

2.1 According to Michalis-Mentin kinetics [1]

ES is the complex which can be represented by alias C. Therefore, s, e, p, es represent the concentration of S, E, P and ES respectively. From the law of mass actions the following 4 ordinary differential equations can be derived for s, e, p and es :

$$ds/dt = -k_1es + k_2c; \quad (1)$$

$$dc/dt = k_1es - k_2c - k_3c \quad (2)$$

$$de/dt = -k_1es + k_2c + k_3c \quad (3)$$

$$dp/dt = k_3c \quad (4)$$

[1] https://courses-archive.maths.ox.ac.uk/node/view_material/52366