

USN

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

RV COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING®
(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU)
V Semester B. E. Examinations Apr-2024
Computer Science and Engineering
DATABASE DESIGN

*Time: 03 Hours**Maximum Marks: 100***Instructions to candidates:**

1. Answer all questions from Part A. Part A questions should be answered in first three pages of the answer book only.
2. Answer FIVE full questions from Part B. In Part B question number 2, 7 and 8 are compulsory. Answer any one full question from 3 and 4 & one full question from 5 and 6.

PART-A

M BT CO

1	1.1	Define Database.	01	1	1
	1.2	_____ module of the <i>DBMS</i> controls access to <i>DBMS</i> information that is stored on disk.	01	1	1
	1.3	Find the closure of <i>BC</i> for given relation <i>R(A,B,C,D,E)</i> has the following functional dependencies $P \rightarrow Q$, $Q \rightarrow R$, $QR \rightarrow P$, $P \rightarrow S$, $T \rightarrow P$, $S \rightarrow T$.	02	3	3
	1.4	If $X \rightarrow YZ$ then $X \rightarrow Y$ and $X \rightarrow Z$ is _____ rule.	01	2	2
	1.5	Define Views.	02	1	1
	1.6	Find Key of <i>R</i> for the relation scheme $R = \{E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, M\}$ and the set of functional dependencies $\{\{E, F\} \rightarrow \{G\}, \{F\} \rightarrow \{I, J\}, \{E, H\} \rightarrow \{K, L\}, K \rightarrow \{M\}, L \rightarrow \{N\}\}$ on <i>R</i> .	02	3	3
	1.7	What are System Logs?	02	2	1
	1.8	Define Null attribute. Mention any two scenarios where, attribute can have null values.	02	2	2
	1.9	Mention types of <i>JOIN</i> operations in relational algebra.	02	2	3
	1.10	What is join selectivity?	02	2	3
	1.11	What is prime attribute? Give Example.	02	2	3
	1.12	Data in a database at a particular moment in time is called as _____.	01	2	4

PART-B

2	a	Define Database Management Systems. Explain 3 – schema architecture for <i>DBMS</i> with a neat diagram.	08	2	1
	b	Identify actors on the scene for <i>HOSPITAL</i> Data Management system with example and discuss them each.	08	3	2
3	a	Draw an <i>ER – diagram</i> for a <i>BANK</i> database system. Assume your own entities and identify the following: i) Minimum of 5 entities ii) Attributes for each entity iii) Identifying relationship iv) Weak Entity v) Cardinality ratio and participation constraints.	08	3	3

b	<p>Consider the relational database of the following schema.</p> <p><i>LIVES</i>(<i>p_name</i>, <i>street</i>, <i>city</i>) <i>WORKS</i>(<i>p_name</i>, <i>c_name</i>, <i>salary</i>)</p> <p><i>LOCATION</i> (<i>c_name</i>, <i>city</i>) <i>MANAGES</i> (<i>p_name</i>, <i>mgr_name</i>)</p> <p>Give an expression in the relational algebra for each query:</p> <p>i) Retrieve all person names who live in <i>BANGALORE</i>.</p> <p>ii) Retrieve the name and salary of all the persons who work for the company '<i>HP</i>'.</p> <p>iii) List the names of the persons working for <i>HP</i> along with the cities they live in.</p> <p>iv) Find the names of the persons who live and work in the same city.</p> <p>v) Retrieve the city of <i>INFOSYS</i> company.</p> <p>vi) Display all the employees who live in "<i>Bangalore</i>" and works for "<i>INFOSYS</i>".</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p>	08	3	3																																										
4 a	<p>Illustrate the steps involved in <i>ER – to – Relational</i> Mapping.</p>	08	3	2																																										
b	<p>Solve the following operations by considering the tables given below:</p> <table><tr><th colspan="4"><i>X</i></th><th colspan="3"><i>Y</i></th></tr><tr><th><i>P</i></th><th><i>Q</i></th><th><i>R</i></th><th><i>S</i></th><th><i>R</i></th><th><i>S</i></th><th><i>T</i></th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>4</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>5</td><td>1</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>2</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>1</td><td>6</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>2</td><td>5</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>2</td><td>3</td></tr></table> <p>i) $X * Y$</p> <p>ii) $X \bowtie_{X.S=Y.S} Y$</p> <p>iii) $X \bowtie_{X.P=Y.T} Y$</p> <p>iv) $X \bowtie_{X.S=Y.S} Y$</p>	<i>X</i>				<i>Y</i>			<i>P</i>	<i>Q</i>	<i>R</i>	<i>S</i>	<i>R</i>	<i>S</i>	<i>T</i>	1	2	3	4	1	2	4	2	2	5	1	3	4	1	3	4	2	6	5	1	6	4	2	5	3	4	2	3	08	3	3
<i>X</i>				<i>Y</i>																																										
<i>P</i>	<i>Q</i>	<i>R</i>	<i>S</i>	<i>R</i>	<i>S</i>	<i>T</i>																																								
1	2	3	4	1	2	4																																								
2	2	5	1	3	4	1																																								
3	4	2	6	5	1	6																																								
4	2	5	3	4	2	3																																								
5 a	<p>Consider the following relational schema</p> <p><i>BOOK</i></p> <table><tr><td><u><i>ISBN</i></u></td><td><i>Book_Title</i></td><td><i>Category</i></td><td><i>Price</i></td><td><i>Copyright_date</i></td><td><i>Year</i></td><td><i>Page_count</i></td><td><i>P_</i></td></tr></table> <p><i>PUBLISHER</i></p> <table><tr><td><u><i>P_ID</i></u></td><td><i>Pname</i></td><td><i>Address</i></td><td><i>State</i></td><td><i>Phone</i></td><td><i>Email – ID</i></td></tr></table> <p><i>AUTHOR</i></p> <table><tr><td><u><i>A_ID</i></u></td><td><i>Aname</i></td><td><i>City</i></td><td><i>State</i></td><td><i>Zip</i></td><td><i>Phone</i></td><td><i>URL</i></td></tr></table> <p><i>AUTHOR BOOK</i></p> <table><tr><td><u><i>A_ID</i></u></td><td><u><i>ISBN</i></u></td></tr></table> <p><i>REVIEW</i></p> <table><tr><td><u><i>R_ID</i></u></td><td><u><i>ISBN</i></u></td><td><i>Rating</i></td></tr></table> <p>Solve the following queries using SQL:</p> <p>i) To retrieve Name, City and URL of the author whose name is '<i>Rama karan</i>'</p> <p>ii) To retrieve title & price of all the textbooks with page count greater than 500</p> <p>iii) To retrieve the details of all the authors whose name ends with the characters <i>in</i></p> <p>iv) TO retrieve the book categories for which number of books published is less than 5</p> <p>v) TO retrieve the details of books belonging to category with page count greater than 300</p>	<u><i>ISBN</i></u>	<i>Book_Title</i>	<i>Category</i>	<i>Price</i>	<i>Copyright_date</i>	<i>Year</i>	<i>Page_count</i>	<i>P_</i>	<u><i>P_ID</i></u>	<i>Pname</i>	<i>Address</i>	<i>State</i>	<i>Phone</i>	<i>Email – ID</i>	<u><i>A_ID</i></u>	<i>Aname</i>	<i>City</i>	<i>State</i>	<i>Zip</i>	<i>Phone</i>	<i>URL</i>	<u><i>A_ID</i></u>	<u><i>ISBN</i></u>	<u><i>R_ID</i></u>	<u><i>ISBN</i></u>	<i>Rating</i>	08	3	2																
<u><i>ISBN</i></u>	<i>Book_Title</i>	<i>Category</i>	<i>Price</i>	<i>Copyright_date</i>	<i>Year</i>	<i>Page_count</i>	<i>P_</i>																																							
<u><i>P_ID</i></u>	<i>Pname</i>	<i>Address</i>	<i>State</i>	<i>Phone</i>	<i>Email – ID</i>																																									
<u><i>A_ID</i></u>	<i>Aname</i>	<i>City</i>	<i>State</i>	<i>Zip</i>	<i>Phone</i>	<i>URL</i>																																								
<u><i>A_ID</i></u>	<u><i>ISBN</i></u>																																													
<u><i>R_ID</i></u>	<u><i>ISBN</i></u>	<i>Rating</i>																																												
b	<p>Explain the <i>2NF</i> and <i>3NF</i> with examples.</p>	08	2	2																																										

		OR			
6	a	Let $R = ABCDE$, $R1 = AD$, $R2 = AB$, $R3 = BE$, $R4 = CDE$, and $R5 = AE$. Let the functional dependencies be: $A \rightarrow C$, $B \rightarrow C$, $C \rightarrow D$, $DE \rightarrow C$, $CE \rightarrow A$. Verify whether the given decomposition of R into $\{R1, R2, R3, R4, \text{and } R5\}$ is lossless join decomposition or not.	06	4	4
	b	Explain aggregate operations in <i>SQL</i> with examples.	06	2	3
	c	Let R be the relation given by $R(Person_id, Name, Address, Mobile_num, Hobby)$. Assume that the following functional dependencies and multivalued dependencies hold on R . $Person_id \rightarrow address, Name$; $Person_id \twoheadrightarrow Mobile_Num$; $Person_id \twoheadrightarrow Hobby$. Decompose Relation R into 4 <i>NF</i> .	04	4	3
7	a	Justify with reasons that, the given schedules are recoverable and conflict serializeable or not. $S1 = r1(A), w2(A), r1(B), c1, w3(B), r3(B), w3(A), c3, r2(C), c2$ $S2 = r1(A), w2(B), r1(B), c1, c2$ $S3 = r1(A), w1(A), r2(A), r1(B), w2(A), c2, a1$ $S4 = r1(A), w1(A), r2(A), r1(B), w2(A), c2, a1$	08	5	4
	b	Illustrate the following with respect to execution of transactions with examples: i) Rules for Binary locking scheme ii) Share and Exclusive locks	08	2	4
8	a	Explain Peer-to-peer Replication with a neat diagram.	08	2	4
	b	Illustrate different phases of <i>ARIES</i> algorithm.	08	2	4