



Environment Setup Instructions

- ✓ **Reading:** Setting Up Your Programming Assignment Environment
8 min
- ✓ **Reading:** Access MATLAB Online and Upload the Exercise Files
3 min
- ✓ **Reading:** Installing Octave on Windows
3 min
- ✓ **Reading:** Installing Octave on Mac OS X (10.10 Yosemite and 10.9 Mavericks and Later)
10 min
- ✓ **Reading:** Installing Octave on Mac OS X (10.8 Mountain Lion and Earlier)
3 min
- ✓ **Reading:** Installing Octave on GNU/Linux
7 min
- ✓ **Reading:** More Octave/MATLAB resources
10 min

Multivariate Linear Regression

- ✓ **Video:** Multiple Features
8 min
- ✓ **Reading:** Multiple Features
3 min
- ✓ **Video:** Gradient Descent for Multiple Variables
5 min
- ✓ **Reading:** Gradient Descent For Multiple Variables
2 min
- ✓ **Video:** Gradient Descent in Practice I - Feature Scaling



Gradient Descent For Multiple Variables

Gradient Descent for Multiple Variables

The gradient descent equation itself is generally the same form; we just have to repeat it for our 'n' features:

repeat until convergence: {

$$\theta_0 := \theta_0 - \alpha \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)}) \cdot x_0^{(i)}$$

$$\theta_1 := \theta_1 - \alpha \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)}) \cdot x_1^{(i)}$$

$$\theta_2 := \theta_2 - \alpha \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)}) \cdot x_2^{(i)}$$

...

}

In other words:

repeat until convergence: {

$$\theta_j := \theta_j - \alpha \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)}) \cdot x_j^{(i)} \quad \text{for } j := 0.$$

}

The following image compares gradient descent with one variable to gradient descent with multiple variables:

