

Electric Vehicle Sales Analysis

About Dataset:

- ▶ The dataset contains the following columns:
- ▶ ● Year: The year of the sales.
- ▶ ● Month_Name: The month in which sales occurred.
- ▶ ● Date: The specific date of the sales.
- ▶ ● State: The state in India where the sales occurred.
- ▶ ● Vehicle_Class: The class of the vehicle (e.g., sedan, SUV, etc.).
- ▶ ● Vehicle_Category: The category of the vehicle (e.g., commercial, passenger).
- ▶ ● Vehicle_Type: The type of the vehicle (e.g., 2-wheeler, 4-wheeler).
- ▶ ● EV_Sales_Quantity: The quantity of EV sales.

Objective:

- ▶ This project aims to analyze and predict the sales of Electric Vehicles (EV) by state in India using machine learning.

Steps:

- ▶ 1. Data Collection: Load and inspect the dataset.
- ▶ 2. Data Preprocessing: Handle missing values, convert date formats, and perform feature engineering.
- ▶ 3. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA): Visualize trends and relationships between variables.
- ▶ 4. Feature Engineering: Create new features from the date column and encode categorical variables.
- ▶ 5. Modeling: Build a regression model to predict EV sales.
- ▶ 6. Evaluation: Evaluate the model performance and interpret the results.
- ▶ 7. Visualization: Visualize the results and trends using graphs and charts.

Data Loading:

```
df = pd.read_csv(r'C:\Users\HP\Downloads\Electric Vehicle Sales by State in India.csv')
df
```

	Year	Month_Name	Date	State	Vehicle_Class	Vehicle_Category	Vehicle_Type	EV_Sales_Quantity
0	2014.0	jan	1/1/2014	Andhra Pradesh	ADAPTED VEHICLE	Others	Others	0.0
1	2014.0	jan	1/1/2014	Andhra Pradesh	AGRICULTURAL TRACTOR	Others	Others	0.0
2	2014.0	jan	1/1/2014	Andhra Pradesh	AMBULANCE	Others	Others	0.0
3	2014.0	jan	1/1/2014	Andhra Pradesh	ARTICULATED VEHICLE	Others	Others	0.0
4	2014.0	jan	1/1/2014	Andhra Pradesh	BUS	Bus	Bus	0.0
...
96840	2023.0	dec	12/1/2023	Andaman & Nicobar Island	MOTOR CAR	4-Wheelers	4W_Personal	1.0
96841	2023.0	dec	12/1/2023	Andaman & Nicobar Island	MOTOR CYCLE/SCOOTER-USED FOR HIRE	2-Wheelers	2W_Shared	5.0
96842	2023.0	dec	12/1/2023	Andaman & Nicobar Island	OMNI BUS	Bus	Bus	0.0
96843	2023.0	dec	12/1/2023	Andaman & Nicobar Island	THREE WHEELER (GOODS)	3-Wheelers	3W_Goods	0.0
96844	2023.0	dec	12/1/2023	Andaman & Nicobar Island	THREE WHEELER (PASSENGER)	3-Wheelers	3W_Shared	0.0

Data Preparation and Cleaning:

```
: df.shape
```

```
: (96845, 8)
```

```
: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 96845 entries, 0 to 96844
Data columns (total 8 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Year                  96845 non-null float64
1   Month_Name            96845 non-null object
2   Date                  96845 non-null object
3   State                 96845 non-null object
4   Vehicle_Class          96845 non-null object
5   Vehicle_Category       96845 non-null object
6   Vehicle_Type           96845 non-null object
7   EV_Sales_Quantity      96845 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(2), object(6)
memory usage: 5.9+ MB
```

```
df.nunique()
```

```
Year                11
Month_Name           12
Date                121
State                34
Vehicle_Class        73
Vehicle_Category      5
Vehicle_Type         12
EV_Sales_Quantity    1447
dtype: int64
```

```
df.isnull().sum()
```

```
Year                0
Month_Name           0
Date                 0
State                0
Vehicle_Class         0
Vehicle_Category      0
Vehicle_Type          0
EV_Sales_Quantity     0
dtype: int64
```

```
df.duplicated().sum()
```

```
np.int64(0)
```

```
: df['Year'] = df['Year'].astype(int)
```

```
: df.info()
```

