WebAnno Administrator Guide

The WebAnno Team

Version 3.1.0

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System Requirements

Table 1. Requirements for users

Table 2. Requirements to run the standalone version

Java Runtime Environment	version 8 or higher
,	8

Table 3. Requirements run a WebAnno server

Java Runtime Environment	version 8 or higher
Apache Tomcat	version 6 or higher (Servlet API 2.5)
MySQL Server	version 5 or higher

Installation

Prerequisites

- This guide assumes Debian 8.0.0 (Jessie). It may also work on Ubuntu with some modifications, but we do not test this. Instructions for other Linux distributions likely deviate significantly.
- It is further assumed that the user "www-data" already exists on the system and that it shall be used to run WebAnno. Finally, it is expected that you have set up a MySQL database that WebAnno can use.
- All commands assume that you are logged in as the **root** user.



If you cannot log in as root but have to use sudo to become root, then the recommended way to do that is using the command sudo su -.

Install Java 8

You can install an Oracle Java 8 JDK using the following commands.

```
$ echo "deb http://ppa.launchpad.net/webupd8team/java/ubuntu trusty main" | tee
/etc/apt/sources.list.d/webupd8team-java.list
$ echo "deb-src http://ppa.launchpad.net/webupd8team/java/ubuntu trusty main" | tee -a
/etc/apt/sources.list.d/webupd8team-java.list
$ apt-key adv --keyserver hkp://keyserver.ubuntu.com:80 --recv-keys EEA14886
$ apt-get update
$ apt-get install oracle-java8-installer
$ apt-get install oracle-java8-set-default
```

Prepare database

Install MySQL

```
$ sudo apt-get install mysql-server
```

• make sure your MySQL server is configured for UTF-8. Check the following line is present in /etc/mysql/my.cnf:

```
character-set-server = utf8
```

· login to MySQL

```
$ mysql -u root -p
```

· create a database

```
mysql> CREATE DATABASE webanno DEFAULT CHARACTER SET utf8 COLLATE utf8_bin ;
```

• create a database user called webanno with the password t0t4llYSecreT which is later used by the application to access the database (instructions for settings.properties file below).

```
mysql> CREATE USER 'webanno'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 't0t4llYSecreT';
mysql> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON webanno.* TO 'webanno'@'localhost';
```



For production use, make sure you choose a different, secret, and secure password.

Dedicated Tomcat instance

• Install package to install user-instances of Tomcat.

```
$ aptitude install tomcat8-user authbind
```

Create new instance

```
$ cd /opt
$ tomcat8-instance-create -p 18080 -c 18005 webanno
$ chown -R www-data /opt/webanno
```



If WebAnno is the only application you install on your server, then you can also have WebAnno running on port 80 or port 443. In that case, substitute all instances of port 18080 in these guidelines with the respective port. Mind that running via SSL on port 443 requires additional steps that we have not yet documented. Ports lower than 1024 are privileged and the WebAnno init script will automatically use a tool called **authbind** to allow WebAnno to operate on these ports as the unprivileged www-data user.

• Configure the startup script. Edit /etc/init.d/webanno and add the following contents or just download the file from here and place it in /etc/init.d.

```
#!/bin/sh

# Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0:
http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0

# kFreeBSD do not accept scripts as interpreters, using #!/bin/sh and sourcing.
if [ true != "$INIT_D_SCRIPT_SOURCED" ] ; then
```

```
set "$0" "$@"; INIT_D_SCRIPT_SOURCED=true . /lib/init/init-d-script
fi
### BEGIN INIT INFO
# Provides:
                     webanno
# Required-Start:
                     $remote_fs $syslog
# Required-Stop:
                     $remote fs $syslog
# Default-Start:
                     2 3 4 5
# Default-Stop:
                     0 1 6
# Short-Description: WebAnno init script
# Description:
                     This file should be placed in /etc/init.d. It
                     allows starting/stopping WebAnno using the
#
#
                     "service" command and ensures that WebAnno starts
                     when the system is booted.
### END INIT INFO
# Author: Richard Eckart de Castilho
NAMF="WebAnno"
DAEMON=none
WEBANNO_HOME="/srv/webanno"
WEBANNO PORT="18080"
WEBANNO_USER="www-data"
CATALINA_BASE="/opt/webanno"
AUTHBIND=""
JAVA_OPTS="-Djava.awt.headless=true -Xmx750m -XX:+UseConcMarkSweepGC
-Dwebanno.home=$WEBANNO HOME"
setup_authbind() {
  # log_action_msg "Setting up authbind configuration for $DESC on port
$WEBANNO_PORT"
  touch /etc/authbind/byport/$WEBANNO_PORT
  chmod 500 /etc/authbind/byport/$WEBANNO PORT
  chown $WEBANNO USER /etc/authbind/byport/$WEBANNO PORT
  AUTHBIND="authbind --deep"
}
tomcat_pid() {
  echo `ps -fe | grep -- "-Dcatalina.base=$CATALINA_BASE" | grep -v grep | tr -s "
"|cut -d" " -f2'
}
do_start_cmd_override() {
  if [ $WEBANNO_PORT -lt 1024 ]
  then
    setup_authbind
  fi
  su - www-data -s "/bin/bash" -c "JAVA_OPTS=\"$JAVA_OPTS\" $AUTHBIND
$CATALINA_BASE/bin/startup.sh" > /dev/null 2>&1
}
```

```
do_stop_cmd_override() {
   su - www-data -s "/bin/bash" -c "$CATALINA_BASE/bin/shutdown.sh" > /dev/null 2>&1
}

do_status() {
   local pid
   pid=$(tomcat_pid)
   if [ -n "$pid" ]
   then
      log_action_msg "Status $DESC: running"
      return 0
   else
      log_action_msg "Status $DESC: stopped"
      return 1
   fi
}
```

