Motor Trend: Automatic vs manual transmission comparative study

You work for Motor Trend, a magazine about the automobile industry. Looking at a data set of a collection of cars, they are interested in exploring the relationship between a set of variables and miles per gallon (MPG) (outcome). They are particularly interested in the following two questions:

- "Is an automatic or manual transmission better for MPG"
- "Quantify the MPG difference between automatic and manual transmissions"

Data	Description
mpg	Miles per US gallon
cyl	Number of cylinders
disp	Displacement (cubic inches)
hp	Gross horsepower
drat	Rear axle ratio
wt	Weight (lb / 1000)
qsec	1 / 4 mile time
vs	V'/S
am	Transmission ($0 = \text{automatic}, 1 = \text{manual}$)
gear	Number of forward gears
carb	Number of carburetors

1.Loading prerequisites

```
data(mtcars)
head(mtcars)
```

1.2. data

```
##
                    mpg cyl disp hp drat
                                           wt qsec vs am gear carb
## Mazda RX4
                          6 160 110 3.90 2.620 16.46 0 1
                   21.0
## Mazda RX4 Wag
                   21.0
                          6 160 110 3.90 2.875 17.02 0 1
                                                                 4
## Datsun 710
                   22.8 4 108 93 3.85 2.320 18.61 1 1
                                                                 1
## Hornet 4 Drive
                   21.4 6 258 110 3.08 3.215 19.44 1 0
                                                                 1
## Hornet Sportabout 18.7 8 360 175 3.15 3.440 17.02 0 0
                                                                 2
                          6 225 105 2.76 3.460 20.22 1 0
## Valiant
                   18.1
```

2. Exploratory Analysis

```
names(mtcars)
```

2.1 Variables

```
## [1] "mpg" "cyl" "disp" "hp" "drat" "wt" "qsec" "vs" "am" "gear" ## [11] "carb"
```

```
apply(mtcars,2,class)
```

2.2 Understanding variable types

```
## mpg cyl disp hp drat wt qsec vs
## "numeric" "numeric" "numeric" "numeric" "numeric" "numeric" "numeric"
## am gear carb
## "numeric" "numeric" "numeric"
```

```
mtcars$cyl <- factor(mtcars$cyl)
mtcars$vs <- factor(mtcars$vs)
mtcars$gear <- factor(mtcars$gear)
mtcars$carb <- factor(mtcars$carb)
mtcars$am <- factor(mtcars$am,labels=c('Automatic','Manual'))</pre>
```

2.3 Fixing the types

```
summary(mtcars)
```

2.4 Summarizing each variables

```
cyl
##
        mpg
                               disp
                                                 hp
                                                                drat
##
         :10.40
                   4:11
                                          Min. : 52.0
                                                                  :2.760
   Min.
                          Min. : 71.1
                                                          Min.
   1st Qu.:15.43
                   6: 7
                           1st Qu.:120.8
                                          1st Qu.: 96.5
                                                          1st Qu.:3.080
##
  Median :19.20
                   8:14
                          Median :196.3
                                          Median :123.0
                                                          Median :3.695
   Mean :20.09
                          Mean :230.7
                                          Mean :146.7
                                                          Mean
##
                                                                 :3.597
   3rd Qu.:22.80
##
                           3rd Qu.:326.0
                                           3rd Qu.:180.0
                                                           3rd Qu.:3.920
          :33.90
                          Max. :472.0
                                                  :335.0
  {\tt Max.}
                                          Max.
                                                          Max.
                                                                 :4.930
##
         wt
                         qsec
                                   vs
                                                   am
                                                          gear
                                                                 carb
          :1.513
                          :14.50
## Min.
                  \mathtt{Min}.
                                   0:18
                                           Automatic:19
                                                          3:15
                                                                 1: 7
##
  1st Qu.:2.581
                   1st Qu.:16.89
                                   1:14
                                          Manual:13
                                                          4:12
                                                                 2:10
## Median :3.325
                   Median :17.71
                                                          5: 5
                                                                 3: 3
                                                                 4:10
## Mean
         :3.217
                   Mean
                           :17.85
##
   3rd Qu.:3.610
                   3rd Qu.:18.90
                                                                 6: 1
## Max.
          :5.424
                   Max.
                          :22.90
                                                                 8: 1
```