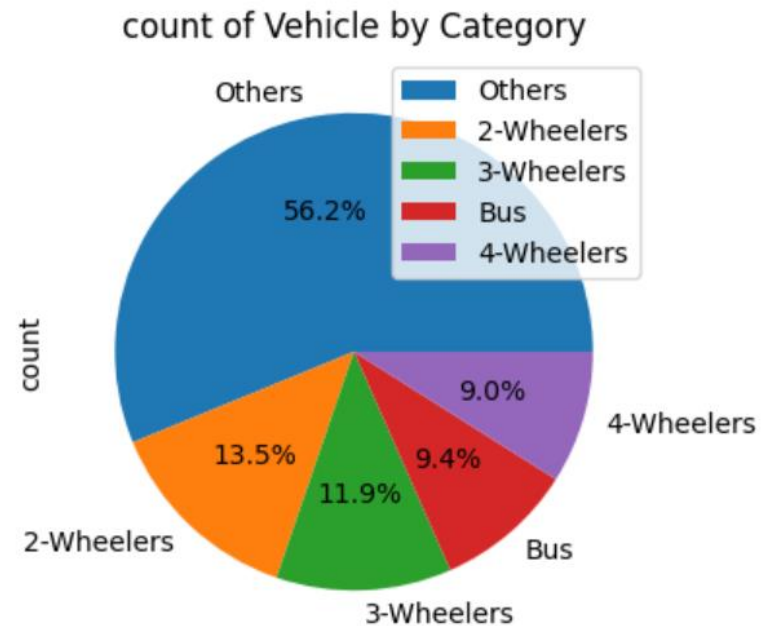
```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 96845 entries, 0 to 96844
Data columns (total 8 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Year                  96845 non-null int64
1   Month_Name            96845 non-null object
2   Date                  96845 non-null object
3   State                 96845 non-null object
4   Vehicle_Class          96845 non-null object
5   Vehicle_Category       96845 non-null object
6   Vehicle_Type           96845 non-null object
7   EV_Sales_Quantity      96845 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(1), int64(1), object(6)
memory usage: 5.9+ MB
```

count of vehicles in different category:

```
vc = df['Vehicle_Category'].value_counts()  
vc
```

```
Vehicle_Category  
Others          54423  
2-Wheelers      13121  
3-Wheelers      11491  
Bus              9119  
4-Wheelers       8691  
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
vc.plot(kind= "pie", figsize = (5,4), autopct = "%1.1f%%")  
  
plt.title("count of Vehicle by Category")  
plt.legend(labels = vc.index)  
plt.show()
```

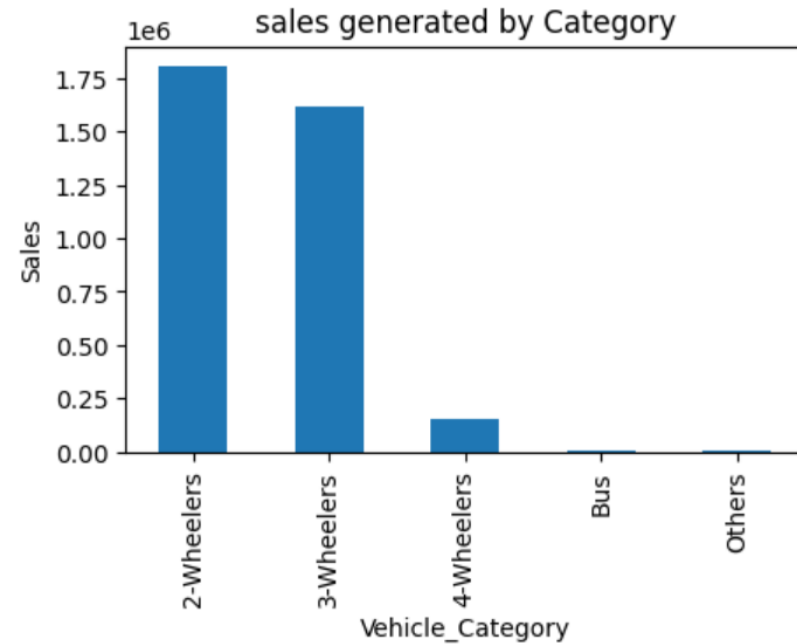


Sales Contribution by Category:

```
vc_sales = df.groupby('Vehicle_Category')['EV_Sales_Quantity'].sum()  
vc_sales
```

```
Vehicle_Category  
2-Wheelers      1808105.0  
3-Wheelers      1620310.0  
4-Wheelers      149775.0  
Bus              7009.0  
Others           8612.0  
Name: EV_Sales_Quantity, dtype: float64
```

```
vc_sales.plot(kind = "bar", figsize = (5,3))  
plt.title("sales generated by Category")  
plt.ylabel("Sales")  
plt.show()
```

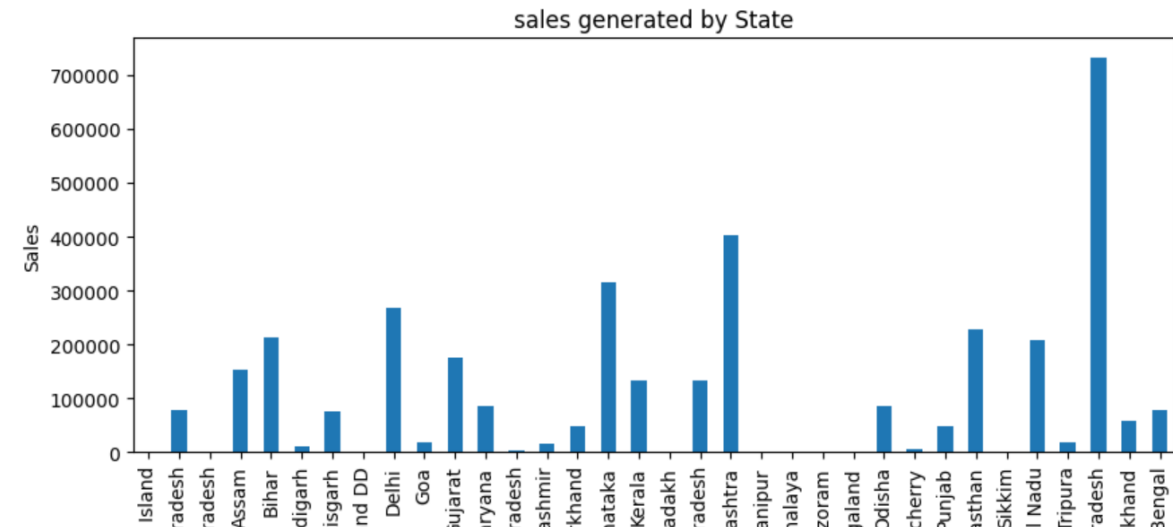


Sales Contribution by State:

```
st_sales = df.groupby('State')['EV_Sales_Quantity'].sum()
st_sales
```

State	
Andaman & Nicobar Island	202.0
Andhra Pradesh	77356.0
Arunachal Pradesh	40.0
Assam	151917.0
Bihar	213465.0
Chandigarh	11453.0
Chhattisgarh	75275.0
DNH and DD	431.0
Delhi	268538.0
Goa	17382.0
Gujarat	176713.0
Haryana	85250.0
Himachal Pradesh	2886.0
Jammu and Kashmir	16840.0
Jharkhand	47871.0
Karnataka	315498.0
Kerala	133246.0
Ladakh	88.0

```
st_sales.plot(kind = "bar", figsize = (10,4))
plt.title("sales generated by State")
plt.ylabel("Sales")
plt.show()
```