• Make the script executable and register it to run during system start:

```
$ chmod +x /etc/init.d/webanno
$ update-rc.d webanno defaults
```

Now we have a dedicated Apache Tomcat instance for WebAnno installed at /opt/webanno/ that automatically starts when the system boots and that can be managed through the usual service commands.

Deploy WAR file

• Place the WebAnno WAR into the Tomcat webapps folder:

```
$ cp webanno-webapp-3.1.0.war /opt/webanno/webapps/webanno.war
```



Mind that the copy command above renames the WAR file to webanno.war! This is important so that WebAnno is accessible at the URL noted later in the present guidelines.

• Create WebAnno home folder. This is the directory where webanno settings files and projects (Serialized Cases, Source documents...) are stored

```
$ mkdir /srv/webanno
```

• Edit /srv/webanno/settings.properties to define the database connection as well as internal backup properties and enable/disable crowd sourcing component:

```
database.dialect=org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL5InnoDBDialect
database.driver=com.mysql.jdbc.Driver
database.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/webanno
database.username=webanno
database.password=t0t4llYSecreT

# 60 * 60 * 24 * 30 = 30 days
backup.keep.time=1000000

# 60 * 5 = 5 minutes
backup.interval=1000

backup.keep.number=10

ui.brat.sentences.number = 5
```



If you are using MySQL 5.5.45+, 5.6.26+ or 5.7.6+, you may have to append ?useSSL=false to the database.url value.

• Fix permissions in WebAnno home folder

```
$ chown -R www-data /srv/webanno
```

Start WebAnno

```
$ service webanno start
```

• Open it with your browser at http://localhost:18080/webanno. If you chose to run WebAnno behind the Apache web-server use http://localhost/webanno. The first time, it will create a username admin with password admin. login with this username and proceed.

You can start with the SampleProjects to explore some of the functionalities.

Running behind Apache HTTPD

These are **optional** instructions if you want to run WebAnno behind an Apache web-server instead of accessing it directly. This assumes that you already have the following packages installed:

- · Apache Web Server
- mod_proxy
- mod_proxy_ajp
- Edit /opt/webanno/conf/server.xml and enable AJP Connector on localhost (comment in, add address, and change port

```
<Connector port="18009" protocol="AJP/1.3" redirectPort="8443" address="127.0.0.1 "/>
```

• Disable HTTP Connector (just comment it out)

```
<!--Connector port="8080" protocol="HTTP/1.1".

connectionTimeout="20000".

URIEncoding="UTF-8"

redirectPort="8443" /-->
```

• Edit /etc/apache2/conf.d/webanno.local

```
ProxyPreserveHost On

<Proxy ajp://localhost/webanno >
    Order Deny,Allow
    Deny from none
    Allow from all
</Proxy>

<Location /webanno >
    ProxyPass ajp://localhost:18009/webanno timeout=1200
    ProxyPassReverse http://localhost/webanno
</Location>
```

• Restart Apache web server

```
$ service apache2 restart
```

Database

WebAnno uses an SQL database to store project and user data.

We test MySQL using a MySQL server. WebAnno uses by default an embedded HSQLDB database. However, we recommend using the embedded database only for testing purposes. For production use, we recommend using a MySQL server. The reason for this is, that:

- · we do more testing on the MySQL server and
- in the past, we had cases where we described in-place upgrade procedures that required performing SQL commands to change the data model as part of the upgrade. We promise to try avoiding this in the future. However, in case we offer advice on fixing anything directly in the database, this advice will refer to a MySQL database.

