation-based

Maximum frequency offset (Hz): 12.5e3 12500

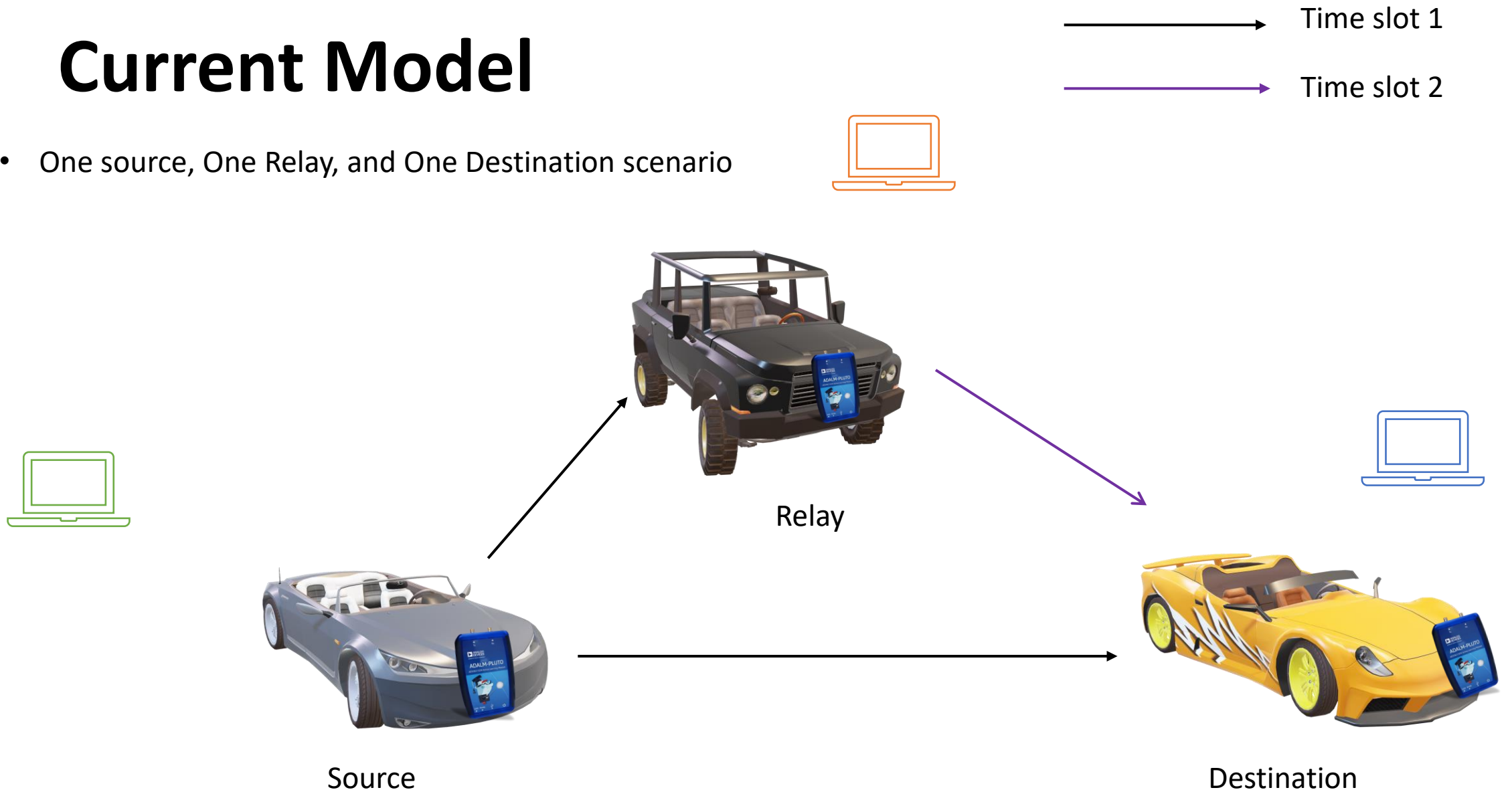
☒ Estimated frequency offset output port

Simulate using: Code generation

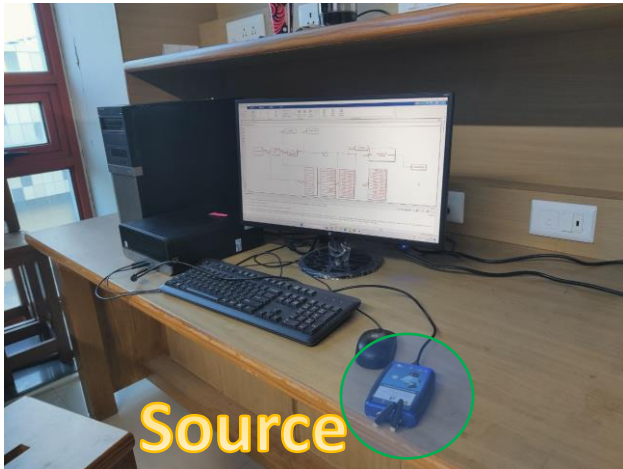
OK Cancel Help Apply

Current Model

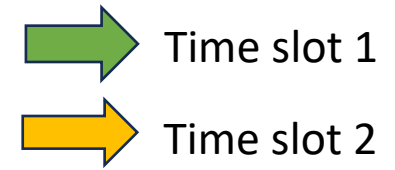
- One source, One Relay, and One Destination scenario



