

# **Evaluating a Learning Algorithm**

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- Video: Evaluating a Hypothesis 7 min
- Reading: Evaluating a Hypothesis 4 min
- Video: Model Selection and Train/Validation/Test Sets
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- Reading: Model Selection and Train/Validation/Test Sets
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#### Bias vs. Variance

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- Video: Regularization and Bias/Variance
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### **Review**

### **Building a Spam Classifier**

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## Diagnosing Bias vs. Variance

In this section we examine the relationship between the degree of the polynomial d and the underfitting or overfitting of our hypothesis.

- We need to distinguish whether **bias** or **variance** is the problem contributing to bad predictions.
- High bias is underfitting and high variance is overfitting.
   Ideally, we need to find a golden mean between these two.

The training error will tend to **decrease** as we increase the degree d of the polynomial.

At the same time, the cross validation error will tend to **decrease** as we increase d up to a point, and then it will **increase** as d is increased, forming a convex curve.

**High bias (underfitting)**: both  $J_{train}(\Theta)$  and  $J_{CV}(\Theta)$  will be high. Also,  $J_{CV}(\Theta) \approx J_{train}(\Theta)$ .

**High variance (overfitting)**:  $J_{train}(\Theta)$  will be low and  $J_{CV}(\Theta)$  will be much greater than  $J_{train}(\Theta)$ .

The is summarized in the figure below:

