Section 11

Attempt all questions.

 $[3 \times 2 = 6 \text{ Marks}]$

- Q1. Construct a Moore machine that takes binary numbers as input and produces residue modulo '3' as output.
- Q2. Construct and verify a FA that accepts all the decimal strings divisible by 4.
- Q3. Write the statement of Pumping Lemma for Regular sets with at least one application.

Section - B

Attempt all questions

 $[3 \times 3 = 9 \text{ Marks}]$

Q1. Construct a FA in such that accepts the strings having no. of 'a' divisible by 3 and no. of 'b' divisible by 2 i.e.

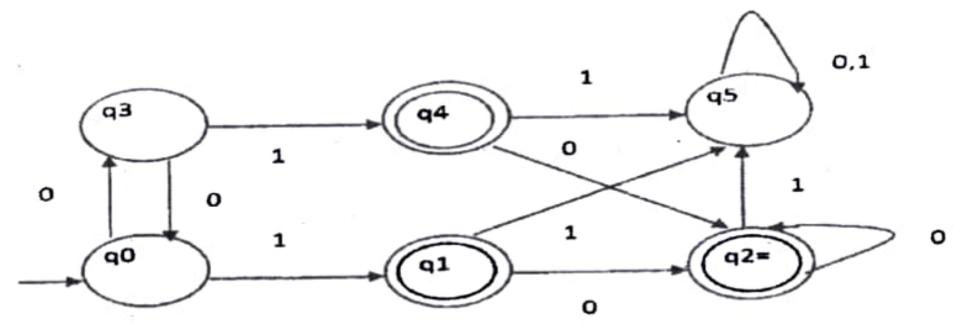
 $n_a(w) \cong 0 \mod 3$, & $n_b(w) \cong 0 \mod 2$, where $w \in (a,b)^*$

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$$n_a(w) \cong 0 \mod 3$$
, & $n_b(w) \cong 0 \mod 2$, where $w \in (a,b)^*$

Q2. Construct a DFA equivalent to the given regular expression as:

Q3. Minimize the given FA in step by step manner:



- Draw a deterministic finite automaton (DFA) that recognizes the language over the alphabet {0, 1} consisting of all those strings that contain an odd number of 1's.
- 2. Find all strings in L ((a + b)*b(a + ab)*) of length less than four.
- 3. Draw a NFA for the language $L = \{ w \in \Sigma^{\bullet} \mid w \text{ contains the substring 0101, i.e., } w = x0101y \text{ for some } x, y \in \Sigma^{\bullet} \}$

Section-B

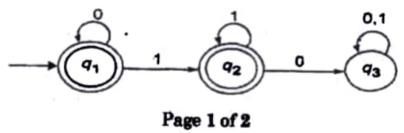
Attempt All Three Questions.

 $[3 \times 3 = 9]$

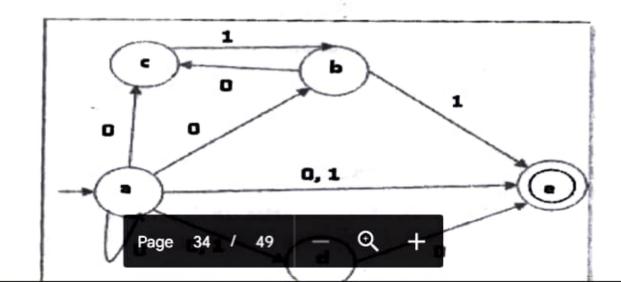
- 4. Construct a DFA for the set of strings over {a, b} containing both ab and ba as substrings.
- 5. Construct a Moore machine that takes binary numbers as input and produces residue modulo '3' as output.
- Let ∑ = {a, b}. For each of the following languages over ∑, find a RE representing it.
 - a. All string that contain exactly one b
 - b. L = {w | w contains at least three consecutive 1s}
 - c. All strings that contain either sub-string aaa or bbb.

Section - C

7. Apply Arden's theorem to find the Regular Expression corresponding to the following FA

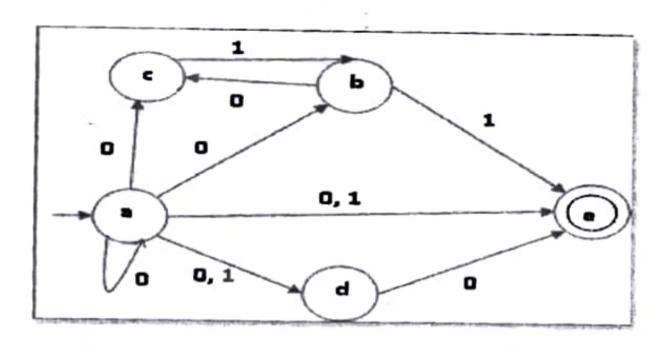


Convert the following Non Deterministic Finite Automaton into an
equivalent deterministic automaton M. Clearly mention all the 5 tuples of M
and draw the complete transition graph.



