# Multiple regressions and interactions

April 4, 2018

Linear models 3:

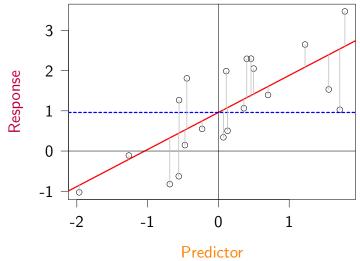
- 1 Linear model, reminder
- 2 Multiple regression
- Interaction

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Linear models 3: April 4, 2018

### A simple linear model

### $Response = Intercept + Slope \times Predictor + Error$



### A simple linear model

#### In R:

```
lm(response ~ 1 + predictor1 + predictor2, data=data)
```

Linear models 3:

- Linear model, reminder
- 2 Multiple regression
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- Linear model, reminder
- 2 Multiple regression
- Interaction

### Vocabulary warning!

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Linear models 3: April 4, 2018

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Linear models 3: April 4, 2018

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```
lm(y ~ 1 + x1 * x2)
lm(y ~ 1 + x1 + x2 + x1:x2)
```

```
lm(y ~ 1 + x1 * x2)
lm(y ~ 1 + x1 + x2 + x1:x2)
summary(lm(y~ 1 + x1*x2))
Call:
```

#### Call:

```
lm(formula = y ~~1 + x1 * x2)
```

#### Residuals:

```
Min 1Q Median 3Q Max -1.8719 -0.6777 -0.1086 0.5897 2.3166
```

#### Coefficients:

```
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 1.14098 0.09578 11.913 < 2e-16 ***
x1 -0.49281 0.10834 -4.549 1.58e-05 ***
x2 0.53434 0.09881 5.408 4.67e-07 ***
x1:x2 0.35911 0.11449 3.137 0.00227 **
```

Why the multiplication sign?

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summary(lm(y 1 + x1 + x2 + x1Xx2))

Call: lm(formula = y 1 + x1 + x2 + x1Xx2)

```
x1Xx2 <- x1*x2
```

1.49e-11

```
Coefficients: Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|) (Intercept) 1.14098 0.09 11.913 < 2e-16 *** x1 -0.49281 0.10834 -4.549 1.58e-05 *** x2 0.53434 0.098 5.408 4.67e-07 *** x1Xx2 0.35911 0.11449 3.137 0.00227 ** --- Signif. codes 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1 Residual standard error: 0.9468 on 96 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared 0.4252, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4072 F-statistic: 23.67 on 3 and 96 DF, p-val
```

Residuals: Min 1Q Median 3Q Max -1.8719 -0.6777 -0.1086 0.5897 2.3166

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Linear models 3: April 4, 2018

Why the multiplication sign? Really a multiplication, but can be complicated for factors

### Modeling warning!

 DO NOT COMPARE P-VALUES OF TWO MODELS TO TEST FOR AN INTERACTION

#### Exercise

- Load the data masssex.csv
- Fit a simple regression explaining movement by mass for each sex separately. Is the relationship different between sexes?
- Fit the multiple regression explaining movement by mass, sex, and mass:sex, using the full dataset. Is the relationship different between sexes?
- Try to understand the discreapancy by plotting the data

Linear models 3:

1.

```
masssex <- read.csv(file="masssex.csv")</pre>
```

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```
masssex <- read.csv(file="masssex.csv")</pre>
```

2.

```
summary(lm(movement ~ mass, data=masssex[masssex$sex==0,]))
summary(lm(movement ~ mass, data=masssex[masssex$sex==1,]))
```

1.

```
masssex <- read.csv(file="masssex.csv")</pre>
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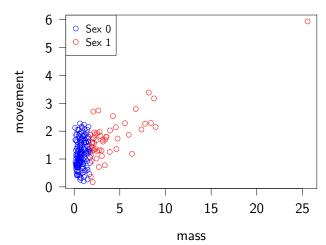
2.

```
summary(lm(movement ~ mass, data=masssex[masssex$sex==0,]))
summary(lm(movement ~ mass, data=masssex[masssex$sex==1,]))
```

3.

```
summary(lm(movement ~ mass*sex, data=masssex))
```

4.



### Next times

- April 20th Kevin on ggplot
- May 4th Nina on Structural Equation Modeling
- then, mixed models and GLM
- Other requests?