

Chapter 2 Outline

- Data Models, Schemas, and Instances
- Three-Schema Architecture and Data Independence
- Database Languages and Interfaces
- The Database System Environment
- Centralized and Client/Server Architectures for DBMSs
- Classification of Database Management Systems

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Database System Concepts and Architecture

- Basic client/server DBMS architecture
 - Client module
 - Server module

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Data Models, Schemas, and Instances

- Data abstraction
 - Suppression of details of data organization and storage
 - Highlighting of the essential features for an improved understanding of data

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Data Models, Schemas, and Instances (cont'd.)

Data model

- Collection of concepts that describe the structure of a database
- Provides means to achieve data abstraction
- Basic operations
 - Specify retrievals and updates on the database
- Dynamic aspect or behavior of a database application
 - Allows the database designer to specify a set of valid operations allowed on database objects

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Categories of Data Models

- High-level or conceptual data models
 - Close to the way many users perceive data
- Low-level or physical data models
 - Describe the details of how data is stored on computer storage media
- Representational data models
 - Easily understood by end users
 - Also similar to how data organized in computer storage

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Categories of Data Models (cont'd.)

Entity

Represents a real-world object or concept

Attribute

- Represents some property of interest
- Further describes an entity

Relationship among two or more entities

- Represents an association among the entities
- Entity-Relationship model

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Categories of Data Models (cont'd.)

Relational data model

Used most frequently in traditional commercial DBMSs

Object data model

- New family of higher-level implementation data models
- Closer to conceptual data models

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Categories of Data Models (cont'd.)

Physical data models

- Describe how data is stored as files in the computer
- Access path
 - Structure that makes the search for particular database records efficient
- Index
 - Example of an access path
 - Allows direct access to data using an index term or a keyword

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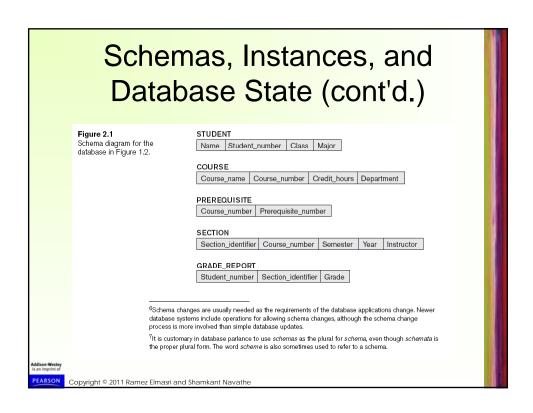
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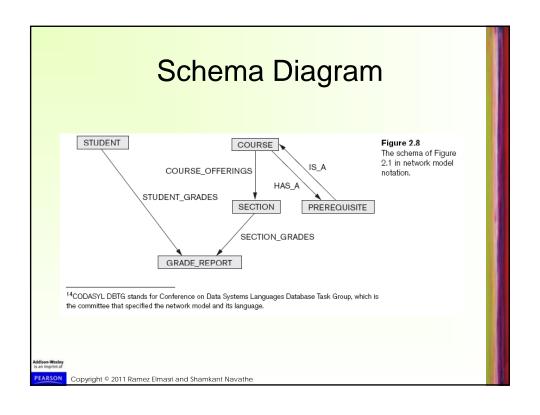
Schemas, Instances, and Database State

- Database schema
 - Description of a database
- Schema diagram
 - Displays selected aspects of schema
- Schema construct
 - Each object in the schema
- Database state or snapshot
 - Data in database at a particular moment in time

http://english.stackexchange.com/questions/40702/difference-between-scheme-and-schema

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Three-Schema Architecture and Data Independence

Internal level

Describes physical storage structure of the database

Conceptual level

Describes structure of the whole database for a community of users

External or view level

 Describes part of the database that a particular user group is interested in

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Three-Schema Architecture and Data Independence (cont'd.) Figure 2.2 The three-schema architecture. End Users External External External Level View External/Conceptual Mapping Conceptual Level Conceptual Schema Conceptual/Internal Internal Level Internal Schema Stored Database Copyright © 2011 Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant Navathe

Data Independence

- Capacity to change the schema at one level of a database system
 - Without having to change the schema at the next higher level
- Types:
 - Logical
 - Physical

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DBMS Languages

- Data definition language (DDL)
 - Defines both schemas
- Storage definition language (SDL)
 - · Specifies the internal schema
- View definition language (VDL)
 - Specifies user views/mappings to conceptual schema
- Data manipulation language (DML)
 - · Allows retrieval, insertion, deletion, modification

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DBMS Languages (cont'd.)

- High-level or nonprocedural DML
 - Can be used on its own to specify complex database operations concisely
 - Set-at-a-time or set-oriented
- Low-level or procedural DML
 - Must be embedded in a general-purpose programming language
 - Record-at-a-time

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DBMS Interfaces

- Menu-based interfaces for Web clients or browsing
- Forms-based interfaces
- Graphical user interfaces (GUI)
- Natural language interfaces
- Speech input and output
- Interfaces for parametric users
- Interfaces for the DBA

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The Database System Environment

- DBMS component modules
 - Buffer management
 - Stored data manager
 - DDL compiler
 - Interactive query interface
 - Query compiler
 - Query optimizer
 - Precompiler

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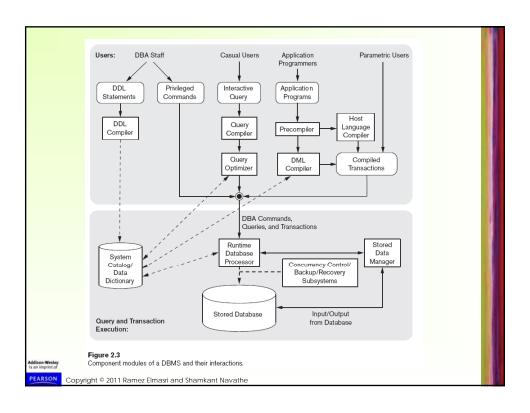
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The Database System Environment (cont'd.)

