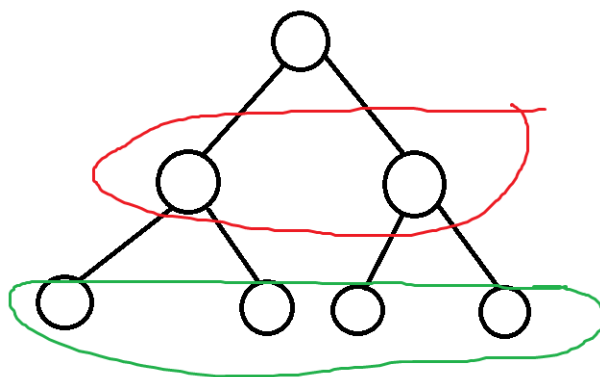


**Ex 2.2.4:** What happens to merge function if unsorted array? Sort 2 halves, then merge together.(MergeSort)

**Solution:**

Worst case is if the subarray is sorted. Global max of one greater than global max of another.

- For example, array [1,3,5] AND [2,4,6]
- Comparisons go 1 by 1(check top and then bottom, increment top index pointer, then do same process, and increment bottom index pointer until hit the end of both arrays).
- So nearly  $2n$  comparisons.
- If elements of 1 subarray strictly smaller than min of next, then probably take  $n$ -compares.



$2n$  compares for each node(check left and right childs)