We try to keep the data model simple, so there should be no significant requirements to the database being used. Theoretically, it should be possible to use any JDBC-compatible database after adding a corresponding driver to the classpath and configuring WebAnno to use the driver in the settings.properties file.

If you plan to use UTF-8 encoding for project name and tagset/tag name, make sure either of the following settings for MySQL databse a) in the settings.properties file, make sure that database.url includes

useUnicode=true&characterEncoding=UTF-8

b) change the my.conf MySQL databse configuration file to include the following line

character-set-server = utf8

Using HSQLDB in production

WebAnno displays a warning in the user interface when an embedded database is being used. In case that you really want to run WebAnno with an embedded database in production, you probably want to disable this warning. To do so, please add the following entry to the settings.properties file:

warnings.embeddedDatabase=false

Upgrade

Exporting/importing

- Log into WebAnno and export all the projects that you wish to migrate using the **Export** pane in the project settings
- Move your WebAnno home folder to a safe location so that WebAnno and create a new home folder in the old location
- Copy the settings.properties and formats.properties (if present) back from your moved folder
- Start the new WebAnno version to initialize the database
- · Recreate the users
 - If you are using MySQL
 - create a new database for the new WebAnno version and update the **settings.properties** accordingly
 - use mysqldump to dump the tables users and authorities from the old database and load
 it back into the new database
 - If you are not using MySQL, you have to recreate the users manually
- When upgrading to WebAnno 2.x from a pre 2.x version, remove the **format.properties** file from the WebAnno home folder
- Restart WebAnno and import the previously exported projects

In-place update

This method should work when updating only a bugfix version, e.g. from 2.0.9 to 2.0.10. When performing a minor or major update, better use the exporting/importing method above.

- Make a backup of your data before upgrading to a new version:
 - Make a copy of your WebAnno home folder
 - If you are using MySQL, make a backup of your WebAnno database, e.g. using the mysqldump command.
- · Standalone version
 - clean up the temporary installation before running the new version:
 - On OS X: rm -R "\$TMPDIR/winstoneEmbeddedWAR"
 - On Linux: rm -R /tmp/winstoneEmbeddedWAR
 - On Windows: remove the winstoneEmbeddedWAR that should be somewhere under C:\Users\<username>\AppData\Local\Temp
 - start the new version
- WAR version

- while Tomcat is running, delete the old WAR from your webapps folder
- wait until Tomcat has automatically deleted the WebAnno folder
- stop Tomcat
- place the new WAR file into your webapps folder
- start Tomcat

Upgrading Tomcat 6 to Tomcat 7

If you have been using our installation instructions to install WebAnno on Linux, you are probably running an instance of Tomcat 6. WebAnno 3 is no longer compatible with Tomcat 6 and requires at least Tomcat 7.

To upgrade your existing instance, you can try the following procedure (adapt the procedure as necessary if you have deviated from our installation instructions):

• Stop the current WebAnno Tomcat 6 instance

```
$ service webanno stop
```

• Move your old Tomcat instance out of the way

```
$ mv /opt/webanno /opt/webanno-tomcat6
```

• Install tomcat7-user package (this will automatically uninstall Tomcat 6)

```
$ apt-get install tomcat7-user
```

· Create new instance

```
$ cd /opt
$ tomcat7-instance-create -p 18080 -c 18005 webanno
$ chown -R www-data /opt/webanno
```

• Copy the WAR file over to the new instance

```
$ mv /opt/webanno-tomcat6/webapps/webanno.war /opt/webanno/webapps/webanno.war
```

• Stop the new WebAnno Tomcat 7 instance

```
$ service webanno start
```



If you have made additional changes to the Tomcat 6 configuration files, e.g. changed conf/server.xml, please make sure to redo them in the new Tomcat 7 instance.

Version 2.3.1 to 3.0.0

• The access permissions of the super admin have changed. Super admins can no longer access annotation, curation, and monitoring pages for all projects. They can only access them if they are annotators, admins, or curators in the respective projects. However, they still have full access to the project settings of all projects and can simply give themselves the missing permissions. After an upgrade to 3.0.0, all super admins who require project permissions on existing projects should assign these permissions to themselves. This also applies when importing old projects. For new projects, the creator of the project always starts with annotator, curator, and project admin permissions. If these permissions are not required by the project creator, they should be removed after project creation.