- DBMS component modules
 - Runtime database processor
 - System catalog
 - Concurrency control system
 - Backup and recovery system

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Database System Utilities

- Loading
 - Load existing data files
- Backup
 - Creates a backup copy of the database

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Database System Utilities (cont'd.)

Database storage reorganization

Reorganize a set of database files into different file organizations

Performance monitoring

 Monitors database usage and provides statistics to the DBA

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Tools, Application Environments, and Communications Facilities

- CASE Tools (Computer-aided software engineering)
- Data dictionary (data repository) system
 - Stores design decisions, usage standards, application program descriptions, and user information
- Application development environments
- Communications software

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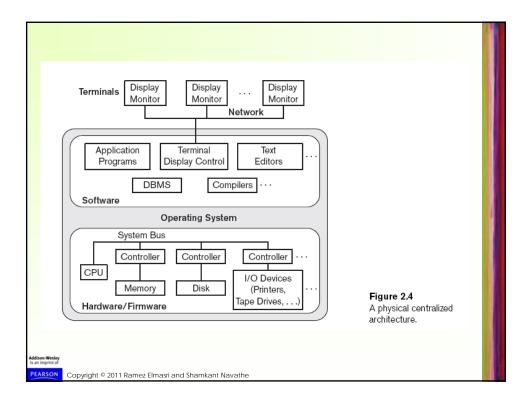
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Centralized and Client/Server Architectures for DBMSs

Centralized DBMSs Architecture

 All DBMS functionality, application program execution, and user interface processing carried out on one machine

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Basic Client/Server Architectures

- Servers with specific functionalities
 - File server
 - Maintains the files of the client machines.
 - Printer server
 - Connected to various printers; all print requests by the clients are forwarded to this machine
 - Web servers or e-mail servers

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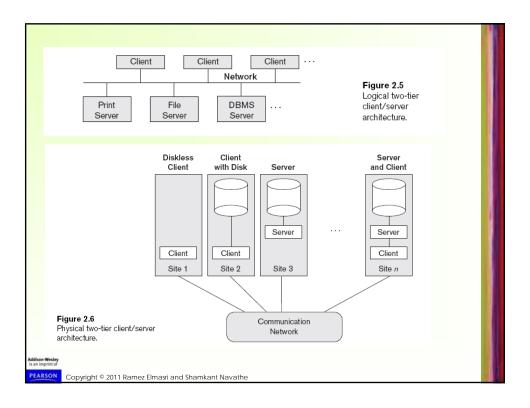
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Basic Client/Server Architectures (cont'd.)

- Client machines
 - Provide user with:
 - Appropriate interfaces to utilize these servers
 - Local processing power to run local applications

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Basic Client/Server Architectures (cont'd.)

Client

 User machine that provides user interface capabilities and local processing

Server

- System containing both hardware and software
- Provides services to the client machines
 - Such as file access, printing, archiving, or database access

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Two-Tier Client/Server **Architectures for DBMSs**

- Server handles
 - Query and transaction functionality related to SQL processing
- Client handles
 - User interface programs and application programs

Two-Tier Client/Server Architectures (cont'd.)

- Open Database Connectivity (ODBC)
 - Provides application programming interface (API)
 - Allows client-side programs to call the DBMS
 - Both client and server machines must have the necessary software installed
- JDBC
 - Allows Java client programs to access one or more DBMSs through a standard interface

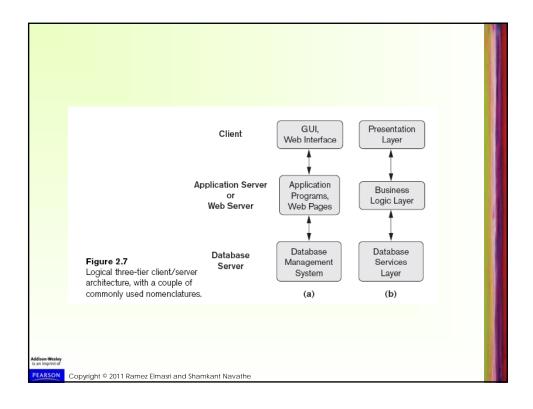
Three-Tier and n-Tier **Architectures** for Web **Applications**

Application server or Web server

- Adds intermediate layer between client and the database server
- Runs application programs and stores business rules

N-tier

 Divide the layers between the user and the stored data further into finer components



Classification of Database **Management Systems**

- Data model
 - Relational
 - Object
 - Hierarchical and network (legacy)
 - Native XML DBMS
- Number of users
 - · Single-user
 - Multiuser

Classification of Database Management Systems (cont'd.)

- Number of sites
 - Centralized
 - Distributed
 - Homogeneous
 - Heterogeneous
- Cost
 - Open source
 - Different types of licensing

Summary

- Concepts used in database systems
- Main categories of data models
- Types of languages supported by DMBSs
- Interfaces provided by the DBMS
- DBMS classification criteria:
 - Data model, number of users, number of sties, access paths, cost

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