## Design, Technology and Innovation, May 2024

Course Instructor: Prof. B.K. Chakravarthy Teaching Assistant: Arnav Bhagawati

## **Assignment 3**

W3A3Q1-MCQ: As stated by Professor B Ravi, what is the thumb hand formula utilized to determine the knee load during a jump?

- 1. Knees take 8 to 10 times the body weight while jumping
- 2. Knees take nearly 5 times the body weight while jumping
- 3. Knees take nearly thrice the body weight while jumping
- 4. Knees take no additional load while any rigorous physical activity

W3A3Q2-MCQ: Referring to the module Technology to Solutions, what is the purpose of the tiny holes present in tyre molds?

- 1. To drain out excess material
- 2. To provide a better texture for grip
- 3. To make the molding process faster
- 4. To let the trapped air escape out

W3A3Q3-MCQ: Which of the following incidents was like a pleasant accident observed by NFTDC while testing the total knee prosthesis in a specially designed machine?

- 1. The team realized that they needed to fabricate a new acceptor alloy which is more bio friendly
- 2. The testing machine broke down before the total knee prosthesis yielded
- 3. The team had to synthesize a new polyester material which went on to be applied to other important medical devices applications
- 4. The knee prosthetic broke down in one go for a certain configuration which helped in creating a stronger design

W3A3Q4-MCQ: Why is TKP (Total Knee Prosthesis) called a 'Mega Prosthesis'?

- 1. Because the size of the prosthesis is large
- 2. Because the surgery takes a lot of time to conduct
- 3. Because the incision made on the patient during the surgery is large
- 4. Because the prosthesis is manufactured at a large scale

W3A3Q5-MCQ: Apart from titanium, which among the following materials was used in the making of the TKP (total knee prosthesis) as discussed by professor B. Ravi?

- 1. Graphite
- 2. Plastic
- 3. Cobalt Chromium

## 4. Stainless steel

W3A3Q6-MCQ: According to Prof. Ramesh Singh in the module Technology to Solution, why is a 2-axes system not suitable for Vent Cleaning system for tyre molds?

- 1. The laser will melt the mold if a system less than 3-axes system is used
- 2. The laser needs to be pointed perpendicular to the surface of the tyre mold, so it requires more axes of freedom
- 3. The 2-axes system is suitable for vent cleaning and the above statement is false
- 4. There are more than 1600 vent holes in a tyre mold, and a 2-axes system cannot reach the vent holes

W3A3Q7-MSQ: As we talked about in the lecture on total knee prosthesis, why were imported knee prosthesis not fit for most Indians?

- 1. Because the prosthesis size variations available were according to the American standards and would not match Indian body types
- 2. Because the prosthesis was generally very heavy and cause the patient to limp
- 3. Because the prosthesis was very expensive and Indian patients cannot afford it
- 4. Because the prosthesis's quality would get compromised in the Indian climatic conditions

W3A3Q8-MCQ: Which of the following is NOT a part which makes up the TKP (total knee prosthesis)?

- 1. Tibial tray and stem
- 2. Circli
- 3. Collar bush
- 4. Condylar bush

W3A3Q9-MCQ: According to the lecture 'Technology to Innovation', which of the following options is considered the best technology for cleaning the curved surface of a tyre mould?

- 1. Water jets
- 2. Line laser
- 3. Sandpaper
- 4. Electrode spray

W3A3Q10-MCQ: What is a major problem with micro-machining?

- 1. The tool bit tends to break while machining at that scale
- 2. Motors today is incapable of such small-scale movement and precision
- 3. The physics is unviable, and there is no market for such a process of manufacturing

4. It is impossible to make machining tools at that scale