System Properties

Setting	Description	Default	Example
webanno.home	WebAnno home folder	~/.webanno	/srv/webanno
javamelody.disabled	Disable JavaMelody	true	false

Settings

Setting	Description	Default	Example
auth.mode	Authentication mode	database	preauth
auth.preauth.header.pr incipal	Principal header	remote_user	some other header
auth.preauth.newuser.r oles	Default roles for new users (comma separated)	<none></none>	ROLE_PROJECT_CREAT OR
auth.user.< <i>username</i> >.r oles	Extra roles for user (comma separated)	<none></none>	ROLE_ADMIN
database.dialect	Database dialect	org.hibernate.dialect.H SQLDialect	org.hibernate.dialect.M ySQL5InnoDBDialect
database.driver	Database driver	org.hsqldb.jdbc.JDBCDr iver	com.mysql.jdbc.Driver
database.url	JDBC connection string	location in WebAnno home	jdbc:mysql://localhost:3 306/weblab?useUnicod e=true&characterEncod ing=UTF-8
database.username	Database username	sa	user
database.password	Database password	sa	pass
database.initial-pool- size	Initial database connection pool size	4	
database.min-pool-size	Minimum database connection pool size	4	
database.max-pool-size	Maximum database connection pool size	10	
backup.interval	Time between backups (seconds)	0	300 (60 * 5 = 5 minutes)
backup.keep.number	Maximum number of backups to keep	0	5
backup.keep.time	Maximum age of backups to keep (seconds)	0	2592000 (60 * 60 * 24 * 30 = 30 days)
ui.brat.sentences.numb er	The number of sentences to display per page	5	
crowdsource.enabled	Enable crowdsourcing	0	1

Setting	Description	Default	Example
style.logo	Logo image displayed in the upper-right corner	unset	path to an image file
warnings.embeddedDat abase	Warn about using an embedded database	true	false
warnings.unsupported Browser	Warn about unsupported browser	true	false
debug.showExceptionP age	Show a page with a stack trace instead of an "Internal error" page. Do not use in production!	false	true
login.message	Custom message to appear on the login page, such as project web-site, annotation guideline link, The message can be an HTML content.	unset	Use are your own risk.</span
user.profile.accessible	Whether regular users can access their own profile to change their password and other profile information. This setting has no effect if WebAnno is running in preauthentication mode.	false	true

Internal backups

WebAnno stores its annotations internally in files. Whenever a user performs an action on a document, the file is updated. It is possible to configure WebAnno to keep internal backups of these files, e.g. to safeguard against crashes or bugs.

The internal backups are controlled through three properties:

Setting	Description	Default
backup.interval	Time between backups (seconds)	0 (disabled)
backup.keep.number	Maximum number of backups to keep	0 (unlimited)
backup.keep.time	Maximum age of backups to keep (seconds)	0 (unlimited)

By default, backups are disabled (**backup.interval** is set to 0). Changing this properties to any positive number enables internal backups. The interval controls the minimum time between changes to a document that needs to have elapsed in order for a new backup to be created.

When backups are enabled, either or both of the properties **backup.keep.number** and **backup.keep.time** should be changed as well, because their default values will cause the backups to be stored indefinitely and they will eventually fill up the disk.

The properties **backup.keep.number** and **backup.keep.time** control how long backups are keep and the maximal number of backups to keep. These settings are effective simultaneously.

Example: Make backups every 5 minutes and keep 10 backups irrespective of age

```
backup.interval = 300
backup.keep.number = 10
backup.keep.time = 0
```

Example: Make backups every 5 minutes and all not older than 7 days (60 * 60 * 24 * 7 seconds)

```
backup.interval = 300
backup.keep.number = 0
backup.keep.time = 604800
```

Example: Make backups every 5 minutes and keep at most 10 backups that are not older than 7 days

```
backup.interval = 300
backup.keep.number = 10
backup.keep.time = 604800
```

External pre-authentication

WebAnno can be used in conjunction with header-based external per-authentication. In this mode, WebAnno looks for a special HTTP header (by default remote_user) and if that header exists, it is taken for granted that this user has been authenticated. WebAnno will check its internal database if a user by the given name exists, otherwise it will create the user.

Pre-authentication can be enabled by setting the property auth.mode to preauth. When enabling pre-authentication mode, the default roles for new users can be controlled using the auth.preauth.newuser.roles property. The ROLE_USER is always added, even if not specified explicitly. Adding also the role ROLE_PROEJCT_CREATOR allows all auto-created users also to create their own projects.

Since the default administrator user is not created in pre-authentication, it is useful to also declare at least one user as an administrator. This is done through the property auth.user.<username>.roles where <username> must be replaced with the name of the user. The example below shows how the user Franz is given administrator permissions.

Example: Authenticate using the remote_user header, new users can create projects, user Franz is always admin.

- The roles specified through auth.preauth.newuser.roles are saved in the database when a user logs in for the first time and can be changed after creation through the user interface.
- The roles added through auth.user.<username>.roles properties are **not** saved in the database and **cannot** be edited through the user interface.