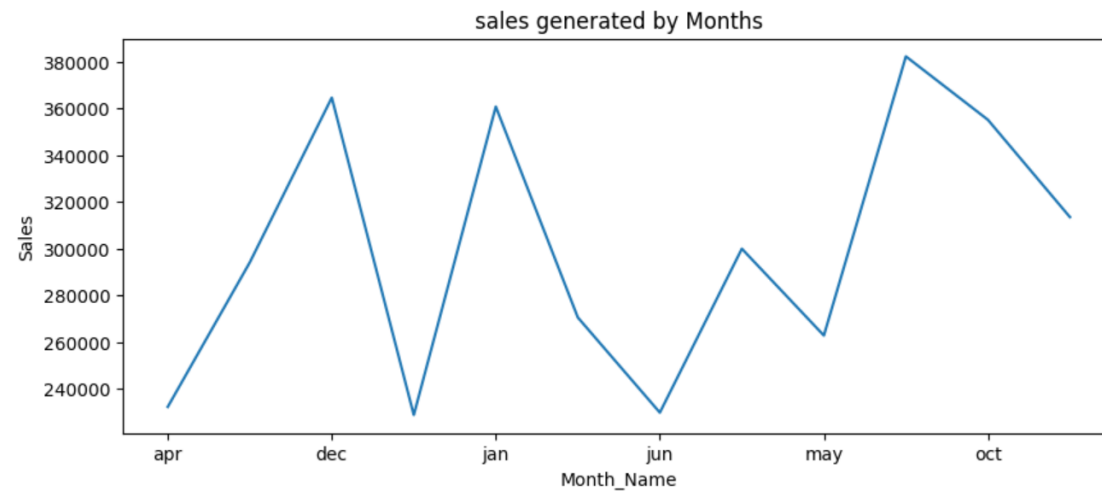


Sales by Month:

```
mn_sales = df.groupby('Month_Name')['EV_Sales_Quantity'].sum()  
mn_sales
```

```
Month_Name  
apr      232194.0  
aug      294022.0  
dec      364558.0  
feb      228739.0  
jan      360703.0  
jul      270473.0  
jun      229754.0  
mar      299888.0  
may      262747.0  
nov      382217.0  
oct      355083.0  
sep      313433.0  
Name: EV_Sales_Quantity, dtype: float64
```

```
mn_sales.plot(kind = "line", figsize = (10,4))  
plt.title("sales generated by Months")  
plt.ylabel("Sales")  
plt.show()
```



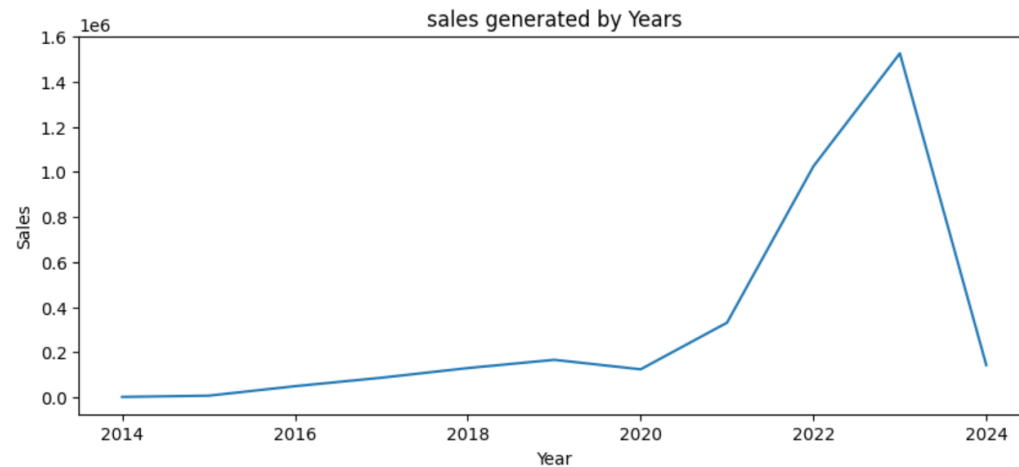
Sales generated by Year:

```
yr_sales = df.groupby('Year')['EV_Sales_Quantity'].sum()  
yr_sales
```