3. Regression modelling

Fitting a model with all the variables

```
mdl_all = glm(mpg~., family = "gaussian", data = mtcars)
summary(mdl_all)
```

```
##
## Call:
  glm(formula = mpg ~ ., family = "gaussian", data = mtcars)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
                       Median
##
       Min
                  1Q
                                     3Q
                                             Max
            -1.3584
                     -0.0948
   -3.5087
                                 0.7745
                                          4.6251
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 23.87913
                           20.06582
                                       1.190
                                               0.2525
               -2.64870
                            3.04089
                                      -0.871
## cyl6
                                               0.3975
## cy18
               -0.33616
                            7.15954
                                      -0.047
                                               0.9632
                                       1.114
## disp
                0.03555
                            0.03190
                                               0.2827
               -0.07051
                            0.03943
                                      -1.788
## hp
                                               0.0939 .
## drat
                 1.18283
                            2.48348
                                       0.476
                                               0.6407
## wt
               -4.52978
                            2.53875
                                      -1.784
                                               0.0946 .
## qsec
                 0.36784
                            0.93540
                                       0.393
                                               0.6997
                            2.87126
                                       0.672
## vs1
                 1.93085
                                               0.5115
## amManual
                 1.21212
                            3.21355
                                       0.377
                                               0.7113
## gear4
                 1.11435
                            3.79952
                                       0.293
                                               0.7733
                 2.52840
                            3.73636
                                       0.677
## gear5
                                               0.5089
                -0.97935
                                      -0.423
## carb2
                            2.31797
                                               0.6787
                 2.99964
                            4.29355
                                       0.699
## carb3
                                               0.4955
## carb4
                 1.09142
                            4.44962
                                       0.245
                                               0.8096
## carb6
                 4.47757
                            6.38406
                                       0.701
                                               0.4938
## carb8
                 7.25041
                            8.36057
                                       0.867
                                               0.3995
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
##
   (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 8.026845)
##
##
       Null deviance: 1126.0
                               on 31
                                       degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 120.4
                               on 15
                                      degrees of freedom
##
  AIC: 169.22
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
```

The above model tells us that the average **mpg** is 23.88

3.1 Model selection

- We would want to select a model that has larger adjusted and predicted R-squared values.
- In regression, p-values less than the significance level indicate that the term is statistically significant. We reduce the model by repeatedly removing parameters corresponding to coefficients that do not have significant effect on the model performance.
- Upon arriving at the manually identified "best" model, we will compare the model performance against an automated model selection procedure using step regression function. step()
- We will analyse whether there is significant effect on mpg when considering the transmission model using the t.test() function.

The wt, carb and disp parameters has least significant effects on the model performance, Hence we remove them to analyse the variation in the p-value of the other variables. If there is large improvements then it'd mean that there is no correlation between them.

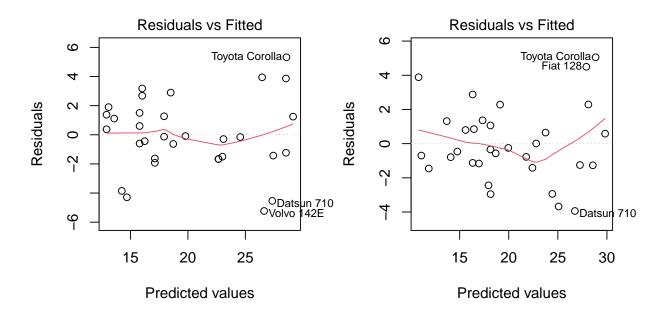
```
mdl_test_1 = glm(mpg~.-wt-disp-carb, family = "gaussian", data = mtcars)
summary(mdl_test_1)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = mpg ~ . - wt - disp - carb, family = "gaussian",
##
       data = mtcars)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
       Min
                 1Q
                      Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
##
  -4.4134 -1.3937
                      0.3857
                               1.6464
                                         5.0131
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 17.75913
                          17.73868
                                     1.001 0.32764
                                    -0.438 0.66593
## cyl6
               -1.03161
                           2.35733
## cy18
                3.19942
                           4.54838
                                     0.703 0.48917
               -0.06386
                           0.01874
                                    -3.408 0.00252 **
## hp
                1.74285
                           1.99326
                                     0.874 0.39136
## drat
## qsec
                0.05538
                           0.69880
                                     0.079 0.93755
## vs1
                3.66895
                           2.16897
                                     1.692 0.10485
## amManual
                4.42201
                           2.16990
                                     2.038 0.05376 .
## gear4
               -1.26917
                           2.39429
                                    -0.530 0.60136
## gear5
                2.19140
                           2.84390
                                     0.771 0.44916
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 7.39212)
##
       Null deviance: 1126.05 on 31 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 162.63 on 22 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 164.84
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
Similary we remove qsec, gear, drat and vs
mdl_test_2 = glm(mpg~.-wt-disp-carb-qsec-gear-drat-vs, family = "gaussian", data = mtcars)
summary(mdl_test_2)
##
## glm(formula = mpg ~ . - wt - disp - carb - qsec - gear - drat -
       vs, family = "gaussian", data = mtcars)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -5.231 -1.535 -0.141
                                    5.322
                            1.408
##
```

```
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 27.29590
                          1.42394 19.169 < 2e-16 ***
              -3.92458
                           1.53751
                                   -2.553 0.01666 *
## cyl6
## cyl8
              -3.53341
                          2.50279
                                   -1.412 0.16943
              -0.04424
                          0.01458
                                   -3.035 0.00527 **
## hp
                                    3.309 0.00266 **
## amManual
               4.15786
                           1.25655
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 7.303666)
##
##
       Null deviance: 1126.0 on 31 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 197.2 on 27 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 161
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
Automated best model selection using step regression
mdl_best = step(mdl_all, direction = "backward")
summary(mdl_best)
##
## glm(formula = mpg ~ cyl + hp + wt + am, family = "gaussian",
##
       data = mtcars)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q
                     Median
                                  3Q
                                           Max
## -3.9387 -1.2560 -0.4013
                              1.1253
                                        5.0513
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 33.70832
                          2.60489
                                   12.940 7.73e-13 ***
              -3.03134
                          1.40728
                                   -2.154 0.04068 *
## cyl6
## cyl8
              -2.16368
                           2.28425
                                   -0.947 0.35225
## hp
              -0.03211
                          0.01369
                                   -2.345 0.02693 *
## wt
              -2.49683
                          0.88559
                                   -2.819 0.00908 **
## amManual
              1.80921
                           1.39630
                                    1.296 0.20646
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 5.808677)
##
       Null deviance: 1126.05 on 31 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 151.03 on 26 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 154.47
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
```

