

LIST OF PAST YEAR QUESTIONS NOT GIVEN OR INSUFFICIENTLY EXPLAINED IN THE PPT

1. Compare persistent and non-persistent TCP connections that are used to configure HTTP clients and servers. [Ans](#)
2. Illustrate the basic operations of SMTP. [Ans](#)
3. With a neat figure explain the interaction between various DNS servers. [Ans](#) or PPT
4. Differentiate between POP3 and IMAP. [Ans](#)
5. Illustrate with neat figures the sequence of TCP states visited by the TCP client and TCP server. Explain the events that make the client and server to transition into these states.

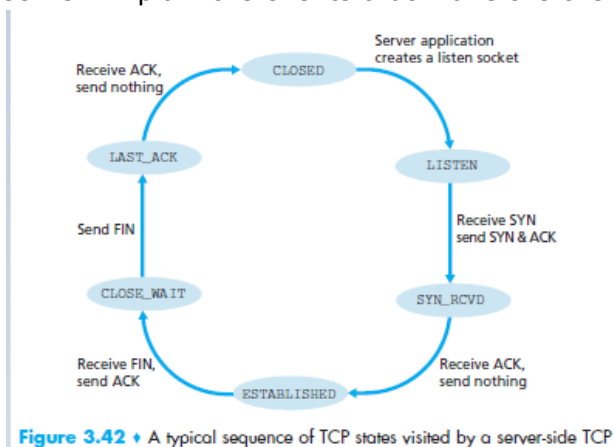


Figure 3.42 + A typical sequence of TCP states visited by a server-side TCP

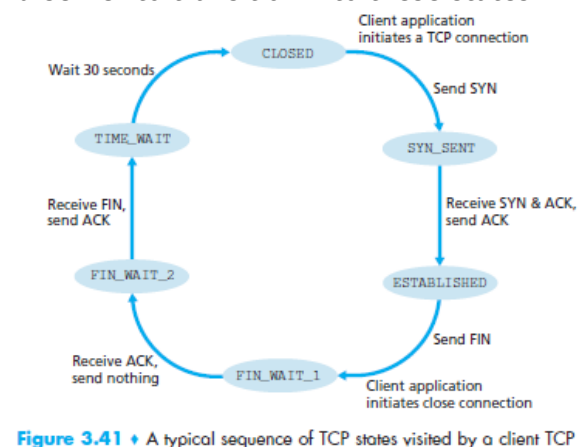


Figure 3.41 + A typical sequence of TCP states visited by a client TCP

(or Kurose-Ross page 286)

6. What is meant by fairness in TCP? With an example explain how two TCP connections share single bottleneck link. What are the problems in sharing? (PPT - Fairness)
- *7. What is meant by fast recovery? Draw a neat graph that shows three phases of congestion control in TCP Variants. (PPT - Congestion Control) (seems important)
8. What is meant by multiplexing and demultiplexing. Explain with neat diagram transport layer multiplexing and demultiplexing. [Ans](#)
9. Why is HTTP called as stateless protocol? [Ans](#)
10. GET and Conditional GET. [Ans](#)
11. Suppose Bob joins a BitTorrent torrent, but he does not want to upload any data to any other peers (so called free-riding). [Ans](#)
12. Differentiate between Recursive and Iterative DNS queries with neat figures. [Ans](#)
13. Why is FTP called "Out of band protocol"? Explain. [Ans](#)

14. Illustrate with neat figure connection oriented multiplexing and demultiplexing. (PPT or [here](#))

15. Describe why an application developer might choose to run an application over UDP rather than TCP. [Ans](#)

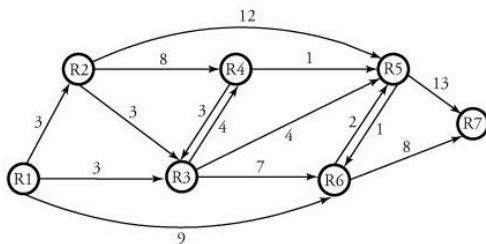
16. What is address depletion? How DHCP and NAT help in address depletion? Compare the usage of DHCP and NAT to address this issue. (PPT)

17. Draw the TCP segment structure and discuss the use of the following flags of TCP segment:

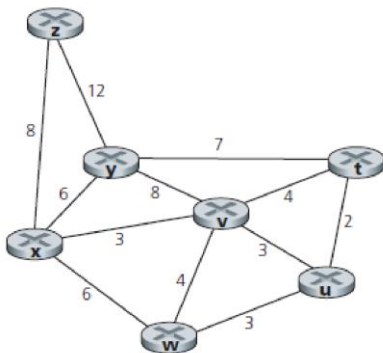
i) PUSH ii) URG iii) SYN iv) RST. [Ans](#)

18. Discuss briefly RIP distance vector routing with suitable formulas and updating of routing table in RIP using split-horizon and poisoned-reverse rule. [Ans](#)

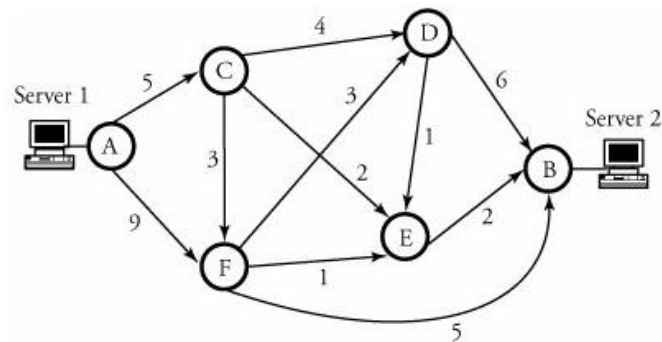
Additional To-Do:



Bellman-Ford on this problem



Dijkstra on these problems



- Distribution time formulae for P2P and Server-Client

*- TCP AIMD Congestion control numericals. Seems important

Get me food next time you see me :P