 Convert the following Non Deterministic Finite Automaton into an equivalent deterministic automaton M. Clearly mention all the 5 tuples of M and draw the complete transition graph.

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Minimize the DFA whose transition table is given below. Draw the transition graph for the minimized DFA.

Present State	Next State	
I resem State	а	b
→q0	q1	q5
q1	q 6	q2
q2 (Final state)	q0	q2
q3	q2	q6
q4	q7	q 5
q 5	q2	q 6
q6	q 6	q4
Page 34 /	49 46 Q	+ 2

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Present State	Next State	
r resent State	а	b
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q2 (Final state)	q0	q2
q8	q2	q6
q4	q 7	q 5
q5	q2	q 6
q6	q 6	q 4
. q7	q 6	q 2

Attempt both of the following.

$$[2.5 + 2.5 = 5]$$

- a. Consider a language over the alphabet {0, 1} consisting of the strings that meet the following conditions:
 - The length of the strings is 6.
 - The last two characters must both be zero. For example, 110000, 001100, and 111100 are all in the language; 000011, 001010, and 111001 are not.

Write a regular expression that defines this language.

b. Construct a DFA equivalent to the regular expression a* (ba*)*.
Note: Directly draw the DFA.

Section A

Note: Attempt All Questions

(1x5=5)

- I. Write the regular expression for L= {aⁱb^j, i is multiple of 3 and j is multiple of 2}.
- II. How many final states will be there in a DFA which accept strings containing exactly two 0's or exactly two 1's?
- III. State Pumping Lemma for regular languages.
- IV. Design a NFA which accept L = {ab, ba}.
 - V. Write two strings which are not the member of L = {a, ab, abb, bab}*.

Section B

Note: Attempt any Three Questions

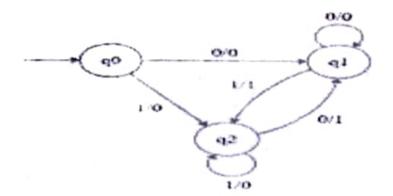
(2x3=6)

I. Construct an equivalent DFA for the given NFA:

State/Input	а	b
→ q1	q2, q3	ql
q2	q1, q2	q1, q2
q3*	q2	q1, q2

q2	41, 42	q1, q2
q3*	q2	q1, q2

II. Convert the given Mealy machine to equivalent Moore machine:



- III. Design a DFA which accept all strings ending with 'aab' over ∑ = {a, b}.
- IV. Construct finite automata for the regular expression abb+a(abb)**

 | Page 8 / 41 Q +

- III. Design a DFA which accept all strings ending with 'aab' over ∑ = {a, b}.
- IV. Construct finite automata for the regular expression abb+a(a+b)*ba

Section C

Note: Attempt any Three Questions

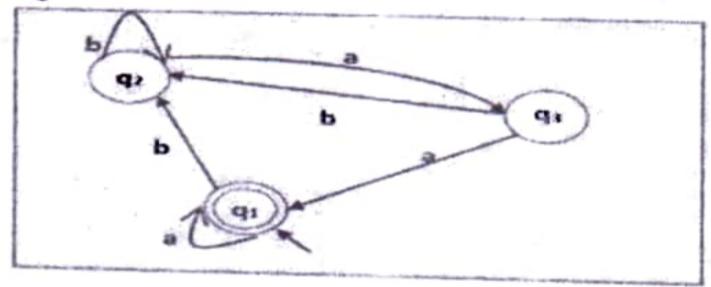
(3x3=9)

- Construct a DFA which accepts all binary integers divisible by 2 and 3.
- II. Construct a minimum-state automata for given DFA:

State/Input	0	1
→A	В	A
В	Α	С
C	D	В
D*	D	A
Е	D	F
F	G	E
G	F	G
Н	G	D

- III. State and prove Arden's theorem for regular expressions.
- IV. Obtain regular expression for given finite automata using algebraic page 9 / 41 0 +

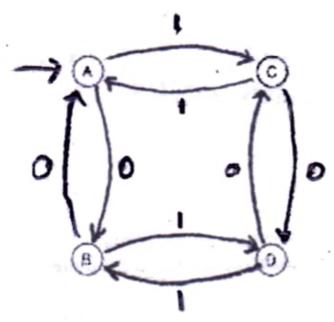
- III. State and prove Arden's theorem for regular expressions.
- IV. Obtain regular expression for given finite automata using algebraic method:



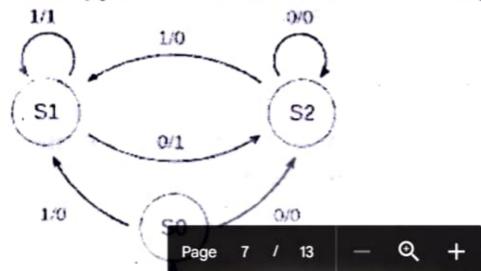
- A.I Consider the following statements. Write the false statement(s) in your answer book.
 - The number of outgoing arcs from a state of a DFA is always equal to |Σ|.
 - Not all finite languages are regular.
 - The family of regular languages is closed under intersection.
 - The number of outgoing arcs from a state of a NFA is always equal to |Σ|.