The two models seem to be very similar with exception of just the wt parameter being omitted from the manually subsetted model.

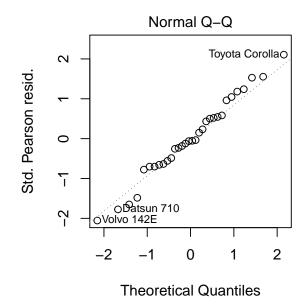
3.2 Analyzing the models Analysing the residual plots manually fitted vs step regressed.

```
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
plot(mdl_test_2, which =1)
plot(mdl_best, which =1)
```



It is observed that the manually fitted model has lower standard error.

```
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
plot(mdl_test_2, which =2)
plot(mdl_best, which =2)
```



3.3 Asserting the normality of the residuals of each models

```
t.test(mpg ~ am, data = mtcars)
```

3.4 Using T-test to identify significance of transmission type on mpg

```
##
##
    Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: mpg by am
## t = -3.7671, df = 18.332, p-value = 0.001374
\#\# alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
   -11.280194 -3.209684
##
## sample estimates:
## mean in group Automatic
                              mean in group Manual
##
                  17.14737
                                           24.39231
```

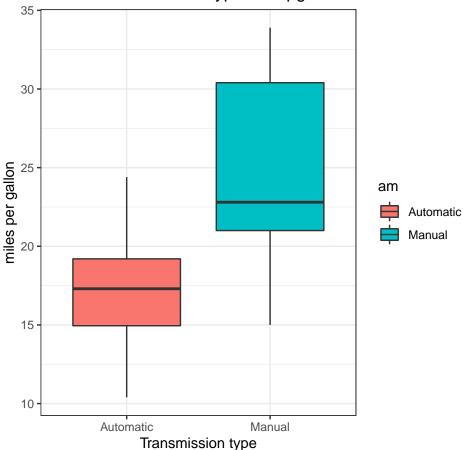
The above t.test with p-statistic <0.05 shows that there is significant effect of type of transmission on the mpg of a motor vehicle.

Visualizing the difference

```
ggplot(
  mtcars,
  aes(
    x=am,
    y=mpg,
  fill = am
```

```
)
) + geom_boxplot() +
labs(x = "Transmission type", y = "miles per gallon") +
ggtitle("Effect of transmission type on mpg of motor vehicles") +
theme_bw()
```

Effect of transmission type on mpg of motor vehicles



4. Conclusion

Based on my analysis I was able to identify that there is significant effect of transmission type of the motor vehicle on its miles per gallon metric - that the manual transmission performes better than automatic type.

The rate of change of the conditional mean mpg with respect to am is about 4.1 conidering the manually subsetted model and 1.8 with the best subset selection using the step function.

Using the T-test we were able to infer that there is indeed a significance in transmission type on mpg visualized using boxplot shown above