## **BST**

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
struct tree
{
  int info;
  struct tree *left;
  struct tree *right;
};
struct tree *insert(struct tree *, int);
void inorder(struct tree *);
void postorder(struct tree *);
void preorder(struct tree *);
struct tree *delet(struct tree *, int);
struct tree *search(struct tree *);
int main(void)
{
  struct tree *root;
  int choice, item, item_no;
  root = NULL;
  /* rear = NULL;*/
  do
  {
```

```
do
{
  printf("\n \t 1. Insert in Binary Tree ");
  printf("\n\t 2. Delete from Binary Tree ");
  printf("\n\t 3. Inorder traversal of Binary tree");
  printf("\n\t 4. Search");
  printf("\n\t 5. Exit ");
  printf("\n\t Enter choice : ");
  scanf(" %d", &choice);
  if (choice < 1 | | choice > 7)
    printf("\n Invalid choice - try again");
} while (choice < 1 || choice > 7);
switch (choice)
{
case 1:
  printf("\n Enter new element: ");
  scanf("%d", &item);
  root = insert(root, item);
  printf("\n root is %d", root->info);
  printf("\n Inorder traversal of binary tree is : ");
  inorder(root);
  break;
case 2:
  printf("\n Enter the element to be deleted : ");
  scanf(" %d", &item_no);
```

```
root = delet(root, item_no);
      inorder(root);
      break;
    case 3:
      printf("\n Inorder traversal of binary tree is : ");
      inorder(root);
      break;
    case 4:
      printf("\n Search operation in binary tree ");
      root = search(root);
      break;
    default:
      printf("\n End of program ");
    }
  } while (choice != 5);
  return (0);
struct tree *insert(struct tree *root, int x)
  if (!root)
  {
    root = (struct tree *)malloc(sizeof(struct tree));
    root->info = x;
    root->left = NULL;
    root->right = NULL;
```

}

{

```
return (root);
 }
  if (root->info > x)
    root->left = insert(root->left, x);
  else
  {
    if (root->info < x)
      root->right = insert(root->right, x);
  }
 return (root);
}
void inorder(struct tree *root)
{
 if (root != NULL)
  {
    inorder(root->left);
    printf(" %d", root->info);
    inorder(root->right);
  }
  return;
}
struct tree *delet(struct tree *ptr, int x)
{
 struct tree *p1, *p2;
  if (!ptr)
```

```
{
  printf("\n Node not found ");
  return (ptr);
}
else
{
  if (ptr->info < x)
  {
    ptr->right = delet(ptr->right, x);
    /*return(ptr);*/
  }
  else if (ptr->info > x)
  {
    ptr->left = delet(ptr->left, x);
    return ptr;
  }
  else
  {
    if (ptr->info == x)
    {
       if (ptr->left == ptr->right)
      {
         free(ptr);
         return (NULL);
       }
```

```
else if (ptr->left == NULL)
    {
      p1 = ptr->right;
      free(ptr);
      return p1;
    else if (ptr->right == NULL)
    {
      p1 = ptr->left;
      free(ptr);
       return p1;
    }
    else
    {
      p1 = ptr->right;
      p2 = ptr->right;
      while (p1->left != NULL)
         p1 = p1->left;
      p1->left = ptr->left;
      free(ptr);
      return p2;
    }
  }
}
```

}

```
return (ptr);
}
struct tree *search(struct tree *root)
{
  int no, i, ino;
  struct tree *ptr;
  ptr = root;
  printf("\n Enter the element to be searched :");
  scanf(" %d", &no);
  fflush(stdin);
  while (ptr)
  {
    if (no > ptr->info)
      ptr = ptr->right;
    else if (no < ptr->info)
      ptr = ptr->left;
    else
      break;
  }
  if (ptr)
  {
    printf("\n Element %d which was searched is found and is = %d", no, ptr -> info);
  }
  else
    printf("\n Element %d does not exist in the binary tree", no);
```

```
return (root);
```

}

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                                                            input
       1. Insert in Binary Tree
       2. Delete from Binary Tree
       3. Inorder traversal of Binary tree
       4. Search
       5. Exit
       Enter choice : 1
Enter new element: 1
root is 1
Inorder traversal of binary tree is: 1
       1. Insert in Binary Tree
       2. Delete from Binary Tree
       3. Inorder traversal of Binary tree
       4. Search
       5. Exit
       Enter choice :
```

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       4. Search
       5. Exit
       Enter choice : 1
Enter new element: 1
root is 1
Inorder traversal of binary tree is: 1
       1. Insert in Binary Tree
       2. Delete from Binary Tree
       3. Inorder traversal of Binary tree
       4. Search
       5. Exit
       Enter choice : 1
Enter new element: 7
root is 1
Inorder traversal of binary tree is : 1 7
       1. Insert in Binary Tree
       2. Delete from Binary Tree
       3. Inorder traversal of Binary tree
       4. Search
```



