Exercise 1.3.45: Stack Generability

Determine whether intermixed sequence causes stack to underflow. Devise a linear-time algorithm that determines whether permutation can be generated as output by our client

Solution:

The stack does not underflow unless first k-pop operations occur before first first k-push operations as initially the stack is empty.

```
//Pseudocode soln - check underflow
     function underflow(String[] inputs)
3
         int pushes;
4
         int pops;
5
6
         for i in inputs:
7
             if(i equals '-')
8
                  pops++
9
              else if (i equals '+')
10
                  pushes++
         if (pushes < pops)</pre>
13
14
             return true // stack underflows
15
16
         else
17
             return false //stack is stable
```

```
//check if permutation possible
20
      stack = []
      top = -1
23
      for i in permutation:
24
25
          integer val = (int) i
           if(stack.isEmpty() or integer_val > stack.peak())
26
27
               while(top < integer_val)</pre>
                   stack.append(top) //keeps track of stack positions where pops can occur in accending order
30
31
32
               else if(integer_val equals stack[-1])
                   stack.pop()
33
34
                  return false //position can't be popped as it comes before current position
36
                               // current top value must be popped first.
37
               return true //if elements in stack can be popped in correct order for permuation
```