Year	
2014	2392.0
2015	7805.0
2016	49855.0
2017	87420.0
2018	130254.0
2019	166819.0
2020	124684.0
2021	331498.0
2022	1024723.0
2023	1525179.0
2024	143182.0

Name: EV_Sales_Quantity, dtype: float64

```
yr_sales.plot(kind = "line", figsize = (10,4))  
plt.title("sales generated by Years")  
plt.ylabel("Sales")  
plt.show()
```



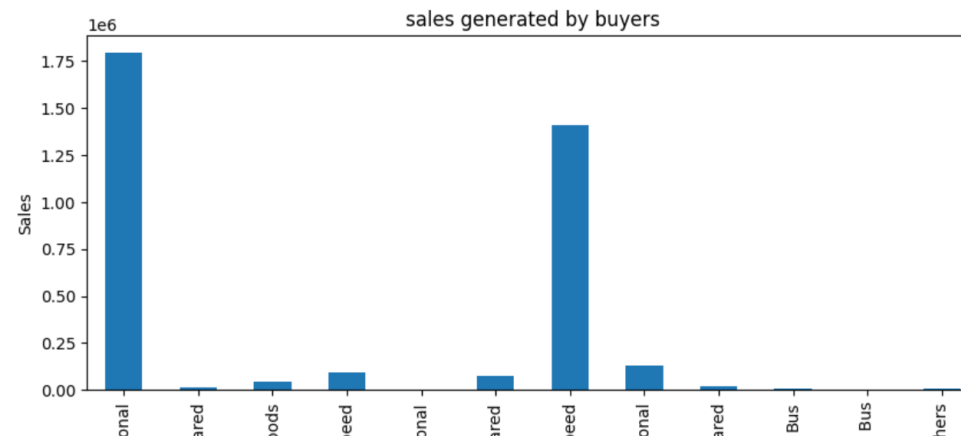
Sales Generated by Vehicle Type:

```
vt_sales = df.groupby('Vehicle_Type')['EV_Sales_Quantity'].sum()
vt_sales
```