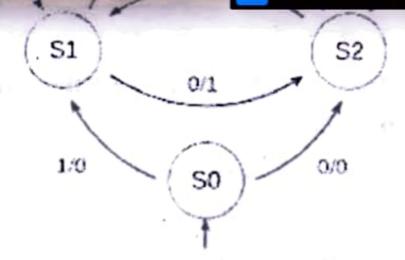
- A.II Which of the following strings are matched by the regular expression aa*bb*b + (bb+aa)*
 - aaa aaaa
 - aabbbbaab
- A.III Consider the following finite automaton over the alphabet {0, 1}. Which states should be made accepting in order for

this automaton to accept the language of strings with odd length?



- A.IV What are the applications of Finite Automata?
 - A.V What type of machine does the following represent? Why?





Section B

Note: Attempt any Three Questions

[2x3=6]

- B.I Give a DFA for the following language, specified by a transition diagram, where $\Sigma = \{0, 1, 2\}$.
 - $L = (w \in \Sigma^* \mid w \text{ begins with } 0 \text{ or ends with } 0 \text{ but not both})$
- B.II Show that the family of regular languages is closed under difference $(L_1 L_2)$.

B.III What language is represented by the regular expression (((a*a)b)Ub)?

B.IV Design an NFA with three states that accepts the language {ab, abc}*.

Section C

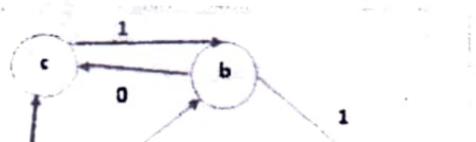
Note: Attempt any Three Questions

[3x3=9]

C.I Prove that the following language is not regular using Pumping Lemma.

$$L = \{a^n b^l c^k \mid k \ge n + l\}$$

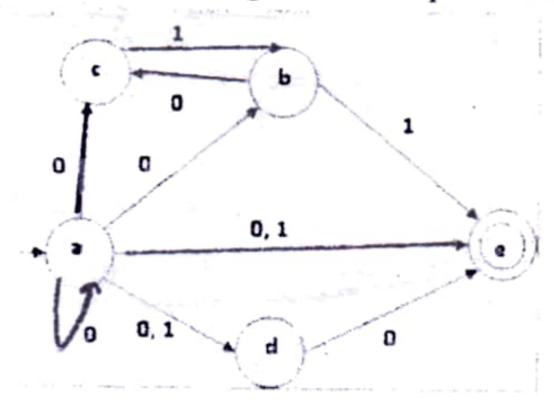
C.II Convert the following NFA to an equivalent DFA.



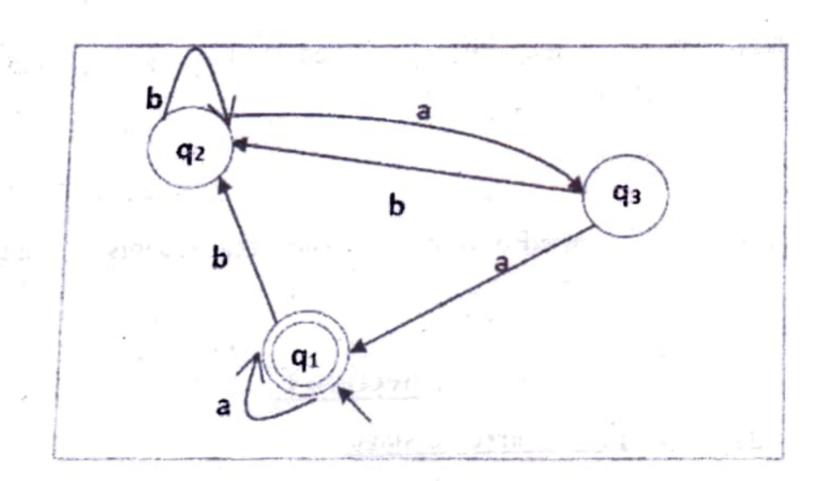
Pumping Lemma.

$$L = \{a^n b^l c^k \mid k \ge n + l\}$$

C.II Convert the following NFA to an equivalent DFA.



C.III Use Arden's Theorem to construct a regular expression corresponding to the automata given below.



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C.IV Minimize the following DFA.

