<u>Lab Guide Test – Set 3</u>

10 Marks

ABOUT DATA: The data attached is a two-year sales data of a pharma company which talks about sales in 2015 and 2016 across various regions and time frames.

Account Id: Customer ID

Account Name: Customer Name

Tier: Customer Segment

Sales 2015: Sales for the year 2015

Sales 2016: Sales for the year 2015

Units 2015: No of Units sold for 2015

Units 2016: No of Units sold for 2016

1. Compare Sales by region for 2016 with 2015 using bar chart

- 2. What are the contributing factors to the sales for each region in 2016. Visualize it using a Pie Chart.
- 3. Compare the total sales of 2015 and 2016 with respect to Region and Tiers
- 4. In East region, which state registered a decline in 2016 as compared to 2015?
- 5. In all the High tier, which Division saw a decline in number of units sold in 2016 compared to 2015?

15 Marks

BUSINESS PROBLEM:

A Retail store is required to analyze the day-to-day transactions and keep a track of its customers spread across various locations along with their purchases/returns across various categories.

Create an **RMarkdown report** and display the below calculated metrics, reports and inferences.

(NOTE: THE REPORT MUST CONTAIN THE CODE AND THE OUTPUT AND THE Rmd FILE SHOULD BE SENT ALONG WITH THE PDF or HTML OUTPUT)

- Merge the datasets Customers, Product Hierarchy and Transactions as Customer_Final. Ensure to keep all customers who have done transactions with us and select the join type accordingly.
 - a. Use the base merge()
 - b. Dplyr merge functions
- 2. Prepare a summary report for the merged data set.
 - a. Get the column names and their corresponding data types
 - b. Top/Bottom 10 observations
 - c. "Five-number summary" for continuous variables (min, Q1, median, Q3 and max)
 - d. Frequency tables for all the categorical variables
- Generate histograms for all continuous variables and frequency bars for categorical variables.
- 4. Calculate the following information using the merged dataset:
 - a. Time period of the available transaction data
 - b. Count of transactions where the total amount of transaction was negative
- Analyze which product categories are more popular among females vs male customers.