

Course Code : CSE552

Course Title : Robotic Process Automation Design and Development

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No of Pages : 5

Q-1)
a)

Robotic Process Automation is software that can be programmed easily to do small, repetitive tasks across various applications.

Benefits:

- Time saving: Once the bot is programmed it can be run any number of times as long as the background program's interface remains same.
- Cost saving: Bots can significantly reduce costs that occur to do small, repetitive tasks.
- Less chances of error: Bots are less prone to error than humans, which improves efficiency and reduces error.
- ~~High~~ High flexibility to control the working of the bot.
- Minimal coding experience required to develop bots.

b) Types of Robots:

- Attended Robots
- Unattended Robots.

Attended Robots : They operate with periodic human intervention
They are triggered by user events .

Unattended Robots : They operate without any human intervention
They are controlled by UI Path Orchestrator in UI Path.

Challenges in RPA:

- Integration with Base Process : The Bot ~~was~~ is designed for a particular User Interface, if the interface of base process changes, bot should be modified.
- Identifying the right process for automation : The ~~bot~~ ~~process~~ developer must identify the right process for automation and select them .
- Process Analysis Issues : Problems may occur during ~~process~~ analysis of ~~the~~ process for automation.

c)

Algorithm :

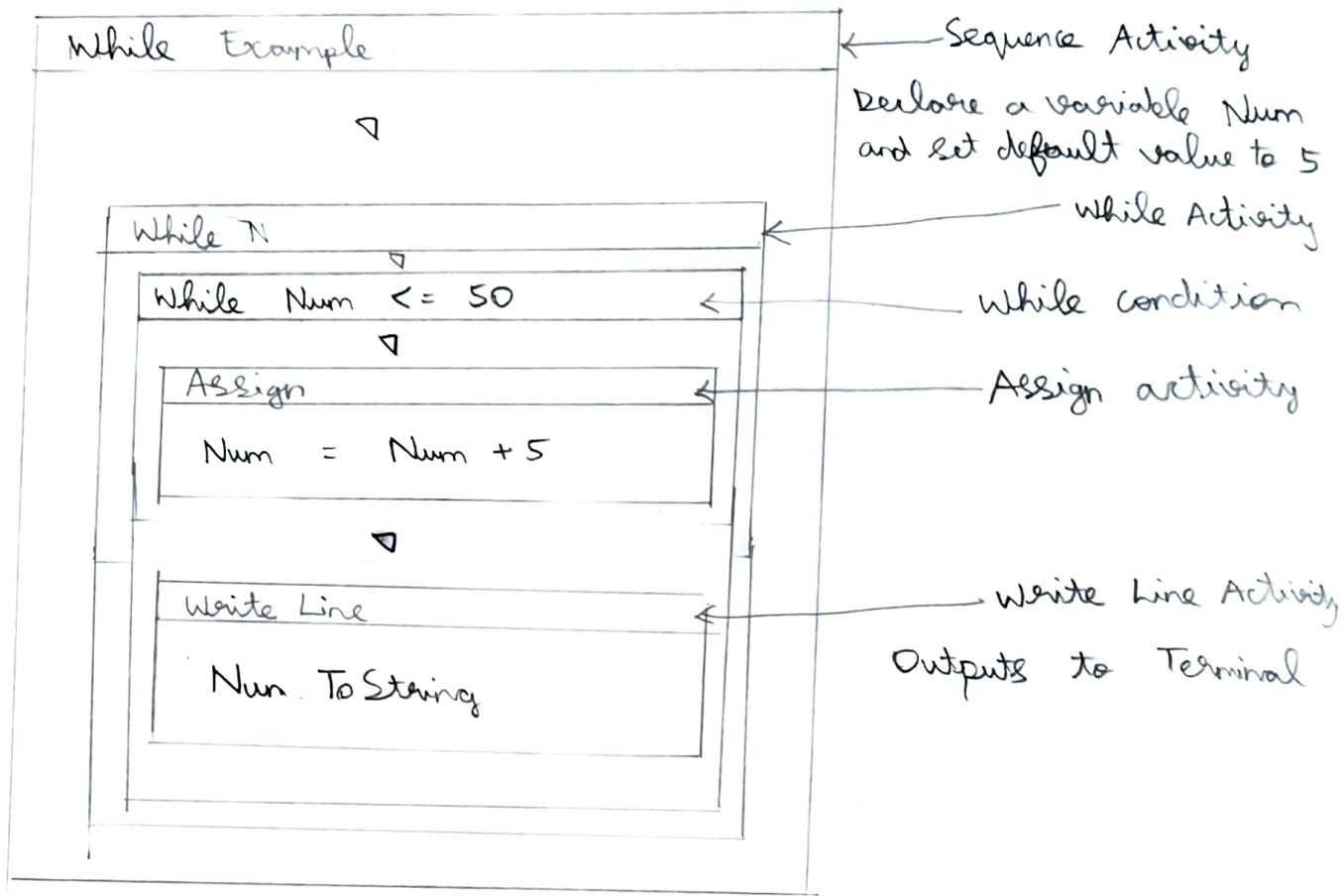
Step - 1 : Start

Step - 2 : Declare ^{integer} variable 'Num' and set default value to 5

Step - 3 : While 'Num' \leq 50

Step - 4 : Num = Num + 5

Step - 5 : Stop .



