## 1

## Gate 2021- EC

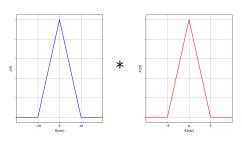
## EE23BTECH11058 - Sindam Ananya\*

**Question 4:** Consider a real-valued base-band signal x(t), band limited to 10kHz. The Nyquist rate for the signal

$$y(t) = x(t)x(1 + \frac{t}{2})$$
 is

- (A) 15kHz
- (B) 30kHz
- (C) 60*kHz*
- (D) 20kHz

Nyquist rate is  $2f_{max} = 2(15kHz)$  which is

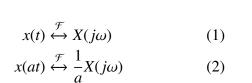


(GATE EC 2021) Fig. 0. Plot of X(f) and X(2f)

## **Solution:**

Parameter	Value	Description
x(t)		base-band signal
f	10kHz	Maximum frequency of $X(f)$
y(t)	$x(t)x(1+\frac{t}{2})$	new signal
$f_{max}$	_	Maximum frequency of $Y(f)$

TABLE 0 Input Parameters



$$x(t-t_o) \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftrightarrow} e^{-j\omega t_o} X(j\omega)$$

(3) Fig. 0. Plot of Y(f)

Y(f)

$$x(1+\frac{t}{2}) \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftrightarrow} 2e^{j\omega}X(j2\omega)$$

30kHz

$$y(t) = x(t)x(1 + \frac{t}{2})$$
 (5)

$$x_1(t)x_2(t) \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftrightarrow} X_1(f) * X_2(f)$$
 (6)

$$Y(f) = X(f) * 2e^{j2\pi f} X(2f)$$
 (7)