

GATE ASSIGNMENT 4

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/Ananthoju-Pranav-Sai/EE3900/blob/main/Gate_Assignment_2/codes

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Ananthoju-Pranav-Sai/EE3900/tree/main/Gate_Assignment_2/Gate_Assignment_2.tex

1 GATE EC 2010 Q.16

For an N -point FFT Algorithm with $N = 2^m$ which one of the following statements is TRUE ?

- A It is not possible to construct a signal flow graph with both input and output in normal order
- B The number of butterflies in the m^{th} stage is N/m
- C In-place computation requires storage of only $2N$ node data
- D computation of a butterfly requires only one complex multiplication.

2 SOLUTION

The FFT algorithm decomposes the DFT into $\log_2 N$ stages, each of which consists of $N/2$ butterfly computations.

Each butterfly computes 2 complex numbers $p + \alpha q$ and $p - \alpha q$ where α is a complex number.

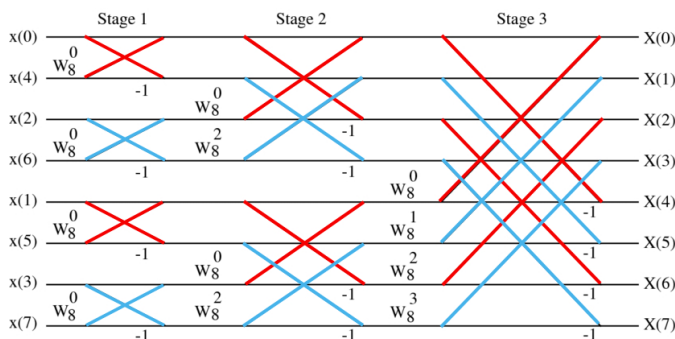


Fig. 4: Signal flow graph representing butterflies for $m=3$

Option	Explanation
A	It is possible to construct a signal flow graph with both input and output in normal order as shown in the figure below.
B	The number of butterflies in any stage is $N/2$
C	There are $\log_2 N$ stages and each stage consists of $N/2$ butterflies and each butterfly consists 2 nodes. So computation requires storage $N \log_2 N$ node data
D	Computation of butterfly requires only one complex multiplication and 2 complex addition.

TABLE 4: Option explanations

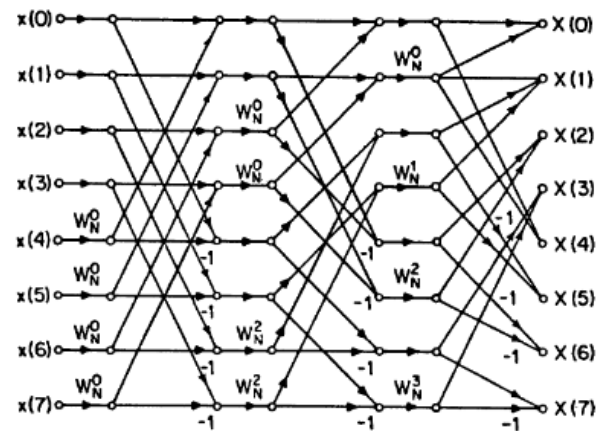


Fig. 4: Signal flow graph with both input and output in normal order for $m=3$

Source : Oppenheim and Schaffer