Q-2)

c) Algorithm :

Step-1 : Start

Step-2 : Declare integer array '^A~~Array~~' and initialize values { 3, 5, 7, 9, 89 }

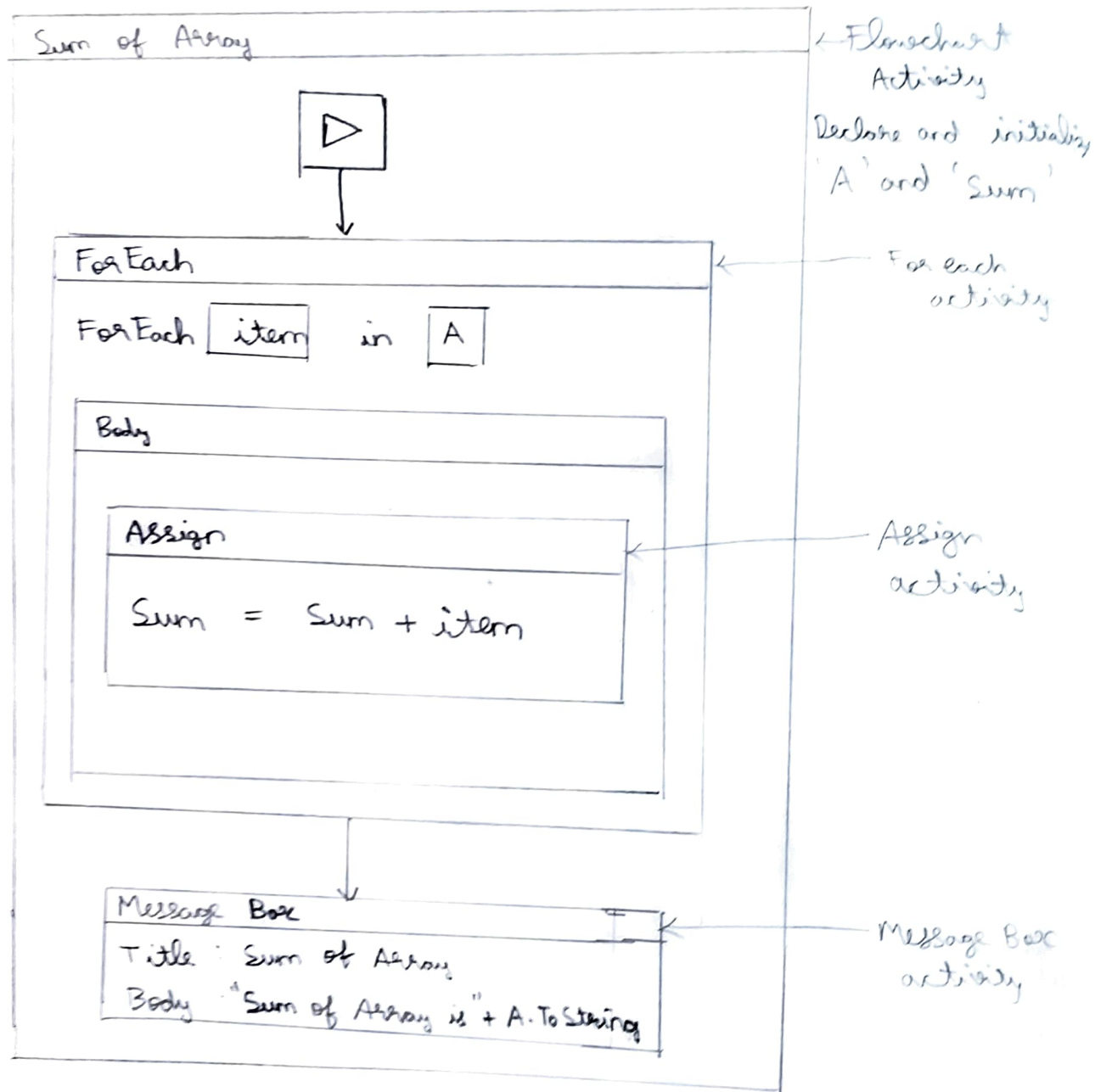
Step-3 : ~~For Each item in A~~
Declare integer variable 'sum' and set default to 0

Step-4 : For Each item in A

Step-5 : Sum = Sum + item

Step-6 : Display Sum

Step-7 : Stop



5) Types of Variables:

- Int 32 : Integer values like 1, 2 etc. Default value is 0
- String : String values like "Hello", "Hi" etc. Must be inside " ". Default value = ""
- Bool : Holds True or False
- Array : Collection of homogeneous elements of some datatype
 e.g. String array = { "Hello", "Hi" }
- DateTime : Holds System Date and Time.

→ DataTable : Stores data in rows and columns.

Variables	Arguments
→ Used to store data in same workflow	Used to pass data to other workflows.
→ Types : Integer, Array, String etc.	Types : In, Out, In/Out.

a) Types of Projects :

→ Sequence :

A Sequence is a collection of steps to be performed one after the other. Each step performs some activity.

→ Flowchart :

It is ^{generally} used for larger applications. Consists of several sequences. Easier for decision making applications :

→ State Machine :

It consists of several states over which activities are performed. These have several sequences as well.

END