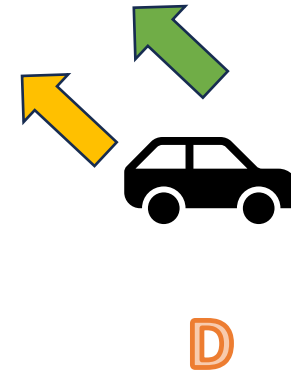
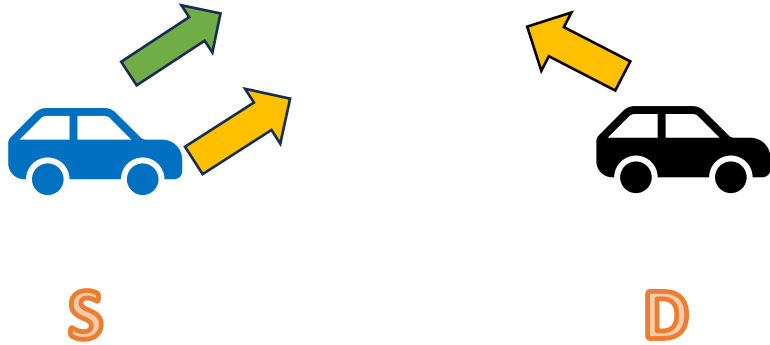
Experimental Setup



Current Problem

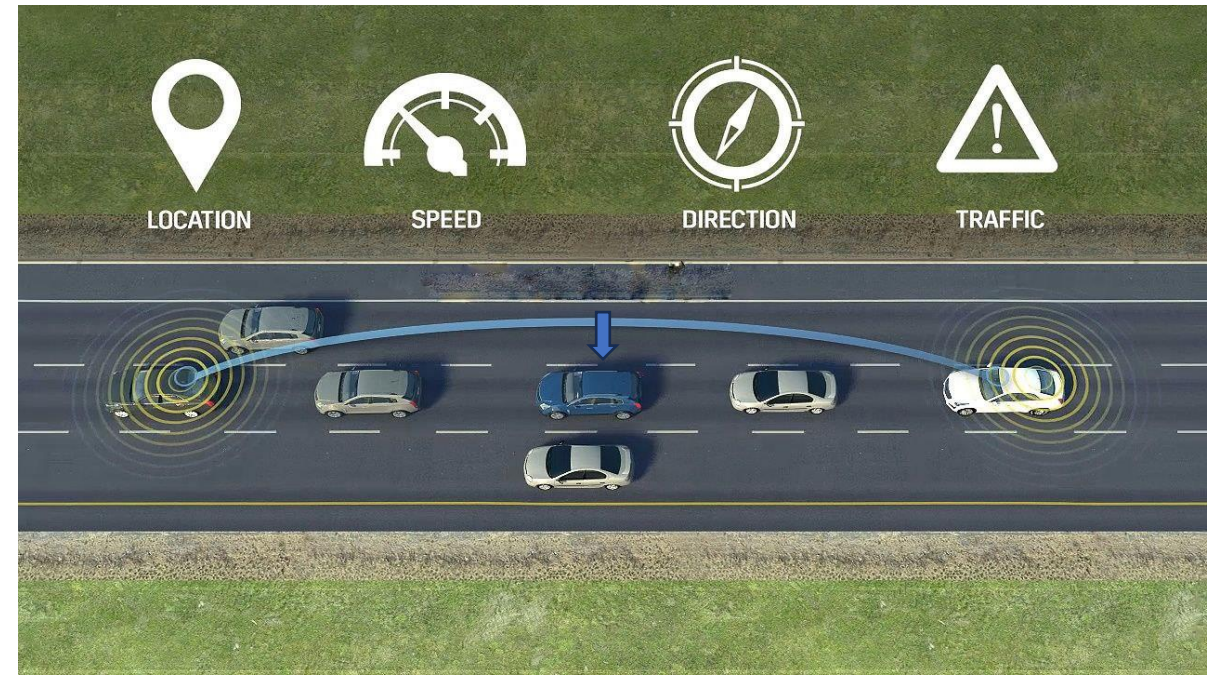


The destination initially encounters interference, and when the transmitter subsequently transmits a signal, the destination struggles to decode the received signal successfully.



Future Work

- Use of multiple nodes as proposed in the model
- Applying the DTH algorithm
- ML to optimize thresholding





Thank You