

FACTORIALS BASED BEST QUESTIONS.

Day 3

RANKA
DATE / /
PAGE

Concept: FACTORIAL

$$5! = 120$$

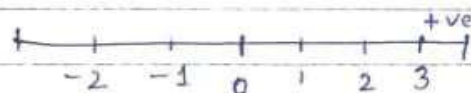
$$5! = 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 120$$

$$n! = n \times (n-1) \times (n-2) \times (n-3) \dots$$

$$= (n-1+1)(n-2+1)(n-3+1) \dots (n-r+1)$$

$$n! = n \times (n-1)!$$

$$(n-1)! = (n-1) \times (n-2)!$$



* The negative no, which is near to zero that is bigger

Remember.

$1! = 1$	$4! = 24$	$7! = 5040$
$2! = 2$	$5! = 120$	$8! = 20160$
$3! = 6$	$6! = 720$	$9! = 362880$
		$10! = 3628800$

(1)

$$a = 3$$

$$b = 4$$

$$c = 3$$

$$d = 6$$

(2)

$$a = 5$$

$$b = 4$$

$$c = 3$$

$$d = 12$$

(3)

$$a = 1$$

$$b = 7$$

$$c = 9$$

$$d = 3$$

(*) $4!$ and onwards every factorial is $\div 4$

(*) $5!$ and onwards every factorial has
it unit digit = 0

RANKA	
DATE	/ /
PAGE	

Questions

① if $a! + b! + c! + d! + e!$ is a two digit number, find the maximum value

(general question)

$$a = 3$$

$$b = 4$$

$$c = 3$$

$$d = 6$$

$$a! = 1! = 1$$

$$b! = 2! = 2$$

$$c! = 3! = 6$$

$$d! = 4! = 24 \checkmark = \text{is a two digit no, gives the maximum value}$$

$$e! = 5! = 120 \times$$

②

If the unit digit of $a! + b! + c!$ is 9
then find the value of $(a!)(b!)(c!)$

$$a = 5$$

$$b = 4$$

$$c = 3$$

$$d = 12$$

$$a! = 1! = 1 \quad (1)(2)(6) = 12 //$$

$$b! = 2! = 2 \quad + 9$$

$$c! = 3! = 6$$

③

what will be the ten's digit of $1! + 2! + 3! + 4! + 5! + \dots + 10!$?

{ten's one's}

$$a = 1$$

$$b = 7$$

$$c = 9$$

$$d = 3$$

$$= 1! + 2! + 3! + 4! + 5! + 6! + 7! \quad 8! \dots \text{last two digit}$$

$$= 1 + 2 + 6 + 24 + 120 + 720 + 5040 + 40320 + 362880$$

$$= 1 + 2 + 6 + 24 + 20 + 20 + 40 + 20 + 80 + 00$$

$$= \begin{array}{r} 213 \\ \hline \text{hundreds} \quad \text{tens} \quad \text{ones} \\ \text{ends} \end{array}$$

④

Find the unit digit of

$$1! + 2! + 3! + 4! + \dots + 50!$$

RANKA	
DATE	/ /
PAGE	

$$A = 2$$

$$b = 5$$

$$c = 7$$

$$d = 3$$

$$5! \dots 50! = \text{unit digit } 0$$

$$1! = 1$$

$$2! = 2$$

$$3! = 6$$

$$4! = 24$$

$$\underline{33}$$

⑤

Find the unit digit of

$$1!^1 + 2!^2 + 3!^3 + \dots + 89!^{89}$$

$$a = 7$$

$$b = 5$$

$$c = 9$$

$$d = 6$$

$$(1)^2 + (2)^2 + (6)^3 + (24)^4 + \dots + (89!)^{86}$$

unit digit = 0

$$= 1 + 4 + 216 + 24$$

$$4^4 = 256$$

$$= 1 + 4 + 6 + 6 = 17$$

⑥

Find unit digit :

$$(23)^{93!} \times (77)^{23!} \times (38)^{23!} \times (25)^{11!}$$

$$a = 0$$

$$b = 2$$

$$c = 1$$

$$d = 3$$

$$= (3)^{93!} \times (7)^{23!} \times (8)^{23!} \times (5)^{11!}$$

$$= (3)^{4!} \times (7)^4 \times (8)^4 \times (5)^4$$

unit digits

$$= 1 \times 1 \times 6 \times 5$$

$$= 30$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 81 \\ 93 \\ 83 \\ \hline 10 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \overline{) 235} \\ \underline{20} \\ 3 \end{array}$$

(*) 4 factorial and onwards it will give you 4

(7)

Find unit digits : $9!$

$(9000! + 9)$

9

+

$(8000! + 8)$

8

+

$(2000! + 2)$

2

RANKA	
DATE	/ /
PAGE	

$a = 3$

$b = 4$

$c = 6$

$d = \text{None}$

$$= \overset{(4+9)}{9} + \overset{(4+8)}{8} + \dots + \overset{(4+2)}{2}$$

$$= 9^{13} + 8^{12} + 7^{11} + 6^{10} + 5^9 + 4^8 + 3^7 + 2^6$$

$$= 9^{\text{odd}} + 8^4 + 7^3 + 6 + 5 + 6 + 3^3 + 2^2$$

$$= 9 + 4096 + 343 + 6 + 5 + 6 + 27 + 4$$

$$= \underline{46}$$

(8)

Can a factorial be defined for negative number?

a yes

b no

 $()^2$

(9)

Find the perfect square among the following

$$a = 37! \times 38! \quad (*) \text{ option Attack!}$$

$$b = 36! \times 35!$$

$$c = 39! \times 40!$$

$$d = 34! \times 37!$$

$$n! = n(n-1)!$$

$$a) 37! \times 38!$$

$$37! \times 38 \times 37!$$

$$(37!)^2 \times 38 \times$$

$$c = 39! \times 40!$$

$$39! \times 40 \times 39! \quad b) = 36! \times 35!$$

$$(39!)^2 \times 40 \times$$

$$36 \times 35! \times 35!$$

$$(6)^2 \times (35!)^2 \checkmark$$

$$d = 34! \times 37!$$

$$34! \times 37 \times 36 \times 35 \times 34!$$

$$(34!)^2 \times 37 \times (6)^2 \times 35 \times$$

Remember

(*) Minimum $5! = 120$ you should know

RANKA	
DATE	/ /
PAGE	

(*) $4!$ & onwards $\div 4$

(*) $5!$ & onwards $\rightarrow 0$ (unit digit)