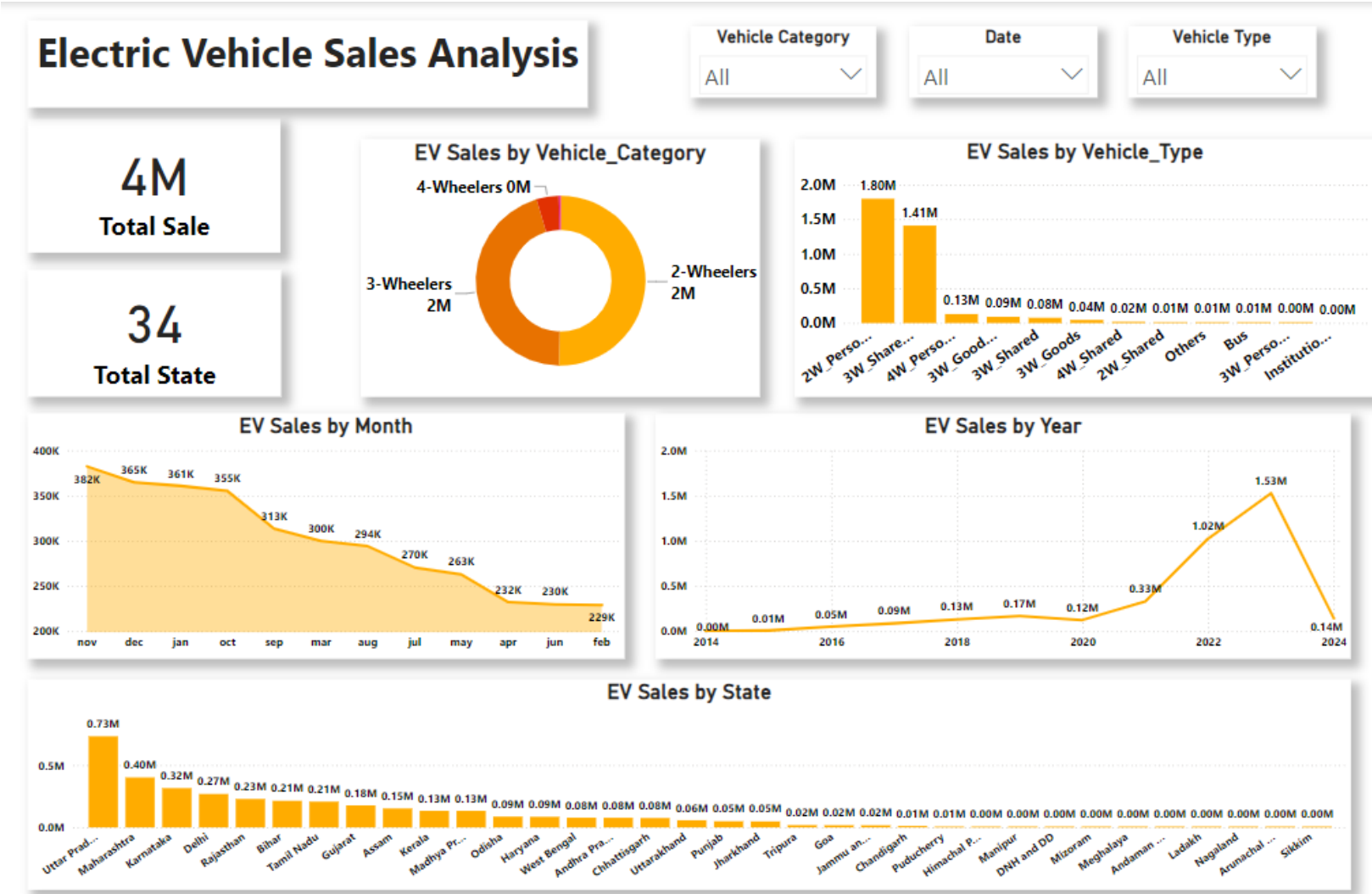
Vehicle_Type	
2W_Personal	1796340.0
2W_Shared	11765.0
3W_Goods	44974.0
3W_Goods_LowSpeed	90656.0
3W_Personal	421.0
3W_Shared	76132.0
3W_Shared_LowSpeed	1408127.0
4W_Personal	130676.0
4W_Shared	19099.0
Bus	7009.0
Institution Bus	0.0
Others	8612.0

Name: EV_Sales_Quantity, dtype: float64

```
vt_sales.plot(kind="bar", figsize=(10,4))
plt.title("sales generated by buyers")
plt.ylabel("Sales")
plt.show()
```



Dashboard:



Insights:

- ▶ 1.A significant number of vehicles are categorized under the "Other" segment.
- ▶ 2.The 2-wheeler category accounts for the highest sales, underscoring its popularity as a preferred mode of transportation, likely due to affordability, ease of use, and adaptability for personal use.
- ▶ 3.Uttar Pradesh and Maharashtra lead in EV sales, showcasing strong demand in these states. This could be attributed to factors like population density, urbanization, and state-level EV incentives.
- ▶ 4.November records the highest sales volume, likely influenced by festive seasons, year-end discounts, or government policies promoting EV adoption during this time.
- ▶ 5.The year 2023 witnessed the most significant growth in sales, reflecting increased consumer awareness, improved EV infrastructure, and aggressive marketing campaigns by manufacturers.
- ▶ 6.The majority of sales come from 2-wheeler personal vehicles, reinforcing their utility as an efficient and economical transportation option for individual consumers.